Chartered Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Members of Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as Ind AS Financial Statements).

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards audit. and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143 (10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.



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An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 2018, and its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rule issued thereunder;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2018 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".



- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

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- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For and on behalf of Chandabhoy & Jassoobhoy Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101647W

Bhupendra T. Nagda Partner Membership No. F - 102580

Mumbai: May 19, 2018



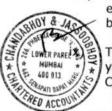
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ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in para 1 of Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2018.

- a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b. We have been informed that the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals and the discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical assets and the book records were not material and these have been properly dealt with in the books of account. In our opinion, the frequency of verification of fixed assets is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - c. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records examined by us, the title deeds of the immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
- ii) The Company did not have any operations during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3 (ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to any company, firm, Limited Liability Partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3 (iii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company for the year under audit.
- iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any loan or guarantee or provided any security nor made any investments as specified in Section 185 and 186 of the Act. Clause 3(iv) of the Order is, therefore, not applicable to the Company for the year under audit.
- v) The Company has not accepted any deposits during the year and hence the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder are not applicable to the Company.
- vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- vii) a. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has been generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, profession tax, cess and any other applicable statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at March 31, 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax or cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute as at March 31, 2018.



viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not taken any loans from any financial institutions or banks or G overnment nor has it issued any debentures.

The Company has not raised any money by way of public offer and term loans during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company for the year under audit.

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- x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees was noticed or reported during the year.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records examined by us, no managerial remuneration has been paid or provided during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company for the year under audit.
- xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence Clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and therefore, provisions of clause 3(xiv) of the Order, 2016 are not applicable to the Company.
- xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Clause 3(xv) of the Order is, therefore, not applicable to the Company during the year.
- xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Clause 3(xvi) of the Order is, therefore, not applicable to the Company.

For and on behalf of Chandabhoy & Jassoobhoy Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101647W

Bhupendra T. Nagda Partner Membership No. F - 102580

Mumbai: May 19, 2018



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ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in para 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2018

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

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Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;(2) provide reasonable surance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and LOWER PAREL expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and

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(3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2018, based on the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Chandabhoy & Jassoobhoy Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: - 101647W

Bhupendra T. Nagda Partner Membership No. F - 102580

Mumbai: May 19, 2018



Lower Parel

Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 31st MARCH, 2018

Sr. Particulars	Note No.	31st March, 2018	31st March, 2017
ASSETS			
1) Non Current Assets			
a) Property, Plant & Equipment	3	28,09,385	29,18,463
b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	4	1,57,08,747	61,59,360
(ii) Others Financial Assets	ି 5	2,12,956	2,12,956
		1,87,31,088	92,90,779
2) <u>Current Assets</u>			
a) Financial Assets	1 1		
(i) Trade Receivables		-	-
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	9,78,978	1,50,376
(iii) Others Financial Assets	5	6,40,202	20,33,121
b) Other Current Assets		32,450	2,508
		16,51,630	21,86,005
Total Assets		2,03,82,718	1,14,76,784
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
1) Equity Share Capital	7	76,05,000	76,05,000
2) Other Equity	8	83,46,615	(11,08,438
		1,59,51,615	64,96,562
LIABILITIES			
1) Non Current Liabilities		26 20 217	22.00.01
a) Provisions	9	36,29,217	32,08,214
1) 0		36,29,217	32,08,214
1) Current Liabilities			
a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Trade Payables		-	-
(ii) Other Financial Liabilitiesb) Other Current Liabilities	10	7,86,084	17,65,638
b) Other Current Liabilities	11	15,802	6,370
		8,01,886	17,72,008
Total Liabilities		44,31,103	49,80,222
Total Equity and Liabilities		2,03,82,718	1,14,76,784
Significant accounting policies	2	2,03,02,/10	1,14,/0,/84

As per our report of even date attached

For CHANDABHOY & JASSOOBHOY

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No : 101647W

Bhupendra Nagda Partner Membership No: 102580

Mumbai Date : 19th May 2018



CIN- U24110MH1983PLC012744

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited

N.H.Datanwala Director DIN- 00047544

Mumbai Date : 19th May 2018

R.A.Sui Director DIN- 07060026

Mumbai Date : 19th May 2018

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2018

				(Amount in INR)
Sr. No.	Particulars	Note No.	31st March, 2018	31st March, 2017
I]	Revenue from Operations	-	-	-
II]	Other Income	12	1,04,245	1,10,809
III]	Total Income [I+II]		1,04,245	1,10,809
IV]	Expenses			
	i) Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	3	62,113	79,670
	ii) Other Expenses	13	1,38,067	2,25,059
	Total Expenses [IV]		2,00,180	3,04,729
V]	Profit / (Loss) Before Exceptional Items and Tax [III-IV]		(95,935)	(1,93,920)
VII]	Profit / (Loss) Before Tax [V-VI]		(95,935)	(1,93,920)
VIII]	Tax Expenses			
	1) In respect of Earlier Years		(1,600)	(1,180)
	Total Tax Expenses [VIII]		(1,600)	(1,180)
IX] X]	Profit / (Loss) for the Period from Continuing Operations [VII+VIII] Other Comprehensive Income		(94,335)	(1,92,740
~	(i) Items that will not be classified to Profit or Loss	14	95,49,387	26,74,403
XI]	Total Income for the Period [IX+X] (Comprising Profit (Loss) and Other Comprehensive Income for the period)		94,55,052	24,81,664
vm	Earning Per Equity Share (For Continuing Operations)			_
лı	1) Basic		(1.24)	(2.53
	2) Diluted		(1.24)	(2.53
Signifi	cant accounting policies	2		
	companing notes form an integral part of financial statements			
As per	our report of even date attached			
For CH	IANDABHOY & JASSOOBHOY	For and	on behalf of the Board	of Directors of
Charte	red Accountants	Afco In	dustrial and Chemical	s Limited
Firm's	Registration No : 101647W	CIN- U	24110MH1983PLC012	2744
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	* HUMBAI * *	Jose		
Bhupe	ndra Nagda	N.H.Da	tanwala	R.A.Sui
Partne	CRED ACCOUNT	Director		Director
Memb	ership No: 102580	DIN- 00	047544	DIN- 07060026
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CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2018

Sr.		Year Ended 31st	Year Ended 31st
No.	Particulars	March, 2018	March, 2017
A]	Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
	Net Profit / (Loss) before tax and extraordinary items	(95,935)	(1,93,920
	Adjustment for:		
	> Depreciation	62,113	79,670
	> Dividend Income	(57,943)	(41,829
	> Interest Income	(9,400)	(4,848
	> Profit / Loss on sale of shares / fixed asset [Net]	46,965	48,468
	Operating profit / (Loss) before working Capital changes	(54,200)	(1,12,459
	Adjustment for:		
	> (Increase) / Decrease in Trade & Other Receivables, Other Assets	13,62,976	(13,54,985
	> Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables and Provisions, Other Liability	(5,49,117)	13,78,776
	Cash From Operations	7,59,659	(88,668
	Direct Taxes Paid / Refund received (Net)	1,600	1,180
	Net Cash generated from / (Used in) Operating Activities	7,61,259	(87,488)
B]	Cash Flow from Investing Activities		
	Purchase of Fixed Assets		(37,975)
	Interest Income	9,400	4,848
	Dividend Income	57,943	41,829
	Net Cash from / (Used in) Investing activities	67,343	8,702
CI	Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
	Cash Flow from Financing Activities	-	-
	Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A + B+ C)	8,28,602	(78,786)
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year	1,50,376	2,29,162
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9,78,978	1,50,376

Significant accounting policies

The accompaning notes form an integral part of financial statements As per our report of even date attached

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For CHANDABHOY & JASSOOBHOY

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No : 101647

Bhupendra Nagda Partner Membership No: 102580

Mumbai Date : 19th May 2018 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited CIN - U85100MH1962PLC012345

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N.H.Datanwala *Director* DIN- 00047544

R.A.Sui Director DIN- 07060026

Mumbai Date : 19th May 2018 Mumbai Date : 19th May 2018

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH, 2017

A) EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

76,05,000	Balance at the Beginning of the Reporting Period i.e. on 1st April, 2016	A) EQUIT STELL
	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the 1em 2010-11	
	76,05,000	Balance at the End of the Reporting Period i.e. on 31st March, 2017

OTHER EQUITY					Reserves & Surplus	Surplus				nit. Instruments	Effective		Exchange differences on	Other Items of Other	Money Rec'd	1
	Share Application Money	Equity Component of Compund	Capital	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Other Reserve (Statutory	Other Reserve (Capital Redemption	Retained Earnings	Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Debt instruments (Advary	Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Revaluation Surplus	translating the financial statements of a Foreign Operation	Comprehensive Income (Specify Nature)	against Share Warrants	1 OPE
	Pending Allotment	Financial Instruments	Keserves	Reserve		Fund)	Reserve)									(35,90,101)
								(35,48,758)		(41,343)						
Balance at the																
Beginning of the														,		ĩ
Changes in								,			,		2			
Accounting Policy				,			17									
or Prior Period		1														
Errors																
Restated Balance					69					,						
at the Beginning	e				20											
of the Keporung																26,74,403
Total										26,74,403						
Comprehensive				,			1									
Income for the	1										,	,	,			
Year									,							
Dividends															,	(1,92,740)
Transfers to			,		,	,		(1,92,740)	- 10)							
Retained Earnings	s			+			-									
Any Other Change	, ,		1								\uparrow					(11,08,438)
(to be specified)				+				V 17 41	- 100	26,33,060	-					
Balance at the End	, pq						,	() /,4 L,4 20)		\vdash	F					
of the Keporung	1	\														
Period																
S. C. C.	N. S.															
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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH, 2018

P) ARE CAPITAL

76,05,000	Balance at the Beginning of the Reporting Period	EQUITY SHAKE COMMON
	Reporting Period Changes in Equity Share Capital during the Year 2017 - 18 Datamas	
	76,05,000	Balance at the End of the Reporting Period i.e. on 31st March, 2018

	-					Veser and an amplitude				Debt Instruments	Debt Instruments Equity Instruments	Dortion of	Revaluation	transl	_	Cor	
Share Application Money		Equity Component of Compund	Capital			General Reserve	Other Reserve (Statutory Reserve	Other Reserve (Capital Redemption	Retained Earnings	through Other Comprehensive Income	through Other Comprehensive Income	Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Su		financial statements of a Foreign Operation	financial statements of a Foreign Operation	financial Income (Specify statements of a Nature) Foreign Operation
Allotment		Instruments		Keserve	ave			Reserve)			090 EE 96			,			
Balance at the			,	•					(37,41,498)					-			
Beginning of the Reporting Period			0	+	+												
Changes in Accounting Policy				а —		•	•										
or Prior Period Errors				+	-												
Restated Balance at the Beginning		c		•		-											
of the Keporture Period Total								,			95,49,388		1.	•		ſ	
Comprehensive Income for the												+		•			
Year			+	+	_							+					
Dividends					ļ.				104 3	-				• • •			
Transfers to	,			•					(94,335)			+	.		1		
Cut - Change			_		•							+					
Any Other Change (to be specified)			+	-					(78.35.833)		- 1,21,82,448	48					
Balance at the End of the Reporting				,	i.	,		 .	(36,36)	1000	-	L					

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Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Company overview 1.

Afco Industrial & Chemicals Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 ('the Act') and a subsidiary of The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited.

Significant Accounting Policies 2.

A) Statement of compliance

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2016, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

The management and authorities have the power to amend the financial statements in accordance with Section 130 and 131 of the Act.

B) Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for i) certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value / Amortised Cost (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments).

ii)

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/

a) An asset shall be classified as current when it satisfies any of the following

- It is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the criteria:

company's normal operating cycle;

- It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded; - It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or

- It is Cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

- b) All assets other than current assets shall be classified as non-current. c) A liability shall be classified as current when it satisfies any of the following

-It is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;

- It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or

- The company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the

liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Current liabilities include the current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

- d) All liabilities other than current liabilities are classified as non-current.
- Based on the nature of activities of the company, the operating cycle for the purpose of classification of its assets & liabilities as current / non-current is e)

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the Company's iii) functional currency. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise indicated

iv)

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the Balance sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss. The actual amounts realised may differ from these estimates.

Property, Plant & Equipments are stated at historical cost. As per Indian V) Accounting Standards (IndAS) the carrying amount of Property, Plant & Equipment as at the end of financial year 2014-15 has been considered as the deemed cost in preparation of financial statements for the financial year 2017-18 and comparatives.

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of fixed assets includes inward freight, duties, taxes and incidental expenses related to acquisition and installation incurred up to the date of commissioning of the assets.

- Depreciation is provided on the written down value method ('WDV') based on the Depreciation and amortization vi) useful life of the asset as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on additions is provided pro-rata from the date the assets are put to use. The fixed assets individually costing less than Rs 5000 are depreciated fully in the year of purchase.
- The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication vii) that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciable historical cost.

Employee benefits viii)

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the (a) Short term employee benefits and a very are classified as short-term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries,



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian rupees)

wages, and short term compensated absences, etc. and the expected cost of exgratia is recognized in the year in which the employee renders the related service.

(b) Post-employment benefits

i) Defined Contribution Plans: The Company's contribution to the recognized provident fund is a defined contribution plan. The contributions paid or payable by the Company under the scheme are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss in the year in which the employee renders the related service.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plans: The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plans. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plans is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plans, is based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in the Other Comprehensive Income.

Investments ix)

Investments are carried at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income. In case of quotations not available for investments, the fair value is deemed to approximate to cost.

Income taxes X)

Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax comprises of the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Earnings per share xi)

The basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) is computed by dividing Net Profit after tax for the year by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the year, unless issued at a later date.

Revenue Recognition

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established



XII)

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian rupees)

- xiii) <u>Provisions and Contingencies</u>
 - a) A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.
 - b) A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.
- xiv) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also include derivative contracts such as foreign currency foreign exchange forward contracts.

a) Financial assets

Classification: On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as, measured at:

- Amortized cost
- Fair Value through Other comprehensive Income (FVOCI)
- Fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Equity investments

All equity investments are measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income

b) Financial Liabilities

Classification: Financial liabilities are measured at Amortized cost.



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Particulars				Tangible Assets				Total Tangible
	Freehold Land	Buildings	Plant & Machinerv	Office	Computers	Furniture &	Vehicle	Assets
For the Year Ended 31st March, 2017				mandinka		LIMUIC		
Gross Carrying Amount								
Deemed Cost as at 1st April, 2016	18,49,790	10,69,680	33,36,798	5.55.362	,	5.09 414	87 015	74 08 050
Additions			•		37 975	-	CTN. 10	200,00,41
Disposals		,	18.51.671	3.31.143		4 47 652		216,16
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	18,49,790	10,69,680	14,85,127	2,24,219	37,975	61,762	87.015	48.15.568
A commulated Barnariation								
As at 1st April. 2016	1	120 13						
Denreciation charge during the year		4/ 5,45	60/,61,25	5,38,983	•	4,99,388	86,980	43,99,434
Disnosals		49,412	055,5		22,736	2,192		79,670
Clocing Assumpted Density			18,14,499	3,24,540		4,42,960	•	25,81,999
CLOSHING ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		1,03,786	14,10,540	2,14,443	22,736	58,620	86,980	18,97,105
<u>For the Year Ended 31st March, 2018</u>								
Gross Carrying Amount								
Opening as at 1st April, 2017	18,49,790	10,69,680	14,85,127	2,24,219	37,975	61,762	87,015	48,15,568
Additions		1						
Disposals / Iransiers			12,10,773	3,900			•	12,14,673
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	18,49,790	10,69,680	2,74,353	2,20,319	37,975	61,762	87,015	36,00,895
Accumulated Depreciation								
As at 1st April, 2017	1	1,03,786	14,10,540	2,14,443	22,736	58.620	86.980	18.97.105
Depreciation charge during the year	•	47,007	4,190		9,625	1,291		62.113
Disposals			11,63,924	3,784				11.67.708
Closing Accumulated Depreciation		1,50,793	2,50,806	2;10,659	32,361	59,911	86,980	7,91,510
Net Carrying Amount as on 31st March, 2017	18,49,790	9,65,894	74,587	9,776	15,239	3,142	35	29.18.463
Net Carrying Amount as on 31st March, 2018	18,49,790	9,18,887	23,548	9,660	5.614	1.851	35	78 00 385



Note 4. Non Current Investments

Note 4. Non Current Investments						(Amount in INR)
Particulars	A.	As at 31st March, 2018	8	As	As at 31st March, 2017	1
	Quoted	Unquoted	Total	Quoted	Unquoted	Total
A] Investments in Equity Instruments				P		
i) Other Entities						
952 (previous year : 952) Equity shares of Rs.100 each fully paid of Bombay Burma Trading Employees Welfare Company Limited		95,200	95,200		95,200	95,200
59,660 (previous year : 59,660) Equity shares of Rs.2 each fully paid of Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Company Limited	1,42,61,723		1,42,61,723	49,51,780		49,51,780
336 (previous year : 336) Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid of Tata Chemicals Limited	2,27,388		2,27,388	2,01,180		2,01,180
1 (previous year : 1) Equity shares of Rs.100 each fully paid of National Peroxide Employees Welfare Company Limited	•	100	100		100	100
540 (previous year : 360) Equity shares of Rs.2 each fully paid of Larsen and Tourbo Limited	7,07,886		7,07,886	5,66,964	т	5,66,964
949 (previous year : 949) Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid of Gujarat Narmada Valley Fertilisers Limited	3,45,389		3,45,389	2,72,410	·	2,72,410
18 (previous year : 18) Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid of Ultratech Cement Company Limited	71,061	-	71,061	71,726		71,726
Total Non Current Investment	1,56,13,447	95,300	1,57,08,747	60,64,060	95,300	61.59.360



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Note 5. Other Financial Assets

Sr.	Particulars	As at 31st N	1arch, 2018	As at 31st N	farch, 2017
No.	10.054889594,0295893656950	Current	Non Current	Current	Non Current
i)	Others				Ç1
	a) Other Deposits	-	2,12,956		2,12,956
	b) Other Receivables	4,68,324	-	15,79,454	-
	c) Staff Loan / Advance	1,71,878	-	4,53,667	-
	Total	6,40,202	2,12,956	20,33,121	2,12,956



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(Amount in INR)

Note 6. Cash & Cash Equivalents

	F	(/	Amount in INR)
Sr. No.	Particulars	31st March, 2018	31st March, 2017
i)	Balances with banks: - In current accounts	9,78,978	1,50,376
	Total	9,78,978	1,50,376



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Note 7. Equity Share Capital	And Alst March. As at 31st March,	As at 31st March,
Dorticulars	2018	2017
Authorised Share Capital	80,00,000	80,00,000
80,000 equity shares of < 100/- cach > 100/- cach > 100/- each > 100/ each > 100/ each > 100/ each > 100/- e	50,00,000	50,00,000
$50,000$ 11.5% Non Cumutative S0,000 of $\overline{3}$ 100/ each) $\overline{3}$ 100/- each (Previous Year 50,000 of $\overline{3}$ 100/ each)	1,30,00,000	1,30,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and paid-up	76,05,000	76,05,000
76,050 Equity Shares of ₹ 100/ each (100/ 2000)	76,05,000	76,05,000

Company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The Dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual general Meeting. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion to its share of the paid-up equity capital of the company. Voting rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other The Company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the a) Terms and Rights attached to Equity Shares

sums presently payable have not been paid.

b) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of reporting year.

in Rs	76,05,000
ares Amount	76,050 76
Number of Shares Amount in Rs	76,
	2017 2018
	Particulars Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each As at 31st March, 2017 Increase during the year 2017 - 18 Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each As at 31st March, 2018
	Particulars Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each As at 31st Increase during the year 2017 - 18 Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each As at 31s
Keconciliation of the	uity Shares of R rease during the J uity Shares of R
Kec	ELE

	_	_	_			
% Holding	- 1	100.00		100.00		
As at 31st March,	2017	76.050	000°01	76.050		
	% Holding		100.00		100.00	
han 5% shares	As at 31st	March, 2018	76,050		76,050	
	Details of shares held by each sum on the	Sr. Name of the Shareholders	No. No. L. Durmah Trading Corporation	The Bombay Dummer The Bombay Dummers)		
	0					

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8. Other Equity	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March 2017
Particulars	1,21,82,448	26,33,0
Other Comprehensive Income	(38,35,833)	(37,41,4
Retained Earnings	83,46,615	(11,08,4

2018 (In Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2017 (In Lakhs) (41,343)
	26,74,403
1,21,82,448	26,33,060
	2018

As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2017
(37,41,498) (94,335)	(1,92,740)
(38,35,833)	(37,41,498
	2018 (37,41,498)



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Note 10. Other Financial Liabilities

	17,65,638		7,86,084	Total	
	15,32,675	•	7,68,084	Due to related Party	р)
ſ	2,32,963	1	18,000	Expenses payable	a)
Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current	1	INO.
March, 2017	As at 31st N	larch, 2018	As at 31st March, 2018	Particulars	SF.



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Note 11. Other Liabilities

De adicado em	As at 31st March, 2018	larch, 2018	As at 31st March, 2017	arch, 2017
No.	Current	Non Current	Current	Non Current
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Others Liabilities	000 21		6 370	
Statutory I ishility	12,802		01000	
- Dialution Liaoutric	15 807		6.370	



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Note 12. Other Income

(Amount in INR)

Sr.	Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2018	Year ended 31st March, 2017
No.		7,800	3,667
a)	Interest Income	57,943	41,829
	Dividend Income	38,502	65,313
c)	Other Non Operating Income		
	(Net of Expenses Directly Attributable to Such Incomes)	1,04,245	1,10,809
	Total		



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Sr. No.	13. Other Expenses Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2018	Year ended 31st March, 2017
		26,068	37,091
	Insurance	2,500	16,240
2	Rates and Taxes	16,695	17,808
3	Rent	-	14,520
4	Compensation for use of facilities	7,536	-
5	Postage, telegrams and telephones	675	-
6	Printing and stationery	0	
7	Repairs and Maintenance	4,400	4,650
	- Other repairs	10,750	9,25
8	Legal and Professional Fees	20,000	24,04
9	Payment to auditors (refer note 20)	46,965	48,46
10	Fixed assets written off	2,478	12,98
11	Miscellaneous expenses	-	40,00
12	Land Development Expenses	1,38,067	2,25,05
	Total	1,00,007	



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Note 14 : Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

(Amount in INR)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2018	Year ended 31st March, 2017
Δ1	Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		
	Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income	95,49,387	26,74,403
/	[Equity instruments through other comprehensive and a second seco	95,49,387	26,74,403



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian rupees)

15. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Based on the information and records available with the management, there are no dues outstanding to micro and small enterprises covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 as at 31 March 2018 and as at 31 March 2017.

16. Payment to auditors' (excluding service tax)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2018	For the year ended 31 March 2017
Statutory Audit fee Reimbursement of expenses	20,000 0	20,000 4045
Total	20,000	24,045

17. Segment reporting

Based on guiding principles in the Ind-AS 108 - "Operating Segments," the primary business segment of the Company is manufacturing and marketing of Electronic components (heat sinks and heat dissipaters). As the Company operates in a single primary business segment, disclosure requirements are not applicable. There is no reportable secondary segment.

18. Earnings per share

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2018	For the year ended 31 March 2017
Net profit/(loss) attributable to equity shareholders (as per the statement of profit and loss)	(94,335)	(192,740)
Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares for basic and diluted earnings per share		
Number of equity shares at the beginning of the	76,050	76,050
year Number of equity shares at the end of the year	76,050	76,050
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	76,050	76,050
Basic and diluted earnings per equity share of Rs 100 each	(1.24)	(2.53)

19. Related Party Disclosures

Related party and nature of the related party relationship where control exists, irrespective of whether or not there have been transactions between the related parties:

Holding Company (ultimate control):

The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited

Others:

Nowrosjee Wadia & Sons Limited



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian rupees)

March 31, 2017			Sent Street				1947 H (1) 20	
Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Current Investments	-	60,64,060	95,300	61,59,360	60,64,060	-	95,300	61,59,360
Current Investments	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities Non-Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs.

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Type	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement	
Equity securities	Market comparison technique: The valuation model is based on market multiples derived from quoted prices of companies comparable to the investee and the expected revenue and EBITDA of the investee.	a. Forecast annual revenue growth RATE b. Forecast EBITDA c. Adjusted market multiple	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if: - the annual revenue growth rate were higher/ (lower) - the EBITDA margins were higher/(lower)	

C. Financial risk management

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments and long term debt.

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk ;
- Liquidity risk ;



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

21.2: The disclosures as per Ind-AS are to the extent applicable, relevant, significant or material in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements.

22. Other information

Information with regard to other matters specified in Schedule III to the Companies Act,2013, is either nil or not applicable to the Company for the year.

As per our report of even date attached.

For CHANDABHOY & JASSOOBHOY

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 101647W

Bhupendra Nagda Partner Membership No: 102580

Mumbai: 19th May 2018



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited CIN-U24110MH1983PLC012744

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N. H. Datanwala *Director* DIN-00047544

R. A. Sui Director DIN-07060026

Mumbai: 19th May 2018

Mumbai: 19th May 2018

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Particulars	31 Marc	31 March 2017		
	Holding Company	Others	Holding Company	Others
Compensation for use of facilities (paid)	17	-	14,520	-
Expenses reimbursed (expense)	30,769	-	45,831	
Capital expenditure reimbursed	-		-	-
Expenses charged (income)	6,047,351	10,35,882	6,318,001	290,432
Closing balance (payable) / receivable	(768,084)	2,14,140	(1,532,675)	290,432

Transactions with related party have been set out as below:

20. Deferred taxes

Particulars	31 March 2018	31 March
Deferred Tax Asset		2017
Provision for leave encashment / Gratuity	929,115	991,338
On unabsorbed business losses	649,611	440,357
Difference in Written Down Value of fixed assets/ Depreciation	11,985	1,009
Deferred tax assets (net)	1,590,711	1,432,704
The deferred tax assets of Rs 1,590,711 (Previous Year considered to be virtually certain of realisation.	r: Rs 1,432,704) is not recogn	iised as it is not

21. Other Notes

21.1 : Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values:

Particulars	Carrying Amount				Fair Value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
March 31, 2018								
Financial Assets	-	-			ш. С	-	-	-
Non-Current Investments	-	1,56,13,447	95,300	1,57,08,747	1,56,13,447		95,300	1,57,08,747
Current Investments	Ξ	-	Э.	-	=0	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities Non-Current	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5

A. Accounting classification and fair values

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2018

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Risk management framework

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

Credit risk: Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure:

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of INR 9,78,978 at March 31, 2018 (March 31, 2017: INR 1,50,376). The cash and cash equivalents are held with banks with good credit ratings and financial institution counterparties with good market standing.

Liquidity risk: Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Market risk: Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. We are exposed to Market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of our investments. Thus, our exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure in our foreign currency revenues and costs.

Interest rate risk :Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Price Risk :Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices not related to interest rate risk or currency exchange risk, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

apital Management: The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain