A TRADITION OF TRUST

159th Annual Report
2023-24

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED

A Wadia Enterprise

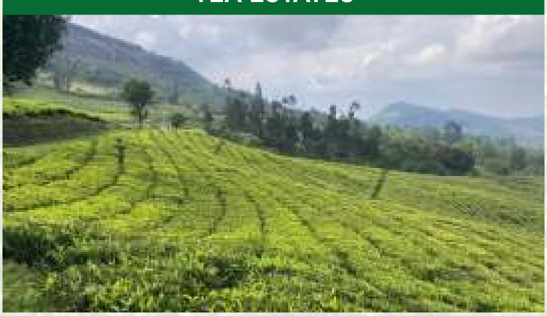
ELECTROMAGS DIVISION

Auto Electric Components

DENTAL PRODUCTS OF INDIA

Dental Products

TEA ESTATES



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159th Annual General Meeting
Friday, 16th August, 2024 at 3.30 p.m. through
Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM)

The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited

ANNUAL REPORT 2023-24

Directors	Mr. Nusli N. Wadia, Chairman
	Mr. Ness N. Wadia, Managing Director
	Dr. (Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala
	Mr. Rajesh Batra
	Dr. Y. S. P. Thorat
	Mrs. Chandra Iyengar
	Mr. Vinesh Kumar Jairath (Upto 17th June, 2024)
Chief Operating Officer	Mr. Rajiv Arora (w.e.f. 13th February, 2024)
Chief Financial Officer	Mr. N. H. Datanwala
Company Secretary	Mr. Murli Manohar Purohit
Registered Office	9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 001.
Principal Bankers/Lenders	The Federal Bank Limited IDFC First Bank The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Axis Bank Limited HDFC Bank Limited
Auditors	Walker Chandiok & Co LLP 16th Floor, Tower III One International Centre, SB Marg, Prabhadevi (W) Mumbai 400 013
Advocates & Solicitors	Crawford Bayley & Co. Jadeja and Satiya

The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited

LOCATION OF CORPORATION'S ESTATES AND FACTORIES

Tea Estates	:	(1) Mudis Group of Estates, Mudis P.O., Coimbatore Dist. Tamil Nadu, 642117
		(2) Singampatti Group of Estates, Manjolai P.O Tirunelveli Dist. Tamil Nadu, 627420
		(3) Usambara Group, Marvera & Herkulu Estate, P.O. Box 22, Soni, Tanzania
		(4) Dunsandle Estate, Dunsardle P.O., Outacamund, Nilgiri Dist., Tamil Nadu 643005
Auto Electric Components Business (Electromags)	:	Unit-1, Plot No. 3, Venkateswara Colony, 10th Link Road, Kottivakkam, Chennai - 600 041
		Unit-2, Plot no. 128-133, 3rd Cross Street, (Electromags) Nehru Nagar, Kottivakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600 041
		Unit-3, Plot no. 134-137, 3rd Cross Street, Nehru Nagar, Kottivakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600 041
Dental Products of India Division	:	Plot No.161-B, Village Danpur, Rudrapur Kashipur Road, Paragana-Rudrapur, Tehsil Kichha, Udhamsingh Nagar, Uttarakhand 263153
Malaysia Branch	:	Suite 628, 6th Floor, Pan Global Plaza, Jalan Wong Ah Fook 80000, Johor Bahru, Malaysia.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED

[CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002]
Registered Office: 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001
Tel: 22197101; Email: writetous@bbtcl.com; website: www.bbtcl.com

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the One Hundred and Fifty-Ninth Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the Members of The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited ('Corporation') will be held on Friday, 16th day of August, 2024 at 3.30 p.m. IST through Video Conferencing ("VC")/Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), to transact the following business. The venue of the meeting shall be deemed to be the registered office of the Corporation at 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 001.

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt:

   a) the Audited Financial Statements of the Corporation for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024 together with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon; and

   b) the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Corporation for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024 together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.

2. To declare a dividend on the Equity Shares for the Financial Year 2023-24.

3. To appoint a Director in place of Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala [DIN: 00422067], who retires by rotation in terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

4. To consider and if thought fit, to convey assent or dissent to the following Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors be and are hereby authorized to appoint for the current financial year, in consultation with the Corporation's Auditors, in respect of the audit of the accounts of the Corporation's branch offices outside India, a person who is either qualified for appointment as auditor of the Corporation under Section 141 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 or an accountant duly qualified to act as an auditor of the accounts of such branch offices in accordance with the applicable laws of the concerned countries; and to determine the remuneration and other terms and conditions of their appointment as Branch Auditors as recommended by the Audit Committee."

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

5. Ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors of the Corporation for the Financial Year ending 31st March, 2025

To consider and if thought fit, to convey assent or dissent to the following Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148(3) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), and based on the approval of the audit committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 13th May, 2024, the remuneration payable to M/s. GLS & Associates, Cost Accountants [Firm Registration No. 4482], appointed as Cost Auditors of the Corporation to conduct the audit of Cost records of the Corporation for the financial year ending 31st March, 2025, amounting to Rs. 2,50,000/- plus such taxes as applicable and reimbursement of actual out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the aforesaid audit, be and is hereby ratified.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any one of the Directors or Chief Financial Officer or the Company Secretary of the Corporation, be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this Resolution."

By Order of the Board
For **The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited**

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
FCS No. 9040

Registered Office:
9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001
CIN : L99999MH1863PLC000002
Email : investorservices@bbtcl.com
Website : www.bbtcl.com
Tel No. : +91 22 22197101

Mumbai, 13th May, 2024

NOTES:

1. Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), in respect of the Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") is annexed hereto as Annexure I.
2. Details of the Director(s) re-appointed at the AGM is annexed to the Notice as Annexure II pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements), Regulation, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and as required by the Secretarial Standards on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ('ICSI').
3. Pursuant to General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020, 21/2020 dated 14th December, 2021 and 11/2022 dated 28th December, 2022 and 09/23 dated 25th September, 2023 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA Circulars") and Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") vide Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1CIR/P/2020/79 dated 12th May, 2020,SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated 15th January, 2021, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated 13th May, 2022, SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated 5th January 2023 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/167 dated 7th October, 2023 (hereinafter collectively referred to as SEBI Circulars) the Corporation will be conducting 159th AGM through VC/OAVM without the physical presence of the members at a common venue.

   The members can attend and participate in the AGM through VC/OAVM only. The detailed procedure for participating in the Meeting through VC/OAVM is given herein below. National Securities Depositories Limited ('NSDL') will be providing facility for remote e-voting, participation in the AGM through VC / OAVM and e-voting during the AGM.
4. Since the physical attendance of the members has been dispensed with in terms of the abovementioned Circulars, there is no requirement of appointment of proxies by the members under Section 105 of the Act and the same will not be available for this AGM. Hence, Proxy Form and Attendance Slip including Route Map are not annexed to this Notice. Institutional / Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals / HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of its Board or governing body Resolution/Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM and vote on its behalf. The said Resolution/Authorization shall be sent to the Corporation at investorservices@bbtcl.com or to KFin Technologies Limited, Registrar and Share Transfer Agent at einward.ris@kfintech.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in.
5. The Corporation's Registrar and Transfer Agents ("RTA") for its Share Registry Work (Physical and Electronic) are KFin Technologies Limited (KFin) having their office at Selenium Tower B, Plot number 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad, Telangana –500032.

6. The Register of Members and the Share Transfer Books of the Corporation will remain closed from Saturday, 10th August, 2024 to Friday, 16th August, 2024 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of AGM.

7. Dividend, if declared at the AGM, shall be paid to the Members on or after Thursday, 22nd August, 2024 to those members whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Corporation on 9th August, 2024 (Record Date) in respect of shares held:

   - In demat form, dividend will be paid to the beneficial owners of shares as at the closing hours of 9th August, 2024 as per details furnished by the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and the Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for this purpose

   - In physical mode, after giving effect to valid transmission and transposition in respect of valid requests lodged with the Corporation as of the close of business hours on Record Date.

   Effective April 1, 2024, SEBI has mandated that the shareholders, who hold shares in physical mode and whose folios are not updated with any of the KYC details [viz., (i) PAN (ii) Choice of Nomination (iii) Contact Details (iv) Mobile Number (v) Bank Account Details and (vi) Signature], shall be eligible to get dividend only in electronic mode. Accordingly, payment of dividend, subject to approval at the AGM, shall be paid to physical holders only after the above details are updated in their folios. Shareholders are requested to complete their KYC by writing to the Corporation's RTA, KFin Technologies Limited, at einward.ris@kfintech.com. The forms for updating the same are available at https://bbtcl.com/investor-service-request-forms/

8. Members are requested to:

   a) intimate to the Corporation's Registrar and Transfer Agents, KFin Technologies Limited, at Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad - 500032, Email- einward.ris@kfintech.com, changes, if any, in their registered address in case of Shares held in physical form;

   b) intimate to the respective Depository Participant, changes, if any, in their registered addresses at in case of Shares held in dematerialised form;

   c) quote their folio numbers/Client ID/DP ID in all correspondence; and

   d) register their Permanent Account Number (PAN) with their Depository Participants, in case of Shares held in dematerialised form and KFin/ Corporation, in case of Shares held in physical form, as directed by Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI').

9. Members may note that as per the Income Tax Act, 1961, as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, dividends paid or distributed by the Company after 1 April 2020, shall be taxable in the hands of the shareholders and the Company shall be required to deduct tax at source (TDS) at the prescribed rates from the dividend to be paid to shareholders, subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing AGM. The TDS rate would vary depending on the residential status of the shareholder and the documents submitted by them and accepted by the Corporation.

   Please note that Section 206AB has been introduced by the Finance Act, 2021 effective 1 July, 2021, whereby in case a person has not filed his/her Return of Income for each of the two preceding financial years and the aggregate of tax deducted at source in his/her case is Rs. 50,000 or more in each of these two financial years, TDS will be higher of the following:

   a) Twice the rate specified in the relevant provision of the Income-tax Act, 1961; or

   b) Twice the rate or rates in force; or

   c) The rate of five per cent.

The non-resident who does not have the permanent establishment is excluded from the scope of a "specified person" i.e. levy of higher TDS under section 206AB of Income-tax Act, 1961.

10. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Act, facility for making nomination is available to Individuals holding shares in the Corporation. Members holding shares in physical form who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. Members may download the Nomination Form from the Corporation's website under the weblink at https://bbtcl.com/investor-service-request-forms/. Members holding shares in demat mode should file their nomination with their DPs for availing this facility. If a member desires to opt-out or cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, the member may submit the requisite application in Form ISR-3 or Form SH-14, as the case may be.

11. SEBI has, vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_ RTAMB/P/ CIR/2021/655 dated November 3, 2021 and subsequent Circulars issued in this regard, mandated to furnish PAN, KYC details (i.e. full address with pin code, mobile no., email id, bank details) and Nomination details by holders of physical securities through Form ISR-1. In order to mitigate unintended challenges on account of freezing of folios, SEBI has, vide its Circular dated November 17, 2023, done away with the provision regarding freezing of folios that have not registered their PAN, KYC and Nomination details. The Corporation has sent individual letters to all the members holding shares of the Corporation in physical form for furnishing their PAN, KYC and Nomination details. Members may also refer to relevant FAQs published by SEBI on its website and can be viewed at the following link https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebidata/faqfiles/jan-2024/1704433843359.pdf

12. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124 of the Act read with the Rules made thereunder, dividends that are unclaimed/unpaid for a period of seven years are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) administered by the Central Government.

    An amount of Rs. 14,80,941/- being unclaimed/unpaid dividend of the Corporation for the financial year ended 31st March 2016 was transferred in September 2023 to IEPF.

    Last date for claiming unclaimed and unpaid dividends declared by the Corporation for the FY 2016-17 and thereafter is as under:

Financial Year	Date of Declaration of Dividend	Due date for transfer to IEPF
2016-2017	03.08.2017	08.09.2024
2017-2018	08.08.2018	13.09.2025
2018-2019	12.08.2019	18.09.2026
2019-2020	24.07.2020	30.08.2027
2020-2021	13.09.2021	20.10.2028
2021-2022	25.08.2022	30.09.2029
2022-2023	29.09.2023	06.11.2030

    The Corporation has been sending reminders to those members having unpaid/unclaimed dividends before transfer of such dividend(s) to IEPF. Details of the unpaid/unclaimed dividend(s) are also uploaded as per the requirements, on the Corporation's website: www.bbtcl.com

    Members who have so far not encashed the Dividend Warrants for the above years are requested to submit their claim at the earliest to KFin immediately quoting their folio number/ DP ID & Client ID.

13. In terms of the provisions of Section 124(6) of the Act read with IEPF Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 as amended from time to time, ('the Rules') the Corporation is required to transfer all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for a period of seven consecutive years or more to the Demat Account of the IEPF Authority.

    In accordance with the Rules, the Corporation had, during FY 2023-24, transferred 36,089 equity shares to the IEPF Authority in respect of which dividend had remained unpaid or unclaimed for seven consecutive years or more, in October, 2023.

    The Corporation has uploaded on its website: www.bbtcl.com under Investor Relations the details of shareholders whose shares are to be transferred/credited to the Demat Account of the IEPF Authority.

Members may note that shares as well as unclaimed dividends transferred to IEPF Authority can be claimed back by making an online application in web Form no. IEPF 5.. Concerned members/ investors are advised to visit the weblink: http://www.iepf.gov.in/IEPF/refund.html or contact KFin for lodging claim for refund of shares and / or dividend from the IEPF Authority.

14. In compliance with MCA Circulars, the Notice of the AGM and the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2023-24 are being sent through electronic mode to those members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Corporation/ DPs. For members who have not registered their e-mail IDs, please follow the instructions given below:

    Members holding shares in physical mode and who have not updated their email addresses with the Corporation are requested to update their email addresses by sharing a duly filled and signed copy of Form ISR-1 as per the format prescribed by SEBI vide its circular SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2021/655 dated 3 November 2021 with the Corporation at einward.ris@kfintech.com / investorservices@bbtcl.com along with the copy of signed request letter mentioning the name and address of the member, self-attested copy of the PAN card, and self-attested copy of any document (e.g.: Driving License, Election Identity Card, Passport) in support of the address of the member. Members holding shares in dematerialized mode are requested to register / update their email addresses with the relevant Depository Participants. In case of any queries / difficulties in registering the e-mail address, members may write to investorservices@bbtcl.com & einward.ris@kfintech.com.

15. Pursuant to Regulation 46 of Listing Regulations and in line with the MCA Circulars, the Notice of AGM along with Annual Report for FY 2023-24, is available on the website of the Corporation at www.bbtcl.com, on the website of Stock Exchanges i.e., BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com, respectively and on the website of NSDL at www.evoting.nsdl.com.

PROCEDURE FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC / OAVM:

16. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned for **Access to NSDL e-Voting system**. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM" placed under **"Join meeting"** menu against Corporation name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Corporation will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.

    The members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.

17. Members are encouraged to join the meeting through Laptops for better experience.

18. Further members will be required to allow camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

19. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

20. The attendance of the members (members' logins) attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.

21. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on.: 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000 or send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in

PROCEDURE TO RAISE QUESTIONS / SEEK CLARIFICATIONS WITH RESPECT TO ANNUAL REPORT:

22. As the AGM is being conducted through VC / OAVM, members are encouraged to express their views / send their queries in advance mentioning their name, DP Id and Client Id/Folio No., e-mail id, mobile number at investorservices@bbtcl.com to enable smooth conduct of proceedings at the AGM. Questions / Queries received by the Corporation on or before Friday 9th August, 2024 on the aforementioned e-mail id shall only be considered and responded to during the AGM.

23. Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP Id and Client Id / Folio No., PAN, mobile number at investorservices@bbtcl.com on or before 9th August, 2024. Those members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. Speakers are requested to submit their questions at the time of registration, to enable the Corporation to respond appropriately.

24. The Corporation reserves the right to restrict the number of questions and number of speakers, as appropriate, to ensure the smooth conduct of the AGM.

PROCEDURE FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND E-VOTING DURING THE AGM

25. In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Act; Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force); Regulation 44 of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS- 2) issued by the ICSI, the Corporation is pleased to provide members with a facility to exercise their right to vote by electronic means for the business to be transacted at the AGM.

26. Members whose name appears in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date i.e., Friday, 9th August, 2024 shall only be entitled to attend and vote at the AGM. A person who is not a Member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice of AGM for information purpose only.

27. The remote e-voting period commences on Tuesday, 13th August, 2024 (9:00 A.M. IST) and ends on Thursday, 15th August, 2024 (5:00 P.M. IST). During this period, members of the Corporation, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date i.e., Friday, 9th August, 2024, may cast their vote by remote e-voting. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the members, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

    In addition, the facility for voting through electronic voting system shall also be made available during the AGM. Members attending the AGM who have not cast their vote by remote e-voting shall be eligible to cast their vote through e-voting during the AGM. Members who have voted through remote e-voting shall be eligible to attend the AGM, however, they shall not be eligible to vote at the meeting.

28. The procedure and instructions for remote e-voting are given below:

Step 1: Log-in to NSDL e-voting system at URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-voting system.

PROCEDURE AND INSTRUCTION FOR REMOTE E VOTING AND E-VOTING AT THE AGM

The procedure and instructions for remote e-voting are given below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	1. Existing **IDeAS** user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "**Beneficial Owner"** icon under **"Login"** which is available under **'IDeAS'** section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on **"Access to e-Voting"** under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or **e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL** and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 2. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select **"Register Online for IDeAS Portal"** or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or **e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL** and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

	4. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "**NSDL Speede**" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience. **NSDL Mobile App is available on** App Store Google Play
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	1. Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then user your existing my easi username & password. 2. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. 3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option. 4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the e-voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. Upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

   Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ *with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.*
4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12****** then your user ID is IN300***12******.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12************** then your user ID is 12**************
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
   a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.

b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.

c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?

(i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8-digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.

(ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.**

6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:

a) Click on "**Forgot User Details/Password**?"(If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.

b) **Physical User Reset Password**?" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.

c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.

d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.

7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.

8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.

9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.

2. Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join Meeting".

3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.

4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.

5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.

6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.

7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders

1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory (ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail at investorservices@bbtcl.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.

2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.

3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on.: 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000 or send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card) by email to investorservices@bbtcl.com.

2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card) to investorservices@bbtcl.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at **step 1 (A**) i.e. **Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode**.

3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.

4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER: -

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.

2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.

3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

29. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e., Friday, 9th August, 2024, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in. However, if he/she is already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting then he/she can use his/her existing User ID and password for casting the vote.

30. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under section 170 of the Act, the Register of Contracts or arrangements in which the Directors are interested under Section 189 of the Act and all other documents referred to in the Notice will be available for inspection in electronic mode on NSDL portal.

31. The Corporation has appointed Mr. Tushar Shridharani (Membership No. FCS 2690) or failing him Ms. Nandini Parekh (Membership No. FCS 6240), Practising Company Secretaries, as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

32. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting and e-voting and, within two working days of conclusion of the meeting, make a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favor or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same.

33. The Corporation shall simultaneously forward the results to National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited, where the shares of the Corporation are listed. The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Corporation's website: www.bbtcl.com and on NSDL's website: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ immediately.

ANNEXURE I TO THE NOTICE

STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS IN RESPECT OF THE SPECIAL BUSINESS PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item No. 5

The Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee has approved the appointment of M/s. GLS & Associates, Cost Accountants, Coimbatore, (Firm Registration No.4482) as Cost Auditors at a remuneration of Rs. 2,50,000 (Rupees Two Lakh Fifty Thousand only) plus such taxes as applicable and reimbursement of actual out of pocket expenses incurred by them for the conduct of audit of the cost records of the Corporation for the financial year ending 31st March, 2025. A Certificate issued by the above firm regarding their eligibility for appointment as Cost Auditors will be available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Corporation during business hour on all working days.

Pursuant to section 148(3) of the Act read with rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors is required to be ratified by the members of the Corporation. Accordingly, approval of the members is being sought for the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the financial year ending March 31, 2025.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Corporation and their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice.

The Board recommends the **Ordinary Resolution** set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval by the members.

ANNEXURE II TO THE NOTICE

Brief resume of Director
Dr. (Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala (Item No. 3)

Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala, Non-Executive Director, is presently working as Chief Executive Officer at Nowrosjee Wadia Maternity Hospital and Bai Jerbai Wadia Hospital for Children, Parel, Mumbai. Under her stewardship, the Wadia Hospitals have won 21 prestigious awards in a span of one year. Dr. Bodhanwala was honored with more than 40 awards, which include various prestigious awards like the "International Award in Healthcare" by the Thai Chamber of Commerce, Bangkok; "Global Award for Sustainable Healthcare Models with Revenue Turnover", Dubai; "Leading Business Women of the Year" by iiGlobal, Mumbai; Life Time Achievement Award in Healthcare by National Excellence Awards 2015. She is highly-motivated, pro-active, passionate individual holding a rich and enormous experience of 36 years with exceptional liaison, teamwork, leadership, & organizational abilities to thrive in a fast-paced, results-oriented business environment.

Other details as required under the SS-2 issued by the ICSI are:

Age	61 years
Experience (including expertise in specific functional area) / Brief Resume	Experience of 36 years with exceptional liaison, teamwork, leadership, & organizational abilities to thrive in a fast-paced, results-oriented business environment.
Qualifications	BDS, MBA, MHA, TQM, FCR, PGQMAHO; FISQUA Green Belt – Six Sigma; Principal Assessor, NABH ISO Auditor 9001, 14001, DPE(USA).
Skills and capabilities required for the role and the manner in which the Directors meet the requirements	She has rich and enormous experience of 36 years with exceptional liaison, teamwork, leadership, & organizational abilities.
Terms and Conditions of re-appointment	In terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala who was appointed as a Director at the Annual General Meeting held on 25th August, 2022 is liable to retire by rotation at this meeting.
Remuneration last drawn (including sitting fees, if any)	Sitting fees paid for the Financial Year 2023-2024 was Rs. 7,15,000/-
Remuneration proposed to be paid	Entitled to sitting fees and such commission as approved by the members of the Corporation for the Non-Executive Directors of the Corporation.
Date of first appointment on the Board	30th March, 2017
Shareholding in the Corporation as on 31st March, 2024	Individual - Nil Beneficial Owner - Nil
Relationship with other Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel	Not related to any Director/Key Managerial Personnel of the Corporation.
Number of meetings of the Board attended during the financial year (2023-2024)	5 (Five)

Directorships of other Boards as on 31st March, 2024 (excluding The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited)	Public Companies: 1. The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited 2. National Peroxide Limited 3. Axel Polymers Limited 4. Naperol Investments Limited Private Companies: 1. Tia Plastek Private Limited
Directorship of Listed Company from which resigned in last three years.	Nil
Membership/ Chairmanship of Committee of other Boards as on 31st March, 2024	▪ The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited a. Stakeholders Relationship Committee – Member b. Risk Management Committee – Member c. CSR Committee – Member d. Strategic Committee- Member e. Rights Issue Committee – Member f. Investment Committee - Member ▪ National Peroxide Limited a. Audit Committee – Member b. Stakeholders Relationship Committee – Chairman c. Risk Management Committee – Member d. CSR Committee - Member ▪ Naperol Investments Limited – Audit Committee – Member ▪ Axel Polymers Limited a. Stakeholders Relationship Committee – Member b. Nomination & Remuneration Committee – Member

By Order of the Board
For **The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited**

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
FCS No. 9040

Registered Office:
9, Wallace Street,
Fort, Mumbai - 400 001
CIN : L99999MH1863PLC000002
Email : investorservices@bbtcl.com
Website : www.bbtcl.com
Tel No. : +91 22 22197101

Mumbai, 13th May, 2024

BOARD'S REPORT

Your Directors hereby present their 159th Annual Report together with Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2024:

I. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE:

a) Standalone Financial Results

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars		31.03.2024	31.03.2023
Total Revenue		38,275	33,468
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional item		456	(4,302)
Exceptional Items			
- Provision for impairment		0	(18,622)
		456	(22,924)
Tax Expenses		(821)	0
	a)	(365)	(22,924)
(Loss)/Profit after tax from discontinuing operation of coffee business		(223)	280
Exceptional gain from sale of coffee divisions assets		0	24,372
Tax Expenses		0	(850)
	b)	(223)	23,803
Net (loss)/profit for the year	**(a+b)**	**(588)**	**879**

b) Overview of Performance

During the FY 2023-24, the Corporation achieved a total revenue of Rs. 38,275 lakhs compared to Rs. 33,468 lakhs in FY 2022-23 (Previous Year). This includes dividend of Rs. 9,728 lakhs from overseas subsidiary as compared to Rs. 4,890 lakhs in the previous year. Thus, the total revenue of Rs. 38,275 lakhs at operating level for FY 2023-24 was higher compared to Rs. 33,468 lakhs for the previous year.

Division wise performance:

i. Tea:

Overall tea production, including bought leaf was higher at 42.28 lakhs kgs as compared to 37.38 lakhs kgs for the previous year. Total tea sales were at 40.11 lakhs kgs as compared to 39.97 lakhs kgs for previous year. The average selling price of tea was at Rs. 143 per kg as against Rs. 148 per kg for the previous year. Tea division continued to underperform due to lower production and steep increase in wage rate by approximately Rs. 24.05 per day.

Production of tea at Tanzania estates was 1.7 lakhs kgs as against 6.52 lakhs kg for the previous year. The sales were at 2.6 lakhs kgs as against 4.77 lakhs kg for the previous year. The operations at Tanzania are not very significant and in fact uneconomical over the last few years. In view thereof the Board of Directors had approved divestment of assets related to Tea Plantations at Tanzania for a total consideration amounting to Rs. 910.12 lakhs (USD 1.1 Million), subject to adjustments, as applicable. Pending the final closure of divestment these assets have been classified as assets held for sale.

ii. Coffee:

During the year, the divestment of Coffee business carried out in last year was completed and the sale proceeds were utilized to reduce the overall long-term debt of the Corporation.

iii. Auto Electric Components Business (Electromags):

Turnover for the year was higher at Rs. 16,965 lakhs as compared to Rs. 15,157 lakhs in the previous year resulting in improved performance compared to the previous year.

iv. Health Care:

Dental products reported a marginal increase in turnover at Rs. 3,059 lakhs compared to Rs. 2,784 lakhs in the previous year.

v. Material Changes and Commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Corporation:

No material changes and commitments have occurred after the closure of year under review till the date of this report, which would affect the financial position of the Corporation.

c) Subsidiaries and Associate Companies

A report on the financial performance of each of the Subsidiaries and Associates included in the Consolidated Financial Statements is provided in Form AOC-1 and forms part of this Annual Report.

Pursuant to the Sanction by National Company Law Tribunal ('NCLT'), of Composite Scheme of Arrangement by Naperol Investments Limited formerly known as National Peroxide Limited one of the associates of the Corporation (in which the Corporation held 2,24,000 Equity Shares), on demerger of its Chemical business undertaking into resulting Company namely National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited) and amalgamation of erstwhile Naperol Investments Limited, the Corporation was allotted further 2,24,000 Equity shares in National Peroxide Limited (formerly NPL Chemicals Limited). Accordingly, both National Peroxide Limited and Naperol Investments Limited have become associates of the Corporation during the year.

The Corporation has material listed Indian subsidiary, viz. Britannia Industries Limited.

In addition, the Corporation has material unlisted overseas subsidiaries viz. Leila Lands Limited and Associated Biscuits International Limited.

d) Consolidated Financial Results

Overview of Performance

The Corporation has prepared Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the applicable Accounting Standards as prescribed under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Consolidated Financial Statements reflect the results of the Corporation and those of its subsidiaries and associates. As required under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ["SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015"] the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements together with the Independent Auditors' Report thereon are annexed and form part of this Annual Report.

Consolidated sale of products and services of the Corporation for the year ended 31 March 2024 was Rs. 1,688,259 lakhs compared to Rs. 1,630,339 lakhs in FY 2022-23, registering a growth of 3.55%. However, the Corporation has reported a profit of Rs. 1,73,717 lakhs for the year compared to loss of Rs. 53,370 lakhs in previous year in consolidated financial statement.

e) Investment in and financial obligations towards Go Airlines (India) Limited ("Go Air") and impairment thereof

As informed in the last Board Report in May 2023, the failure of engines and lessors demanding return of the aircraft on account of the fact that Pratt & Whitney (P&W) was not providing the engines required to sustain the operations, the Board of Go Air decided to file an application before NCLT for initiation of Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process. NCLT, vide its order, admitted the application of Go Air under section 10 of IBC 2016 and appointed a Resolution Professional to take necessary action. The proceedings before NCLT are pending.

In the meantime, in keeping with prudent accounting standards, the investment and financial obligations whether direct or otherwise by the Corporation and its subsidiaries/ step-down subsidiaries have been fully provided for both in standalone and consolidated accounts in the previous and current financial year, details of which appear in the notes to the accounts and there will be no further financial impact in this regard.

f) Share Capital

The issued, subscribed and paid-up Share Capital of the Corporation stood at Rs. 1,395.44 lakhs as at 31st March 2024 comprising of 6,97,71,900 Equity Shares of Rs. 2 each fully paid-up. There was no change in share capital during the year under review.

g) Non-Convertible Debentures and Long Term Loans

(i) The Corporation has not issued any Non-Convertible Debentures ('NCDs') on a private placement basis during the year under review.

(ii) During the year under review, the Corporation has redeemed the following Listed Non-Convertible Debentures:

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument	Issue Size (in Rs.)	Allotment date	Redemption date	Rate of Interest
1.	Rated, Secured, Senior, Listed, Transferable, Redeemable, Principal Protected Market Linked Non-Convertible Debentures of the face value of Rs. 10,00,000/- each, having ISIN INE050A07063	50 Crs	25-10-2021	24-01-2024 (Premature redemption on 28th April, 2023)	Coupon amount paid on redemption
2.	Series B Senior, Secured, Rated, Listed, Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of the face value of Rs. 10,00,000/- each, having ISIN INE050A07030	50 Crs	30-04-2020	30-04-2023 (Since 30th April, 2023 was falling on Sunday, payment was made on 28th April, 2023 being a Business Day).	8.80% per annum payable quarterly.
3.	Senior, Secured, Rated, Listed, Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of the face value of Rs. 10,00,000/- each, having ISIN INE050A07048	75 Crs	28-09-2020	28-09-2023 (Premature redemption on 28th April, 2023)	8.80% per annum payable quarterly

(iii) The Corporation has also redeemed the following Unlisted Debentures in April 2024 as per the scheduled redemption date:

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument	Issue Size (in Rs.)	Allotment date	Redemption date	Rate of Interest
1	500 Fully paid, rated, secured, unlisted, redeemable, Non-Convertible Debentures of the face value of Rs. 10,00,000/- each, having ISIN INE050A07071	50 Cr.	28-03-2023	23-04-2024	Coupon amount paid on due date.

(iv) The Corporation has also prepaid the Term Loans during the year availed from various Banks amounting to Rs. 133.12 Crs.

h) Dividend

Your Directors are pleased to recommend a dividend of Rs. 1.20 per share of the face value of Rs. 2 each (previous year Rs. 1.20 per share). The dividend, if approved by the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, will be paid to those shareholders whose names appear in the Register of Members of the Corporation as on the Book Closure Date. The total dividend payout amounts to Rs. 837 lakhs.

i) Reserves

Your Company does not propose to transfer any amount to the reserves for financial year 2023-24.

j) The change in the nature of business, if any

There is no change in Nature of business except that the Corporation has divested the coffee business for economic reasons.

II. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Information pertaining to conservation of energy, technology absorption, and foreign exchange earnings and outgo in accordance with the provisions of clause (m) of sub- section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is appended as **Annexure A** to this Report.

III. DIRECTORS

a) Appointment/ Re-appointment

Non-Executive Director

In accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Articles of Association of the Corporation, Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala, Non-Executive Director, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting ('AGM') and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

Independent Directors

During the year under review, there was no change in the composition of the Board of Directors.

b) A statement regarding opinion of the Board with regard to integrity, expertise and experience (including the proficiency) of the Independent directors appointed during the year

During the year, no new Independent Director was appointed. However, the Board is satisfied of the integrity, expertise and experience (including proficiency in terms of section 150(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable rules thereunder) of all Independent Directors on the Board. In terms of section 150 read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, Independent Directors of the Company have already undertaken requisite steps towards the inclusion of their names in the databank of Independent Directors maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

c) Declaration by Independent Directors

The Corporation has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed both under the Act and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

d) Board Evaluation

Pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Act and Regulation 19 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Board undertook an annual performance evaluation of its performance and that of its Committees viz. Audit Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, CSR Committee, Risk Management Committee and of the individual Directors. The manner in which the evaluation was carried out has been explained in the Corporate Governance Report.

e) Nomination and Remuneration Policy

The Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, has formulated a Policy for the remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Team. Brief details of the Policy are provided in the Corporate Governance Report and also posted on the website of the Corporation at https://bbtcl.com/policies/

f) Directors' Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), the Directors, to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirm that:

i. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;

ii. they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Corporation at 31st March 2024 and of the loss of the Corporation for the year ended on that date;

iii. they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Corporation and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

iv. they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;

v. they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Corporation and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and

vi. they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Based on the framework of internal financial controls and compliance systems established and maintained by the Corporation, reports of the internal, statutory, cost, and secretarial auditors duly reviewed by the management and the Board including the Audit Committee, the Board is of the opinion that the Corporation's internal financial controls were adequate and operating effectively during the FY 2023-24.

IV. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

The Board has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility ('CSR') Committee comprising of three Directors of which one is an Independent Director. The CSR Policy of the Corporation and initiatives taken by the Corporation with respect to Corporate Social Responsibility during the year under review are in accordance with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014. The requisite details are appended to this Report as **Annexure B.**

V. EMPLOYEES

a) Key Managerial Personnel

Pursuant to Section 203 of the Act, the Key Managerial Personnel of the Corporation are Mr. Ness Wadia, Managing Director and Mr. N. H. Datanwala, Chief Financial Officer and Mr. Murli Manohar Purohit, appointed as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer w.e.f 7th September, 2023 in place of Mr. Sanjay Kumar Chowdhary who ceased to be the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer after the closure of working hours on 24th April, 2023.

b) Particulars of Employees

The information as per Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is appended to this Report as **Annexure C**.

Having regard to the provisions of the first proviso to Section 136(1) of the Act, the Annual Report is being sent to the members and others entitled thereto, excluding the information on employees' particulars as required under Rule 5(2) of the aforesaid Rules. The said information is available for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Corporation during business hours on working days up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. If any member is interested in obtaining a copy thereof, such member may write to the Corporation and the same will be furnished on request.

c) Disclosure on Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace

The Corporation has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at workplace and has adopted a Policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment at workplace in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder for prevention and redressal of complaints of sexual harassment at workplace. The Corporation has constituted an Internal Committee for providing a redressal mechanism pertaining to sexual harassment of women employees at workplace. The Corporation has not received any complaint on sexual harassment in FY 2023-24.

VI. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

In terms of the provisions of Regulation 34 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Management Discussion & Analysis forms part of the Annual Report.

VII. GOVERNANCE / SECRETARIAL

a) Corporate Governance Report

In accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, a separate report on Corporate Governance along with the Certificate on compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance as issued by the Company Secretary in Practice is appended to this Report as **Annexure D.**

b) Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report

Pursuant to Regulation 34(2)(f) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Business Responsibility & Sustainability Report of the Corporation for the FY 2023-24 forms part of this Annual Report.

c) **Annual Return**

Pursuant to section 134(3)(a) and section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, a copy of the annual return is placed on the website of the Corporation and can be accessed at https://bbtcl.com/investor-relations/annual-return/ .

d) **Board Meetings:**

During the year, six Board Meetings were duly convened and held. The details of Board and its Committees meetings are given in the Corporate Governance Report that forms part of this Annual Report.

e) **Whistle Blower Policy**

The details of the Whistle Blower Policy are given in the Corporate Governance Report.

f) **Related Party Transactions**

The Corporation has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions which is disclosed on its website https://bbtcl.com/policies/ .

All transactions entered into with related parties as defined under the Act, Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS 24) and Regulations 2(1)(zc) and 23 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 during the year under review, were in the ordinary course of business and on an arms' length basis and did not attract the provisions of Section 188 of the Act. With regard to transactions with Related parties under the provisions of Regulation 23 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, prior approval of the Audit Committee was obtained wherever required.

During the year under review, the Corporation had not entered into any contract/ arrangement/transactions with related parties which could be considered as material in nature. Accordingly, there are no material related party transactions to be reported in Form AOC-2.

Disclosures pertaining to transactions with related parties are given in Note no. 47 of the Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the FY 2023-24.

g) **Risk Management**

Your Corporation has a well-defined risk management framework and organizational structure in place for managing and reporting risks periodically. The details of the Risk Management Committee are covered in the Corporate Governance Report.

h) **Audit Committee**

The Corporation has constituted an Audit Committee in terms of requirements of the Act and Regulation 18 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. The Composition of the Audit Committee as on 31 March, 2024 is as under:

Names of the Directors	Category of Directorship
Dr. Y. S. P. Thorat	Independent Director (Chairman)
Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Vinesh Kumar Jairath	Independent Director
Mrs. Chandra Iyengar	Independent Director

i) **Insurance**

The Corporation's plant and machinery, building, stocks and assets are adequately insured.

j) **Particulars of Loans, Guarantees and Investments**

The details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act are given in Note No. 45 forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements.

k) **Significant & Material Orders Passed by the Regulators**

Singampatti Land matter

Members are aware that the Corporation has been cultivating tea and carrying on all its plantation activities at Singampatti tea estate Tamil Nadu under a valid lease since 1929.

This lease land was classified as forest land by Tamil Nadu government in February 2018. Further, the said land has been classified as Tiger reserve under the Wildlife Protection Act, despite the fact that the Corporation has a bustling township on the said land. The Tamil Nadu government, however, upheld the lease rights and allowed the Corporation to continue its plantation activities. The Corporation is contesting these matters before the Madras High Court.

During the financial year 2018-2019, the Commissioner of Land Administration in Tamil Nadu passed an order cancelling the lease for violation of conditions with regard to the clearing of certain areas. The Corporation has challenged the said order before the Madras High Court by way of Writ. The said writ has been admitted and interim relief restraining the Government from interfering with lawful operations and ingress and egress by the Corporation.

Also, in February 2018, the Government authorities in Tamil Nadu demanded increased lease rental in respect of the lease land retrospectively from 1958 to 2018 amounting to Rs. 22,396 lakhs. In January 2019, a further demand of Rs. 796 lakhs as increased rental for the year 2019 was also raised. The Corporation has challenged both these demands by way of Writ Petition before Madras High Court. The said Writs have been admitted and stay has been granted.

While all these matters are pending before the court, the operations at Singampatti have been ongoing and continuing.

There are no other significant and material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Corporation's operations in future.

l) The Details of Application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the year along with their status as at the end of the Financial Year

There are no pending proceedings under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 against the Corporation.

m) The Details of difference between amount of the Valuation done at the time of one-time settlement and the Valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof

There was no instance of onetime settlement with any Bank or Financial Institution during the period under the review.

n) Secretarial Standards

During the year under review, the Corporation has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

VIII. AUDITORS

a) Statutory Auditors

At the 155th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") held on 24th July, 2020, Members had appointed M/s Walker Chandiok & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 001076N/ N500013) as Statutory Auditors of the Corporation, for a period of five (5) consecutive years from the conclusion of the 155th AGM till the conclusion of 160th AGM of the Corporation to be held in the year 2025.

b) Cost Audit

In terms of Section 148 of the Act, the Company is required to maintain cost records and have the audit of its cost records conducted by a Cost Accountant. Cost records are prepared and maintained by the Company as required under Section 148(1) of the Act. The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, appointed M/s GLS & Associates (GLS) as Cost Auditors of the Plantations and Electromags Division of the Corporation for FY 2024-25 at a remuneration of Rs. 2,50,000/- plus taxes as applicable and reimbursement of actual out of pocket expenses. The remuneration payable to them is required to be ratified by the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Cost Audit Report for the FY 22-23 was filed with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 9th October, 2023.

c) Secretarial Audit

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Corporation appointed Mr. Tushar Shridharani, Practicing Company Secretary as Secretarial Auditor for FY 2023-24. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation, or adverse remark. The Report of the Secretarial Auditor is appended as **Annexure E.**

d) Reporting of Frauds by Auditors

During the year under review, the Statutory Auditors, Cost Auditors and Secretarial Auditor have not reported any instances of frauds committed in the Corporation by its Officers or Employees to the Audit Committee under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

e) Auditors' Qualifications

Statutory Auditors' Report, Cost Auditors' Report and Secretarial Auditors' Report do not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remarks on Standalone Financial Statements.

However, the Statutory Auditor's Report on consolidated financial statements contains qualified opinion on the matters pertaining to unavailability of audited/ reviewed financial results of Go Airlines for the nine months ended 31/12/2022, quarter ended March 2023 and period 01/04/2023 to 09/05/2023, the date of loss of significant influence over Go Airlines on admission of application of Go Airlines under Section 10 of IBC 2016 by NCLT on 10/05/2023. The qualifications are self-explanatory and hence do not call for any further comments under section 134 of the Act.

IX. DEPOSITS

Your Corporation has not accepted during the year any deposits from the public or its employees within the meaning of section 73 of the Act read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

X. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Your Corporation maintains adequate and effective internal control systems which are commensurate with the nature, size, and complexity of its business and ensures orderly and efficient conduct of the Corporation's business. The internal control systems in all Divisions of the Corporation including the Corporate office are routinely tested and verified by independent Internal Auditors and significant audit observations and follow-up actions are reported to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control requirement and monitors the implementation of audit recommendations.

Your Corporation has in place adequate Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Reporting which ensure adherence to the Corporation's policies, safeguarding of its assets, maintaining proper accounting records, and providing reliable financial information. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weaknesses in design or operation were observed.

XI. GENERAL

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions pertaining to these items during the year under review:

1. Details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.
2. Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
3. Issue of Shares (including Sweat Equity Shares) to employees of the Company under any Scheme.
4. Voting rights which are not directly exercised by the employees in respect of shares for the subscription/ purchase of which loan was given by the Corporation (as there is no scheme pursuant to which such persons can beneficially hold shares as envisaged under section 67(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013).
5. The Corporation does not have any scheme of provision for the purchase of its own shares by employees or by trustees for the benefit of employees.

XII. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors thank all Customers, Shareholders, Suppliers, Bankers, Employees and other business associates for their continued support.

On behalf of the Board

Nusli N Wadia
Chairman
(DIN: 00015731)

Mumbai, 13th May, 2024

Annexure A

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPOTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO

(A) CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

1) the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:

At Plantations Division

a) Ongoing replacement of the old motors with energy efficient motors in all tea factories to reduce unit consumption

b) Non utilization of factories during peak hours of low cropping periods to reduce overall tariff for industrial units. Improved leaf allocation to different factories to improve capacity utilization

c) Continued emphasis on maintenance of Power Factor above 0.95 to reduce units consumed and improve electrical efficiency.

d) Reduction of Maximum demand at Manjolai factory due to lesser production.

e) Use of electricity generated through Wind energy: Windmills near Singampatti Group in Tamil Nadu are used to generate electricity thereby offsetting 76% of electricity cost at our tea manufacturing units as compared to 70% in the previous year.

At Auto Electric Components Business (Electromags)

a) Replacement of existing light fittings with LED light fittings – 20Nos.

b) Retrofitting variable frequency drive in Moulding machine system to reduce power cost.

c) Insulated Heater installed in Moulding machine barrel to reduce power cost.

Total Cost saving Last year – Rs. 1 lakhs at Electromags.

2) the steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:

The Bio Methanisation Plant which generates Biogas from Coffee waste is currently operating at minimum sustenance levels while we are exploring more efficient ways to generate a better yield of gas. This plant along with the Water Treatment Plants apart from generating energy from waste also addresses the effluent generated during the processing of coffee.

3) the capital investment on energy conservation equipment's:

Rs. 0.81 lakhs at Electromags.

(B) TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

i) the efforts made towards technology absorption:

At Plantations Division

a) In-house breeding of Predators of the Tea Mosquito Bug, an aggressive pest in tea.

b) Use of in house bio sprays to boost health and immunity of plants as also to reduce pesticide residue limits in tea.

c) Natural traps for the Shot hole borer beetle which causes debilitation in the tea plant

d) Online batch weighing machines for accurate and online recording of made tea production

At Electromags

a) Reduced the consumption of self-carbon paper and usage of dot-matrix printer

b) QR code based material flow monitoring

ii) the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:

At Plantations Division

Cost and Operational Improvement

a) Due to release of Predators, there has been a 50% reduction in control costs for the tea mosquito bugs.

b) EM technology is a start to improving soil fertility by way of restoring the original soil flora and fauna and ensuring water conservation.

At Electromags

Product improvement:

a) Developed parts for Intelligent Battery Sensor and Electronic Power Steering motor and production started.

b) Developed solenoid valves to meet BSVI norms and production started.

iii) No import of technology in the last 3 years.

iv) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development: Nil

(C) FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

(i) Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year – Rs. 16,057.1 lakhs

(ii) Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows - Rs. 2,758.91 lakhs

Annexure B

ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ("CSR") ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2023-2024

1. **Brief Outline on CSR Policy of the Company:**

   The CSR Policy of the Company has been formulated and adopted in terms of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Rules made thereunder. The Company will undertake CSR activities specified in Schedule VII of the Act.

2. **Composition of CSR Committee:**

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation/Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala	Chairperson/Non-Executive Director	1	1
2	Mr. Rajesh Batra	Member/Independent Director	1	1
3	Mr. Ness N. Wadia	Member/Managing Director	1	1

3. **Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company**:

   The details of composition of the CSR Committee and projects are disclosed at https://bbtcl.com/list-of-directors/ and CSR Policy and projects of the Company are disclosed at https://bbtcl.com/corporate-social-responsibility/

4. **Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable.** Not Applicable for the financial year 2023-2024

5. (a) Average Net Profit of the Company as per section 135(5)**:** Nil in view of losses

   (b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Nil

   (c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: Rs. Nil

   (d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: Rs. Nil

   (e) Total CSR Obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)]: Rs. Nil

6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project) : Rs. 4.86 lakhs on other than Ongoing projects

   Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year: Nil

Details of CSR amount spent against **other than ongoing projects** for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	
Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act	Local area (Yes/ No)	Location of the Project		Amount spent for the Project (Rs. in Lakhs)	Mode of Implementation - Direct (Yes/ No)	Mode of Implementation - Through Implementing Agency	
				State	District			Name	CSR Registration Number
1.	Public Roads through Estate	As per Item no (x) of Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 covered under Rural Development projects	Yes	Tamil Nadu	Coimbatore	4.86	Yes	NA	NA
	Total					**4.86**			

(b) Amount spent in Administrative overheads: Nil

(c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Not Applicable

(d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]: Rs. 4.86 lakhs*

(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year (in Rs.)	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5)		
	Amount	Date of Transfer	Name of the fund	Amount	Date of transfer
4.86 lakhs	NIL	NA	NA	NIL	NA

*Due to the losses, the Corporation is not mandated to spend on CSR activities. However, the amount spent by the Corporation on above activities is on voluntary basis.

(f) Excess amount for set off, if any:

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	NIL in view of substantial loss
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Rs. 4.86 lakhs
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Rs. 4.86 lakhs
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Rs. 25.86 lakhs
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	Rs. 30.72 lakhs

7. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under sub¬section (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.)	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any.			Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.)	Deficiency, if any
					Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs.)	Date of transfer		
NIL									

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: No

If Yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/ acquired: Not Applicable

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

Sl. No.	Short Particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pincode of the property or asset(s)	Date of creation	Amount of CSR amount spent	Details of entity/ Authority/ beneficiary of the registered owner		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
					CSR Registration Number, if applicable	Name	Registered address
Not Applicable							

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per sub-section (5) of section 135: Not Applicable

For **The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited**

For and on behalf of the **CSR Committee of The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited**

Ness N. Wadia
Managing Director

Dr. (Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala
Chairperson,
CSR Committee

Mumbai, 13th May, 2024

ANNEXURE C

Statement of Disclosure of Remuneration under Section 197 of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(1) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

i. Ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Corporation for the financial year 2023-24, the percentage increase in remuneration of each Director and Key Managerial Personnel during the financial year 2023-24.

Sl. No.	Name of Director/KMP	Designation	Remuneration of Director/ KMP (in. lakhs)	Ratio of remuneration of each Director to median remuneration of employees	Percentage increase in Remuneration
1.	Mr. Ness N. Wadia	Managing Director	673.10	362.82	14.13
2.	Mr. Nusli N. Wadia	Promoter Non-Executive Director	5.40	2.84	(25.00)
3.	Dr. (Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala	Non- Executive Woman Director	7.15	3.75	(18.75)
4.	Mr. Rajesh Batra	Independent Director	7.75	4.07	(2.52)
5.	Dr. YSP Thorat	Independent Director	11.40	5.99	(10.94)
6.	Mr. Vinesh Kumar Jairath	Independent Director	8.40	4.41	(6.67)
7.	Mrs. Chandra Iyengar	Independent Director	7.20	3.78	300
8.	Mr. N. H. Datanwala	Chief Financial Officer	125.81	Not Applicable	5.96
9.	Mr. Sanjay Kumar Chowdhary (Upto 24th April, 2023)	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	3.74	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
10.	Mr. Murli Manohar Purohit (w.e.f 7th September, 2023)	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	27.05	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Notes:

a) The Non-Executive Directors of the Corporation were paid only sitting fees during the year under review.

b) Employees for the purpose above include all employees at all divisions of the Corporation.

c) Mr. Sanjay Kumar Chowdhary ceased to be Company Secretary and Compliance Officer w.e.f. 24th April, 2024

d) Mr. Murli Manohar Purohit was appointed as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer w.e.f 7th September 2024

ii. The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees for the financial year 2023-2024 was 6.94%.

iii. There were 2491 permanent employees on the pay roll of the Corporation as on 31st March, 2024.

iv. Average percentage increase made in the salaries of employees other than the Managerial Personnel in the Financial Year 2023-24 on comparable basis was 6-8% over previous year.

v. The remuneration paid during the year 2023-2024 is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Corporation.

Annexure D

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

1. Corporation's Philosophy on Corporate Governance:

The Corporation believes that good Corporate Governance is a pre-requisite for achieving sustainable corporate growth and enhancing value for all stakeholders in the business. Good Corporate Governance emerges from transparency in business dealings and having in place robust systems and processes defining accountability, integrity, fairness and ethics in business practices, thereby fulfilling the responsibilities of corporate citizenship.

A Report on compliance with the Corporate Governance provisions as prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("**Listing Regulations**") read with amended Listing Regulations 2018 is given herein below:

2. Board of Directors:

The Board sets the tone for inclusion and diversity across the Board in order to develop businesses and incubate new ideas for continuous business growth and value creation for the Stakeholders. In the opinion of the Board, a diverse and inclusive culture is essential for the long-term success of the Corporation and therefore it is crucial to have a mix of diverse experience, skill and competence in the Board.

Composition of Board/ Board Diversity:

Mr. Nusli N. Wadia, Chairman of the Board of Directors, is a Non-Executive Promoter Director. As on 31 March 2024, the Board comprised of seven Directors of which four are Independent Directors including one Woman Independent Director, one Non-Executive Woman Director, one Non-Executive Director and one Managing Director.

Details of number of Directors, their attendance at Board Meetings and Annual General Meetings and other Directorships/ Committee Memberships are as follows.

Name of the Director	DIN	No. of Board Meetings attended (out of 6)	Whether attended last AGM held on 29.09.2023	No. of Directorships in other public companies+		No. of Committee positions held in other public companies#	
				Chairman	Member	Chairman	Member
Promoter and Non-Executive Director							
Mr. Nusli N. Wadia, Chairman	00015731	6	Yes	2	3	-	-
Non-Executive Director							
Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala	00422067	5	Yes	-	4	1	5
Non-Executive, Independent Directors							
Mr. Rajesh Batra	00020764	6	Yes	1	4	1	5
Dr. Y. S. P. Thorat	00135258	6	Yes	-	2	1	4
Mr. Vinesh Kumar Jairath	00391684	6	Yes	-	5	-	5
Mrs. Chandra Iyengar	02821294	5	Yes	-	4	1	5
Promoter, Managing Director							
Mr. Ness N. Wadia	00036049	6	Yes	2	5	-	4

+ Excludes directorship in the Corporation, alternate directorship and directorship in foreign companies and private companies which are neither subsidiaries nor holding companies of public companies.

 # For the said purpose, Membership/Chairmanship of the committees considered are Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee have only been considered here, excluding that of your Corporation. Committee Membership count includes the count in which the Director is a Chairperson.

Note:

Other than Mr. Nusli N. Wadia and Mr. Ness N. Wadia who are related to each other, none of the other Directors of your Corporation are related to each others in terms of Section 2(77) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Companies (Specification of definitions details) Rules, 2014.

During the year under review, Six Board Meetings were held on the following dates:

Sl. No.	Date of Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1	26 May 2023	7	6
2	10 July 2023	7	7
3	11 August 2023	7	6
4	10 November 2023	7	7
5	13 February 2024	7	7
6	28 March 2024	7	7

List of other listed companies where Directors of the Corporation are Directors and the category of Directorship:

Name of Director	Directorship in other listed entity (Category of Directorship)
Mr. Nusli N. Wadia	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited (Non-Executive - Promoter Director-Chairman) Britannia Industries Limited (Non-Executive - Promoter Director- Chairman)
Dr. (Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala	Naperol Investments Limited (Non-Executive - Non-Independent Director) The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited (Non-Executive - Non-Independent Director) Axel Polymers Limited (Non-Executive Director- Non-Independent Director)
Mr. Rajesh Batra	Cravatex Limited (Managing Director) The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited (Non-Executive -Independent Director) Naperol Investments Limited (Non-Executive - Independent Director)
Dr. Y.S.P. Thorat	Britannia Industries Limited (Non-Executive - Independent Director)
Mr. Vinesh Kumar Jairath	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited (Non-Executive – Independent Director) Wockhardt Limited (Non-Executive – Independent Director) Kirloskar Industries Limited (Non-Executive - Non-Independent Director) Kirloskar Oil Engines Limited (Non-Executive - Non-Independent Director)

Mr. Ness N. Wadia	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited (Non-Executive - Promoter Director) Britannia Industries Limited (Non-Executive - Promoter Director) Naperol Investments Limited (Non-Executive - Promoter Director- Chairman)
Mrs. Chandra Iyengar	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited (Non-Executive - Independent Director) Adani Power Limited (Non-Executive - Independent Director)

None of the Directors are a Director in more than 10 Public Limited Companies or act as an Independent Director in more than 7 Listed Companies. The Managing Director does not serve as Independent Director on any listed company. Further, none of the Directors act as a member of more than 10 committees or acts as a chairman of more than 5 committees across all Public Limited Companies in which he/she is a Director.

Matrix highlighting core skills/expertise/competencies of the Board of Directors:

The Board of Directors have identified the following skills required for the Corporation and the availability of such skills with the Board:

Sr. No	Skills/ Expertise/ Competencies identified by the Board	Mr. Nusli N. Wadia	Dr. YSP Thorat	Mr. Vinesh Kumar Jairath	Mr. Rajesh Batra	Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala	Mr. Ness Wadia	Mrs. Chandra Iyengar
1	Leadership experience of running large enterprise. Experience of leading operations of large organizations with deep understanding of complex business processes, regulatory and governance environment, risk management and ability to visualize and manage change.	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
2	Business Strategies and innovations. Expertise in developing and implementing strategies for sustainable and profitable growth of the Corporation in various segments.	✓	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Understanding of Consumer behavior in diverse environments and conditions pertaining to core business areas of Corporation.	✓	-	-	✓	✓	✓	-
4	Understanding of the changing legal andregulatory landscape of the Country fromtime to time.	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓

5	Financial Management and Accounting. Expertise in understanding and management of complex financial functions and processes of large organisations, deep knowledge of accounting, finance and treasury for financial health of the Corporation.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Knowledge and expertise of Trade and Economic Policies, Possessing knowledge and expertise of various trade and economic policies, ability to analyze their impact on the business of the Corporation and devise revised strategies.	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓
7	Governance and Regulatory requirements of large Companies. Knowledge and experience in regulatory and governance requirements and ability to identify key risks affecting the governance of the Corporation.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

3. Committees of the Board:

The Corporation has five mandatory Board constituted Committees viz. Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and Risk Management Committee.

(a) Audit Committee:

The composition, powers, role and terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in accordance with the regulatory requirements mandated under section 177 of the Act and the Rules made thereunder read with Regulation 18 and Part C of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations. Apart from the above, the Committee also carries out such function / responsibilities entrusted on it by the Board of Directors from time to time.

During the year under review, seven (7) meetings of the Audit Committee were held, the dates being 18 May, 2023, 26 May, 2023, 10 August 2023, 20 October 2023, 10 November 2023, 12 January 2024 and 13 February 2024. The gap between two Meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days. The Composition of the Audit Committee as on 31 March, 2024 and attendance of the Committee members is as under:

Names of the Directors	No. of meetings		Category of Directorship
	Held	Attended	
Dr. Y. S. P. Thorat	7	7	Independent Director (Chairman)
Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala	7	6	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Vinesh Kumar Jairath	7	7	Independent Director
Mrs. Chandra Iyengar	7	6	Independent Director

Dr. Y.S.P. Thorat, Chairman of the Committee was present at the last Annual General meeting for answering the shareholders queries.

All the members of the Committee possess strong accounting and financial management knowledge.

The Managing Director, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer are the permanent invitees for all the Committee Meetings. The representatives of Statutory Auditors & Internal Auditors are invited to the meeting wherein the matters related to their roles & responsibilities are reviewed. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The role of the Audit Committee flows directly from the Board of Directors' overview function on corporate governance, which holds the management accountable to the Board and the Board accountable to the stakeholders. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee inter alia includes review of the Corporation's financial statements, internal financial reporting process, internal financial controls, the audit process, adequacy, reliability and effectiveness of the internal control systems and risk management process, vigil mechanism, related party transactions, monitoring process for compliance with laws and regulations and the Code of Conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by Insiders; appointment, performance and evaluation of Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors.

Internal Audit Control:

M/s. PKF Sridhar and Santhanam LLP ('PKF') and M/s. Moore Singhi Advisors LLP ('MSA'), are the Internal Auditors of the Corporation. M/s. PKF has carried out the internal audit for Tea Plantation Division and M/s. MSA has carried out internal audit of Dental Products Division, Electromags Division and Mumbai Office for F.Y. 2023-24. The reports and findings of the internal auditor and the internal control system are periodically reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The appointment and remuneration of the internal auditors and the internal audit plan are approved by the Audit Committee.

Vigil Mechanism/ Whistle Blower Policy:

The Corporation has implemented a Whistle Blower Policy and established the necessary vigil mechanism for Employees and Directors of the Corporation to report to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. No personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee. The said policy has been uploaded on the website of the Corporation and can be accessed at the website of the Corporation at https://bbtcl.com/corporate-governance/.

(b) Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

The composition, powers, role and terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('NRC') are in accordance with the requirements mandated under Section 178 of the Act, and Regulation 19 read with Part D of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations. Apart from the above, the Committee also carries out such function / responsibilities entrusted on it by the Board of Directors from time to time.

During the year under review, 3 (three) Meetings of the Committee were held on 11 August 2023, 13 February 2024 and 28 March 2024.

The Composition of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee as on 31st March, 2024 and attendance of the Committee members is as under:

Names of the Directors	No. of meetings		Category of Directorship
	Held	Attended	
Mr. Rajesh Batra	3	3	Independent Director (Chairman)
Mr. Nusli N. Wadia	3	3	Non-Executive Director
Dr. Y. S. P. Thorat	3	3	Independent Director

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The broad terms of reference of the Committee include:

- Recommendation of nominations for membership of the Board, its Committees and the leadership team of the Corporation including Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) and Senior Management as defined under Listing Regulations;
- Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director.
- Formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors.
- Recommend the remuneration policy for the directors, KMP, Senior Management and other employees.

- Evaluation of performance of the Board, its Committees and Individual directors.
- Devise a policy on Board diversity.
- To identify persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal.
- Formulate and recommend to the Board plans for orderly succession for appointments to the Board, KMPs and other Senior Management.
- Recommendation of remuneration payable to Senior Management.

Evaluation of performance of the Board, its Committees and Directors

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the Corporate Governance requirements as prescribed under the Listing Regulations (as may be applicable), the Board of Directors ("Board") has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, and that of its Committees and individual directors.

The performance of the Board and individual directors was evaluated by the Board seeking inputs from all the Directors. The performance of the Committees viz. Audit Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, CSR Committee, Risk Management Committee, etc. was evaluated by the Board seeking inputs from the Committee members. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviewed the performance of the individual Directors. A separate meeting of Independent Directors was also held to review the performance of non-independent Directors, performance of the Board as a whole and performance of the Chairman of the Corporation, taking into account the views of executive Directors and non-executive Directors. This was followed by a Board meeting that discussed the performance of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors.

The criteria for performance evaluation of the Board included aspects like Board composition and structure, effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning etc. The criteria for performance evaluation of Committees of the Board included aspects like composition of committees, effectiveness of committee meetings etc. The criteria for performance evaluation of the individual directors included aspects on contribution to the Board and committee meetings like preparedness on the issues to be discussed, meaningful and constructive contribution and inputs in meetings etc. In addition, the Chairman was also evaluated on the key aspects of his role.

The performance evaluation of Independent Directors was based on the criteria viz. attendance at Board and Committee Meetings, skill, experience, ability to challenge views of others in a constructive manner, knowledge acquired with regard to the Corporation's business, understanding of industry and global trends, etc.

Remuneration Policy:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations the Remuneration Policy was formulated and adopted by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee/ Board.

The broad objectives of the Policy are:

- to evaluate the performance of the Members of the Board and provide necessary report to the Board for further evaluation of the Board;
- to recommend to the Board on Remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Team;

- to provide to Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Team reward linked directly to their effort, performance, dedication and achievement relating to the Corporation's operations; and
- to retain, motivate and promote talent and to ensure long term sustainability of talented managerial persons and create competitive advantage.

(i) Remuneration to the Managing Director:

The remuneration structure of Managing Director comprises of basic salary, special allowance, perquisites and retiral benefits and performance bonus as may be decided by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, subject to the overall limits of remuneration governed by the shareholders' approval.

Details of remuneration paid to Managing Director during the year 2023-2024 are given below:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Name	Salary (including allowances and bonus)	Contribution to Provident & other Funds excluding Gratuity	Perquisites in cash or kind	Total
Mr. Ness N. Wadia	567.49	97.65	7.96	673.10

Notes:

1. The Corporation has not granted any stock options to its whole-time director during the year. Mr. Ness N. Wadia holds 21,600 shares of the Corporation.
2. The Agreement with the Managing Director is for the period of five years. Either party to the agreement is entitled to terminate the Agreement by giving not less than 6 calendar months' prior notice in writing to the other party; provided that the Corporation shall be entitled to terminate the incumbents' employment at any time by payment to him of six months' basic salary in lieu of such notice.

(ii) Remuneration to Non-Executive Directors:

The Non-Executive Directors do not draw any remuneration from the Corporation other than sitting fees and are entitled to receive such commission not exceeding 1% of the net profits of the Corporation as approved by the shareholders and computed in the manner laid down in section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, and as may be determined by the Board from time to time. In view of inadequacy of profits, no commission has been paid to the Non-Executive Directors.

Details of payments made to Non-Executive Directors during the year 2023-2024 and the number of shares of the Corporation held by them as on 31st March 2024 are given below:

Name of Director	Sitting fees for Board and Committee Meetings (in Rs.)	Total No. of Shares held in the Corporation as on 31st March 2024
Mr. Nusli N. Wadia	5,40,000	69,80,356
Dr. Y. S. P. Thorat	11,40,000	NIL
Mr. Vinesh Kumar Jairath	8,40,000	NIL
Mr. Rajesh Batra	7,75,000	NIL
Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala	7,15,000	NIL
Mrs. Chandra Iyengar	7,20,000	NIL

(c) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee ('SRC'):

The composition, powers, role and terms of reference of the Committee are in accordance with the requirements mandated under Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations.

During the year under review, 1 (One) meeting of the Committee was held on 28th March 2024.

The Composition of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee as on 31st March 2024 and attendance of the Committee members is as under:

Names of the Directors	No. of meetings		Category of Directorship
	Held	Attended	
Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala	1	1	Non-Executive Director (Chairperson)
Mr. Rajesh Batra	1	1	Independent Director
Mr. Ness N. Wadia	1	1	Promoter - Managing Director

Dr. (Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala, Chairperson of the Committee was present at the last Annual General meeting for answering the shareholders queries.

Mr. Murli Manohar Purohit Company Secretary is designated as the "Compliance Officer" w.e.f 7th September, 2023 to oversee the redressal of the investors' grievances.

The broad terms of reference of the said Committee are as follows:

i. To resolve the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends/ interest/ refund order/ redemption of debt securities, issue of new/ duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.

ii. To review measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.

iii. To review the adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.

iv. To review various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.

v. To approve and monitor transfers, transmission, splitting, consolidation, dematerialisation, rematerialisation of securities issued by the Corporation;

The Board has given authority to Chief Financial Officer or Company Secretary to approve requests for transmission of securities & deletion of names of security holders and report such approvals at the subsequent SRC and Board Meetings.

Statement of Shareholders Complaints as on 31st March, 2024:

Number of Shareholders complaints received during the financial year	18
Number of complaints not solved to the satisfaction of shareholders	Nil
Number of pending complaints	Nil

The Corporation has designated an e-mail ID exclusively for registering complaints by investors and investors can reach the Corporation at investorservices@bbtcl.com

(d) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee:

The CSR Committee's constitution and terms of reference are in compliance with provisions of the Section 135 of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

During the year under review, 1 (One) meeting of the Committee was held on 28th March 2024.

The Composition of the CSR Committee as on 31st March 2024 and attendance of the Committee members is as under:

Names of the Directors	No. of meetings		Category of Directorship
	Held	Attended	
Dr.(Mrs.) Minnie Bodhanwala	1	1	Non-Executive Director (Chairperson)
Mr. Rajesh Batra	1	1	Independent Director
Mr. Ness N. Wadia	1	1	Promoter - Managing Director

The broad terms of reference of the CSR Committee include:

(i) To formulate and recommend to the Board, an annual action plan in pursuance of its CSR Policy which shall indicate the CSR projects or programmes to be undertaken by the Corporation as specified in Schedule VII;

(ii) Recommend the manner of execution of such projects or programmes as specified in sub-rule (1) of Rule 4 of the CSR Rules 2021;

(iii) Recommend the monitoring and reporting mechanism for the projects or programmes

(iv) Provide details of need and impact assessment, if any, for the projects undertaken by the Corporation.

(v) Recommend to the Board any alteration of the Annual Action plan at any time during the financial year, based on the reasonable justification to that effect.

(vi) Such other related matters which the Committee may deem appropriate, required by law or assigned to the Committee by the Board of Directors from time to time.

(e) Risk Management Committee (RMC):

In compliance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations the Board has constituted the RMC under the Chairmanship of Mr. Rajesh Batra, Independent Director.

During the year under review, 3 (Three) meetings of the RMC were held, the dates being 14th September 2023 and 12th March 2024 and 28th March 2024. The time gap between two meetings did not exceed 180 days.

The Composition of the RMC as on 31st March 2024 and attendance of the Committee members is as under:

Names of the Directors	No. of meetings		Category of Directorship
	Held	Attended	
Mr. Rajesh Batra	3	3	Independent Director (Chairman)
Dr. Y. S. P. Thorat	3	3	Independent Director
Mr. Ness N. Wadia	3	3	Promoter - Managing Director
Mr. Rajiv Arora (w.e.f. 28th March 2024)	NA	NA	Chief Operating Officer
Mr. N. H. Datanwala	3	3	Chief Financial Officer

The salient terms of reference of the RMC include:

- To formulate a detailed Risk Management Policy covering risk across functions and plan integration through training and awareness programs. The Policy shall include:
  - o A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the listed entity, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability particularly, ESG related risks information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
  - o Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
  - o Business continuity plan
- To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;
- To periodically review the Risk Management Policy but at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;
- To monitor and oversee implementation of the Risk Management Policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems;
- To keep the board of directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken;
- the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the RMC.

(f) Senior Management:

The particulars of Senior Management as per Regulation 16(1)(d) read with Schedule V of the Listing Regulations including changes during the Financial Year 2023-24 are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Senior Management	Designation	Change of Status
1	Mr. Rajiv Arora	Chief Operating Officer	Appointed w.e.f 13th February, 2024
2	Mr. N H Datanwala	Chief Financial Officer	-
3	Mr. Sanjay Kumar Chowdhary	Company Secretary	Ceased w.e.f 24th April, 2023
4	Mr. Murli Manohar Purohit	Company Secretary	Appointed w.e.f. 7th September, 2023
5	Mr. Asgar Hussain	GM – Plantations	-
6	Dr. R Baskar	COO - Electromags Division	-
7	Mr. Subhro Mitra	Head - Healthcare Division	-
8	Mrs. Lalita Rajesh	GM- Accounts and Finance - Corporate	-
9	Mrs. Jayshree Ramasubramanian	GM- Accounts	-

(g) Independent Directors' Meeting:

During the year under review, a separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held on 28th March 2024, to discuss:

- performance of Non- Independent Directors and the Board as a whole;
- performance of the Chairman;
- the quality, quantity and timelines of flow of information between the management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

The meeting was attended by all the Independent Directors without the presence of the Corporation executives to discuss aforesaid matters pertaining to the Corporation's affairs and put forth their combined views to the Board of Directors.

Confirmation by the Board of Directors' for acceptance of Committees recommendations

The Board of Directors confirmed that during the financial year, it has accepted all recommendations of any Committees which is mandatorily required.

Familiarization programme for Independent Directors

Familiarization is a continuous process and in order to effectively familiarize the Board Members, they are constantly provided with necessary documents, reports and internal policies to enable them to familiarize with the Corporation's procedures and practices. Detailed presentations on the overall business, division-wise performance, business strategy, risks involved and mitigation measures adopted are made at Board / Risk Management Committee meetings. Details of the familiarization module are given in the Corporation's website at https://bbtcl.com/corporate-governance/.

4. General Body Meetings:

(a) Location and time of Annual General Meetings held in the previous three years and Special resolutions passed thereat:

Sr. No	Date and Time of AGM	Venue	Special Resolutions passed
1	13th September 2021 at 3.00 p.m.	By way of Video conferencing (VC)/ Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) at 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai 400001	1) Re-appointment of Mr. Ness N. Wadia as the Managing Director of the Corporation for a period of 5 years and approving his remuneration. 2) Re-appointment of Mr. Rajesh Batra as an Independent Director of the Corporation for a second term of 5 consecutive years. 3) Approval for Issue of Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of an amount upto Rs.300 crores.
2	25th August 2022 at 3.30 p.m.	By way of Video conferencing (VC)/ Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) at 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai 400001	1) Approval for continuation of holding of office of Non-Executive Independent Director of the Corporation, till the end of his term i.e. upto 3rd February, 2024 by Dr. Y. S. P Thorat (DIN: 00135258), who will be attaining the age of 75 years in the month of November 2022 2) Approval for Issue of Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of an amount upto Rs. 300 crores

3	29th September 2023 at 3:30 p.m.	By way of Video conferencing (VC)/ Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) at 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai 400001	1) To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Nusli N. Wadia [DIN: 00015731], who retires by rotation in terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. 2) Increase in remuneration of Mr. Ness N. Wadia as the Managing Director of the Corporation. 3) Re-appointment of Dr. Y.S.P Thorat (DIN:00135258) as an Independent Director of the Corporation for a second term of 5 consecutive years. 4) Re-appointment of Mr. Vinesh Kumar Jairath (DIN: 00391684) as the Independent Director of the Corporation for a second term of 5 consecutive years. 5) Approval for Issue of Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of an amount upto Rs. 300 crores. 6) To approve the alteration of Articles of Association ("AOA") to alter a clause with respect to appointment of Nominee Director.

(b) Extraordinary General Meeting:

No extraordinary general meeting of the members was held during the financial year 2023-24.

(c) Details of Resolutions passed through Postal Ballot:

During the year under review, no resolutions were passed by way of postal ballot.

(d) Whether any Special Resolution is proposed to be passed through postal ballot this year:

Currently, there is no proposal to pass any Special Resolution through Postal Ballot. Special Resolutions by way of Postal Ballot, if required to be passed in the future, will be decided at the relevant time and shall be intimated to the concerned Regulators as per the applicable provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations.

5. Other Disclosures:

a. Related Party Transactions:

The Corporation has formulated a policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions and the policy is disclosed on the website of the Corporation at https://bbtcl.com/policies/

There were no material Related Party Transactions during the year that have conflict with the interest of the Corporation. Transactions entered into with related parties during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis and were approved by the Audit Committee. Requisite disclosure as required under the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS 24) has been made in the notes to the Financial Statements.

b. Accounting Treatment:

Pursuant to the notification issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Corporation has adopted the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') with effect from 1 April 2016.

c. Dividend Distribution Policy:

The Corporation has adopted a Dividend Distribution Policy in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 43A of the Listing Regulations. The same is available on the website of the Corporation and can be accessed at https://bbtcl.com/policies/

d. Risk Management:

A detailed review of business risks and the Corporation's plan to mitigate them is presented to the RMC. The Corporation has been taking steps to mitigate foreseeable business risks. Business risk evaluation and its management is an ongoing and continuous process within the Corporation and regularly updated to the RMC.

e. Code of Conduct:

The Corporation has laid down a Code of Conduct for the members of the Board as well as for all employees of the Corporation. The Code has also been posted on the Corporation's website https://bbtcl.com/corporate-governance/

The Managing Director has confirmed and declared that all members of the Board and Senior Management have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct.

f. Details of non-compliance by the Corporation, penalties, and strictures imposed on the Corporation by Stock Exchange or Securities and Exchange Board of India or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years:

The Corporation vide its intimation dated 30th May, 2022 had informed the Stock Exchanges regarding delay in submission of Consolidated Financial Results for the quarter and year ended 31st March, 2022 as required under Regulation 33 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, due to non-completion of audit by the auditors of the Overseas Subsidiaries and consequently was unable to file the Disclosure as specified under Regulation 23(9) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 regarding Related Party Transactions. The Stock Exchanges viz. National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited had imposed fines for the aforementioned non-compliances on the Corporation amounting to Rs. 4,48,400/- each which was duly paid.

g. Managing Director/ Chief Financial Officer Certification:

Mr. Ness N. Wadia, Managing Director and Mr. N. H. Datanwala, Chief Financial Officer have provided the Compliance Certificate to the Board in accordance with Regulation 17(8) read with Part B of schedule II of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 for the financial year ended 31st March 2024.

h. Code for Prevention of Insider Trading:

In accordance with the requirements of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the Corporation has adopted a comprehensive Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading and procedures for fair disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information. The Prevention of Insider Trading Code is suitably amended from time to time to incorporate the amendments prescribed by SEBI.

i. Disclosures under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

The Corporation has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at workplace and has adopted a policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment at workplace in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder for prevention and redressal of complaints of sexual harassment at workplace.

The Corporation has not received any complaint on sexual harassment in FY 2023-24.

j. Material Subsidiaries:

A Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries has been formulated in compliance with the requirements of Regulation 16 of the Listing Regulations. This Policy has been uploaded on the website of the Corporation and can be accessed at https://bbtcl.com/policies/

k. Commodity Price Risk or Foreign Exchange Risk and hedging activities:

The Corporation has requisite mechanisms in place to manage commodity price risk and foreign risk through strategic forward contracts and also has a natural hedge on account of exports.

l. Independence of Directors:

The Board understands and recognizes the importance of the Independent Directors and therefore encourages them to exercise their independent judgement to bear on the Board's deliberations especially on issues of strategy, performance, risk management, resources, key appointments, good corporate governance and standards of conduct which in totality are in the interest of the Corporation. The Board is also of the opinion that the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified under Listing Regulations and are independent from the Management of the Corporation.

The Independent Directors of the Corporation have registered their names in the data bank of Independent Directors maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

m. Fees to the Auditors:

Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm /network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part during FY 2023-24 was Rs. 368.06 Lakhs.

n. Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary:

The Corporation has received a certificate from Mr. Tushar Shridharani, Company Secretary in practice, certifying that none of the Directors of the Corporation are disqualified/ debarred by Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") / Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") and other regulatory authorities. The said Certificate is annexed to this report.

o. Disclosure by listed entity and its subsidiaries of 'Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested by name and amount':

The details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act are given in Note No. 45 forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements.

p. Details of material subsidiaries of the listed entity; including the date and place of incorporation and the name and date of appointment of the statutory auditors of such subsidiaries

Name of Material Subsidiary	Date of Incorporation	Place of Incorporation	Name and Date of Appointment of the Statutory Auditors of such Subsidiaries
Britannia Industries Limited	21.03.1918	Kolkata	Name: Walker Chandiok and Co LLP Date of Appointment: 07.07.2020
Leila Lands Limited	01.08.1995	Mauritius	Grant Thorton Date of Appointment: 05.04.2023

q. Credit Rating:

Corporation has received Credit rating from India Ratings & Research Private Limited for Bank facilities, Non-Convertible Debentures and Commercial Papers. Credit Ratings received by the Corporation are as under:

Sr. No	Rating Firm	Instruments	Rating Received
1	India Ratings & Research Private Limited	Term Loan Working capital facilities Non-fund based facilities	IND A+/ Positive Outlook IND A+/ Positive Outlook IND A1
2	India Ratings & Research Private Limited	Non-Convertible Debentures/ Commercial Papers	IND A+/ Positive Outlook, IND A1

r. Disclosure of Agreements under Regulation 30 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015:

The Corporation has not entered into any Agreement specified under Clause 5A of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015.

6. Means of Communication:

The Corporation values its shareholders and other stakeholders and therefore all the information/ latest development(s) with respect to the working of the Corporation is communicated to the Shareholders through below mentioned modes of communication:

(i) Quarterly/ Annual results:

The unaudited quarterly and half yearly results are announced within forty-five days from the end of the quarter/half-year and the audited annual results within sixty days from the end of the last quarter as stipulated under the Listing Regulations and are filed with the Stock Exchanges immediately after these are approved by the Board and also posted on the website of the Corporation i.e. https://bbtcl.com/investor-relations/quarterly-results/.

(ii) Publication of Quarterly/Annual Results:

The results are filed with the Stock Exchanges immediately on approval by the Board and are generally published in Business Standard (English) and other regional newspapers.

(iii) Website:

All the information required to be provided to the Shareholders under applicable regulatory provisions are made available on the website of the Corporation i.e. www.bbtcl.com and on the website of the Stock Exchanges i.e., www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com

(iv) During the year there was no displays of official news releases.

(v) During the year no presentations were made to analysts/institutional investors.

(vi) Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of the Annual Report.

7. General Shareholder Information:

(a) AGM: Date, Time and Venue:

Friday, 16th August, 2024 at 3.30 p.m. (IST) by way of VC/OAVM and the venue shall be deemed to be the Registered office of the Corporation 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai 400001

(b) Financial Year of the Corporation:

The financial year covers the period from 1 April to 31 March.

(c) Date of Book closure and Dividend Payment Date:

Book Closure for Dividend will be from Saturday, 10th August, 2024 to Friday, 16th August, 2024 both days inclusive and the Dividend would be paid on or after Thursday, 22nd August, 2024.

(d) Listing of Ordinary (Equity) Shares, Debentures on Stock Exchanges and Security Code

Name and address of the Stock Exchange	Type of Security / Security Code
BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001.	a. Equity Share of Rs. 2 each / 501425 b. Rs. 50 Crores Series B – INE050A07030 Scrip Code: 959475 (worth Rs. 50 crores)(duly redeemed on 28 April, 2023) c. 750 Non-Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10,00,000/- each – INE050A07048 Scrip Code:960127 (duly redeemed on 28 April,2023 worth Rs. 75 crores) d. 500 Principal Protected, Market Linked Non-Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10,00,000/- each – INE050A07063 Scrip Code: 973555 (duly redeemed on 28 April, 2023 worth Rs. 50 crores)
National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051.	Equity Shares of Rs. 2 each /BBTC EQ

Listing fees as applicable have been paid to the Stock Exchanges on which the equity shares of the Corporation are listed.

(e) International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) - INE050A01025 (Equity)

(f) Corporate Identity Number: L99999MH1863PLC000002

(g) Stock Market Data: Please see Annexure 1.

(h) Stock Performance: Please see Annexure 2.

(i) Registrar & Transfer Agents:

Kfin Technologies Limited (formerly known as Kfin Technologies Private Limited) are the Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) to handle the entire share registry work, both physical and electronic. Accordingly, all documents, transfer deeds, demat requests and other communications in relation thereto should be addressed to the RTA at its following offices:

Kfin Technologies Limited
Unit: The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli,
Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500 032
Website: www.kfintech.com
Email: einward.ris@kfintech.com

The Registrar and Transfer Agents also have an office at:

Kfin Technologies Limited
6/8 Ground Floor, Crossley House, Near Bse (Bombay Stock Exchange)
Next Union Bank Fort, Mumbai – 400 023.
Tel. No.: 022-46052082

Designated Email ID:

Your Corporation has also designated investorservices@bbtcl.com as an exclusive e-mail ID for Investors for the purpose of registering complaints and the same has been displayed on the Corporation's website.

SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES)

The investors' complaints are also being processed through the centralised web based complaint redressal system. The salient features of SCORES are availability of centralised database of the complaints and uploading online action taken reports by the Company. Through SCORES the investors can view online, the actions taken and current status of the complaints. In its efforts to improve ease of doing business, SEBI has launched a mobile app "SEBI SCORES", making it easier for investors to lodge their grievances with SEBI, as they can now access SCORES at their convenience of a smart phone.

For all investor related matters, the shareholders can contact the following: Mr. Murli Manohar Purohit – Company Secretary & Compliance Officer Phone: +(91)- (22)-22197101

(j) Address for correspondence with Debenture Trustee MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited :

1402 & 1403, 14th Floor, B-wing, Dalamal Tower,
Free Press Journal Marg, 211, Nariman Point,
Mumbai 400 021.
Tel : +(91)-(22)-22828200/240
Email Id: contact@mitconcredentia.in

(k) Share Transfer System:

The Corporation has obtained yearly certificate from the Company Secretary in practice for due compliance of share transfer formalities as per the requirement of Regulation 40(9) of Listing Regulations. In case of shares in electronic form, the transfers are processed by National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) through respective Depository Participants.

(l) Dematerialisation of shares and liquidity:

The Corporation's shares are available for dematerialization with both the Depositories i.e., NSDL/ CDSL. 98.85% of the paid-up capital of the Corporation were held in dematerialized form as on 31st March 2024. As indicated in Annexure 1 to this report pertaining to Stock market data for the year under review, it can be said that the shares of the Corporation are actively traded on BSE and NSE and hence ensure good liquidity for the investors.

(m) Communication to Members

Issuance of shares in demat mode only for processing investor service requests

As per SEBI notification dated 30 November 2018, the listed Companies are disallowed to accept the request for transfer of securities which are held in physical form, with effect from 1 April 2019. Further, members may please note that SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/ HO/ MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/8 dated 25 January 2022 has mandated the Listed Companies to issue securities in demat form only while processing service requests viz. Issue of duplicate securities certificate, claim from Unclaimed Suspense Account; Renewal/ Exchange of securities certificate; Endorsement; Sub-division/ Splitting of securities certificate; Consolidation of securities certificates/folios; Transmission and Transposition. Accordingly, shareholders are requested to make service requests by submitting a duly filled and signed Form ISR – 4, the format of which is available on the Corporation's website: https://bbtcl.com/investor-service-request-forms/. Therefore, in view of the above and to avail various benefits of dematerialization, members are advised to dematerialize the shares held by them in physical form.

Updating KYC details

SEBI has, vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_ RTAMB/P/ CIR/2021/655 dated November 3, 2021 and subsequent Circulars issued in this regard, mandated to furnish PAN, KYC details (i.e. full address with pin code, mobile no., email id, bank details) and Nomination details by holders of physical securities through Form ISR-1. In order to mitigate unintended challenges on account of freezing of folios, SEBI has, vide its Circular dated November 17, 2023, done away with the provision regarding freezing of folios that have not registered their PAN, KYC and Nomination details. The Company has sent individual letters to all the Members holding shares of the Company in physical form for furnishing their PAN, KYC and Nomination details.

Members may also refer to relevant FAQs published by SEBI on its website and can be viewed at the following link https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebidata/faqfiles/jan-2024/1704433843359.pdf

(n) Distribution of shareholding as on 31st March 2024

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORP., LTD.					
Distribution of Shareholding as on 31/03/2024 (TOTAL)					
Sl no	**Category (Shares)**	**No.of Holders**	**% To Holders**	**No.of Shares**	**% To Equity**
1	1 - 500	30489	91.21	2058028	2.95
2	501 - 1000	1210	3.62	964847	1.38
3	1001 - 2000	725	2.17	1086914	1.56
4	2001 - 3000	331	0.99	837593	1.20
5	3001 - 4000	157	0.47	552628	0.79
6	4001 - 5000	109	0.33	497830	0.71
7	5001 - 10000	219	0.66	1538901	2.21
8	10001 - 999999999	187	0.56	62235159	89.20
	TOTAL:	**33427**	**100.00**	**69771900**	**100.00**

Shareholding pattern as on 31st March 2024

Particulars	No. of Shares held	% of Shares
Promoter & Promoter Group	5,16,63,045	74.05
Financial Institutions/Banks	84,810	0.12
Insurance Companies	3,09,960	0.44
Mutual Fund & Unit Trust of India	4,97,118	0.71
FIIs and FPI	62,53,765	8.96
Others	1,09,63,202	24.93
Total	**6,97,71,900**	**100.00**

(o) Audit of Reconciliation of Share Capital:

As stipulated by SEBI, a qualified Practising Chartered Accountant carries out the Audit of Reconciliation of Share Capital to reconcile the total admitted capital with NSDL and CDSL and the total issued and paid up capital. This audit is carried out every quarter and the report thereon is submitted to the Stock Exchanges and is placed before the Board. The audit, inter alia, confirms that the total issued and paid up capital of the Corporation is in agreement with the aggregate of the total number of shares in dematerialized form held with NSDL and CDSL and total number of shares in physical form.

(p) Transfer of Unpaid / Unclaimed Dividend and Shares to Investor Education and Protection Fund:

During the year under review, the Corporation has transferred an amount of Rs. 14,80,941 being unpaid dividend pertaining to the financial year 2015-16 to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF), pursuant to the provisions of the Act read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time ('the IEPF Rules').

Further, in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the IEPF Rules the Corporation has transferred 36,089 equity shares of Rs. 2 each to the credit of the IEPF Authority, in September 2023, in respect of which dividend had not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years from 2015-2016.

The voting rights on the shares transferred to IEPF Authority shall remain frozen till the rightful owner claims the shares.

The following table gives information relating to various outstanding dividends and the dates before which they can be claimed by the shareholders from the Corporation's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent:

Financial Year ended	Date of Declaration of Dividend	Due Date for transfer to IEPF
2016-17	3 August 2017	8 September 2024
2017-18	8 August 2018	13 September 2025
2018-19	12 August 2019	18 September 2026
2019-20	24 July 2020	30 August 2027
2020-21	13 September 2021	28 October 2028
2021-22	25 August 2022	01 October 2029
2022-23	29 September 2023	06 November 2030

(q) Plant Locations:

Tea	1) Mudis Group of Estates, Mudis P.O., Coimbatore Dist. Tamil Nadu, 642117
	2) Singampatti Group of Estates, Manjolai P.O Tirunelveli Dist. Tamil Nadu, 627420
	3) Usambara Group, Marvera & Herkulu Estate, P.O. Box 22, Soni, Tanzania
	4) Dunsandle Estate, Dunsardle P.O., Ootacamund, Nilgiri Dist., Tamil Nadu 643005
Auto Electric Components Business (Electromags)	Unit-1, No.342-343, 2nd Cross Street, Nehru Nagar, Kottivakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600 096 Unit-2 & 3, Plot no. 128-133, 3rd Cross Street, (Electromags) Nehru Nagar, Kottivakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600 041
Dental Products of India Division	Plot No. 161-B, Village Danpur, Rudrapur Kashipur Road, Paragana-Rudrapur, Tehsil Kichha, Udhamsingh Nagar, Uttarakhand 263153

Address for Correspondence (Registered Office): 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai 400001. Email: investorservices@bbtcl.com.

(r) Green Initiative:

The Corporation has been sending Annual Reports and other communication in the past few years by email to all those members whose email addresses are registered in the member records as maintained by the Registrar and Transfer Agent. Physical copies are also provided to such members on specific request.

The Corporation therefore appeal to the members to join the 'Green Initiative' and request the members to register their name for receiving the said documents in electronic mode by sending an email giving their Registered Folio Number and/or DP Id/Client ID to the Registrars, Kfin Technologies Limited at email id: einward.ris@kfintech.com.

(s) Disclosures with respect to demat suspense account/ unclaimed suspense account

a. aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the beginning of the year i.e., 1st April, 2023 - NIL

b. number of shareholders who approached listed entity for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year-NIL

c. No. of Shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year - NIL

d. aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the end of the year i.e., 31st March, 2024 - NIL

e. the voting rights on these shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares - Not Applicable.

8. Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and non-mandatory requirements

a. Compliance with Mandatory requirements

The Corporation has complied with all the mandatory requirements as specified in Regulation 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations.

b. Adoption and Compliance with Non-mandatory requirements:

1. Office of Chairman of the Board:

The Corporation defrays expenses of the Non- Executive Chairman's office incurred in the performance of his duties.

2. Shareholder rights –furnishing of half yearly results:

The Corporation's quarterly and half yearly results are published in English and regional newspapers having adequate circulation and are also posted on its website. The Corporation provides the copies of the quarterly and half yearly results only on receipt of specific request from any shareholder.

3. Audit Qualification:

There is no qualification in the Independent Auditors' Report on the Standalone Financial Statements. However, the Statutory Auditor's Report on consolidated financial statements contains qualified opinion on the matters pertaining to unavailability of audited/ reviewed financial results of Go Airlines for the nine months ended 31/12/2022, quarter ended March 2023 and period 01/04/2023 to 09/05/2023, the date of loss of significant influence over Go Airlines on admission of application of Go Airlines under Section 10 of IBC 2016 by NCLT on 10/05/2023. The qualifications are self-explanatory.

4. Separate post of Chairman and Managing Director:

The Corporation has separate post of Chairman and Managing Director.

5. Reporting of internal audit:

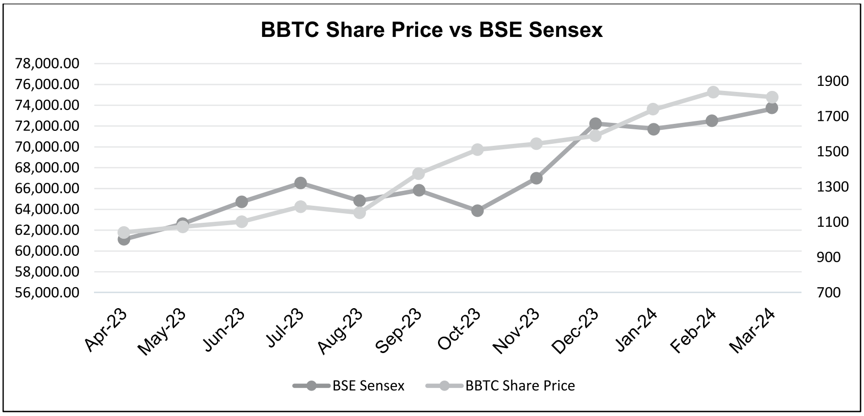
The Internal Auditors report directly to the Audit Committee.

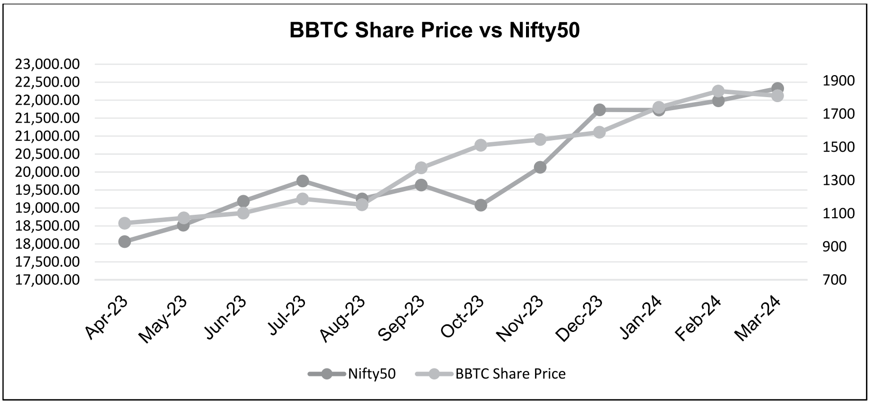
Annexure 1

STOCK MARKET DATA 2023-2024

Month	BSE		BSE (SENSEX)	NSE		NSE (NIFTY)
	Price (in Rs.)		Monthly Closing	Price (in Rs.)		Monthly Closing
	High	Low		High	Low	
Apr-23	1042.00	816.00	61,112.44	1,044.00	815.45	18,065.00
May-23	1073.80	918.30	62,622.24	1,073.50	918.00	18,534.40
Jun-23	1102.70	934.30	64,718.56	1,102.10	933.65	19,189.05
Jul-23	1,188.35	1,000.55	66,527.67	1,187.00	1,000.05	19,753.80
Aug-23	1,153.50	971.55	64,831.41	1,154.00	970.05	19,253.80
Sep-23	1,375.70	977.00	65,828.41	1,375.00	977.15	19,638.30
Oct-23	1,511.65	1,162.75	63,874.93	1,512.45	1,166.65	19,079.60
Nov-23	1,545.45	1,352.90	66,988.44	1,546.00	1,354.00	20,133.15
Dec-23	1,590.35	1,265.35	72,240.26	1,589.70	1,259.30	21,731.40
Jan-24	1,740.00	1,467.95	71,752.11	1,739.70	1,463.15	21,725.70
Feb-24	1,838.00	1,633.20	72,500.30	1,839.95	1,633.00	21,982.80
Mar-24	1,810.00	1,500.10	73,651.35	1,814.00	1,522.00	22,326.90

Annexure 2





DECLARATION ON CODE OF CONDUCT

As provided under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, this is to confirm that all the Directors and Members of Senior Management have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.

For The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited

Date: 13th May, 2024
Place: Mumbai

Ness N. Wadia
Managing Director

Certificate on Corporate Governance

To
The Members of –
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited

I have examined the compliance of conditions of corporate governance by The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited (‘**the Company’**) for the year ended March 31, 2024, as prescribed in regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 and Para C, D and E of Schedule V to Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (‘**LODR**’) as amended from time to time pursuant to the Listing Agreement of the Company with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and the BSE Limited.

I state that the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management, and my examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me and the representation provided, I certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the LODR.

I further state that such compliance is neither an assertion as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

This certificate is addressed and provided to the members of the Company solely for the purpose to enable the Company to comply with the requirement of the LODR, and it should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, I do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this certificate is shown or into whose hands it may come without my prior consent in writing.

(**Tushar Shridharani**)
Practicing Company Secretary
FCS 2690 / COP 2190
UDIN - F002690F000355317
Peer review certificate number – 1509/2021

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 13, 2024

CERTIFICATE

(Pursuant of paragraph number C. 10(i) of Schedule V to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

30th May, 2024

To,
The Board of Directors
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited
9, Wallace Street, Fort
Mumbai – 400 001

Subject: Certificate in pursuance of paragraph number C. 10(i) of Schedule V to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the financial year ending on 31st March, 2024.

Dear Sir/Madam,

1. Paragraph number C. 10 (i) of Schedule V to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 requires a listed entity to disclose in its annual report information about its procuring a certificate from a Company Secretary in practice that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

2. As on date of issue of this certificate, the Board of Directors of The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited ("Corporation"), a listed entity, is comprised of following Directors.

#	Name of Director	Designation	Appointment Date
1.	Mr. Nusli Neville Wadia	Non-Executive Director	28th October, 1980
2.	Mr. Ness Nusli Wadia	Managing Director	28th April, 2010
3.	Dr. (Mrs.) Minnie Aarasp Bodhanwala	Non-Executive Director	30th March, 2017
4.	Mr. Rajesh Kumar Batra	Independent Director	30th March, 2017
5.	Dr. Yashwant Shakarrao Patil Thorat	Independent Director	4th February, 2019
6.	Mr. Vinesh Kumar Jairath	Independent Director	4th February, 2019
7.	Mrs. Chandra Iyengar	Independent Director	23rd November, 2022

3. I have been deputed to provide a certificate to the Company as referred in paragraph -1- above.

4. For the purpose; I have considered and examined annual submissions made by each Director of the Company in pursuance of provisions of section 164(2) read with rule 14(1) of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, relevant information as displayed on the website of the Securities and Exchange Board of India as well on the website of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and information generally available on public domain.

5. And based on above; I state that none of the Directors on the board of the Company has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as director of companies for the financial year ending on 31st March, 2024, by the Securities and Exchange Board of India / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

(Tushar Shridharani)
Practicing Company Secretary
FCS 2690 / COP 2190
UDIN – F002690F000501529
Peer review certificate number – 1509/2021

(Note: In absence of specific direction; the procedure that I opted is based on my judgement, which might have some risk of any material information not being reviewed or inadvertently not noticed.)

Annexure E

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2024

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members -
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
9, Wallace Street, Fort
Mumbai – 400 001

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited ("the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 ("Audit Period") complied to the extent applicable with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company to the extent applicable for the Audit Period according to the provisions of:

(i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder;

(ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and the rules made thereunder;

(iii) The Securities and Exchange board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018;

(iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

(v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992;

   (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;

   (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

   (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;

   (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;

   (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;

(f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;

(g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; and

(h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable regulations of the following:

(a) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India;

(b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the Audit Period, the Company complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above to the extent applicable.

Having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination on the test check basis of the relevant records; I further report that the Company has complied with the following laws as are specifically applicable to the Company:

(a) The Tea Act, 1953 and the rules made thereunder;

(b) The Plantation Labour Act, 1951 and the rules made thereunder.

I further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with the proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. During the period under review, no change was made in the composition of the Board of Directors.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and notes on agenda were sent in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

During the Audit Period, all decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings were carried out unanimously.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period the company had no event or action which has a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

(**Tushar Shridharani**)
Practicing Company Secretary
FCS 2690 / COP 2190
UDIN - F002690F000336716
Peer review certificate number – 1509/2021

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13th May, 2024

Note: This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed herein next as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure A

To,
The Members -
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
9, Wallace Street, Fort
Mumbai – 400 001

This letter is an integral part of the Secretarial Audit Report of even date for F.Y. 2023-24 submitted to The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited (“**the Company**”) in pursuance of provisions of section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

Members of the Company are informed as follow.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on audit.

2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts as reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices that I followed; provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.

3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.

4. Wherever required, I have obtained the management representation about compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

(**Tushar Shridharani**)
Practicing Company Secretary
FCS 2690 / COP 2190
UDIN - - F002690F000336716
Peer review certificate number – 1509/2021

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13th May, 2024

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 2023-24

Segment-wise performance:
Plantation Business:
TEA

WORLD PRODUCTION

CROP - mn kgs	CY 2023	CY 2022
India	1367.70	1366.36
South India (S. India)	235.99	231.82
North India (N. India)	1131.71	1134.54
Kenya	570.26	535.04
Sri Lanka	256.04	251.50
Bangladesh	102.95	93.83

INDIAN EXPORTS

YEAR	N.INDIA		S.INDIA		ALL INDIA	
	Value Rs.Cr	Unit Sale Price Rs/kg	Value Rs.Cr	Unit Sale Price Rs/ kg	Value Rs.Cr	Unit Sale Price Rs/kg
CY 2023	4010.83	291.59	2042.06	225.99	6052.89	265.58
CY 2022	4507.28	305.93	1852.27	221.17	6359.55	275.21

- MRLs in respect of Pyrrolizidine Alkaloids, a group of compounds produced by plants as a defense mechanism against insect herbivores continue to be adopted stringently by the European Union, thereby causing rejections and delays in analysis and shipment for all market players that are exporting teas to European markets
- Geopolitical situations such as the Ukraine war, the sanctions on Iran (major importer of Orthodox teas) and the recent embargo in the Red Sea have led to uncertainties leading to reduced demand and delays in shipment of teas.
- Exports also impacted by increase in freight rates to European base ports from USD 875/TEU in January 2023 to USD 3000/TEU in March , 2024.

PRODUCTION: INDIA & SOUTHERN STATES – in mn kgs

	APR '23 – 24	APR '22 -23
Tamilnadu	161.79	154.49
Kerala	60.25	65.98
Karnataka	5.12	5.00
Total S India	**227.16**	**225.47**
Total N.India	**1291.49**	**1374.97**

BBTC : Key Performance Indicators

	Apr '23 – Mar '24	Apr '22 – Mar '23
Production Own lk kgs	40.99	33.78
Production Bought lk kgs	1.29	3.60
Total Production lk kgs	42.28	37.38
Sales lk kgs	40.11	39.97
Sale Price Rs/kg	142.92	147.79
Tea Sales Rs. cr	57.32	59.08
Exports Rs. cr	16.83	18.27
Exports %	29%	31%

PRODUCTION :

Favorable weather conditions brought about by timely spring showers and non-aggressive monsoons, **enabled the Tea Division to increase the crop by almost 5 lk kgs.**

SALES REVENUE :

The Average Sale Price is lesser than previous year by almost Rs.5/kg , mainly due to the trend in auction prices in which CTC teas dropped from Rs. 119.81 in April'23 to Rs. 106.90 at end of March 2024 and Orthodox prices, from Rs. 153.78 in April'23 to Rs. 138.08 at end of March 2024.

Major buyers at S. India auction centre of Kochi ***purchased 15 lk kgs less tea in terms of volumes at lower average sale price by Rs.8/kg.***

Combined purchases at all S.India auction centres by major buyers, showed an additional 53 lk kgs compared to last year ***but at a lower average sale price by Rs.8/kg.***

However, the average sale price of BBTC teas continued to be around Rs.25/kg higher than the average S.Indian prices.

The overall drop in sale price was also due to the lesser exports on account of reduced production of organic teas and subdued demand due to the MRLs and geopolitical scenarios mentioned above.

GLOBAL FORECAST:

International reports expect tea prices to rise in the coming months owing to concerns about the impact of the El Niño weather pattern on production. Despite rising prices in the fourth quarter of 2023, the average full-year prices are still 9.6% lower than in 2022.

Asian consumers will continue to dominate tea consumption, in particular in China and India, which account for a combined 64% of global demand in 2023, up from 56% a decade ago. Tea consumption in India accounts for about 19% of global demand, and is expected to rise by 3.5% in 2024 and 3.8% in 2025.

Consumption will either fall or stagnate in Europe's two largest tea markets, Russia & Turkey which together account for around 6% of total global consumption. The former, on account of the current geopolitical scenario and resultant struggling economy and the latter due to the saturated market and weak economic performance.

El Niño is also likely to affect tea production in India. In January-October 2023, tea production was slightly lower than a year earlier. Assuming better weather in 2024, production is likely to rise by 1.1% and by another 2.8% in 2025.

OPPORTUNITIES:

1) Well diversified portfolio of various categories of tea, both conventional and organic which would cater to different markets to realize optimum sale average and reduce dependence on one/two channels of sale.

2) Scope to improve the harvesting cycle by mechanization and deployment of additional man-days.

3) Automation in factories to reduce costs and improve product safety and quality.

4) Replacement of ageing year old tea plants to improve yield and increase plant density.

5) Large scale expansion into retail tea sales to improve bottom line and increase average sale price.

THREATS, RISKS AND CONCERNS :

1) Being an agricultural produce, unpredictable and unseasonal weather leads to an erratic production schedule. Studies also suggest that unusual climatic shifts due to global warming

also affect the incidence and population of the various pests and diseases affecting plant productivity and costs. Specifically, the Tea Mosquito Bug could cause almost a 25% crop loss in a matter of 1-2 months

2) Ageing work force and lack of manpower puts pressure on timely field operations affecting productivity, production and quality.

3) The three-year compulsory wage settlement in respect of plantation workers increases wages between 20% to 30% with no co-relation to existing profitability or productivity improvement.

4) Stagnant domestic prices at auctions which also affects private sales – barring FY 2020-21, tea prices have recorded the lowest increase in unit price in past six years compared to food grains or other plantation crops.

5) Orthodox production and export subsidies were stopped by the Tea Board, reducing the potential for optimizing returns on this variety of tea and reducing the incentive to export.

6) Shortage of fertilizers due to the Ukraine war and Government policy to reduce subsidies. This has increased the cost of Potash fertilizer by 100%.

OUTLOOK:

Mid – long term Strategy:

1) Improving Land Productivity: Integrated nutrient management using conventional and organic inputs to improve soil fertility and plant resistance to pests and diseases

2) Large scale Inclusion of bio fertilizers in our fertilizer programme with a 3 – 5 year objective of reducing urea input costs by around 20%.

3) Greater emphasis on marketing organic teas by direct and frequent interaction with overseas buyers. Visibility of our organic niche product with sustained interaction is required to beat competition.

4) Automation in factories to reduce costs and improve product safety and quality.

5) Large scale expansion into retail tea sales to improve bottom line and increase average sale price.

AUTO ELECTRIC COMPONENT BUSINESS (ELECTROMAGS)

Industry Structure and Developments

Introduction:

India has become the fastest-growing economy in the world in recent years. This fast growth, coupled with rising incomes, boost in infrastructure spending and increased manufacturing incentives, has accelerated the automobile industry. The two-wheeler segment dominated the automobile industry because of the Indian middle class, with automobile sales standing at 17.9 million units in FY23-24.

Significant demand for automobiles also led to the emergence of more original equipment and auto components manufacturers. As a result, India developed expertise in automobiles and auto components, which helped boost international demand for Indian automobiles and auto components. Hence, the Indian automobile industry has a considerable impact on the auto component industry.

India's auto component industry is an important sector driving macroeconomic growth and employment. The industry comprises players of all sizes, from large corporations to micro entities, spread across clusters throughout the country. The auto components industry accounted for 2.3% of India's GDP and provided direct employment to 1.5 million people. By 2026, the automobile component sector will contribute 5-7% of India's GDP.

MARKET SIZE:

India's auto components industry's market share has significantly expanded, led by increasing demand for automobiles by the growing middle class and exports globally. Due to the remarkable growth in demand for Indian auto components, several Indian and international players have entered the industry. India's auto component industry is broadly classified into organized and unorganized sectors. While the unorganized sector consists of low-valued items and mostly serves the aftermarket category, the organized sector serves OEMs and includes high-value precision instruments.

The Indian auto-component industry achieved an unprecedented turnover of Rs. 5.6 lakhs crore (US$ 69.7 billion) in FY24. The industry's size amounted to Rs. 4.20 lakhs crore in the preceding fiscal year. As per the Automobile Component Manufacturers Association (ACMA) forecast, auto component exports from India is expected to reach 24000 crores (US$ 30 billion) by 2026. However, imports of auto components grew at a slightly higher rate, rising by 10.9% to INR trillion (US$ 20.3 billion). The aftermarket segment, valued at Rs. 85,333 crore, witnessed steady growth of 15%.

INVESTMENTS:

The Indian automobile sector recorded an inflow of huge investments from domestic and foreign manufacturers. FDI inflow in the sector stood at US$ 1.2 billion in FY24.

WAY FORWARD:

The rapidly globalizing world is creating newer opportunities for the transportation industry, especially while shifting towards electric, electronic and hybrid cars, which are deemed more efficient, safe and reliable modes of transportation. Over the next decade, this will lead to newer verticals and opportunities for auto component manufacturers. To help them adjust to the shifting dynamics of the sector, the Indian government has already offered various production incentives. India is also investing heavily in electric car infrastructure.

The number of public charging stations stood at 12,146 in March 2024. India may need a minimum of 1.32 million charging stations by 2030 to facilitate the rapid adoption of electric vehicles (EVs), according to a recent report released by the Confederation of Indian Industry (CII). This would make it easier for the auto component industry to take advantage of the EV opportunity and expertise in EV components manufacturing, thus helping India on a global scale.

India's share in the global auto component trade was at US$ 20.1 billion in FY23. India aims to increase its auto component exports to US$ 30 billion by 2026. Moreover, the Indian auto component industry is predicted to become the third largest in the world.

PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS:

SEGMENT	FY2023-24	FY2022-23	FY2021-22
PASSENGER, LCV AND HCV	71%	71%	72%
TWO WHEELER	25%	23%	22%
ATM AND OTHER PARTS	4%	6%	6%

Opportunities and Threats:

Opportunities:

- New vehicles in India being sold through physical dealership and e-commerce
- Multiple used vehicle sales platforms and models providing options to the consumers
- During the 2024 global investor meet, Hyundai Motor India pledges an extra US$ 743 million (Rs. 6,180 Crore) for long-term investments in Tamil Nadu
- Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Schemes for 14 key sectors have been announced with an outlay of US$ 23.84 billion (Rs. 1.97 lakh crore) to enhance India's Manufacturing capabilities and Exports.

- The Indian government is exempting imports of capital goods and machinery essential for the production of lithium-ion cells used in EV batteries from customs duty.
- Both Indian & global manufacturers are investing in new capacities & newer program to get long term advantage.
- Currently in discussion in RAVAL ISRAEL for the Ventilation system solenoid development

Growth drivers for the sector continue to fuel sales of automobiles

- Increasing domestic customer base and favorable demographics
- Rapid urbanization
- Support infrastructure and rising investment by foreign companies

Government regulations will provide growth impetus

- Automotive Mission Plan 2016-26
- National Electric Mobility Mission Plan 2020
- National Automotive Testing and R&D Infrastructure Project

The PLI scheme and National Auto Policy will make Indian auto manufacturers globally competitive

- Production Linked Incentive Scheme (PLI): The government announced an outlay of USD 8,149 million 10 over the next five years towards the automobile sector
- National Auto Policy rolls out a long-term roadmap for the automotive industry and defines emission standards.

Rise in digital distribution channels and market entry of established international players is transforming the industry.

Reducing duration of ownership and increasing premium vehicles is changing the industry landscape.

Increasing finance penetration and proliferation of EVs will shape the industry going forward.

THREATS:

- Lack of adequate skilled labor
- Low Information and Communication Technology (ICT) adoption
- Disruptions in the form of new regulations

The backup support from semi-conductor industry is yet to meet the increasing demand of high end versions of passenger vehicles, which will affect the projected growth as well as the numbers as visualized by agencies like ACMA & CII.

OUTLOOK:

- The Indian auto market is expected to witness upswing in sales mainly due to increasing focus on digital services offerings and burgeoning EVs market
- Online platforms are well poised to grow and further consolidate their position in the Indian market as post COVID-19, personal transport will increase amongst consumers due to health and hygiene issues
- The Division will continue to focus on current business line and efforts will be made to increase the share of business from existing as well as new customers.

RISKS AND CONCERNS:

- Customers are putting a premium on quality and are asking suppliers to commit for end of- life warranty for parts. Reliability of parts is a key concern and will entail use of better practices with greater focus on automation and testing.
- With the sharp increase in commodity prices in the last three to four quarters, auto ancillaries have not been able to pass the price increase through entirely, resulting in a decline in gross margins.
- Ongoing Ukraine-Russia geopolitical tension could lead to supply shortages and increase commodity prices, especially Precious metals and neon gas.
- Further, an increase in crude prices will have a bearing on fuel costs for auto ancillaries. Freight rates have increased by four to five times last year, and are likely to remain at elevated levels in the near term. Supply chain uncertainties, inflation and the need for inventory stocking have led to incremental inventory requirements as well.
- Overall, the operating margins for auto ancillaries are likely to be impacted in the near term.
- Year on Year discounts are also affecting the Division's bottom-line, a typical problem faced by small and medium scale companies in the automotive space.

MEDIUM-TERM STRATEGY

- Increase in share of business from existing business for Solenoids, Switches and FLWI (Fluid Level Warning Indicator).
- Explore opportunities for moving up the value-chain such as solenoid assemblies, Brush Holder Assemblies and Reservoir.
- Increase in share of after-market business by identifying opportunities with existing customers and also adding new customers in domestic & overseas market.

LONG-TERM STRATEGY

- Opportunities for acquisitions, joint ventures, technical collaboration and diversification.
- Migration to new technological products such as Electronic Assemblies, Sensors and Parts for Electric Vehicles, Air conditioning units and Solenoids & Sensors for Hydrogen Fuel based vehicles.
- Investment on new tooling, machinery, testing facility and line set-up for major products of passenger and commercial vehicle.

HUMAN RESOURCES & INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

- The Division has implemented a structured training program at all levels to retain and improve human capital. (DOJO training implemented)
- There were 187 employees on the rolls of the Division as on 31 March 2024.
- Industrial relations at the Division have been cordial.

HEALTHCARE BUSINESS

Industry Structure and development

Dentistry is increasingly moving towards minimally invasive treatments that preserve more natural tooth structure. This includes techniques like minimally invasive cavity preparations, adhesive dentistry, and conservative approaches to periodontal treatment and oral surgery.

There's a growing awareness of the importance of oral health and its impact on overall health and well-being. This awareness has led to increased demand for dental services and products, as well as a focus on patient education and preventive care initiatives. Overall, the dental industry is evolving to meet the changing needs and expectations of patients, driven by technological innovation, a focus on preventive care, and efforts to improve access to dental services.

Performance Highlight:

The Dental division reported ~10% growth at a turnover of Rs. 30.59 cr. in FY'24 in compare to Rs. 27.83 cr. in FY'23

Opportunities and Threats:

As disposable incomes rise in India, more people can afford dental treatments beyond basic oral care. With the increasing number of dental practices and clinics in India, there's a growing demand for dental supplies and materials. Companies that supply high-quality dental products, including consumables, instruments, and dental materials, have the opportunity to gain market share.

The dental industry in India is highly competitive, with both domestic and international players vying for market share. Competition lead to price wars and pressure on profit margins for dental companies.

Outlook:

We expect a healthy growth in dental business in FY'25 due to several initiatives taken and expansion of product baskets. The division has drawn up following strategies to expand its business operations:

a. Planned to conduct 14 Hands-on workshops for dentists during FY'25 to engage more customer's usage on DPI products.

b. To restructure and strengthen the distribution network for better market coverage.

c. Introduction of several new products in Restorative and Endodontic segments.

Internal control system and adequacy:

The corporation has adequate internal control procedures commensurate with its size and nature of business. These business control procedures ensure efficient use and protection of the resources and also compliance with the policies, procedures and statutory requirements. The internal control systems provide for well documented guidelines, authorization and approval procedures. The corporation carries out audit through external agencies throughout the year. The prime objective of such audit is to test the adequacy and effectiveness of all internal controls lay down by the management and to suggest improvements.

Human Resources:

The corporation regards human resources as a valuable asset. The company evaluates performance of all employees on quarterly basis. Key result areas of all employees have been well defined. The corporation has initiated incentive schemes for all employees to reward exceptional performance. The training needs of all employees are periodically assessed and training programs are conducted using internal resources and also by engaging external trainers/facilitators.

Financial And Operational Performance:

The key highlights of the financial performance of the Corporation (on standalone basis) are:

Particulars	31.03.2024 (In Rs. Lakhs)	31.03.2023 (In Rs. Lakhs)
Revenue from operation	26,131.66	24,458.75
Operating Profit	233.17	1,728.60
Profit After Tax	(587.97)	878.60

CHANGES IN KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS OF THE CORPORATION

Ratios	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23	Change(%)	Reason for change
Debtors Turnover (in times)	4.83	4.98	(2.98%)	No major variance
Inventory Turnover	2.14	1.87	14.37%	No major variance
Interest Coverage Ratio	1.19	0.59	102.14%	Increase is on account of increase in profit and re-payment of loans in the current financial year.
Current Ratio	0.48	0.67	(28.92)	Decrease is due to refund of Inter-corporate deposit and repayment of loans during the financial year.
Debt Equity Ratio	1.81	4.63	(61.05%)	Decrease is due to repayment of loans during the current financial year
Return on Net Worth ratio	(6.01%)	8.02%	(174.98%)	The Variance is majority on account of exceptional loss on impairment of investments and loans receivables from Go Airlines (India) Limited and exceptional gain on sale of asset of coffee division in the previous year.

Operating Profit Before Interest and Tax (%) at Segment level				
Tea	(78.44%)	(62.45%)	25.60%	Variance is due to increase of losses
Coffee	(18.36%)	6.93%	(364.85%)	Variance is due to discontinuation of coffee division business.
Healthcare	8.90%	8.81%	1.03%	No major variance
Electromags	2.17%	2.14%	1.46%	
Investments	31.08%	26.64%	16.66%	Mainly on account of increased Dividend from Foreign Subsidiaries
Net Profit Margin (%)	(1.40%)	(93.73%)	(98.51%)	Variance is majority on account of last year exceptional loss on impairment of investments and loans receivables from Go Airlines (India) Limited and exceptional gain on sale of coffee division.

Cautionary Statement:

Statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Corporation's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may be 'forward-looking statements' within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expected or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Corporation's operations include economic conditions affecting demand/and overseas markets in which the Corporation operates, changes in the Government regulations, tax laws, vagaries of nature and other incidental factors.

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY & SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

SECTION A: GENERAL DISCLOSURES

ABOUT US

The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited ('BBTCL' or 'Corporation') is one of the Wadia group company. The Corporation is a leading concern of the Wadia Group, a reputed Indian business house with interests in plantations, auto electronic components and health care. At BBTCL, we uphold the ethos of collaboration and empowerment among our stakeholders, fostering a culture rooted in transparency and accountability. We perceive our role in sustainable development not merely as a societal obligation but also as an avenue for mutual prosperity. By embracing sustainable practices and surpassing basic regulatory mandates, we endeavour to safeguard and enhance value for all stakeholders. We endorse the reporting framework 'Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report' ("BRSR") introduced by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), which entails comprehensive disclosures on Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") aspects.

THE JOURNEY FROM BRSR FY 22-23 REPORTING TO THE BRSR FY 23-24

As we chart our course into the future, our Corporation remains firmly committed to enhancing our environmental, social and governance (ESG) performance. Recognizing the imperative to align with global sustainability goals, we have dedicatedly transitioned from BRSR 2022-23 reporting to the more comprehensive framework of 2023-24 reporting. This shift underscores our unwavering focus on transparency and accountability across all aspects of our operations

I. Details of the listed entity:

1.	**Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Listed Entity**	L99999MH1863PLC000002
2.	**Name of the Listed Entity**	The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited ('the Corporation' or 'BBTCL')
3.	**Year of incorporation**	1863
4.	**Registered office address**	9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai - 400001
5.	**Corporate address**	9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai – 400001
6.	**E-mail**	writetous@bbtcl.com
7.	**Telephone**	022-22197101
8.	**Website**	https://bbtcl.com/
9.	**Financial year for which reporting is being done**	2023-24
10.	**Name of the Stock Exchange(s) where shares are listed**	<table><tr><th>Name of the Exchange</th><th>Stock Code</th></tr><tr><td>NSE</td><td>BBTC</td></tr><tr><td>BSE</td><td>501425</td></tr></table>
11.	**Paid-up Capital**	6,97,71,900 equity shares of Rs 2 each aggregating to Rs. 1395.44 Lakhs
12.	**Name and contact details (telephone, email address) of the person who may be contacted in case of any queries on the BRSR report**	Mr. Murli Manohar Purohit Company Secretary Telephone No - 022-22197101 Email: investorservices@bbtcl.com

13.	**Reporting boundary - Are the disclosures under this report made on a standalone basis (i.e. only for the entity) or on a consolidated basis (i.e. for the entity and all the entities which form a part of its consolidated financial statements, taken together).**	All the disclosures under this report are made on a Standalone basis for the Corporation..
14.	**Name of the assurance provider**	Not Applicable as per the SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-SEC-2/P/CIR/2023/122 dated July 12, 2023.
15.	**Type of assurance obtained**	Not Applicable as per the SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-SEC-2/P/CIR/2023/122 dated July 12, 2023.

II. Products/services

16. Details of business activities (accounting for 90% of the turnover):

S. No.	Description of Main Activity	Description of Business Activity	% of Turnover of the entity
1.	Manufacturing	Beverages	23%
2.	Manufacturing	Auto Electric Components	65%
3.	Manufacturing	Dental Products	12%

17. Products/Services sold by the entity (accounting for 90% of the entity's Turnover):

S. No.	Product/Service	NIC Code	%of Turnover contributed
1.	Tea	1271	23%
2.	Auto Electric Components	29301 & 29304	65%
3.	Dental Products	32501	12%

III. Operations

18. Number of locations where plants and/or operations/offices of the entity are situated:

Location	Number of plants	Number of offices	Total
National	7	-	7
International	1	-	1

19. Markets served by the entity:

a. Number of locations

Locations	Number
National (No. of States & UTs)	PAN India
International (No. of Countries)	29

b. What is the contribution of exports as a percentage of the total turnover of the entity?

The contribution of exports as a percentage of the total turnover of the entity is 20.39%.

c. A brief on types of customers:

The Corporation serves various types of customers, including retail customers, wholesale customers, institutional customers, export customers, and B2B customers. These customers range from individual consumers to businesses, both within India and internationally.

IV. Employees

20. Details as at the end of Financial Year:

a. Employees and workers (including differently abled):

S. No.	Particulars	Total (A)	Male		Female	
			No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)
EMPLOYEES						
1.	Permanent(D)	254	219	86.22	35	13.78
2.	Other than Permanent (E)	42	39	92.86	3	7.14
3.	**Total employees (D+E)**	296	258	87.16	38	12.84
WORKERS						
4.	Permanent(F)	2237	808	36.12	1429	63.88
5.	Other than Permanent (G)	1363	641	47.03	722	52.97
6.	**Total workers (F+G)**	3600	1449	40.25	2151	59.75

b. Differently abled Employees and workers:

S. No	Particulars	Total(A)	Male		Female	
			No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)
DIFFERENTLY ABLED EMPLOYEES						
1.	Permanent (D)	Nil. The Corporation does not have any disabled worker as defined under The Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016 predominantly because of nature of our activities and processes. However, the Corporation does not discriminate people with reduced mobility in its recruitment process.				
2.	Other than Permanent (E)					
3.	**Total differently abled employees (D+E)**					
DIFFERENTLY ABLED WORKERS						
4.	Permanent (F)	NIL. The Corporation does not have any disabled worker as defined under The Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016 predominantly because of nature of our activities and processes. However, the Corporation does not discriminate people with reduced mobility in its recruitment process.				
5.	Other than permanent (G)					
6.	**Total differently abled workers (F+G)**					

21. Participation/Inclusion/Representation of women

	Total (A)	No. and percentage of Females	
		No. (B)	% (B/A)
Board of Directors	7	2	28.57
Key Management Personnel	3	0	0.00

22. Turnover rate for permanent employees and workers (in percent)

	FY2023-24			FY 2022-23			FY 2021-22		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Permanent Employees	9.87	5.56	9.27	14.15	5.97	13.25	10.60	12.50	10.80
Permanent Workers	5.42	4.78	5.01	6.16	5.01	5.43	8.42	6.59	7.30

V. Holding, Subsidiary and Associate Companies (including joint ventures)

23. (a) Names of holding/subsidiary /associate companies/joint ventures

S. No.	Name of the holding/ subsidiary/associate companies/joint ventures (A)	Indicate whether holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate/ Joint Venture	% of shares held by listed entity	Does the entity indicated at column A, participate in the Business Responsibility initiatives of the listed entity? (Yes/No)
1.	AFCO Industrial & Chemicals Ltd.	Subsidiary	100%	No
2.	Sea Wind Investment & Trading Co. Ltd.	Subsidiary	100%	No
3.	DPI Products & Services Ltd	Subsidiary	100%	No
4.	Subham Viniyog Private Ltd.	Subsidiary	100%	No
5.	Leila Lands Sdn. Bhd	Subsidiary	100%	No
6.	Naira Holdings Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
7.	Island Horti-Tech Holdings Pvt. Ltd	Subsidiary	100%	No
8.	Leila Lands Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
9.	Restpoint Investments Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
10.	Baymanco Investments Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
11.	Island Landscape & Nursery Pvt. Ltd	Subsidiary	100%	No
12.	ABI Holding Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
13.	Britannia Brands Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
14.	Associated Biscuits International Ltd	Subsidiary	100%	No
15.	Dowbiggin Enterprises Pvt. Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
16.	Nacupa Enterprises Pvt. Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
17.	Spargo Enterprises Pvt. Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
18.	Valletort Enterprises Pvt. Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
19.	Bannatyne Enterprises Pvt Limited	Subsidiary	100%	No
20.	Britannia Industries Limited	Subsidiary	50.54%	No

Note: Above are a few prominent subsidiaries of Bombay Burmah. In totality, we have 44 subsidiaries, 16 associate companies & one joint venture. None of them contribute to our Business Responsibility initiative. Entire list and shareholding in these subsidiaries, associate companies & joint venture is available in Annual Report for FY 23-24.

VI. CSR Details

24. (i) **Whether CSR is applicable as per section 135 of Companies Act, 2013:** Yes (However, During the current financial year 2023-24, the average net profit for the last three financial years is negative calculated in accordance with the provisions of Section 198 of the Act. Therefore, the Corporation is not required to spend any amount on CSR activities for the financial year 2023-24 with the provisions of Section 198 of the Act)**.**

(ii) **Turnover (in Rs.) –** 26,131.65 Lakhs

(iii) **Net worth (in Rs.) –** 19,432.65 Lakhs

VII. Transparency and Disclosures Compliances

25. Complaints/Grievance on any of the principles (Principles 1 to 9) under the National Guidelines on Responsible Business Conduct:

Stakeholder group from whom complaint is received	Grievance Redressal Mechanism in Place (Yes/ No) (If Yes, then provide web-link for grievance redress policy)	FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23		
		Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks
Communities	Public relations department of the Corporation acts as authority	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Investors (other than shareholders)	The Corporation has established a grievance redressal mechanism in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 (Stakeholder's Relationship Committee) and as per SEBI regulations. Grievances are promptly addressed and acted upon by the Compliance Officer.	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Shareholders	SEBI SCORES Mechanism is available for investors. Also, investors can reach out to us at our investors email Id – investorservices@bbtcl.com	18	0	Complaints from the shareholders were resolved immediately	12	0	Complaints from the shareholders were resolved immediately
Employees and workers	HR Department head acts as grievance officer for employees & workers	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Customers	The Corporation has set up various mechanisms to redress customer complaints as detailed in Principle 9 of this Report.	27	0	NA	Nil	Nil	NA

Value Chain Partners	Marketing team of the Corporation acts as grievance redressal authority for value chain partners.	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA

26. Overview of the entity's material responsible business conduct issues pertaining to environmental and social matters that present a risk or an opportunity to your business, rationale for identifying the same, approach to adapt or mitigate the risk along-with its financial implications

S.No.	Material issue identified[1]	Indicate whether risk or opportunity (R/O)	Rationale for identifying the risk/ opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (Indicate positive or negative implications)
1	GHG Emissions	Risk	Unchecked emissions contribute to climate change, leading to potential disruptions in supply chains, increased resource scarcity, and extreme weather events that can damage infrastructure and operations. Financially, the Corporation may face devalued assets, increased insurance premiums, and restricted access to capital as investors examine the carbon footprints and sustainability practices. Moreover, consumers, investors, and stakeholders demand greater transparency and accountability regarding environmental responsibility, with negative publicity posing as a significant threat to brand value and market share.	We are keen on adopting energy-efficient technologies, transitioning to renewable energy sources, optimizing manufacturing processes to minimize emissions, implementing waste reduction and recycling programs, and integrating climate resilience measures into business operations and supply chains. Additionally, engaging with stakeholders, supporting carbon offsetting projects, conducting climate risk assessments setting emission reduction targets, and by ensuring transparency in reporting progress, we can help build trust and credibility while fostering a culture of environmental responsibility.	Negative * There was no negative financial impact in the reporting year 2023-24.
2	Waste & Hazardous Materials Management	Risk	Food waste contributes to greenhouse gas emissions when decomposing in landfills, leading to climate change, while also representing wastage of resources and revenue. Improper handling of hazardous materials poses immediate threats to human health, ecosystems, and regulatory compliance, potentially leading to accidents, fines, and legal liabilities. Moreover, mishandling these waste can tarnish the Corprocation's reputation and reduce the consumer's trust.	To adapt and mitigate the risks associated with waste and hazardous materials management, the Corporation can take the following approaches including reduction, reuse, recycling, and safe disposal practices, alongside employee training, regulatory compliance measures, and stakeholder engagement to foster a culture of responsible waste management and sustainability in the Corporation.	Negative * There was no negative financial impact in the reporting year 2023-24.

S.No.	Material issue identified[1]	Indicate whether risk or opportunity (R/O)	Rationale for identifying the risk/ opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (Indicate positive or negative implications)
3	Selling Practices & Product Labelling	Risk	Identifying the risks associated with selling practices and product labelling for the Corporation involves recognizing potential legal, financial, reputational, and ethical challenges. Misleading or false product labelling can lead to regulatory fines and damage to brand reputation if customers feel deceived or misled. Additionally, inaccuracies in product labelling, such as incomplete ingredient lists or allergen information, pose risks to public health and safety, potentially resulting in product recalls and liability claims.	To adapt and mitigate the risks associated with selling practices and product labelling the Corporation shall ensure compliances with labelling laws and industry standards, maintain transparency and accuracy in their marketing communications, and prioritize ethical selling practices to build trust and loyalty among customers. Regular audits, employee training, and stakeholder engagement are essential components of a robust risk management strategy.	Negative * There was no negative financial impact in the reporting year 2023-24.
4	Management of Environmental & Social Impacts in the Supply Chain	Opportunity	Managing environmental and social impacts in the supply chain presents a significant opportunity for the Corporation to enhance sustainability, resilience, and stakeholder value. By collaborating with suppliers to assess and address environmental risks, such as carbon emissions, water usage, and waste generation, we can reduce operational costs, increase efficiency, throughout the value chain. Similarly, fostering ethical labour practices, promoting fair wages, safe working conditions, and human rights protection, strengthens supplier relationships and mitigates reputational risks while ensuring compliance with regulatory requirements.	-	Positive

S.No.	Material issue identified[1]	Indicate whether risk or opportunity (R/O)	Rationale for identifying the risk/ opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (Indicate positive or negative implications)
5	Labor Practices	Opportunity	Identifying labor practices as an opportunity involves recognizing the potential for positive impacts on employee satisfaction, productivity, retention, and reputation of the Corporation. Implementing fair labour practices, such as providing competitive wages, benefits, and opportunities, foster a positive work culture. Investing in employee training and development programs improves skill sets and a commitment to professional growth. Moreover, promoting diversity, equity, and inclusion within the workforce enhances innovation, creativity, and problem-solving capabilities.	-	Positive

[1] Material issues identified are referred from the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) 2023-24 version. SASB Standards are maintained and enhanced by the International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB); this follows the SASB's merger with the International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC) into the Value Reporting Foundation (VRF) and subsequent consolidation into the IFRS® Foundation in 2022.

SECTION B: MANAGEMENT AND PROCESS DISCLOSURES

This section is aimed at helping businesses demonstrate the structures, policies and processes put in place towards adopting the NGRBC Principles and Core Elements.

Disclosure Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
Policy and management processes									
1. a. Whether your entity's policy/policies cover each principle and its core elements of the NGRBCs. (Yes/No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
b. Has the policy been approved by the Board?(Yes/No)	Policies mandated under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 are approved by the Board and other policies are approved by the Managing Director or Business Heads of the various Divisions.								
c. Web Link of the Policies, if available	Policies for the Company can be accessed here: https://bbtcl.com/policies/								

Sr. No.	Name of policy	Link to Policy	Which Principles each policies goes into
1.	Anti-competitive trade practices/ Competition compliance	Internal	P7
2.	Archival Policy	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P9
3.	Board Diversity Policy	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P1
4.	Code of Conduct for Board & Senior Management	https://bbtcl.com/wadia-code-of-ethics-and-%20business-%20principles-applicable-to-non-executive-%20directors/	P1, P7
5.	Code of Practices and Procedures for Unpublished Price Sensitive Information	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P1
6.	Corporate Social Responsibility	https://bbtcl.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/BBTCL_CSR-Policy_26.03.2021.pdf	P8
7.	CSR Annual Action plan	https://bbtcl.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/BBTCL_CSR-Policy_26.03.2021.pdf	P6, P8, P2
8.	Dividend distribution policy	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P4
9.	Ethics Policy	Part of Wadia Code of Ethics - Internal	P5, P9
10.	Fair Remuneration	Part of Wadia Code of Ethics - Internal	P3
11.	Familiarization program for Independent Directors	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P1
12.	Human rights/ Grievance redressal	Part of Wadia Code of Ethics - Internal	P5, P9
13	Materiality of Events	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P4, P7
14	Materially important subsidiaries	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P1
15	Nomination & Remuneration Policy	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P3
16	Policy on Equal Opportunity	Part of Wadia Code of Ethics - Internal	P3, P5
17	Related Parties & Materiality	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P1
18	Risk Management Policy	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P1
19	Vigil Mechanism/ Whistle blower	https://bbtcl.com/policies/	P1

	P1	**P2**	**P3**	**P4**	**P5**	**P6**	**P7**	**P8**	**P9**
2. Whether the entity has translated the policy into procedures. (Yes /No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	P1	**P2**	**P3**	**P4**	**P5**	**P6**	**P7**	**P8**	**P9**
3. Do the enlisted policies extend to your value chain partners? (Yes/No)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

4.	**Name of the national and international codes/ certifications/ labels/ standards (e.g. Forest Stewardship Council, Fair trade, Rainforest Alliance, Trustea) standards (e.g. SA8000, OHSAS, ISO, BIS) adopted by your entity and mapped to each principle.**	Free sale certificate for Medical devices for export purposes | DPI Division ISO 9001:2015 certified which Quality management systems | DPI Division ISO 13485:2016 Certified which is Medical Device Quality Management System | DPI Division Fairtrade, Rainforest Alliance, ISO 22000 | Mudis Group Singampatti Group - Fairtrade, ISO 9002 | Singampatti Group Fairtrade, Rainforest Alliance | Dunsandle Estate
5.	**Specific commitments, goals and targets set by the entity with defined timelines, if any.**	As Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited embarks on its ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) journey, it recognizes the importance of setting clear and measurable targets for sustainability.
6.	**Performance of the entity against the specific commitments, goals and targets along-with reasons in case the same are not met.**	The key performance targets are set, reviewed, and implemented as per the objectives taken. The Management reviews the progress periodically.
Governance, leadership and oversight		
7.	**Statement by director responsible for the business responsibility report, highlighting ESG related challenges, targets and achievements**	In line with our dedication to sustainability, we have made significant strides in integrating renewable energy sources into our factories, thereby reducing our carbon footprint and contributing to a cleaner environment. Through the installation of renewable energy infrastructure, we aim to further enhance our operational efficiency while mitigating the environmental impact of our operations. Additionally, we recognize the importance of upholding human rights requirements across the entity. Our commitment to ethical business practices extends to ensuring the protection and promotion of human rights within our sphere of influence. Furthermore, we maintain a strong governance framework characterized by transparency, accountability, and integrity. Our ethical and sound governance system serves as the cornerstone of our operations, guiding decision-making processes and fostering trust among stakeholders. Moving forward, we remain steadfast in our efforts to address ESG challenges, set ambitious targets, and achieve meaningful progress towards a sustainable future.
8.	**Details of the highest authority responsible for implementation and oversight of the Business Responsibility policy (ies).**	The diverse experience and expertise of the Board of Directors play a crucial role in offering strategic guidance and assessing the overall performance of the organization in terms of ESG considerations. The current corporate structure of the Board, along with its committees, collectively safeguards the long-term interests of stakeholders and promotes responsible business practices.
9.	**Does the entity have a specified Committee of the Board/ Director responsible for decision making on sustainability related issues? (Yes / No). If yes, provide details.**	

10. Details of Review of NGRBCs by the Corporation:

Subject for Review	Indicate whether review was under taken by Director/ Committee of the Board/ Any other Committee									Frequency (Annually/Half yearly/Quarterly/ Any other – please specify)								
	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
Performance against above policies and follow up action	The Board of Directors meets annually to address sustainability matters, assessing the company's progress against sustainability benchmarks and reviewing policies. The Board receives guidance on necessary actions and evaluates advancements related to each parameter in every meeting.																	
Compliance with statutory requirements of relevance to the principles, and, rectification of any non-compliances	No major non-compliance of material nature has been reported. Operational issues are being addressed on an 'ongoing basis' as and when identified. Each functional head monitors and ensures compliance applicable to their respective functions																	

	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
11. **Has the entity carried out independent assessment/ evaluation of the working of its policies by an external agency? (Yes/No). If yes, provide name of the agency.**	Operationalization and effectiveness of policies have been evaluated by Dhir & Dhir Associates, an eminent Law Firm. Evaluation was conducted on effectiveness of the working of policies. Policies are also periodically evaluated and updated by various department heads, business heads and approved by the management or board. The processes and compliances, however, may be subject to scrutiny by internal auditors and regulatory compliances, as applicable								

12. If answer to question (1) above is "No" i.e. not all Principles are covered by a policy, reasons to be stated:

Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
The entity does not consider the Principles material to its business(Yes/No)	NA								
The entity is not at a stage where it is in a position to formulate and implement the policies on specified principles (Yes/No)									
The entity does not have the financial or/human and technical resources available for the task(Yes/No)									
It is planned to be done in the next financial year(Yes/ No)									

SECTION C: PRINCIPLE WISE PERFORMANCE DISCLOSURE

PRINCIPLE 1: Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with integrity, and in a manner that is Ethical, Transparent and Accountable.

Essential Indicators

1. Percentage coverage by training and awareness programmes on any of the Principles during the financial year:

Segment	Total Number of training and awareness programmes held	Topics/principles covered under the training and its impact	% age of persons in respective category covered by the awareness programmes
Board of Directors	4	The Corporation conducted various presentations at Board and committee meetings to keep Independent Directors informed about environmental, economic, and regulatory developments. These updates covered diverse topics such as overall performance, production, sales, strategy, risk management, and compliance. Independent Directors, serving on committees, received specific information tailored to their roles. Approximately 13 hours were dedicated by Independent Directors to familiarize themselves with these matters. Additionally, periodic strategy meetings provided insights into the Corporation's performance and strategic direction.	100%
Key Managerial Personnel	4	Code of conduct, Whistle blower policy, Sexual Harassment policy	100%
Employees other than BoD and KMPs	169	Good Manufacturing Practices, ISO 13485 : 2016, Good Documents Practices, Good Laboratory Practices, Good Store Practices, Personal Hygiene, Software Handling (WIMS), Breakdown Maintenance, Preventive Maintenance, Vendor Evaluation, Contamination Control, Market Complaint Handling, Risk Management, Corrective and Preventive action, Handling Deviation, Change Control Procedure, Labelling Requirement, Quality Control Procedure, Fire & Safety Awareness, Cleaning and Sanitisation, General plant Maintenance, Emergency Preparedness, Health and Safety, Swot Analysis, VDA FMEA, QAM, 14 Qs Principles & 4M, ERP SKILLS, CIPET injection mould Design & plastic part Advisor, FMEA, Occupational Health and safety, Grievance Mechanism & Committee Awareness Training, Sexual Harassment Awareness Training, IC Committee Awareness Training, PF Camp Awareness Training, Waste Management.	100%

Segment	Total Number of training and awareness programmes held	Topics/principles covered under the training and its impact	% age of persons in respective category covered by the awareness programmes
Workers	143	Fire and Safety Awareness, Occupational Health and safety, Grievance Mechanism & Committee Awareness Training, Sexual Harassment Awareness Training, IC Committee Awareness Training, PF Camp Awareness Training, Waste Management, Process Knowledge, First Aid Training, Visual Checking, SOP moulding, Product Knowledge, Customer Quality Awareness, Soldering, EMS Awareness Training, 5S & 3C,Kaizen Improvement & IATF Awareness Training.	100%

2. **Details of fines/penalties/punishment/ award/ compounding fees/ settlement amount paid in proceedings (by the entity or by directors / KMPs) with regulators/ law enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions, in the financial year (basis the materiality as specified in Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Obligations) Regulations, 2015 and as disclosed on the entity's website)**

Monetary					
	NGRBC Principle	**Name of the regulatory/ enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions**	**Amount (in INR)**	**Brief of the Case**	**Has an appeal been preferred? (Yes/No)**
Penalty/Fine	Nil				
Settlement					
Compounding Fee					
Non- Monetary					
Imprisonment	Nil				
Punishment					

3. **Of the instances disclosed in Question 2 above, details of the Appeal/ Revision preferred in cases where monetary or non-monetary action has been appealed.**

Case Details	Name of the regulatory/ enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions
Not Applicable as no monetary or non-monetary actions / non compliances took place	

4. **Does the entity have an anti-corruption or anti-bribery policy? If yes, provide details in brief and if available, provide a web-link to the policy.**

The Corporation adheres to the Wadia Group Code of Conduct, emphasizing transparency and fairness in all business transactions. Corporate governance has long been a fundamental aspect of Wadia Group businesses, preceding legal mandates.

The Wadia Code of Conduct delineates principles, policies, and regulations governing Corporation activities, mandatory for all employees and Directors. It serves as a guide for professional behaviour, with annual affirmations required from Directors, Business Heads, Key Managerial Personnel and senior employees.

Additionally, a Whistle-blower Policy enables employees and Directors to report concerns to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. This, alongside the Code of Business Conduct, provides a platform for reporting unethical behaviour, fraud, or violations. Weblink of policy: https://bbtcl.com/policies/

5. Number of Directors/ KMPs/ employees/ workers against whom disciplinary action was taken by any law enforcement agency for the charges of bribery/ corruption:

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Directors	Nil	Nil
KMPs		
Employees		
Workers		

6. Details of complaints with regard to conflict of interest:

	FY 2023-24		FY 2022-23	
	Number	Remarks	Number	Remarks
Number of complaints received in relation to issues of conflict of interest of the Directors	Nil		Nil	
Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the KMPs				

7. Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway on issues related to fines / penalties/ action taken by regulators/ law enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions, on cases of corruption and conflicts of interest.

Not Applicable as no such instances took place in the FY 2023-24.

8. Number of days of accounts payables ((Accounts payable *365) / Cost of goods/services procured) in the following format:

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Number of days of accounts payables	61.50	62.18

9. Open-ness of Business

Provide details of concentration of purchases and sales with trading houses, dealers and related parties along-with loans and advances & investments, with related parties, in the following format:

Parameter	Metrics	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Concentration of Purchases	a. **Purchases from Trading houses as % of total purchases**	Nil. No purchase from trading houses was made in the reporting year.	
	b. **Number of trading houses where purchases are made from**		
	c. **Purchases from top 10 trading houses as % of total purchases from trading houses**		

Parameter	Metrics	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Concentration of Sales	a. **Sales to dealers/distributors as % of total sales**	This data is currently not quantifiable but the Company shall undertake to provide the requisite disclosure in the upcoming years.	
	b. **Number of dealers/distributors to whom sales are made**		
	c. **Sales to top 10 dealers/distributors as % of total sales to dealers/ distributors**		
Share of RPTs in	a. **Purchases (Purchases with related parties/Total Purchases)**	0.01%	-
	b. **Sales (Sales to related parties/Total Sales)**	0.07%	0.16%
	c. **Loans & advances (Loans & advances given to related parties/ Total loans & advances)**	69.48%	98.67%
	d. **Investments (Investments in related parties/Total Investments made)**	98.84%	99.01%

Leadership Indicators

1. **Awareness programmes conducted for value chain partners on any of the Principles during the financial year:**

Total number of awareness programmes held	Topic/principles covered under the training	% age of value chain partners covered (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed
The Corporation is currently not imparting any awareness programmes for the value chain partners. However the need for the same shall be assessed and taken up in the upcoming years.		

2. **Does the entity have processes in place to avoid/ manage conflict of interests involving members of the Board? (Yes/No). If yes, provide details of the same.**

Yes, the entity has established procedures to prevent and address conflicts of interest among Board members. These procedures are outlined in Wadia's Code of Ethics and Business Principles, instructing board members to prioritize the organization's interests, disclose any potential conflicts, and handle conflicts diligently. This ensures transparency, accountability, and robust corporate governance practices.

Web link: https://bbtcl.com/policies/

PRINCIPLE 2: Businesses should provide goods and services in a manner that is sustainable and safe

Essential Indicators

1. **Percentage of R&D and capital expenditure (capex) investments in specific technologies to improve the environmental and social impacts of product and processes to total R&D and capex investments made by the entity, respectively.**

	2023-24	2022-23	Details of Improvements in environmental and social impacts
R&D	Nil	Nil	Details of improvement cannot be ascertained.
Capex	Nil	Nil for DPI 0.05% for EAPL Plantations - Rs. 235.71 Lakhs	

2. a. **Does the entity have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing?(Yes/No)**

   At the tea division, all raw materials for Black Tea, Green Tea, and White Tea are sourced from Corporation's own plantations. Dunsandle estate unit procures green leaf from small growers who are certified under social and environmental standards. Inputs for cultivation practices and manufacturing are obtained from authorized local vendors.

   b. **If yes, what percentage of inputs was sourced sustainably?**

   80% of the input material at the Plantations division is sourced sustainably.

3. **Describe the processes in place to safely reclaim your products for reusing, recycling and disposing at the end of life, for (a) Plastics (including packaging) (b) E-waste (c) Hazardous waste and (d) other waste.**

   Reclaiming product and packaging for plantations division is not feasible as it is a consumable and is dispersed across various states in India in small quantities. For EAPL and DPI division, the Corporation currently does not have a set mechanism to reclaim the products.

4. **Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes/No). If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same.**

   No, Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is not applicable to the Corporation's activities.

Leadership Indicators

1. Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective / Assessments (LCA) for any of its products (for manufacturing industry) or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the following format?

Yes, the EAPL division conducts LCA for the below mentioned products:

NIC Code	Name of Product/ Service	% of total Turnover Contributed	Boundary for which the Life Cycle Perspective / Assessment was conducted	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes/No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes/No) If yes, provide the web-link.
2930	Switches	30.00	Life Cycle analysis conducted for (1 Lakhs cycle)	Yes	No
2930	Solenoid Valve	35.00	Life Cycle conducted for (1 Lakhs cycle)	Yes	No
2930	Slip ring	20.00	Life Cycle conducted under customer scope	Yes	No
2930	Electronics products	2.00	Life Cycle conducted under customer scope	Yes	No
2930	Moulded Parts	12.00	Life Cycle conducted under customer scope	Yes	No

2. If there are any significant social or environmental concerns and/or risks arising from production or disposal of your products / services, as identified in the Life Cycle Perspective / Assessments (LCA) or through any other means, briefly describe the same along-with action taken to mitigate the same.

Name of Product/ Service	Description of the risk/ concern	Action Taken
No significant social or environmental concerns and/or risks arising from production or disposal of products as identified in the Life Cycle Assessment.		

3. Percentage of recycled or reused input material to total material (by value) used in production (for manufacturing industry) or providing services (for service industry).

Indicate input material	Recycled or re-used input material to total material	
	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Plastic	3.50	2.00
Copper & Brass	15.00	12.00

4. **Of the products and packaging reclaimed at end of life of products, amount (in metric tonnes) reused, recycled, and safely disposed, as per the following format:**

	FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23		
	Re-Used	Recycled	Safely Disposed	Re-Used	Recycled	Safely Disposed
Plastics	2.10	0.00	40.20	1.8	0.00	36.00
E-waste	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hazardous Waste	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00	0.00	1.18
Other waste	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	1.20

5. **Reclaimed products and their packaging materials (as percentage of products sold) for each product category**

Indicate product category	Reclaimed products and their packaging materials (as percentage of products sold) for each product category
Sandwich bags for packing wholesale tea	45.00

PRINCIPLE 3: Businesses should respect and promote the well-being of all employees, including those in their value chains

Essential Indicators

1. a. **Details of measures for the well-being of employees:**

% of employees covered by											
	Total (A)	Health Insurance		Accident Insurance		Maternity Benefits*		Paternity Benefits		Day Care facilities	
		Number (B)	% (B/A)	Number (C)	% (C/A)	Number (D)	% (D/A)	Number (E)	% (E/A)	Number (F)	% (F/A)
Permanent Employees											
Male	219	204	93.15	219	100	0	0	0	0	219	100
Female	35	31	88.57	35	100	35	100	0	0	35	100
Total	254	235	92.52	254	100	35	100	0	0	254	100.00
Other than Permanent Employees											
Male	39	37	94.87	22	56.41	0	0	0	0	39	100
Female	3	3	100	1	33.33	3	100	0	0	3	100
Total	42	40	95.24	23	54.76	3	7.14	0	0	42	100

*Percentage of (D) – maternity benefit is calculated as 100% as per FAQs on BRSR issued by NSE dt. May 10, 2024 as it is computed as percentage of only female employees.

b. **Details of measures for the well-being of workers: ***

% of workers covered by											
	Total (A)	Health Insurance**		Accident Insurance		Maternity Benefits*		Paternity Benefits		Day Care facilities	
		Number (B)	% (B/A)	Number (C)	% (C/A)	Number (D)	% (D/A)	Number (E)	% (E/A)	Number (F)	% (F/A)
Permanent Workers											
Male	808	63	7.80	808	100.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	808	100.00
Female	1429	101	7.07	1429	100.00	1429	100.00	0	0.00	1429	100.00
Total	2237	164	7.33	2237	100.00	1429	63.88	0	0.00	2237	100.00
Other than Permanent Workers											
Male	641	25	3.90	641	100.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	641	100.00
Female	722	10	1.39	722	100.00	722	100.00	0	0.00	722	100.00
Total	1363	35	2.57	1363	100.00	722	52.97	0	0.00	1363	100.00

* Percentage of (D) – maternity benefit is calculated as 100% as per FAQs on BRSR issued by NSE dt. May 10, 2024 as it is computed as percentage of only female employees.

**Plantation division, that covers the major portion of worker population, provides in house medical services which is why the health insurance percentage is low.

c. **Spending on measures towards well-being of employees and workers (including permanent and other than permanent) in the following format:**

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Cost incurred on well-being measures as a % of total revenue of the Corporations	4.51	4.86

2. Details of retirement benefits, for Current Financial Year and Previous Financial Year.

Benefits	FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23		
	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A.)	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A.)
PF	100.00	100.00	Y	100.00	100.00	Yes
Gratuity	100.00	100.00	NA	100.00	100.00	NA
ESI	10.88	0.36	Y	0.00	0.00	N

3. Accessibility of workplaces

Are the premises / offices of the entity accessible to differently abled employees and workers, as per the requirements of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If not, whether any steps are being taken by the entity in this regard

The divisions in the Corporation operates from heritage buildings and hill tops. Hence, providing such facilities are difficult. Currently, the Corporation does not employ any differently abled individuals, but it commits to addressing this matter when necessary.

4. Does the entity have an equal opportunity policy as per the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If so, provide a web-link to the policy.

The Corporation's equal opportunity policy is a fundamental element embedded within its comprehensive Code of Ethics. This policy serves as a guiding framework that articulates the principles and standards upheld by the Corporation to ensure fairness, inclusivity, and non-discrimination in all aspects of its operations. It delineates the Corporation's commitment to providing equal opportunities to all individuals, irrespective of factors such as race, gender, ethnicity, religion, disability, or any other characteristic protected by law.

Web link : https://bbtcl.com/wadia-code-of-ethics-and-business-principles-applicable-to-non-executive-directors/

5. Return to work and Retention rates of permanent employees and workers that took parental leave.

	Permanent Employees		Permanent workers	
Gender	Return to work rate	Retention rate	Return to work rate	Retention rate
Male	NA			
Female	100.00	100.00	No worker on paternal leave in the reporting year.	
Total	100.00	100.00		

6. **Is there a mechanism available to receive and redress grievances for the following categories of employees and worker? If yes, give details of the mechanism in brief.**

	Yes/No (If Yes, then give details of the mechanism in brief)
Permanent Workers	The Corporation has established a robust Grievance Redressal mechanism dedicated to addressing the concerns of all its employees and workers. Committed to fostering a safe and healthy work environment free from prejudice, gender bias, and sexual harassment, the Corporation has instituted a Grievance Redressal Policy. Furthermore, regular meetings with employees are conducted to proactively understand and resolve any concerns they may have, thereby promoting a harmonious and supportive workplace culture. Employees and workers also have the option to directly contact the HR head or welfare officer to raise any issues they may encounter.
Other than Permanent Workers	
Permanent Employees	
Other than Permanent Employees	

7. **Membership of employees and worker in association(s) or Unions recognized by the listed entity:**

Category	FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23		
	Total employees / workers in respective category (A)	No. of employees/ workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (B)	% (B / A)	Total employees / workers in respective category (C)	No. of employees/ workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (D)	% (D / C)
Total Permanent Employees	256	41	16.14	302	134	44.37
Male	221	38	17.35	271	120	44.28
Female	35	3	8.57	31	14	45.16
Total Permanent Worker	2237	1198	49.49	2657	2036	76.62
Male	808	411	50.87	949	827	87.14
Female	1429	787	55.07	1708	1209	70.78

8. **Details of training given to employees and workers:**

	FY 2023-24					FY 2022-23				
	Total (A)	On Health and Safety measures		On Skill upgradation		Total (D)	On Health and Safety measures		On Skill upgradation	
		No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)		No. (E)	% (E/D)	No. (F)	% (F/D)
Employees										
Male	254	205	80.71	136	53.54	271	254	93.73	235	86.72
Female	42	27	64.29	19	45.24	31	22	70.97	25	80.65
Total	296	232	78.38	155	52.36	302	276	91.39	260	86.09

	FY 2023-24					FY 2022-23				
	Total (A)	On Health and Safety measures		On Skill upgradation		Total (D)	On Health and Safety measures		On Skill upgradation	
		No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)		No. (E)	% (E/D)	No. (F)	% (F/D)
Workers										
Male	1449	1424	98.27	88	6.07	949	949	100	856	90.2
Female	2151	2151	100	111	5.16	1708	1708	100	1504	88.06
Total	3600	3575	99.31	199	5.53	2657	2657	100	2360	88.82

9. Details of performance and career development reviews of employees and worker:

Category	FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23		
	Total (A)	No. (B)	% (B/A)	Total (C)	No. (D)	% (D/C)
Employees						
Male	254	254	100.00	271	219	80.81
Female	42	42	100.00	31	29	93.54
Total	296	296	100.00	302	248	82.12
Workers						
Male	1449	88	6.07	949	64	6.74
Female	2151	111	5.16	1708	41	2.40
Total	3600	199	5.53	2657	105	3.95

10. Health and safety management system:

a. Whether an occupational health and safety management system has been implemented by the entity? (Yes/No).If yes, the coverage such system?

Yes, DPI division of the Corporation has implemented a comprehensive occupational health and safety management system. This system prioritizes employee safety by incorporating various measures such as fire safety provisions, conducting emergency drills, establishing designated assembly points, and conducting regular health check-ups. The Plantations division also has an elaborate occupational health and safety management policy that lays down the mechanism to be followed.

b. What are the processes used to identify work-related hazards and assess risks on a routine and non-routine basis by the entity?

The organization is dedicated to enhancing the workplace environment for its employees and workers and has instituted a comprehensive health and safety policy to achieve this goal. Multiple processes are employed to systematically identify work-related hazards and evaluate risks on both routine and non-routine bases. Through regular inspections, audits, and employee reporting, potential hazards and unsafe conditions are identified and addressed. Job hazard analysis is conducted to assess risks associated with specific tasks, while incident investigations provide valuable insights into root causes and contributing factors. Additionally, non-routine hazard assessments are performed for new tasks, projects, or changes in the work environment. These proactive measures enable the Corporation to effectively address hazards and maintain a safe working environment for its employees.

In addition to the existing measures, the organization also ensures the health and safety of its employees by conducting yearly health checkups. Furthermore, monthly meetings are held to facilitate discussions on safety issues and address any concerns raised by employees.

c. Whether you have processes for workers to report the work-related hazards and to remove themselves from such risks. (Y/N)

Yes, the Corporation has established a system for workers to report work-related hazards and remove themselves from such risks. This encompasses clear reporting channels, whistleblower protection, stop work authority, comprehensive training and awareness programs, as well as thorough investigation and follow-up procedures.

Additionally, workers experiencing work-related health issues are provided with alternative job opportunities within the Corporation, wherever possible.

d. Do the employees/ worker of the entity have access to non-occupational medical and healthcare services?(Yes/No)

Yes, employees and workers of the Corporation have the access to non – occupational medical and healthcare services.

11. Details of safety related incidents, in the following format:

Safety Incident/Number	Category	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate(LTIFR) (per one million-person hours worked)	Employees	Nil	Nil
	Workers	0.74	Nil
Total recordable work-related injuries	Employees	Nil	Nil
	Workers	1*	1
No. of fatalities	Employees	Nil	Nil
	Workers	Nil	Nil
High consequence work-related injury or ill-health (excluding fatalities)	Employees	Nil	Nil
	Workers	Nil	Nil

*A worker sustained an injury to his finger while operating heavy machinery. The Corporation provided physiotherapy treatment to facilitate his recovery.

12. Describe the measures taken by the entity to ensure a safe and healthy work place.

Regular feedback is essential to maintain a safe and healthy work environment. To promote health codes and standards, our Corporation educates employees on the significance of health, safety, and cleanliness. We conduct regular inspections of our shop floor working areas. Additionally, annual health checkups are provided to employees/workers, and awareness about various diseases is spread via notice boards. Furthermore, we have partnered with hospitals to ensure the well-being of all employees/workers. All workspaces undergo inspection by the Health & Safety Officer and their team, who report to management on necessary safety measures to be implemented

13. Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers:

	FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23		
	Filed during the year	**Pending resolution at the end of year**	**Remarks**	**Filed during the year**	**Pending resolution at the end of year**	**Remarks**
Working Conditions	Nil			Nil		
Health & Safety						

14. Assessments for the year:

	% of your plants and offices that were assessed (by entity or statutory authorities or third parties)
Health and safety practices	100% of plantations division was assessed by ▪ Inspector of Plantations ▪ Chief Medical Officer ▪ Rainforest Alliance ▪ Fairtrade ▪ ISO 100% of DPI division was assessed by ▪ ISO ▪ External healthcare professional 100% of Electromags division was assessed by Inspector of Factories. ▪ Fairtrade - We have redressal system and anybody have discrepancy can directly come to COO Office and it will be resolved on merit basis. ▪ ISO - We ensure IATF 16949 standards ▪ Health - We have tied-up with local hospital and done medical check-up with reputed eye hospital. ▪ Safety - We have Safety Committee and they checked for the adherence periodically. ▪ Sexual Harassment - We have a committee headed by Legal department and we conduct periodical awareness programme to all our female employees. So far, there is no complaint received.
Working Conditions	100% of plantations division was assessed by ▪ Inspector of Plantations ▪ Chief Medical Officer ▪ Rainforest Alliance ▪ Fairtrade ▪ ISO 100% of DPI division was assessed by ▪ Internal Commitee Electromags Division - Minimum wages - We have 100% minimum wages compliances to all our regular employees / trainees and contract labours. The same is verified by PF office as well as our internal audits. No deviation permitted.

15. Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway to address safety-related incidents (if any) and on significant risks / concerns arising from assessments of health & safety practices and working conditions.

High RPM machines to be locked and only the designated technical staff responsible for the machines will have the authority to unlock them.

Leadership Indicators

1. Does the entity extend any life insurance or any compensatory package in the event of death of (A) Employees (Y/N) (B) Workers(Y/N).

Yes, all the employees are covered under Group & Personal Accident Policy and the workers are covered under Workmen's Compensation Policy except Plantations division.

2. Provide the measures under taken by the entity to ensure that statutory dues have been deducted and deposited by the value chain partners.

The DPI Division ensures that statutory dues are deducted by the value chain partners (Contractual Workers) at the time of payment. Similarly, the EAPL Division ensures that all dues are deducted by the value chain partners at the time of payment made to them for their goods and services.

3. Provide the number of employees / workers having suffered high consequence work-related injury / ill-health / fatalities (as reported in Q11 of Essential Indicators above),who have been are rehabilitated and placed in suitable employment or whose family members have been placed in suitable employment:

	Total no. of affected employees/ workers		No. of employees/workers that are rehabilitated and placed in suitable employment or whose family members have been placed in suitable employment	
	FY 2023-24	**FY 2022-23**	**FY 2023-24**	**FY 2022-23**
Employees	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Workers	1		1	

4. Does the entity provide transition assistance programs to facilitate continued employability and the management of career endings resulting from retirement or termination of employment?(Yes/No)

Indeed, the Corporation offers continued employability opportunities to both permanent and contractual employees, as well as workers, by retaining them within the organization.

5. Details on assessment of value chain partners:

	% of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed
Health and safety practices	At the EAPL division 100% of value chain partners are covered as per yearly Supplier audit plan, assessed regarding Health and safety practices in EHS Clause. Document Reference: EMAGS/PUR/003, External provider Evaluation /Assessment form
Working Conditions	At the EAPL division, Working condition of 100% of its value chain partners is verified during Supplier assessment.

6. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks/ concerns arising from assessments of health and safety practices and working conditions of value chain partners.

No operational risks/ concerns observed.

PRINCIPLE 4: Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive to all its stakeholders

Essential Indicators

1. **Describe the processes for identifying key stakeholder groups of the entity.**

   Our approach to engaging with stakeholder starts with identifying essential internal and external parties, then assessing how each group affects our business and how our business impacts them in turn. From this analysis, we determine our primary stakeholders to gain insight into their expectations and issues. By consistently interacting with our stakeholders through multiple platforms, we've fortified our connections and refined our organizational strategy.

2. **List stakeholder groups identified as key for your entity and the frequency of engagement with each stakeholder group.**

Stakeholder Group	Whether identified as Vulnerable & Marginalized Group (Yes/ No)	Channels of Communication (Email, SMS, Newspaper, Pamphlets, Advertisement, Community, Meetings, Notice Board, Website, Other)	Frequency of engagement (Annually/ Half yearly/ Quarterly/ others – please specify)	Purpose and scope of engagement including key topics and concerns raised during such engagement
Employees	No	Verbal, Calls, Emails, Meetings, Goal setting through KRA	Need Basis; Regularly	Goal setting, Daily operations
Divisions	No	Emails, Calls, Meetings (Virtual, Physical)	Need Basis; Regularly	Daily operations
Shareholders	No	Calls, Emails, Meetings, Through BSE and NSE	As per regulatory requirement	Queries resolution
Customers	No	Emails, Seminars/ Conferences, Calls	Periodic	Awareness & Sales
Suppliers	No	Emails, Calls	Need basis	Timely & proper procurement
Government	No	Emails, Calls, Meetings(Virtual, In person)	Need basis	Compliance
Community around our plants (Including children and youth community)	Yes	Verbal through medium of medical and welfare officers	Need basis	Health and nutrition, Addiction, Harassment, etc.

Leadership Indicators

1. **Provide the processes for consultation between stakeholders and the Board on economic, environmental, and social topics or if consultation is delegated, how is feedback from such consultations provided to the Board.**

   Through quarterly Board meetings involving representatives and Heads of Departments (HODs), the Corporation strives to address the expectations of its stakeholders, including shareholders, consumers, employees, farmers, and service providers. Understanding their needs, the Corporation develops action plans to fulfil them while advancing its business objectives.

   Additionally, the Corporation maintains an investor grievance redressal system to safeguard the interests of shareholders, employees and work on any constructive feedback/ grievance.

2. **Whether stakeholder consultation is used to support the identification and management of environmental, and social topics (Yes / No). If so, provide details of instances as to how the inputs received from stakeholders on these topics were incorporated in to policies and activities of the entity.**

   Stakeholder consultation is currently not being sought for identifying and managing environmental and social topics. However, the Corporation appreciates and promotes feedbacks and is open to incorporating any constructive feedback in its operations.

3. **Provide details of instances of engagement with, and actions taken to, address the concerns of vulnerable/ marginalized stakeholder groups.**

   The Corporation's CSR initiatives are designed to benefit those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized in society. All CSR projects conform to the Corporation's CSR Policy.

   Even though there were no such instance in the reporting period, in the past years decisions based on such discussion were taken.

PRINCIPLE 5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights

Essentials Indicators

1. **Employees and workers who have been provided training on human rights issues and policy(ies) of the entity, in the following format:**

Category	FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23		
	Total (A)	No. of employees/ workers covered (B)	% (B/A)	Total (C)	No. of employees/ workers covered (D)	% (D/C)
Employees						
Permanent	254	234	92.13	302	281	93.05
Other than permanent	42	28	66.67	42	28	66.67
Total Employees	296	262	88.51	344	309	89.83
Workers						
Permanent	2237	2237	100.00	2657	2657	100.00
Other than permanent	1363	1328	97.43	1649	1602	97.15
Total Workers	3600	3565	99.03	4306	4259	98.91

2. **Details of minimum wages paid to employees and workers, in the following format:**

Category	FY 2023-24					2022-23				
	Total (A)	Equal to Minimum Wage		More than Minimum Wage		Total (D)	Equal to Minimum Wage		More than Minimum Wage	
		No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)		No. (E)	% (E/D)	No. (F)	% (F/D)
Employees										
Permanent	254	0	0.00	254	100.00	302	2	0.66	300	99.34
Male	219	0	0.00	219	100.00	271	2	0.74	269	99.26
Female	35	0	0.00	35	100.00	31	0	0.00	31	100.00
Other than Permanent	42	0	0.00	42	100.00	42	0	0.00	42	100.00
Male	39	0	0.00	39	100.00	39	0	0.00	39	100.00
Female	3	0	0.00	3	100.00	3	0	0.00	3	100.00
Workers										
Permanent	2237	0	0.00	2237	100.00	2657	297	11.18	2360	88.82
Male	808	0	0.00	808	100.00	949	93	9.80	856	90.20
Female	1429	0	0.00	1429	100.00	1708	204	11.94	1504	88.06
Other than Permanent	1363	30	2.20	1333	97.80	1649	904	54.82	745	45.18
Male	641	21	3.28	620	96.72	810	427	52.72	383	47.28
Female	722	9	1.25	713	98.75	839	477	56.85	362	43.15

3. Details of remuneration/salary/wages, in the following format:

a. Median remuneration/wages:

	Male		Female	
	Number	**Median remuneration/ Salary/ Wages of respective category**		**Number**
Board of Directors (BoD)	5	8.40 lakhs	2	7.17 lakhs
Key Managerial Personnel	3	125.80 lakhs	0	0
Employees other than BoD and KMP	255	3.06 lakhs	38	2.97 lakhs
Workers	1449	1.60 lakhs	2151	1.60 lakhs

b. Gross wages paid to females as % of total wages paid by the entity, in the following format:

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Gross wages paid to females as % of total wages	65.00	63.00

4. Do you have a focal point (Individual/Committee) responsible for addressing human rights impacts or issues caused or contributed to by the business? (Yes/No)

Yes, the organization strives towards providing better place of work to all its employees and thereby has in place grievance redressal mechanism, where the grievances/ issues can promptly be reported and be heard. The organization has grievance committees where the employee can report their concern.

5. Describe the internal mechanisms in place to redress grievances related to human rights issues

The organization has in place grievance redressal mechanism where the concern relating to human rights can be reported to grievance committee for the resolution of their concerns.

6. Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers:

	FY 2023-24		FY 2022-23	
	Filed during the year	**Pending resolution at the end of the year**	**Filed during the year**	**Pending resolution at the end of the year**
Sexual harassment	Nil. No complaints on the mentioned parameters have been raised.			
Discrimination at workplace				
Child Labour				
Forced Labour/ Involuntary Labour				
Wages				
Other Human Rights related issues				

7. Complaints filed under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, in the following format:

<table>
<tr><th></th><th>FY 2023-24</th><th>FY 2022-23</th></tr>
<tr><td>Total Complaints reported under Sexual Harassment on of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (POSH)</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="3">Nil. No complaints on the mentioned parameters have been raised.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Complaints on POSH as a % of female employees / workers</td></tr>
<tr><td>Complaints on POSH upheld</td></tr>
</table>

8. Mechanisms to prevent adverse consequences to the complainant indiscrimination and harassment cases

The Corporation has implemented a Prevention of Sexual Harassment policy to ensure a safe and respectful work environment. Additionally, the organization upholds "No Gender Discrimination" and "Equal pay for equal work" policies to prevent adverse discrimination and promote fairness. These initiatives enable employees and workers to work in a conducive and discrimination-free environment.

9. Do human rights requirements form part of your business agreements and contracts?

Yes, human rights requirements are included in our agreements and contracts. These clauses affirm our commitment to upholding human rights principles and complying with standards.

10. Assessments for the year:

<table>
<tr><th></th><th>% of your plants and Offices that were assessed (by entity or statutory authorities or third parties)</th></tr>
<tr><td>Child Labour</td><td rowspan="5">100% of Plantations division was assessed by:
▪ Inspector of Plantation
▪ Rainforest Alliance
▪ Fairtrade
Additionally, minimum wages are paid in all divisions as per the law and the Company has a human rights policy in place.
100% of the DPI division was assessed by:
▪ Factory Inspector
▪ Internal Committee
▪ Minimum Wages are paid in the DPI Division
100% of Electromags division was assessed by Inspector of Factories.
▪ Fairtrade - We have redressal system and anybody have discrepancy can directly come to COO Office and it will be resolved on merit basis.
▪ ISO - We ensure IATF 16949 standards
▪ Health - We have tied-up with local hospital and done medical check-up with reputed eye hospital.
▪ Safety - We have Safety Committee and they checked for the adherence periodically.
▪ Sexual Harassment - We have a committee headed by Legal department and we conduct periodical awareness programme to all our female employees. So far, there is no complaint received.
▪ Minimum wages - We have 100% minimum wages compliances to all our regular employees / trainees and contract labours. The same is verified by PF office as well as our internal audits. No deviation permitted.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Forced/involuntary labour</td></tr>
<tr><td>Sexual Harassment</td></tr>
<tr><td>Discrimination at workplace</td></tr>
<tr><td>Wages</td></tr>
</table>

11. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks/ concerns arising from the assessments at Question 10 above.

No significant risk/ concerns were reported.

Leadership Indicators

1. Details of a business process being modified / introduced as a result of addressing human rights grievances/ complaints

The organization has in place proper mechanism for the resolution of the issues/ grievances, which from time and again, is being modified as and when needed. However, during the year the organization did not receive any significant complaints relating to human rights.

2. Details of the scope and coverage of any Human rights due-diligence conducted.

The plantation division conducted thorough Human Rights due diligence across its operations, It assessed internal policies, supplier risks, and engaged with stakeholders to ensure alignment with human rights principles. DPI division conducted thorough Human rights due diligence through internal committee at the factory.

3. Is the premise/office of the entity accessible to differently abled visitors, as per the requirements of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016?

The divisions in the Corporation operates from heritage buildings and hill tops. Hence, providing such facilities are difficult. However, it commits to addressing this matter when necessary.

4. Details on assessment of value chain partners:

	% of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed
Sexual Harassment	The value chain partners are currently not being assessed on the mentioned parameters. The Corporation shall take it up in the upcoming years.
Discrimination at workplace	
Child Labour	
Forced Labour / Involuntary Labour	
Wages	

5. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks/ concerns arising from the assessment at Question 4 above.

Not Applicable.

PRINCIPLE 6: Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment

Essential Indicators

1. **Details of total energy consumption (in Joules or multiples) and energy intensity, in the following format**:

Parameter	FY 2023-24 (In megajoules)	FY 2022-23 (In megajoules)
From renewable sources		
Total electricity consumption (A)	8304555.6	9141027.12
Total fuel consumption (B)	0	0
Energy consumption through other sources (C)	0	0
Total Energy consumption from renewable sources (A+B+C)	8304555.6	9141027.12
From non-renewable sources		
Total electricity consumption (D)	21920283.36	26177892.48
Total fuel consumption (E)	167642032	151441730.2
Energy consumption through other sources (F)	0	0
Total Energy consumption from non-renewable sources (D+E+F)	189562315.3	177619622.7
Total energy consumed (A+B+C+D+E+F)	197866870.9	186760649.8
Energy intensity per rupee of turnover (Total energy consumption/ Revenue from Operations)	0.08	0.08
Energy intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total energy consumed / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	1.7	1.69
Energy intensity in terms of physical output	This parameter is currently not ascertainable.	
Energy intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. No independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency.

2. **Does the entity have any sites / facilities identified as designated consumers (DCs) under the Performance, Achieve and Trade (PAT) Scheme of the Government of India? (Y/N) If yes, disclose whether targets set under the PAT scheme have been achieved. In case targets have not been achieved, provide the remedial action taken, if any.**

The Corporation does not have any of its sites/facilities identified as a designated consumer under the PAT Scheme of the Government.

3. **Provide details of the following disclosures related to water, in the following format**:

Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Water withdrawal by source (in kilolitres)		
(i) Surface water	3775	3,728.00
(ii) Groundwater	996.08	749
(iii) Third party water	7.48	7

Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
(iv) Seawater / desalinated water	0	0
(v) Others	0	0
Total volume of water withdrawal (in kilolitres) (i + ii + iii + iv + v)	4778.56	4484
Total volume of water consumption (in kilolitres)*	1710.71	1642
Water intensity per rupee of turnover (Water consumed / Revenue from operations)	0.0000007	0.0000007
Water Intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total water consumption / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	0.0000147	0.0000149
Water intensity in terms of physical output	This parameter is currently not ascertainable.	
Water intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-

* Please note that the water consumption is assumed to be taken as 20% of the total withdrawal. Exact percentage was not ascertainable for the current FY.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance have been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. No independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency.

4. Provide the following details related to water discharged

Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres)		
(i) To Surface water		
- No treatment	0	0
- With treatment – please specify level of treatment	2265	2236.5
(ii) To Groundwater		
- No treatment	0	0
- With treatment – please specify level of treatment	0	0
(iii) To Seawater		
- No treatment	0	0
- With treatment – please specify level of treatment	0	0
(iv) Sent to third-parties		
- No treatment	5.98	5.81
- With treatment – please specify level of treatment	0	0
(v) Others		
- No treatment	796.86	598.91
- With treatment – please specify level of treatment	0	0
Total water discharged (in kilolitres)	3067.84	2841.21

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance have been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. No independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency.

5. Has the entity implemented a mechanism for Zero Liquid Discharge? If yes, provide details of its coverage and implementation.

The Corporation's wastewater is treated in a sewage treatment plant through a Third Party and discharged as per norms. However, Zero Liquid Discharge is not implemented in any of its Divisions.

6. Please provide details of air emissions (other than GHG emissions) by the entity, in the following format:

Parameter	Please specify unit	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
NOx	kg	3.72	Data not quantified.
SOx	kg	1.19	
Particulate matter (PM)	kg	2.56	
Persistent organic pollutants (POP)	NA	NA	
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	NA	NA	
Hazardous air pollutants (HAP)	NA	NA	
Others – please specify	kg	2.09	

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance have been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. Yes, Eko Pro Engineers Private Limited

7. Provide details of greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions) & its intensity, in the following format:

Parameter	Unit	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Total Scope 1 emissions **(Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3,if available)**	Metric tonnes of CO2 equivalent	18,241.23	16,458.89
Total Scope 2 emissions **(Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3,if available)**	Metric tonnes of CO2 equivalent	17,974.63	5,890.03
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions per rupee of turnover **(Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions / Revenue from operations)**	Metric tonnes of CO2 equivalent/ Rupees	0.000014	0.000009
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) **(Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)**	Metric tonnes of CO2 equivalent/ Rupees	0.00031	0.000203
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions intensity in terms of physical output	This parameter is currently not ascertainable.		
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity **(optional)– the relevant metric may be selected by the entity**	-		-

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. No independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency.

8. Does the entity have any project related to reducing Green House Gas emission? If yes, then provide details.

The Corporation is committed to reduce its impact on Climate Change & Global Warming and takes several steps to achieve the same. One of the major initiative is the usage of renewable energy which are cleaner, hence decreasing the dependency on non-renewable sources of energy. The Corporation has also planted approximately 7000 trees.

9. Provide details related to waste management by the entity, in the following format:

Parameter	**FY 2023-24**	**FY 2022-23**
Total Waste generated (in metric tonnes)		
Plastic waste (A)	236.38	233.19
E-waste (B)	48.06	0
Bio-medical waste (C)	13.07	12.5
Construction and demolition waste (D)	0	**0**
Battery waste (E)	0	**0**
Radioactive waste (F)	0	**0**
Other Hazardous waste. Please Specify, if any. (G) (Used Oil)	1100.22	980.21
Other Non-hazardous waste generated (H). Please specify, if any. (Break-up by composition i.e. by materials relevant to the sector) **(Paper waste, Carton box waste, Wood waste)**	1.8	1.2
Total **(A+B + C + D + E + F + G + H)**	1399.52	1227.1
Waste intensity per rupee of turnover **(Total waste generated / Revenue from operations)**	0.0000005	0.0000005
Waste intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) **(Total waste generated / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)**	0.000012	0.0000111
Waste intensity in terms of physical output	This parameter is currently not ascertainable.	
Waste intensity (optional) - the relevant metric may be selected by the entity		
For each category of waste generated, total waste recovered through recycling, re-using or other recovery operations (in metric tonnes)		
Category of waste		
(i) Recycled	0	0
(ii) Re-used	2.1	1.8
(iii) Other recovery operations	0	0
Total	2.1	1.8
For each category of waste generated, total waste disposed by nature of disposal method (in metric tonnes)		
Category of waste		
(i) Incineration	0	0
(ii) Landfilling	0	0
(iii) Other disposal operations	42.8	38.38
Total	42.8	38.38

* Due to the unavailability of appropriate data on waste treatment and disposal, the total waste treated and disposed of could not be equal to the total waste generated. The Corporation is making efforts to improve its quantification structure in the coming years.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. No independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency.

10. Briefly describe the waste management practices adopted in your establishments. Describe the strategy adopted by your company to reduce usage of hazardous and toxic chemicals in your products and processes and the practices adopted to manage such wastes

The Corporation ensures that all the waste generated are collected, segregated, stored and disposed as per laws/regulations. Some of them are recycled and others disposed by registered third party vendor as per norms. The Corporation disposes all the hazardous waste and chemicals as per government norms.

11. If the has operations/offices in/around ecologically sensitive areas (such as national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, biosphere reserves, wetlands, biodiversity hotspots, forests, coastal regulation zones etc.) where environmental approvals / clearances are required, please specify details in the following format:

S. No.	Location of operations/offices	Types of operations	Whether the conditions of environmental approval / clearance are being complied with? (Y/N)If no, the reasons thereof and corrective action taken, if any.
1.	**Mudis Group, Valparai**	Tea Plantations	Yes
2.	**Singampatti Group, Tirunelveli**	Tea Plantations	Yes
3.	**Dunsandle Group, Ooty**	Tea Plantations	Yes

12. Details of environmental impact assessments of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year:

Name and brief details of project	EIA Notification No.	Date	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes / No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes / No)	Relevant Web link
No EIA was undertaken in the reporting year.					

13. Is the entity compliant with the applicable environmental law/ regulations/ guidelines in India; such as the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, and Environment protection act and rules thereunder (Y/N). If not, provide details of all such non-compliances, in the following format:

Serial Number	Specify the law / regulation / guidelines which was not complied with	Provide details of the non-compliance	Any fines / penalties / action taken by regulatory agencies such as pollution control boards or by courts	Corrective taken, if any action
Yes. The Corporation is compliant with all the applicable environmental laws / regulations / guidelines.				

Leadership Indicators

1. **Water withdrawal, consumption and discharge in areas of water stress (in kilolitres):**

For each facility / plant located in areas of water stress, provide the following information:

(i) Name of the area

(ii) Nature of operations

(iii) Water withdrawal, consumption and discharge in the following format:

Parameter	Unit	FY 2023-24
Water withdrawal by source (in kilolitres)		
(i) Surface water	Not Applicable. The Corporation is not consuming/ discharging water from/in areas of water stress.	
(ii) Groundwater		
(iii) Third party water		
(iv) Seawater / desalinated water		
(v) Others		
Total volume of water withdrawal (in kilolitres)		-
Total volume of water consumption (in kilolitres)		
Water intensity per rupee of turnover (Water consumed / turnover)		
Water intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity		
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres)		
(i) Into Surface water	Not Applicable. The Corporation is not consuming/ discharging water from/in areas of water stress.	
- No treatment		
- With treatment – please specify level of treatment		
(ii) Into Groundwater		
- No treatment		
- With treatment – please specify level of treatment		
(iii) Into Seawater		
- No treatment		
- With treatment – please specify level of treatment		
(iv) Sent to third-parties		
- No treatment		
- With treatment – please specify level of treatment		
(v) Others		
- No treatment		
- With treatment – please specify level of treatment		
Total water discharged (in kilolitres)		

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. No independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency.

2. **Please provide details of total Scope 3 emissions & its intensity, in the following format:**

Parameter	Unit	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Total Scope 3 emissions **(Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)**	Metric tonnes of CO2 equivalent	647.52	580.57
Total Scope 3 emissions per rupee of turnover	Metric tonnes of CO2 Equivalent/ Rupees	0.00000025	0.00000024
Total Scope 3 emission intensity (optional)– the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-		

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. No independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency.

3. **With respect to the ecologically sensitive areas reported at Question 11 of Essential Indicators above, provide details of significant direct & indirect impact of the entity on biodiversity in such areas along-with prevention and remediation activities.**

The Tea Division of BBTCL uses agro chemicals only when necessity arises. The establishment follows the protocols set by the Tea Board of India and only approved chemicals based on the Plant Protection Code are used. It ensures that the MRLs (Maximum residue Limits) of all agrochemicals are minimum. The establishment also has organic certified gardens to a tune of 959 Ha which are used to produce environment friendly food products.

4. **If the entity has undertaken any specific initiatives or used innovative technology or solutions to improve resource efficiency, or reduce impact due to emissions / effluent discharge / waste generated, please provide details of the same as well as outcome of such initiatives, as per the following format:**

Sr. No.	Initiative undertaken	Details of the initiative (Web-link, if any, may be provided along-with summary)	Outcome of the initiative
1	Insulated Heater installed in 2 moulding machine.	200 kwh units saved per month	Decreased consumption of electricity (Reduced GHG Emission)
2	Conversion of Halogen lamp to LED lamp	1200 watts power saving per month	Decreased consumption of electricity (Reduced GHG Emission)
3	Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) installed in Molding machine to reduce electrical power	2500 kwh units saved per month	Decreased consumption of electricity (Reduced GHG Emission)
4	Tree Plantation	7015 Tree Planted	To save water and global warming
5	Rain Water Harvesting Tank	10000 Ltr. water saving per annum	Reduced water consumption
6	ETP	1.5 Lakh Liters water saving per annum	Reduced water consumption

5. Does the entity have a business continuity and disaster management plan? Give details in 100 words/ web link.

For Electromags Division, the Corporation has identified a robust contingency plan (Disaster Management plan) to minimise the manufacturing process risk. It takes care of all possible scenarios which can cause business interruptions like Utility Interruptions, Labour Shortage, Key Equipment failure, Supplier Delivery failure, Fire, Recurring Natural Disasters, Cyber Issue, COVID 19 Pandemic etc. and provides for remedial measures. There is an emergency site plan in place for manufacturing units & fixed functional responsibilities. Further, fire safety measures are taken to prevent business disruptions in case of fire outbreak.

At Plantation Division, Disaster management identification and mitigation plan includes identification of work spot hazards and the corresponding mitigation and corrective measures:

a) Fire safety systems: Statutory requirement with full compliance and includes;

- use of appropriate fire fighting equipment
- training of personnel with mock drills
- drills include SOP covering alarms, evacuation, use of appropriate equipment and emphasis on safety of trapped individuals

b) Occupational health & safety:

- identification of hazards within factory premises with preventive and corrective measures to reduce and mitigate risks
- trained first aid operators for immediate assistance
- facility of a round the clock manned hospital with professional care within 5 kms of any field or factory workspot
- use of PPE for all field works necessitating the same, as in the case of spraying chemicals
- strict policy on zero use of banned or hazardous chemicals in the field operations
- medical checks of new recruits and annual examination of entire work force.

c) Cyber fraud : This is covered by the Corporation's policy of internal systems which include back ups and firewalls which is implemented , tested and overseen by the Chief Information Officer of the Group.

d) Business continuity : Hierarchy in the plantation management system not only defines responsibilities in all aspects of day to day management but also automatically transfers Division responsibility in case of regular or forced absence of any HOD.

The DPI division has a robust contingency plan to minimize the manufacturing process risk. For critical areas like power supply, labour supply and key raw materials, the division has adequate backups.

In addition, the DPI division has adequate elaborate disaster management plan.

6. Disclose any significant adverse impact to the environment, arising from the value chain of the entity. What mitigation or adaptation measures have been taken by the entity in this regard?

Value chain partners are currently not being assessed.

7. Percentage of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed for environmental impacts.

Value chain partners are currently not being assessed.

PRINCIPLE 7: Businesses, when engaging in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a manner that is responsible and transparent

Essential Indicators

1. a) **Number of affiliations with trade and industry chambers/ associations.**

The Corporation has five affiliations with trade and industry chambers/associations.

b) **List the top 10 trade and industry chambers/ associations (determined based on the total members of such body) the entity is a member of/ affiliated to.**

S. No	Name of the trade and industry chambers/ associations	Reach of trade and industry chambers/ associations (State/National)
1	Confederation of Indian Industry (CII)	National
2	Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce & Industry (FICCI)	National
3	Organization of Plastics Processors of India (OPPI)	National
4	Label Manufacturers Association of India (LMAI)	National
5	Association of Dental Industry and Trade of India (ADITI)	National

2. **Provide details of corrective action taken or underway on any issues related to anticompetitive conduct by the entity, based on adverse orders from regulatory authorities**

Name of authority	Brief of the case	Corrective active taken
Not applicable, as there were no adverse orders reported during the financial year 2023-24.		

Leadership Indicators

1. **Details of public policy positions advocated by the entity:**

Sr. No	Public policy advocated	Method resorted for such advocacy	Whether information available in public domain? (Yes/No)	Frequency of Review by Board (Annually/ Half yearly/ Quarterly / Others – please specify)	Web Link, If available
The Corporation through various Industry associations, participates in advocating matters for the advancement of the Industry and Public Good on a need basis. The Corporation has a Code of Conduct Policy to ensure that the highest standards of business conduct are followed while engaging with aforesaid Trade associations/Industry bodies.					

PRINCIPLE 8: Businesses should promote inclusive growth and equitable development

Essential Indicators

1. Details of Social Impact Assessments (SIA) of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year.

Name and Brief details of project	SIA Notification No.	Date of notification	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes/ No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes/ No)	Relevant Web Link
Not Applicable. No SIA of projects were undertaken in the reporting year.					

2. Provide information on project(s) for which ongoing Rehabilitation and Resettlement (R&R) is being undertaken by your entity, in the following format:

S. No	Name of Project for which R&R is ongoing	State	District	No. pf Project Affected Families (PAFs)	5 of PAFs covered by R&R	Amounts paid to PAFs in the FY (in INR)
Not Applicable.						

3. Describe the mechanisms to receive and redress grievances of the community.

The Corporation has a set grievance mechanism for employees, but since there is no community living adjacent to any facility, there is no specified mechanism. However, the Corporation shall consider this in future and set up accordingly.

4. Percentage of input material (inputs to total inputs by value) sourced from suppliers:

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Directly sourced from MSMEs/ small producers	22.50	29.08
Sourced directly from within India	84.00	100.00

5. Job creation in smaller towns – Disclose wages paid to persons employed (including employees or workers employed on a permanent or non-permanent / on contract basis) in the following locations, as % of total wage cost

Location	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Rural	92.53	This data cannot be quantified for the FY 2022-23.
Semi-Urban	0.00	
Urban	0.00	
Metropolitan	7.47	

Leadership Indicators

1. Provide details of actions taken to mitigate any negative social impacts identified in the Social Impact Assessments (Reference: Question 1 of Essential Indicators above):

Details of negative social impact identified	Corrective action taken
Not Applicable since no SIA was undertaken by the Corporation.	

2. Provide the following information on CSR projects undertaken by your entity in designated aspirational districts as identified by government bodies:

S. No	State	Aspirational District	Amount spent (In INR)
While the Corporation has undertaken several CSR projects, it has not initiated any such initiatives in the listed aspirational districts in the reporting year.			

3. (a) Do you have a preferential procurement policy where you give preference to purchase from suppliers comprising marginalized /vulnerable groups? (Yes/No)

The Corporation currently does not have a preferential procurement policy in place. The sourcing of goods/ services is a transparent and merit-based process where suppliers are selected based on the quality of their goods or services, competitive pricing, reliability, and other objective criteria.

(b) From which marginalized /vulnerable groups do you procure?

Not Applicable.

(c) What percentage of total procurement (by value) does it constitute?

Not Applicable.

4. Details of the benefits derived and shared from the intellectual properties owned or acquired by your entity (in the current financial year), based on traditional knowledge:

S. No	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge	Owned/ Acquired (Yes/ No)	Benefit shared (Yes / No)	Basis of calculating benefit share
No such IP owned or acquired by the Corporation in the reporting year.				

5. Details of corrective actions taken or underway, based on any adverse order in intellectual property related disputes wherein usage of traditional knowledge is involved.

Name of authority	Brief of the case	Corrective Action taken
Not Applicable.		

6. Details of beneficiaries of CSR Projects.

S. No	CSR Project	No. of persons benefitted from CSR projects	% of beneficiaries from vulnerable and marginalized groups
1	Public Roads through Estate, Coimbatore and Tamil Nadu	Not ascertainable	Not ascertainable

PRINCIPLE 9: Businesses should engage with and provide value to their consumers in a responsible manner

Essential Indicators

1. **Describe the mechanisms in place to receive and respond to consumer complaints and feedback.**

   The Corporation has implemented robust mechanisms to address consumer complaints and feedback effectively. These mechanisms include channels such as emails, customer portals, and physical receipt of defective parts. Upon receiving complaints, a dedicated quality team promptly assesses the issues and prepares 8D reports, detailing the root causes and corrective actions needed.

2. **Turnover of products and/ services as a percentage of turnover from all products/service that carry information about:**

	As a percentage to total turnover
Environmental and social parameters relevant to the product	Nil
Safe and responsible usage	100.00
Recycling and/or safe disposal	Nil

3. **Number of consumer complaints in respect of the following:**

	FY 2023-24		Remarks	FY 2022-23		Remarks
	Received during the Year	Pending resolution at end of year		Received during the Year	Pending resolution at end of year	
Data Privacy	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Advertising	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Cyber-security	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Delivery of essential services	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Restrictive Trade Practices	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Unfair Trade Practices	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Other (Product related)	Nil	Nil	NA	2	0	NA
Total	Nil	Nil	NA	2	0	NA

4. **Details of instances of product recalls on account of safety issues:**

	Numbers	Reasons for call
Voluntary recalls	Nil	Nil
Forced recalls	Nil	Nil

5. **Does the entity have a framework/ policy on cyber security and risks related to data privacy? (Yes/No) If available, provide a web-link of the policy**

   The Corporation has implemented a robust cyber security framework and strategy to mitigate data privacy risks effectively. Prioritizing data security, they have deployed measures including secure email gateways, endpoint protection, and backup and recovery procedures. Furthermore, the entity emphasizes website security, patch management, and security incident monitoring. Internal network policies and procedures have been established for access and asset management, incident response, and overall security protocols.

   Web link not available as the policy is on the Intranet.

6. **Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway on issues relating to advertising, and delivery of essential services; cyber security and data privacy of customers; re-occurrence of instances of product recalls; penalty / action taken by regulatory authorities on safety of products / services.**

   Not Applicable.

7. **Provide the following information relating to data breaches:**

   a. **Number of instances of data breaches**

      Nil

   b. **Percentage of data breaches involving personally identifiable information of customers**

      Nil

   c. **Impact, if any, of the data breaches**

      Nil

Leadership Indicators

1. **Channels / platforms where information on products and services of the entity can be accessed (provide web link, if available).**

   The organization provides information on products and services of the entity on web-link www.bbtcl.com.

2. **Steps taken to inform and educate consumers about safe and responsible usage of products and/or services.**

   The Corporation actively engages in informing and educating consumers about safe and responsible product/service usage through various measures. These include clear labeling and packaging, comprehensive user manuals, online resources, customer education programs, informative social media content, warning notifications, and collaborations with regulatory agencies.

3. **Mechanisms in place to inform consumers of any risk of disruption/discontinuation of essential services**.

   The Corporation informs consumers of any risk of disruption or discontinuation of essential services through communication channels such as email, SMS alerts, mobile applications, social media, and a dedicated website. They issue service announcements, provide customer support, publish public notices, comply with regulatory requirements, and take a proactive approach to communicate with consumers.

4. **Does the entity display product information on the product over and above what is mandated as per local laws? (Yes/No/Not Applicable) If yes, provide details in brief. Did your entity carry out any survey with regard to consumer satisfaction relating to the major products / services of the entity, significant locations of operation of the entity or the entity as a whole? (Yes/No)**

   Certainly, the organization includes instructions for product use on the packaging, ensuring consumers have clear guidance on proper usage. Additionally, the organization conducts periodic customer satisfaction surveys to gather feedback and enhance the overall customer experience.

Note: The number in this year’s report is rationalized, wherever required.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited** ('the Company'), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows and the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information, in which are included the returns for the year ended on that date audited by the branch auditor of the Company's branch located at Usambara in Tanzania.

2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of the report of the branch auditor as referred to in paragraph 15 below, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its loss (including other comprehensive income (gain)), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained together with the audit evidence obtained by the branch auditor, in terms of their report referred to in paragraph 15 of the Other Matter section below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, and based on the consideration of the report of the branch auditor as referred to paragraph 15 below, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

5. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Revenue recognition Refer note 1(F)(ii)(m) and note 25 to the accompanying standalone financial statements. The Company is primarily involved in manufacturing and sale of automotive electric components, tea and dental products. Owing to the multiplicity of the Company's products of different nature and varied terms of contracts with customers, in line with the requirements of the Standards on Auditing, revenue is determined to be an area involving significant risk and hence, requiring significant auditor attention. The Company and its external stakeholders focus on revenue as a key performance metric, and this could create an incentive for revenue to be overstated or recognised before the control has been transferred. Considering the amount involved, large number of transactions and diverse nature of the revenue streams, revenue recognition is considered as a key audit matter for the current year audit.	**Our audit procedures included, but were not limited, to the following:** • Assessed the appropriateness of revenue recognition accounting policies of the Company including those related to rebates and trade discounts, by evaluating the compliance with the applicable Ind AS; • Evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the relevant internal financial controls with respect to recognition and measurement of revenue including general and specific information technology controls; • Performed substantive testing on samples selected from revenue transactions recorded during the year by testing the underlying documents including contracts, invoices, goods dispatch notes, shipping documents and customer receipts, wherever applicable; • Performed cut off procedures, on sample basis for the period before and after the year end by testing the underlying documents and ensured that the revenue is recognised in the correct period; • Tested, on a sample basis, the appropriateness of journal entries impacting revenue, as well as other adjustments made in the preparation of the standalone financial statements with respect to revenue recognition of Company including specific journals posted manually directly to revenue; • Performed analytical review procedures on revenue recognised during the year to identify any unusual and/or material variances; • Performed confirmation procedures on selected balances outstanding as at the year end; and • Evaluated the appropriateness of disclosures made in the standalone financial statements with respect to revenue recognised during the year as required by applicable Ind AS.
Litigations and contingent liabilities – Singampatti tea estate Refer note 40 to the accompanying standalone financial statements. The Company has been carrying on its plantation activities at Singampatti tea estate, Tamil Nadu under a lease arrangement since 1929. During an earlier year, the Commissioner of Land Administration in Tamil Nadu passed an order cancelling the lease alleging violation of conditions with regard to clearing of certain areas. During the earlier years, the authorities raised demands for lease rentals of the leased land retrospectively from 1958 to 2019 amounting to ₹ 23,192.58 lakhs.	**Our audit procedures included, but were not limited, to the following:** • Obtained an understanding of the management's process for identification of legal matters, outcome of the litigations, assessment of accounting treatment for each of such litigated matter identified under Ind AS 37 and for measurement of amounts involved; • Evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of relevant internal financial controls with respect to the litigations; • Obtained an understanding of the aforesaid litigation matter and discussed the key developments during the year with the management;

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
The Company had challenged the above orders by filing a writ petition before the Hon'ble Madras High Court which was admitted and an interim relief restraining the Government from taking any action was granted by the Court. Currently, this matter is sub-judice. We focused on this area as the eventual outcome of the litigations is uncertain and the positions taken by the management are based on the application of the significant judgement and reliance on legal opinions obtained. Accordingly, unexpected adverse outcomes may significantly impact the operations of the Company and hence it has been considered as a key audit matter.	• Obtained and reviewed the necessary evidence which includes correspondence with external legal counsel, and statutory authorities, inspected minutes of case proceedings available, to support the decision and rationale of the litigation matter and writ petition filed by the Company in relation to this matter. We also tested the independence, objectivity and competence of management's expert involved; • Obtained a direct confirmation from the management's expert to ensure that the accounting treatment of this litigation matter is in accordance with the applicable Ind AS; and • Evaluated the appropriateness of disclosures made in the standalone financial statements with respect to the aforesaid litigation matter in accordance with the requirements of the applicable Ind AS.

Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

6. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

   Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

   In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

   When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance of the Company.

   Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

7. The accompanying standalone financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the standalone financial position, standalone financial performance including other comprehensive income, standalone changes in equity and standalone cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

8. In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

9. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

10. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

11. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

    - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;

    - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;

    - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management of the Company;

    - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;

    - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and

    - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the standalone financial statements of the Company and its branch or the business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the standalone financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of standalone financial statements of the Company and such branch included in the standalone financial statements, of which we are the independent auditors. For the other branch included in the standalone financial statements, which have been audited by the branch auditor, such branch auditor remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

12. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

13. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

14. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

15. We did not audit the financial information of a branch included in the standalone financial statements of the Company whose financial information reflects total assets of ₹ 185.62 lakhs as at 31 March 2024, and the total revenues of ₹ 168.98 lakhs, total net loss after tax of ₹ 612.06 lakhs, total comprehensive loss of ₹ 612.06 lakhs, and net cash outflows of ₹ 21.71 lakhs respectively for the year ended on that date, as considered in the standalone financial statements. These financial information have been audited by the branch auditor whose report has been furnished to us by the management, and our opinion on the standalone financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of branch, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid branch, is based solely on the report of such branch auditor.

    Further, this branch is located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted within its country and which have been audited by branch auditor under generally accepted auditing standards applicable within its country. The Company's management has converted the financial information of such branch from accounting principles generally accepted within its country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Company's management. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of such branch, is based on the report of branch auditor and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Company and audited by us.

    Our opinion above on the standalone financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the report of the branch auditor.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

16. As required by section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, and on the consideration of the report of the branch auditor as referred to in paragraph 15 above, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

17. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure I, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

18. Further to our comments in Annexure I, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, and on the consideration of the report of the branch auditor as referred to in paragraph 15 above, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

    a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements;

    b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purposes of our audit have been received from the branch not visited by us, except for the matters stated in paragraph 18(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);

    c) The report on the accounts of the branch office of the Company audited under section 143(8) of the Act by the branch auditor has been sent to us and have been properly dealt with by us in preparing this report;

    d) The standalone financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account and with the return received from the branch not visited by us;

    e) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;

    f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;

g) The reservation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 18(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 18(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);

h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2024 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure II wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and

i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the branch auditor as referred to in paragraph 15 above:

   i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31 March 2024;

   ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024;

   iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024;

   iv. a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 52(g) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

      b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 52(g) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

      c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.

   v. The final dividend paid by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.

      As stated in note 43 to the accompanying standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

   vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, except for instances mentioned below, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, other than the consequential impact of the exceptions given below.

Nature of exception noted	Details of Exception
Instances of accounting software for maintaining books of account which did not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.	The accounting software used for maintenance of books of accounts of Tea and Coffee division of the Company did not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.
Instances of accounting software for maintaining books of account for which the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.	i) The audit trail feature for accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records of Dental Products India division of the Company was not enabled during the year. ii) The audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes, used for maintenance of accounting records of Auto Electrical Components division by the Company.
Instances of accounting software maintained by a third party where we are unable to comment on the audit trail feature.	The accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records of HO division of the Company is operated by a third-party software service provider. In the absence of any information on existence of audit trail (edit logs) for any direct changes made at the database level in the 'Independent Service Auditor's Assurance Report on the Description of Controls, their Design and Operating Effectiveness' ('Type 2 report' issued in accordance with ISAE 3000, Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information), we are unable to comment on whether audit trail feature with respect to the database of the said software was enabled and operated throughout the year.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Adi P Sethna
Partner
Membership No.: 108840
UDIN: 24108840BKFDPZ9734

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13 May 2024

Annexure I referred to in Paragraph 17 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and based on the consideration of the report of the branch auditor, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

(i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of its property, plant and equipment ('PPE'), capital work-in- progress, investment property and right of use assets ('ROU assets').

(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.

(b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its PPE, relevant details of ROU assets and investment property under which the assets are physically verified in a phased manner over a period of three years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this programme, certain PPE, ROU assets and investment property were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

(c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (including investment properties) held by the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in Note 2(a) to the standalone financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.

(d) The Company has not revalued its PPE (including ROU assets) or intangible assets during the year.

(e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder.

(ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year, except for goods in transit and inventory lying with third parties. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed as compared to book records. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by the third parties and in respect of goods-in-transit, these have been confirmed from corresponding receipt or dispatch inventory records.

(b) As disclosed in note 52(b) to the standalone financial statements, the Company has been sanctioned a working capital limit in excess of ₹ 5 crore by banks based on the security of current assets. The quarterly returns/statements, in respect of the working capital limits have been filed by the Company with such banks and such returns/statements are in agreement with the books of account of the Company for the respective periods, which were subject to audit.

(iii) (a) The Company has made investments and provided loans or advances in the nature of loans to subsidiaries, associates and other entities during the year as per details given below:

Particulars	Advances Amount (₹ In lakhs)
Aggregate amount of loan provided during the year:	
- Subsidiaries	10.00 (Subsidiaries)
- Associates	Nil (Associates)
- Others	Nil (Others)
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases (provided during the year):	
- Subsidiaries	10.00 (Subsidiaries)
- Associates	Nil (Associates)
- Others	Nil (Others)

Further, no guarantee or security has been given to subsidiaries, associates or other entities during the year.

(b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made and terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company at the time of making the investments/ granting the loans and advances in the nature of loans. Further, no guarantees are provided, and no security has been given by the Company during the year.

(c) In respect of loans granted by the Company in an earlier year, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments/receipts of principal and interest are regular, except the following instances:

Name of the Entity	Amount due (₹ in lakhs)	Due date	Extent of delay	Remarks (if any)
Go Airlines Limited	300.82	16 February 2023	409 days	Interest
Go Airlines Limited	125.34	30 March 2023	367 days	Interest
Go Airlines Limited	70.63	17 August 2023	227 days	Interest
Go Airlines Limited	0.74	30 September 2023	183 days	Interest
Go Airlines Limited	6,000	17 August 2023	227 days	Principal
Go Airlines Limited	2,500	30 March 2024	1 day	Principal

In respect of advances in the nature of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal has not been stipulated and accordingly, we are unable to comment as to whether the repayments of principal are regular. Further, no interest is receivable on such advances in the nature of loans.

(d) The total amount which is overdue for more than 90 days as at 31 March 2024 in respect of loans granted to such company in an earlier year are as follows:

Particulars	Amount (₹ in lakhs)	No. of Cases	Remarks, if any
Principal	6,000.00	1	None
Interest	497.53	4	None
Total	6,497.53	5	None

Reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for recovery of such principal amounts and interest.

(e) The Company has granted loans in an earlier year which had fallen due during the year but such loans have not been renewed or extended nor has the Company granted fresh loans to settle the overdue amounts of existing loans given to the same parties.

(f) The Company has granted loans in an earlier year which are repayable on demand. The Company has also granted advances in the nature of loans without specifying any terms or period of repayment. Refer Note 51 of the standalone financial statements for further details.

(iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans and investments made., Further, no guarantees are provided, and no security has been given by the Company.

(v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(vi) The Central Government has specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act in respect of the products of the Company. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the Rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

(vii) (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company, though there have been slight delays in a few cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Amount paid under Protest (₹ in lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Remarks, if any
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	86.48	86.48	A.Y 2017-18	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals), Mumbai	NA
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	3.48	-	A.Y 2005-06	Assistant Commissioner Thiruvanmiyur Assessment Circle	NA
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	0.37	-	A.Y 2006-07	Assistant Commissioner Thiruvanmiyur Assessment Circle	NA
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	0.87	-	A.Y 2009-10	Assistant Commissioner Thiruvanmiyur Assessment Circle	NA
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	1.80	-	A.Y 2011-12	Assistant Commissioner Thiruvanmiyur Assessment Circle	NA
CST Act, 1956	Custom & sales tax	1.72	-	A.Y 2011-12	Assistant Commissioner Thiruvanmiyur Assessment Circle	NA
CST Act, 1956	Custom & sales tax	7.47	-	A.Y 2012-13	Assistant Commissioner Thiruvanmiyur Assessment Circle	NA

(viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been previously recorded in the books of account.

(ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

(c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans during the year were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.

(d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have, prima facie, not been utilised for long term purposes.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associates.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or associate companies.

(x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.

(xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

(xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system as per the provisions of section 138 of the Act which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.

(b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.

(xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non - cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

(xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a),(b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(d) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) has only one CIC as part of the Group.

(xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the current financial year as well as the immediately preceding financial year.

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has met the criteria as specified under sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, however, in the absence of average net profits in the immediately three preceding years, there is no requirement for the Company to spend any amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No.: 108840
UDIN: 24108840BKFDPZ9734

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13 May 2024

Annexure II to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of **The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited** ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria ('IFC criteria') established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, and the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditor in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect

   the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of a branch referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the IFC criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

Other Matter

9. We did not audit the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in so far as it relates to one overseas branch of the Company, whose standalone financial information reflect total assets of ₹ 185.62 lakhs and net assets of (₹ 207.56 lakhs) as at 31 March 2024, total revenue of ₹ 168.98 lakhs, total net loss after tax of ₹ 612.06 lakhs, total comprehensive loss of ₹ 612.06 lakhs, and net cash outflows of ₹ 21.71 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the standalone financial statements. The internal financial controls with reference to financial statements insofar as it relates to such branch has been audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us by the management, and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements for the Company, as aforesaid, under section 143(3)(i) of the Act in so far it relates to such branch, is based solely on the report of the auditor of such branch. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the report of other auditor.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No.: 108840
UDIN: 24108840BKFDPZ9734

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13 May 2024

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	**2(a)**	**7,298.99**	*7,824.08*
Capital work-in-progress	**2(b)**	**126.22**	*240.89*
Investment property	**2(c)**	**7.71**	*8.36*
Intangible assets	**2(d)**	**118.44**	*32.15*
Intangible assets under development	**2(e)**	**-**	*97.70*
Financial assets			
(i) Investment in subsidiaries and associates	**3**	**34,731.74**	*34,872.61*
(ii) Investments (others)	**4**	**406.42**	*346.77*
(iii) Loans	**5**	**87.62**	*24,653.18*
(iv) Other financial assets	**6**	**232.76**	*212.74*
Deferred tax assets (net)	**7(a)**	**221.37**	*221.37*
Income tax assets (net)	**7(b)**	**155.42**	*614.85*
Other non current assets	**8**	**204.77**	*105.26*
Total non-current assets		**43,591.46**	*69,229.96*
Current assets			
Inventories	**9(a)**	**5,568.74**	*6,762.61*
Biological assets other than bearer plants	**9(b)**	**105.96**	*108.36*
Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	**10**	**5,717.87**	*5,096.67*
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	**11(a)**	**6,508.82**	*5,904.61*
(iii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	**11(b)**	**62.12**	*70.50*
(iv) Loans	**12**	**37.62**	*10,045.74*
(v) Other financial assets	**13**	**546.27**	*25,840.87*
Other current assets	**14**	**1,685.11**	*1,930.24*
Total current assets		**20,232.51**	*55,759.60*
Assets classified as held for sale	**15(a)**	**123.28**	*1,249.47*
TOTAL ASSETS		**63,947.25**	*126,239.03*
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	**16**	**1,396.27**	*1,396.27*
Other equity		**18,036.38**	*19,189.61*
Total equity		**19,432.65**	*20,585.88*
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	**17**	**588.88**	*19,507.39*
(ii) Lease liabilities	**36a**	**143.33**	*197.94*
(iii) Other financial liabilities	**18**	**-**	*0.60*
Provisions	**19**	**1,111.61**	*1,003.37*
Total non-current liabilities		**1,843.82**	*20,709.30*
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	**20**	**34,283.86**	*75,693.50*
(ii) Lease liabilities	**36a**	**61.67**	*2.60*
(iii) Trade payables	**21**		
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		**459.86**	*259.42*
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		**2,045.87**	*1,947.23*
(iv) Other financial liabilities	**22**	**1,863.30**	*3,221.29*
Other current liabilities	**23**	**624.60**	*671.82*
Provisions	**24**	**2,577.56**	*2,334.39*
Current tax liabilties (net)		**436.20**	*442.06*
Total current liabilities		**42,352.92**	*84,572.31*
Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale	**15(b)**	**317.86**	*371.54*
Total liabilities		**44,514.60**	*105,653.15*
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		**63,947.25**	*126,239.03*

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements
This is the standalone balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No: 108840

Mumbai
13 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002

Ness Wadia
Managing Director
DIN :00036049

Nusli N Wadia
Chairman
DIN : 00015731

N H Datanwala
Chief Financial Officer

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary

Mumbai
13 May 2024

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Note	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Income			
Revenue from operations	**25**	**26,131.66**	*24,458.75*
Other income	**26**	**12,143.48**	*9,009.50*
Total income		**38,275.14**	*33,468.25*
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	**27**	**13,252.66**	*12,135.26*
Purchases of stock-in-trade		**262.61**	*315.66*
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	**28**	**(339.61)**	*(316.49)*
Employee benefits expense	**29**	**9,781.70**	*8,849.55*
Finance costs	**30**	**6,200.80**	*8,735.03*
Depreciation and amortisation expense	**31**	**725.26**	*711.47*
Other expenses	**32**	**7,935.27**	*7,339.57*
Total expenses		**37,818.69**	*37,770.05*
Profit/(loss) before exceptional item and taxes		**456.45**	*(4,301.80)*
Exceptional item - loss	**54**	**-**	*(18,622.27)*
Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations		**456.45**	*(22,924.07)*
Tax expense of continuing operations	**35(a)**		
Current tax		**700.00**	-
Tax relating to earlier period		**121.14**	-
Deferred tax		**-**	-
Total tax expense		**821.14**	-
Loss after tax from continuing operations		**(364.69)**	*(22,924.07)*
Discontinued operations	**41**		
(a) (Loss)/profit before tax from discontinued operations		**(223.28)**	*280.16*
(b) Exceptional gain from sale of discontinued operations (net)		**-**	*24,372.51*
(c) Tax expense of discontinued operations	**35(a)**	**-**	*(850.00)*
(Loss)/profit after tax from discontinued operations		**(223.28)**	*23,802.67*
(Loss)/profit for the year		**(587.97)**	*878.60*
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of profit and loss (net of tax)			
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income		**59.66**	*39.53*
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans		**247.62**	*(655.33)*
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit and loss (net of tax)			
Exchange difference on translating financial statements of foreign operations		**(35.27)**	*38.87*
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		**272.01**	*(576.93)*
Total Comprehensive (loss)/income for the year		**(315.96)**	*301.67*
(Losses)/Earnings per equity share (face value of ₹2 each)			
Basic and Diluted loss per share (in ₹) from continuing operations	**34**	**(0.52)**	*(32.84)*
Basic and Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (in ₹) from discontinued operations	**34**	**(0.32)**	*34.10*
Basic and Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (in ₹) from continuing and discontinued operations	**34**	**(0.84)**	*1.26*

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements
This is the standalone balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No: 108840

Mumbai
13 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002

Ness Wadia
Managing Director
DIN :00036049

Nusli N Wadia
Chairman
DIN : 00015731

N H Datanwala
Chief Financial Officer

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary

Mumbai
13 May 2024

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
(A)	**Cash flow from operating activities**		
	Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations	**456.45**	*(22,924.07)*
	(Loss)/profit before tax from discontinued operations	**(223.28)**	*24,652.67*
	Adjustments for non cash transactions and items considered separately:		
	Depreciation and amortisation expense (including discontinued operations)	**725.26**	*937.12*
	Property, plant and equipment written off	**184.97**	*36.09*
	Allowance for impairment of trade and other receivables	**2.38**	*51.91*
	(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	**(185.32)**	*34.80*
	Exceptional gain from sale of discontinued operations (net)	**-**	*(24,372.51)*
	Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	**531.45**	*514.57*
	Allowance for impairment of loans receivable (refer note 54)	**-**	*8,997.53*
	Allowance for impairment of investments (refer note 54)	**-**	*9,602.56*
	Interest income on income tax refund	**(55.52)**	*(38.15)*
	Net loss on foreign currency translation	**7.27**	*-*
	Changes in fair value of biological assets other than bearer plants	**1.12**	*(28.87)*
	Sundry balances written off	**10.15**	*9.50*
	Allowance for impairment on investment in associates and subsidiaries	**254.54**	*-*
	Liabilities / provisions no longer required written back / reversed	**(43.58)**	*(36.30)*
	Finance cost	**6,200.80**	*8,735.03*
	Interest income	**(1,998.45)**	*(3,935.94)*
	Dividend income	**(9,769.80)**	*(4,901.01)*
	Rental Income	**(8.07)**	*(7.85)*
	Operating loss before working capital changes	**(3,903.63)**	*(2,672.92)*
	Changes in working capital:		
	Inventories and biological assets other than bearer plants	**1,195.15**	*(555.64)*
	Trade and other receivables	**(398.44)**	*(580.24)*
	Trade and other payables	**(846.96)**	*(502.42)*
	Net cash used in operating activities before taxes	**(3,959.88)**	*(4,311.22)*
	Income taxes refund (net) (including interest received)	**296.75**	*359.50*
	Net cash used in operating activities	**(3,663.13)**	*(3,951.72)*
(B)	**Cash flow from investing activities**		
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress and other intangible assets (including movement of capital advances and capital creditors)	**(614.26)**	*(902.04)*
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	**25,419.11**	*4,000.00*
	Proceeds from assets held for sale	**1,264.20**	*371.54*
	Investments made in equity shares of associate companies	**(118.47)**	*(130.44)*
	Interest received	**2,241.00**	*3,858.69*
	Dividend received	**9,769.80**	*4,901.01*
	Rent received	**8.07**	*7.85*
	Receipt of intercorporate deposits placed	**34,500.00**	*52,920.91*
	Inter-corporate deposits placed	**-**	*(48,000.00)*
	Deposits with banks placed	**-**	*(3.35)*
	Net cash generated from investing activities	**72,469.45**	*17,024.17*
(C)	**Cash flow from financing activities**		
	Repayment of long term borrowings	**(21,418.51)**	*(23,201.75)*
	Long term borrowings availed	**2,500.00**	*5,000.00*
	Short term borrowings repaid	**(29,909.64)**	*13,802.03*
	Inter-corporate deposits taken	**26,000.00**	*44,000.00*
	Inter-corporate deposits repaid	**(37,500.00)**	*(45,500.00)*
	Payment of lease liabilities [refer note 38 (B)]	**(56.39)**	*(50.06)*
	Payment of finance cost	**(6,971.93)**	*(9,333.84)*
	Payment of dividend (including payment to invester education and protection fund)	**(845.64)**	*(844.09)*
	Net cash used in financing activities	**(68,202.11)**	*(16,127.71)*
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	**604.21**	*(3,055.26)*
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	**5,904.61**	*8,959.87*
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	**6,508.82**	*5,904.61*

Components of cash and cash equivalents [refer note 11(a)]

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Cash on hand	**2.93**	*7.66*
Balances with banks:		
In current accounts	**2,451.92**	*1,000.16*
In Exchange Earners' Foreign Currency ('EEFC') accounts	**105.71**	*381.49*
In foreign bank accounts held by foreign branches	**507.54**	*515.30*
In deposit accounts	**3,440.72**	*4,000.00*
Total cash and cash equivalents	**6,508.82**	*5,904.61*

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

The above standalone statement of cash flows has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act').

This is the standalone statement of cash flows referred to in our report of even date.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No: 108840

Mumbai
13 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002

Ness Wadia
Managing Director
DIN :00036049

Nusli N Wadia
Chairman
DIN : 00015731

N H Datanwala
Chief Financial Officer

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary

Mumbai
13 May 2024

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY [SOCIE] FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

(a) Equity share capital (refer note 16)

	As at 31 March 2024		*As at 31 March 2023*	
	No. of shares	**Amount**	*No. of shares*	*Amount*
Balance at the beginning of the year	**69,771,900**	**1,395.44**	*69,771,900*	*1,395.44*
Issued during the year	**-**	**-**	-	-
Forfeited equity shares amount originally paid-up	**-**	**0.83**	-	*0.83*
Balance at the end of the year	**69,771,900**	**1,396.27**	*69,771,900*	*1,396.27*

(b) Other equity

Particulars	Reserves and surplus				Other Comprehensive Income		Total other Equity
	Securities premium	Capital reserve	General reserve	Retained earnings*	Equity instruments through Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI")	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	
Balance at 1 April 2022	**3,637.20**	**89.47**	**3,348.19**	**3,095.93**	**9,495.48**	**58.93**	**19,725.20**
Profit for the year (Continuing and discontinued operations)	-	-	-	878.60	-	-	**878.60**
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan (net of tax)	-	-	-	(655.33)	-	-	**(655.33)**
Changes in fair value of equity instruments through OCI (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	39.53	-	**39.53**
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	38.87	**38.87**
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**223.27**	**39.53**	**38.87**	**301.67**
Dividends (refer note 43)	**-**	**-**	**-**	**(837.26)**	**-**	**-**	**(837.26)**
Balance at 31 March 2023	**3,637.20**	**89.47**	**3,348.19**	**2,481.94**	**9,535.01**	**97.80**	**19,189.61**
Loss for the year (Continuing and discontinued operations)	-	-	-	(587.97)	-	-	**(587.97)**
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan (net of tax)	-	-	-	247.62	-	-	**247.62**
Changes in fair value of equity instruments through OCI (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	59.66	-	**59.66**
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	(35.27)	**(35.27)**
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**(340.35)**	**59.66**	**(35.27)**	**(315.96)**
Dividends	**-**	**-**	**-**	**(837.26)**	**-**	**-**	**(837.26)**
Balance at 31 March 2024	**3,637.20**	**89.47**	**3,348.19**	**1,304.33**	**9,594.67**	**62.53**	**18,036.38**

*Includes gain or loss on remeasurement of defined benefit plan

Nature and purpose of reserves:

Securities premium

Amount received (on issue of shares) in excess of the par value has been classified as securities premium. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Capital reserve

Any profit or loss on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Corporation's own equity instrument is transferred to capital reserve.

General reserve

This represents appropriation of profit by the Company.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of current year and prior years undistributed earnings / (loss) after taxes.

Remeasurement of defined benefit plan

Differences between the interest income on plan assets and the return actually achieved, and any changes in the liabilities over the year due to changes in actuarial assumptions or experience adjustments within the plans, are recognised in OCI and are adjusted to retained earnings.

Equity instruments through Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI')

The Corporation has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity securities in OCI. These changes are accumulated within the fair value through OCI ('FVOCI') equity investments reserve within equity. The Corporation transfers amount from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant equity securities are derecognised.

Foreign currency translation reserve

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign operations are recognised in OCI as described in accounting policy and accumulated in a separate reserve within equity. The cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss when the net investment is disposed off.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

This is the standalone statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

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The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements
This is the standalone balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No: 108840

Mumbai
13 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002

Ness Wadia
Managing Director
DIN :00036049

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DIN : 00015731

N H Datanwala
Chief Financial Officer

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary

Mumbai
13 May 2024

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Material accounting policies, key accounting estimates and judgments

1(A) Corporate information

The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited (the 'Corporation') or 'BBTCL' or 'Company' is a public Corporation domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Its shares are listed on two stock exchanges in India, BSE Limited ('BSE') and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ('NSE'). The Corporation's registered office is located at 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai - 400001. The Corporation was incorporated on 04 September 1863 vide certificate of incorporation number L99999MH1863PLC000002 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, Maharashtra. The Corporation is a multi-product and multi-divisional organisation with diverse business interests - tea plantations, auto electric components, healthcare and real estate.

1(B) General information and statement of compliance

These standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 and relevant amendment rules thereafter, including the presentation and disclosure requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Act and the guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') to the extent applicable. The material accounting policies for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 are consistent.

The revision to standalone financial statements is permitted by Board of Directors after obtaining necessary approvals or at the instance of regulatory authorities as per the provisions of the Act.

All amounts included in the standalone financial statements are reported in Indian Rupees ('₹') in Lakhs unless otherwise stated and rounded up to two decimals. Further, "0" denotes amounts less than one thousands rupees.

These standalone financial statements are separate financial statements of the Corporation under Ind AS 27 "Separate Financial Statements" ('Ind AS 27').

1(C) Basis of preparation and presentation

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention and on an accrual basis, except for the following material items that have been measured at as required by relevant Ind AS:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy on financial instruments);
- Biological assets - measured at fair value less costs to sell; and
- Defined benefit plans and other long term employee benefits plans.

1(D) Key estimates and judgements

The preparation of standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most material effect on the amounts recognised in the standalone financial statements is included in the following notes:

i) Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment ('PPE') represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Corporation. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of the PPE's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its useful life. Depreciation of PPE is calculated on straight-line basis over the useful life estimated by the management either based on technical evaluation or those prescribed under schedule II of the Act.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

ii) Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plans and the present value of the defined benefit obligations are based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. In case of compensated absences,employee generally have an unconditional right to avail the accumulated leaves.

iii) Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recorded on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, at the rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable profits during the periods in which those temporary differences and tax loss carry forwards become deductible. The Corporation considers the expected reversal of deferred tax liabilities and projected future taxable income in making this assessment. The amount of the deferred tax assets considered realisable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.

iv) Provisions:

Provisions are recognised when the Corporation has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding defined benefit plans) are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

v) Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets:

The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

vi) Biological assets

Management uses inputs relating to production and market prices of tea and coffee in determining the fair value of biological assets.

vii) Income tax

Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income tax, including the amount expected to be paid or recovered in connection with uncertain tax positions.

viii) Expected credit loss on financial assets:

On application of Ind AS 109 “Financial Instruments” the impairment provisions of financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected timing of collection. The Corporation uses judgments in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Corporation’s past history of collections, customer’s creditworthiness, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

ix) Leases:

Ind AS 116 “Leases” requires lessees to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Corporation makes an assessment on the expected lease term on a lease-by-lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Corporation considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of the lease and the importance of the underlying asset to Corporation’s operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances.

x) Contingent liabilities:

At each balance sheet date basis the management judgement, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Corporation assess the requirement of provisions against the outstanding contingent liabilities. However, the actual future outcome may be different from this judgement.

xi) Fair value measurement:

Management applies valuation techniques to determine fair value of financial assets and liabilities (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions around volatility and dividend yield etc. which may affect the value of financial assets and liabilities.

xii) Transaction price and amount allocated to performance obligations:

The Corporation consider the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which Corporation expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example, goods and service tax). While determining the transaction price, Corporation also considers variable consideration, existence of significant financing component in the contract, non-cash consideration and consideration payable to a customer (if any). The transaction price to be allocated to performance obligations is determined basis the terms of individual contracts.

xiii) Control and significant influence:

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Corporation has control. The Corporation controls an entity when the Corporation is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Associate is an entity over which the investor has significant influence. If an Corporation holds, directly or indirectly through intermediaries, 20% or more of the voting power of the enterprise, it is presumed that the Corporation has significant influence, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case. Also, the Corporation does not have significant influence in an enterprise can be demonstrated through following conditions:

(i) The Corporation does not have any representation on the board of directors or corresponding governing body of the investee.

(ii) The Corporation does not participate in policy making process.

(iii) The Corporation does not have any material transactions with the investee.

(iv) The Corporation does not interchange any managerial personnel.

(v) The Corporation does not provide any essential technical information to the investee.

Estimates and judgements are continuously evaluated. These are based on historical experience and other factors including expectation of future events that may have a financial impact on the Corporation and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1(E) Details of significant investments in subsidiary and associate companies in accordance with Ind AS 27

Name of the subsidiary, associate and joint venture	Principal place of business and country of incorporation	% ownership interest (Directly and Indirectly) held by the Corporation as at 31 March 2024
Subsidiary companies		
Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited	India	100.00%
DPI Products and Services Limited	India	100.00%
Sea Wind Investment and Trading Corporation Limited	India	100.00%
Leila Lands Senderian Berhad	Malaysia	100.00%
Subham Viniyog Private Limited	India	100.00%
Naira Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	100.00%
Island Horti-Tech Holdings Pte. Limited	Singapore	100.00%
Leila Lands Limited	Mauritius	100.00%
Restpoint Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	100.00%
Baymanco Investments Limited	Mauritius	100.00%
Island Landscape and Nursery Pte. Limited	Singapore	100.00%
Innovative Organics Inc. (upto 24 May, 2023)	United States of America	58.80%
ABI Holding Limited	United Kingdom	100.00%
Britannia Brands Limited	United Kingdom	100.00%
Associated Biscuits International Limited	United Kingdom	100.00%
Dowbiggin Enterprises Pte. Limited	Singapore	100.00%
Nacupa Enterprises Pte. Limited	Singapore	100.00%
Spargo Enterprises Pte. Limited	Singapore	100.00%
Valletort Enterprises Pte. Limited	Singapore	100.00%
Bannatyne Enterprises Pte. Limited	Singapore	100.00%
Britannia Industries Limited	India	50.54%
Granum Inc. (upto 03 June 2023)	United States of America	58.80%
Boribunder Finance and Investments Private Limited	India	50.54%
Flora Investments Corporation Private Limited	India	50.54%
Gilt Edge Finance and Investments Private Limited	India	50.54%
Ganges Vally Foods Private Limited	India	50.54%
International Bakery Products Limited	India	50.54%
J. B. Mangharam Foods Private Limited	India	50.54%
Manna Foods Private Limited	India	50.54%
Sunrise Biscuit Company Private Limited	India	50.54%
Britannia and Associates (Mauritius) Private Limited	Mauritius	50.54%
Britannia and Associates (Dubai) Private Company Limited	United Arab Emirates	50.54%
Al Sallan Food Industries Company SAOC	Oman	50.54%
Strategic Food International Company LLC	United Arab Emirates	50.54%
Strategic Brands Holding Company Limited	United Arab Emirates	50.54%
Britannia Dairy Holdings Private Limited	Mauritius	50.54%
Britannia Employees General Welfare Association Private Limited ^	India	50.54%
Britannia Employees Medical Welfare Association Private Limited ^	India	50.54%
Britannia Employees Educational Welfare Association Private Limited	India	50.54%
Britchip Foods Limited	India	50.54%
Britannia Bangladesh Private Limited	Bangladesh	50.54%

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Name of the subsidiary, associate and joint venture	Principal place of business and country of incorporation	% ownership interest (Directly and Indirectly) held by the Corporation as at 31 March 2024
Britannia Nepal Private Limited	Nepal	50.54%
Britannia Egypt LLC	Egypt	50.54%
Snacko Bisc Private Limited	India	50.54%
Vasana Agrex and Herbs Private Limited	India	50.54%
Strategic Foods Uganda Limited	Uganda	50.54%
Kenafric Biscuits Limited	Kenya	50.54%
Catalyst Britania Brands Limited	Kenya	50.54%
Associate companies		
Lotus Viniyog Private Limited	India	50.00%
Lima Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	India	50.00%
Roshnara Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	India	50.00%
Cincinnati Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	India	50.00%
Shadhak Investments and Trading Private Limited	India	50.00%
MSIL Investments Private Limited	India	50.00%
Medical Microtechnology Limited	India	50.00%
Harvard Plantations Limited	India	50.00%
Placid Plantations Limited	India	50.00%
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	India	44.48%
Go Airlines (India) Limited *	India	32.61%
Nalanda Biscuit Corporation Limited	India	35.00%
National Peroxide Limited (w.e.f. 9th January 2023) (refer note 3.1)	India	24.28%
Naperol Investments Limited (w.e.f. 9th January 2023) (refer note 3.1)	India	24.28%
The Bombay Burmah Trading Employees' Welfare Co. Limited	India	42.86%
Sunandaram Foods Private Limited	India	26.00%
Joint Venture		
Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited (Formerly known as Britannia Dairy Private Limited)	India	51.00%

** 48.14% on diluted basis i.e. including CCPS (loss of significant influence w.e.f. 10 May 2023) (refer note 54)*

^ Subsidaries limited by guarantee.

1(F) Summary of material accounting policies

i) a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the standalone financial statements of the Corporation are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Corporation operates (i.e. the "functional currency"). The standalone financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR'), which is the functional and presentation currency of the Corporation.

b) Foreign currency transactions and translations

Foreign currency transactions of the Corporation are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rate prevailing on the balance sheet date whereas non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency monetary items and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into INR, the functional currency of the Corporation, at the exchange rates on the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into INR at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or an average rate if the average approximates the actual rate at the date of transaction.

c) Current versus non-current classification

(i) An asset is considered as current when it is:

a. Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle, or

b. Held primarily for the purpose of trading, or

c. Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

d. Cash or cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

(ii) All other assets are classified as non-current.

(iii) Liability is considered as current when it is:

a. Expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle, or

b. Held primarily for the purpose of trading, or

c. Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

d. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

(iv) All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

(v) Deferred tax assets and liabilities (net) are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

(vi) All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Corporation's operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of products and services and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Corporation has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

ii) a) Property, plant and equipment ('PPE')

PPE are stated at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Historical costs include expenditure directly attributable to acquisition which are capitalised until the PPE are ready for use, as intended by management. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

The cost of a self-constructed item of PPE comprises the cost of materials, direct labour and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to its intended working condition and estimated costs of dismantling, removing and restoring the site on which it is located, wherever applicable.

Income and expenses related to the incidental operations, not necessary to bring the item to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, are recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss.

An item of PPE initially recognised is de-recognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use.

Gains or losses arising from disposals of assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying value of the asset on the date of disposal and are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss, in the period of disposal.

Items such as spare parts are recognised as PPE when they meet the definition of PPE. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventory.

If significant parts of an item of PPE have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as a separate asset (major components) of PPE. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of PPE is recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

In case of certain PPE, the Corporation uses different useful life than those specified in Schedule II of the Act which is duly supported by technical evaluation. The management believe that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Depreciation on addition to PPE or on disposal of PPE is calculated pro-rata from the month of such addition or up to the month of such disposal as the case may be.

b) Development plantations

Cost incurred for acquiring new plantations and their upkeep are capitalised until they attain maturity to yield biological produce. Such cost is included under capital work-in-progress and thereafter the same is capitalised as "Development plantations" and depreciated over their estimated useful life.

c) Capital work-in-progress and intangible assets under development

Costs incurred during construction or acquisition of PPE is included under capital work-in-progress and the same gets capitalised in the respective block of PPE on the completion of their construction. No depreciation is charged till the asset is ready to use.

Advances made toward the acquisition or construction of any PPE outstanding at each reporting date are disclosed as capital advances under "Other non-current assets".

Intangible assets under development include computer software which is build / developed inhouse by the Corporation and are initially measured at cost. Such intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any.

d) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured at cost of acquisition. Identifiable intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits attributed to the asset will flow to the Corporation and the cost of the asset can be reliably measured. Computer software is amortised on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The amortisation of an intangible asset with a finite useful life reflects the manner in which the economic benefit is expected to be generated. The estimated useful life of amortisable intangibles are reviewed and where appropriate are adjusted, annually.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset on the date of disposal and are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised. Amortisation on addition to intangible assets or on disposal of intangible assets is calculated pro-rata from the month of such addition or up to the month of such disposal as the case may be.

Intangible assets under development('IAUD') includes intangible assets under implementation stage and not ready for intend use as on balance sheet date.

e) Investment property

Property that is held either for long term rental yield or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, used in the production or supply of goods or service or for administrative purpose is classified as investment property.

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The Corporation depreciates investment property over 30 years from the date of original purchase.

Though the Corporation measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in statement of profit and loss in the period of derecognition.

f) Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation:

The Corporation depreciates PPE over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of PPE are as follows:

Class of asset	Estimated useful life (in years)
Plant and equipment	10-15 years
Furniture and fixtures	10-16 years
Vehicles (scooters)	10 years
Vehicles (cars)	8 years
Computer hardware	3 years
Office equipment	5 years
Buildings	30 years
Leasehold lands	Lease period
Roads other than RCC	5 years
Development plantations	60 years
Mould and dies	5 years”

Amortisation:

The Corporation amortise intangible asset over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of intangible asset is as follows:

Class of asset	Estimated useful life (in years)
Computer software	3 years

g) Impairment of assets

(i) Non-financial assets

Intangible assets, right of use (‘ROU’) assets, investment property and PPE are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e., the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value in use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (‘CGU’) to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the standalone statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

(ii) Financial assets

The Corporation assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 “Financial Instruments” requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Corporation recognises lifetime expected losses for all trade receivables and contract assets that do not constitute a financing component. In determining the allowances for doubtful trade receivables and contract assets, the Corporation has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and is adjusted for forwardlooking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the receivables that are due and allowance rates used in the provision matrix. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-months expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the lifetime credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment, that includes forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due (inclusive of additional 60 days over and above 30 days rebuttable presumption, where the delay could be due to administrative oversight which is considered normal in the industry and/ or geographies where Company is operating).

Investment in subsidiaries and associates

Investment in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries and associates, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

h) Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs includes interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

i) Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and estimated net realisable value, after providing for obsolescence, wherever appropriate. The cost is determined on weighted average basis, and includes all cost included in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. In case of work in progress, cost also includes cost of conversion. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

i) Stores and spares are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is calculated on weighted average basis.

ii) Raw materials are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. The cost includes purchase price as well as incidental expenses and is calculated on weighted average basis.

iii) Tea stock is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Timber, coffee, pepper and cardamom in stock are designated as agricultural produce as per Ind AS 41 “Agriculture” and are measured at their fair value less cost to sell at the point of harvest. The fair valuation so arrived at becomes the cost of Inventory under Ind AS 2 “Inventories”.

iv) Work-in-progress and manufactured finished goods of all divisions are valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Cost is arrived on the basis of absorption costing.

v) Traded finished goods of all businesses are valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower.

vi) Real Estate under development comprises of freehold / leasehold land and buildings at cost, converted from fixed assets into stock-in-trade and expenses related / attributable to the development of the said properties. The same is valued at lower of cost or net realisable value.

j) Investments

Investments, which are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as non-current investments. On initial recognition, all investments are measured at cost. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

Current investments are carried in the standalone financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis.

Non-current investments including investment in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline other than temporary in the value of these investments. On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the standalone statement of profit and loss.

k) Income tax

Tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is measured by the amount of tax expected to be paid to the taxation authorities on the taxable profits after considering tax allowances and exemptions and using applicable tax rates and laws. Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the accounting base and the tax base for the year and quantified using the tax rates and tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as on the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in standalone financial statements, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction. Deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses are expected to be utilised. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Current tax and deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amount and there is an intent to settle the asset and liability on a net basis.

l) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Corporation by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Corporation and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period, are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

m) Income recognition

(i) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to depict the transfer of promised products to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Corporation expects to be entitled in exchange for those products. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of products - When a performance obligation is satisfied, the Company recognises as revenue the amount of the transaction price (which excludes estimates of variable consideration) that is allocated to that performance obligation. Transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Trade receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities - Trade Receivable is primarily comprised of billed and unbilled receivables (i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment is due) for which the Company has an unconditional right to consideration, net of an allowance for expected credit loss. A contract asset is a right to consideration that is conditional upon factors other than the passage of time. Contract assets are presented separately in the standalone financial statements and primarily relate to unbilled amounts on fixed-price contracts utilising the cost to cost method i.e. percentage of completion method (POCM) of revenue recognition. Contract liabilities consist of advance payments and billings in excess of revenues recognised.

The difference between opening and closing balance of the contract assets and liabilities results from the timing differences between the performances obligation and customer payment.

(ii) Other operating income

It includes revenue arising from the duty drawbacks, export incentives or revenue arising from Corporation's ancillary revenue-generating activities. Revenue from these activities are recorded only when Corporation is reasonably certain of such income.

(iii) Other income

a. Dividend income is recognised when the Corporation's right to receive the payment is established.

b. For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recognised using the effective interest method and on time proportion basis.

n) Employee benefits

Retirement benefits to employees comprise payments to provident funds, gratuity fund, compensated absence and superannuation fund.

i) Long-term employee benefits

a. Defined contribution plan - The Corporation has defined contribution plan for post employment benefits in the form of provident fund, employees' state insurance, pension and superannuation and labour welfare fund. Under the defined contribution plan, the Corporation has no further obligation beyond making the contributions. Such contributions are charged to the standalone statement of profit and loss as incurred.

b. Defined benefit plan - The Corporation has defined benefit plan for post employment benefits in the form of gratuity for its employees in India. Liability for defined benefit plan is provided on the basis of actuarial valuations, as at the balance sheet date, carried out by an independent actuary. The actuarial valuation method used by independent actuary for measuring the liability is the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains or losses are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI'). Further, the profit or loss does not include an expected return on plan assets. Instead net interest recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss is calculated by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The actual return on the plan assets above or below the discount rate is recognised as part of remeasurement of net defined benefit liability or asset through OCI. Remeasurement comprising of actuarial gains or losses and return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset) are not reclassified to standalone statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

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When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in the standalone statement of profit and loss. The Corporation recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

c. **Other long-term employee benefits** - The employees of the Corporation are also entitled to other long-term employee benefits in the form of compensated absences as per the policy of the Corporation. Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilised within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Corporation measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date. Actuarial gains and loss are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss during the period in which they arise.

ii) Short term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised in the year during which the employee rendered the services. These benefits include performance incentives. These benefits include compensated absences such as paid annual leaves and sickness leaves.

iii) Post-employment benefits

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund and superannuation fund are recognised as expenses in the period in which the employee renders the related service. In respect of certain employees, provident fund contributions are made to a Trust administered by the Corporation. The interest rate payable to the members of the trust shall not be lower than the statutory rate of interest declared by the Central Government under the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and shortfall, if any, shall be made good by the Corporation. In respect of contributions made to Government administered provident fund, the Corporation has no further obligations beyond its monthly contributions.

Superannuation fund - The eligible employees of the Corporation are entitled to receive post employment benefits in respect of superannuation fund in which the Corporation makes annual contribution at a specified percentage of the employee's eligible salary. Superannuation is classified as defined contribution plan as the Corporation has no further obligations beyond making the contribution. The Corporation's contribution to defined contribution plan is charged to the standalone statement of profit and loss as incurred.

o) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the Corporation has a present obligation as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made where there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Corporation or a present obligation that arises from the past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Provisions are reviewed regularly and are adjusted where necessary to reflect the current best estimates of the obligation. Where the Corporation expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, only when such reimbursement is virtually certain. Contingent asset is not recognised in the standalone financial statements. However, it is recognised only when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

p) Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

(i) Corporation as a lessee

The Corporation's lease asset class consists of leases for buildings and vehicles. The Corporation assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Corporation assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Corporation has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Corporation has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Corporation recognises a right of use asset ('ROU') and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Corporation recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised. The ROU assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e., the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit ('CGU') to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Corporation changes its assessment on whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liabilities and ROU assets have been separately presented in the standalone balance sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

(ii) Corporation as a lessor

Leases for which the Corporation is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases. When the Corporation is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sublease separately. The sublease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the ROU asset arising from the head lease. For operating leases, rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

q) Financial instruments

(i) Initial recognition and measurement - The Corporation recognises financial assets and liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets (excluding Trade Receivables) and liabilities are recognised at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised on the trade date.

Trade receivables are recognised at their transaction price unless those contain significant financing component determined in accordance with Ind AS 115 and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

Non derivative financial instruments

(a) Financial assets carried at amortised cost - A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') - A financial asset is subsequently measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') - A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

(d) Financial liabilities - Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

(iii) De-recognition of financial instruments

The Corporation derecognises a financial asset when the contractual right to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the group or the counterparty.

r) Biological assets

The Corporation has biological assets in the form of tea leaves and coffee fruits. Biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell, with any change therein recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss under 'other income' or 'other expenses', as the case may be.

s) Exceptional items

When items of income and expense within profit or loss from ordinary activities are of such size, nature or incidence that their disclosure is relevant to assist users in understanding the financial performance achieved and in making projections of future financial performance, the nature and amount of such material items are disclosed separately as exceptional items.

t) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, balance with banks in current account and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than three months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

u) Equity shares

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

v) Segment reporting

Segments are identified based on the manner in which the Corporation's Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM') decides about resource allocation and reviews performance.

Segment results that are reported to the CODM include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire PPE and intangible assets.

w) Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the standalone financial statements. Where the events are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting period, the amounts are not adjusted, but are disclosed if those non-adjusting events are material.

x) Dividend distribution to equity holders

The Corporation recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders of the Corporation when the distribution is authorised and then the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Corporation. As per corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders, unless it is interim dividend. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity (net of taxes).

y) Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets and disposal group of assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets (and disposal group) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

PPE and intangible assets once classified as held for sale/distribution are not depreciated or amortised. A disposal Corporation qualifies as discontinued operation if it is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and:

- Represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations,
- Is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations.

Discontinued operations are excluded from the results of continuing operations and are presented as a single amount as profit or loss after tax from discontinued operations in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Additional disclosures are provided in Note 41. All other notes to the financial statements mainly include amounts for continuing operations, unless otherwise mentioned.

1(G) Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from 1 April 2024.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

2.a Property, plant and equipment ('PPE')

Particulars	Gross carrying amount (at cost)					Accumulated depreciation/amortisation					Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2023	Additions	Adjustments #	Disposals ##	As at 31 March 2024	As at 1 April 2023	Charge for the year	Adjustments#	Disposals ##	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Owned assets												
Freehold land	507.41	28.91	(0.25)	-	**536.07**	-	-	-	-	**-**	**536.07**	**507.41**
Leasehold land	1.34	-	-	-	**1.34**	0.51	0.01	-	-	**0.52**	**0.82**	**0.83**
Buildings	512.65	23.53	(64.77)	(9.91)	**461.50**	105.85	30.40	(37.62)	(5.39)	**93.24**	**368.26**	**406.80**
Plant and equipment	4,389.84	181.75	(574.58)	(1.55)	**3,995.46**	1,567.66	354.43	(467.46)	(0.65)	**1,453.98**	**2,541.48**	**2,822.18**
Furniture and fixtures	427.05	8.96	(4.54)	(0.09)	**431.38**	110.71	18.94	(4.07)	(0.02)	**125.56**	**305.82**	**316.34**
Roads	298.37	-	(0.01)	-	**298.36**	191.00	-	(0.01)	-	**190.99**	**107.37**	**107.37**
Office equipment	76.30	16.29	-	(0.24)	**92.35**	35.09	11.33	-	(0.12)	**46.30**	**46.05**	**41.21**
Development plantations	3,556.97	98.54	-	(337.15)	**3,318.36**	597.12	85.65	-	(155.38)	**527.39**	**2,790.97**	**2,959.85**
Moulds and dies	1,097.67	38.70	-	-	**1,136.37**	788.76	115.19	-	-	**903.95**	**232.42**	**308.91**
Vehicles	184.85	47.29	(46.71)	(5.54)	**179.89**	36.07	24.59	(46.71)	(5.02)	**8.93**	**170.96**	**148.78**
Computer hardware	138.21	9.30	(0.45)	(63.45)	**83.61**	130.23	9.51	(0.45)	(60.56)	**78.73**	**4.88**	**7.98**
Right-of-use ('ROU') assets												
Leasehold property	325.07	60.85	-	-	**385.92**	129.30	62.74	-	-	**192.04**	**193.88**	**195.77**
Vehicles	125.94	-	-	-	**125.94**	125.29	0.64	-	-	**125.93**	**0.01**	**0.65**
Total	**11,641.67**	**514.12**	**(691.31)**	**(417.93)**	**11,046.55**	**3,817.59**	**713.43**	**(556.32)**	**(227.14)**	**3,747.56**	**7,298.99**	**7,824.08**

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Gross carrying amount (at cost)					Accumulated depreciation/amortisation					Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2022	Additions	Adjustments #	Disposals ##	As at 31 March 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Charge for the year *	Adjustments#	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Owned assets												
Freehold land	1,682.57	-	(1,150.34)	(24.82)	**507.41**	-	-	-	-	**-**	**507.41**	**1,682.57**
Leasehold land	1.32	-	0.02	-	**1.34**	0.50	0.01	-	-	**0.51**	**0.83**	**0.82**
Buildings	1,613.85	25.10	(330.42)	(795.88)	**512.65**	468.88	70.65	(197.76)	(235.92)	**105.85**	**406.80**	**1,134.29**
Plant and equipment	7,486.86	299.14	42.26	(3,438.42)	**4,389.84**	2,941.50	487.63	29.39	(1,890.86)	**1,567.66**	**2,822.18**	**4,225.12**
Furniture and fixtures	388.20	45.41	0.31	(6.87)	**427.05**	94.37	22.77	0.26	(6.69)	**110.71**	**316.34**	**293.83**
Roads**	298.75	-	0.00	(0.38)	**298.37**	191.38	-	0.00	(0.38)	**191.00**	**107.37**	**107.37**
Office equipment	92.83	26.18	-	(42.71)	**76.30**	42.96	11.96	-	(19.83)	**35.09**	**41.21**	**49.87**
Development plantations	4,259.45	451.36	-	(1,153.84)	**3,556.97**	648.23	108.05	-	(159.16)	**597.12**	**2,959.85**	**3,611.22**
Moulds and dies	986.13	113.39	-	(1.85)	**1,097.67**	665.12	124.10	-	(0.46)	**788.76**	**308.91**	**321.01**
Vehicles	181.36	36.01	3.44	(35.96)	**184.85**	24.72	24.21	3.44	(16.30)	**36.07**	**148.78**	**156.64**
Computer hardware	141.45	6.75	-	(9.99)	**138.21**	128.05	11.57	-	(9.39)	**130.23**	**7.98**	**13.40**
			-									
Right-of-use ('ROU') assets												
Leasehold property	222.76	114.89	-	(12.58)	**325.07**	78.65	56.24	-	(5.59)	**129.30**	**195.77**	**144.11**
Vehicles	125.94	-	-	-	**125.94**	122.80	2.49	-	-	**125.29**	**0.65**	**3.14**
Total	**17,481.47**	**1,118.23**	**(1,434.73)**	**(5,523.30)**	**11,641.67**	**5,407.16**	**919.68**	**(164.67)**	**(2,344.58)**	**3,817.59**	**7,824.08**	**11,743.39**

**Represents amount below the rounding off norms adopted by the corporation.

* Includes depreciation of discontinued operations of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 - ₹ 225.65).

Adjustments includes assets classified as held for sale [refer note 15(a)]

Freehold land: Gross value ₹ 0.25 (31 March 2023 - ₹ 1,150.34), accumulated depreciation ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 - ₹ Nil) and Written down value of ₹ 0.25 (31 March 2023 - ₹ 1,150.34)

Buildings: Gross value ₹ 64.77 (31 March 2023 - ₹ 335.19), accumulated depreciation ₹ 37.62 (31 March 2023 - ₹ 200.45) and Written down value of ₹ 27.15 (31 March 2023 - ₹ 134.74)

Plant and Machinery: Gross value ₹ 574.88 (31 March 2023 - ₹ Nil), accumulated depreciation ₹ 466.27 (31 March 2023 - ₹ Nil) and Written down value of ₹ 108.61 (31 March 2023 - ₹Nil)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Disposals include writeoff of development plantations and others (Gross value ₹ 387.03, accumulated depreciation ₹ 202.29 and Written down value of ₹ 184.74 for the year ended 31 March 2024).

PPE for the year ended 31 March 2023 includes amounts from continuing and discontinued operations. Refer note 41(d) for discontinued operations

There was no revaluation of PPE in current year and previous year.

Notes:

(a) Refer note 36 for disclosure on lease assets.

(b) For capital commitments, refer note 40(iii)

(c) Information on PPE maintained as security by the Corporation (also refer notes 17 and 20)

Class of asset	Net carrying amount		Loans / financing facilities against which assets are pledged
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Freehold land	407.50	22.61	Term loans from banks, non convertible debentures, cash credit / working capital demand loan, short term loans and packing credit.

(d) The title deed of the immovable properties, i.e., freehold land, leasehold land and buildings are held in the name of the Corporation.

2.b Capital work-in-progress

Particulars	As at 1 April 2023	Additions	Capitalised	Discontinued operation	As at 31 March 2024
Capital work-in-progress	240.89	29.90	(144.57)	-	126.22

Particulars	As at 1 April 2022	Additions *	Capitalised #	Discontinued operation	As at 31 March 2023
Capital work-in-progress	1,147.03	420.21	(524.04)	(802.31)	240.89

* Includes additions of discontinued operations amounting ₹ 227.82

Includes capitalisation with respect to discontinued operations amounting ₹ 129.40

Capital work-in-progress comprises of development plantation and machinery pending installation.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Ageing disclosure

The table below provides details regarding CWIP as at 31 March 2024:

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	29.90	76.32	20.00	-	**126.22**
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	**-**

The table below provides details regarding CWIP as at 31 March 2023:

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	123.52	54.45	62.92	-	**240.89**
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	**-**

There were no projects which have exceeded their original timeline or original budgeted cost as at 31 March 2024 and as at 31 March 2023, except for the following:

31 March 2024

Particulars	To be completed in				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Furnace in Dunsandle estate	69.73	-	-	-	**69.73**

31 March 2023

Particulars	To be completed in				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Furnace in Dunsandle estate	-	99.40	-	-	**99.40**

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

2.c Investment property

Particulars	Gross carrying amount				Accumulated depreciation				Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2023	Additions	Disposals	As at 31 March 2024	As at 1 April 2023	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Buildings	12.00	-	-	12.00	3.64	0.65	-	4.29	7.71	8.36
Total	**12.00**	**-**	**-**	**12.00**	**3.64**	**0.65**	**-**	**4.29**	**7.71**	8.36

Particulars	Gross carrying amount				Accumulated depreciation				Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2022	Additions	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Buildings	12.00	-	-	12.00	3.20	0.44	-	3.64	8.36	8.80
Total	**12.00**	**-**	**-**	**12.00**	**3.20**	**0.44**	**-**	**3.64**	**8.36**	**8.80**

The investment property consist of one flat (building) in Pune, Maharashtra, currently held for undetermined use. The Corporation has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment property and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements. There are no amounts recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss in relation to above investment property except depreciation amounting ₹ 0.65 (31 March 2023 ₹ 0.44). Depreciation is calculated using straight line method and useful life of building estimated by the management is 30 years.

The fair value of the investment property is ₹ 111.45 (31 March 2023: ₹ 111.32) which is derived from ready recokner rate notified by the government through the registrar office of Pune. The fair value of such investment property has not been determined by an independent registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017. The fair value measurement for investment property has been categorised as Level 2 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used.

There was no revaluation of investment property in current year and previous year.

2.d Intangible assets

Particulars	Gross carrying amount (at cost)				Accumulated amortisation				Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2023	Additions	Disposals	As at 31 March 2024	As at 1 April 2023	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Computer software	99.34	97.47	-	196.81	67.19	11.18	-	78.37	118.44	32.15
Total	**99.34**	**97.47**	**-**	**196.81**	**67.19**	**11.18**	**-**	**78.37**	**118.44**	**32.15**

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Gross carrying amount (at cost)				Accumulated amortisation				Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2022	Additions	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Computer software	78.65	20.69	-	99.34	50.19	17.00	-	67.19	32.15	28.46
Total	**78.65**	**20.69**	**-**	**99.34**	**50.19**	**17.00**	**-**	**67.19**	**32.15**	**28.46**

There was no revaluation of intangible assets in current year and previous year.

2.e Intangible asset under development ('IAUD')

Particulars	As at 1 April 2023	Addition	Capitalised	Adjustment#	As at 31 March 2024
Intangible asset under development	97.70	-	(97.47)	(0.23)	-

Adjustments pertains to writeoff

Particulars	As at 1 April 2022	Addition	Capitalised	Adjustment	As at 31 March 2023
Intangible asset under development	124.77	-	(27.07)	-	97.70

Intangible asset under development represents implementation of Enterprises Resource Planning (ERP) software which is installed by the Corporation during the year.

Ageing disclosure

1. The IAUD is ₹ Nil as at 31 March 2024
2. The table below provides details regarding IAUD as at 31 March 2023:

Particulars	Amount in IAUD for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	-	-	5.00	92.70	**97.70**
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	**-**

There is no IAUD whose completion is overdue or which has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

3 Investment in subsidiaries and associates

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Investment in equity instruments		
Investments in subsidiary companies (at cost/book value) - unquoted, fully paid		
76,050 (31 March 2023: 76,050) equity shares of Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited of face value of ₹ 100 each	**60.02**	*60.02*
20,000 (31 March 2023: 20,000) equity shares of DPI Products and Services Limited of face value of ₹ 100 each	**73.62**	*73.62*
47,113,500 (31 March 2023: 47,113,500) equity shares of Leila Lands Senderian Berhad of face value of Malaysian Ringgit ('RM') 1 each	**6,483.49**	*6,488.29*
9,865,982 (31 March 2023: 9,865,982) equity shares of Sea Wind Investment and Trading Company Limited of face value of ₹ 100 each [net of allowance for impairment ₹ 9607.49 (31 March 2023: ₹ 9,602.56)]	**258.49**	*263.42*
Investments in associate companies (at cost) - unquoted, fully paid		
4,999 (31 March 2023: 4,999) equity shares of Lima Investment and Trading Company Private Limited of face value of ₹ 100 each	**5.00**	*5.00*
244,991 (31 March 2023: 244,991) equity shares of Lotus Viniyog Private Limited of face value of ₹ 10 each	**24.50**	*24.50*
4,999 (31 March 2023: 4,999) equity shares of Cincinnati Investment and Trading Company Private Limited of face value of ₹ 100 each	**5.00**	*5.00*
4,999 (31 March 2023: 4,999) equity shares of Roshnara Investment and Trading Company Private Limited of face value of ₹ 100 each	**5.00**	*5.00*
1 (31 March 2023: 1) equity share of The Bombay Burmah Trading Employees' Welfare Co. Limited of face value of ₹ 100 *	**0.00**	*0.00*
2,24,000 (31 March 2023: 2,24,000) equity shares of National Peroxide Limited (NPL) of face value of ₹ 10 each (net of allowance for impairement ₹ 249.61 (31 March 2023: Nil) (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited) (refer note 3.1 below)	**1,523.07**	*1,772.68*
Investments in associate companies (at cost) - quoted, fully paid		
35,169,323 (31 March 2023: 35,071,373) equity shares of The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited (BDMC) of face value of ₹ 2 each	**24,520.87**	*24,402.40*
2,24,000 (31 March 2023: 2,24,000) equity shares of Naperol Investments Limited (NAIL) of face value of ₹ 10 each (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited) (refer note 3.1 below)	**1,772.68**	*1,772.68*
	34,731.74	*34,872.61*
Aggregate carrying value of quoted investments	**26,293.55**	*26,175.08*
Aggregate market value of quoted investments #	**57,794.22**	*22,692.65*
Aggregate carrying value of unquoted investments	**8,438.19**	*8,697.53*
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	**9857.10**	*9,602.56*

* includes amount less than INR 1,000. Also, these are post-employment benefit plan / other long-term employee benefit plan set up by the Corporation.

"Note 3.1 : Wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation i.e. Baymanco Investments Limited had purchased 8.60 lakh shares, 2 lakh shares and 1.08 lakh shares of National Peroxide Limited (NPL) on 06 January 2023, 09 January 2023 and 11 January 2023 respectively. With the acquisition of additional equity shares, NPL had become an associate of the Corporation effective 09 January 2023. Accordingly, the Corporation has recorded the investment in equity instruments in NPL at fair value through other comprehensive income upto 09 January 2023, reclassified to cost w.e.f said date. Pursuant to sanction from NCLT for Composite Scheme of Arrangement effective 11 September 2023

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

(appointed date 1 April 2022) by Naperol Investments Limited (""NAIL"") (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited) for demerger of Chemical business' undertaking into Resulting Company, namely National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited) (""NPL"") and amalgamation of Transferor Company, namely erstwhile Naperol Investments Limited into NAIL, 1 (One) fully paid-up equity share of ₹ 10 each in NPL for every 1 (One) fully paid-up equity share of ₹ 10 each held in NAIL had been issued to the shareholders of NAIL. Accordingly, beside NAIL, NPL had also become an associate of the corporation w.e.f. 9 January 2023. On the basis thereof, the cost of acquisition of NAIL of ₹ 3,545.36 lakhs as on the date of it becoming an associate had been split into NAIL and NPL equally into ₹ 1,772.68 lakhs and ₹ 1,772.68 lakhs respectively."

4 Investments (non-current)

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Investments in unquoted equity instruments at FVTOCI, fully paid		
48,000 (31 March 2023: 48,000) equity shares of Inor Medical Products Limited of face value of ₹ 10 each	**85.39**	*57.45*
11,580 (31 March 2023: 11,580) equity shares of BRT Limited of face value of ₹ 100 each	**295.90**	*268.53*
4,704 (31 March 2023: 4,704) equity shares of Citurgia Biochemicals Limited of face value of ₹ 10 each	**0.47**	*0.47*
1,774 (31 March 2023: 1,774) equity shares of Anamallaiars Ropeway Company Limited of face value of ₹ 100 each	**1.77**	*1.77*
100 (31 March 2023: 100) equity shares of The Shamrao Vithal Co-operative Bank Limited of face value of ₹ 100 each	**0.03**	*0.03*
10,000 (31 March 2023: 10,000) equity shares of Cosmos Co-operative Bank Limited of face value of ₹ 100 each	**10.00**	*10.00*
Investments in quoted equity instruments at FVOCI, fully paid		
500 (31 March 2023: 500) equity shares of Canara Bank Limited of face value of ₹ 10 each [fair value of ₹ 581.10 each (31 March 2023: ₹ 284.45 each)]	**2.91**	*1.42*
1,100 (31 March 2023: 1,100) equity shares of State Bank of India of face value of ₹ 1 each [fair value of ₹ 752.60 each (31 March 2023: ₹ 523.70 each)]	**8.28**	*5.76*
150 (March 31, 2023: Nil) equity shares of Tata steel limited of face value of ₹ 1 each [fair value of ₹ 152.90 each]	**0.23**	-
16 (31 March 2023: 16) equity shares of ACC Limited of face value of ₹ 10 each [fair value of ₹ 2,490.70 each (31 March 2023: ₹ 1,667.75 each)]	**0.40**	*0.27*
Investments in unquoted equity instruments of co-operative societies - at cost, fully paid		
NIL (31 March 2023: 1) share of The Coorg Orange Growers' Co-operative Society Limited of face value of ₹ 100*#	**-**	*0.00*
5 (31 March 2023: 5) shares of The Nilgiris Co-operative Central Stores Limited of face value of ₹ 50 each	**0.00**	*0.00*
10 (31 March 2023: 10) shares of Reena Park Co-operative Housing Society Limited of face value of ₹ 50 each	**0.01**	*0.01*
250 (31 March 2023: 250) shares of The Valparai Co-operative Wholesale Stores Limited of face value of ₹ 10 each	**0.03**	*0.03*

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₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
50 (31 March 2023: 50) shares of The Tanganyika Farmers' Co-operative Association Limited of face value of ₹ 1,000 each *#	-	0.02
Investments in unquoted government securities - at amortised cost		
10 (March 31, 2023: 10) units of National Savings Certificates VIII of ₹ 10,000 each	1.00	1.01
	406.42	346.77
Aggregate carring value of quoted investments	11.82	7.45
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	11.82	7.45
Aggregate carring value of unquoted investments	394.60	339.32

* represents amount less than ₹ 1,000.

Corporation has written down the investment in the above mentioned co-operative societies.

Refer note 38 for information on credit risk and market risk and fair value measurement.

5 Loans (non-current)

Unsecured, considered good		
Loans to related parties [refer note 47(c)]	-	12.00
Loans to employees	87.62	141.18
Intercorporate deposit ('ICD') receivable from related parties [refer note 47(c) and 45(b)(ii)]	-	24,500.00
	87.62	24,653.18
Includes loans due by directors or Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company amounting to ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: ₹ 12.00), either severally or jointly with any other person or firm. There are no loans due from private companies in which director is a partner or a director or a member		
There are no loan receivable which have significant increase in credit risk and credit impaired		
Refer note 38 for information on credit risk and market risk		
Includes due from related parties [refer note 47(c) and 45(b)(ii)]	-	24,500.00

6 Other financial assets (non-current)

Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposits	215.23	169.73
Bank deposits with maturity of more than 12 months from the reporting period	16.38	15.92
Other deposits and receivables	229.36	263.53
Less: allowance for impairment	(228.21)	(236.44)
	232.76	212.74

Refer note 38 for information on credit risk and market risk

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to bank deposits, as at the end of the reporting year and prior year.

*Other receivable includes receivable from vendors

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

7(a) Deferred tax assets (net)

(i) Movement in deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024

Particulars	As at 1 April 2023	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	As at 31 March 2024
Deferred tax liabilities				
Timing difference between book depreciation and depreciation as per the Income-tax Act, 1961	105.90	175.38	-	281.28
Other timing differences	-	78.17	-	78.17
(Deferred tax assets) *				
Indexation benefit on land	(221.37)	(0.00)	-	(221.37)
Allowance for expected credit loss on trade and non-trade receivables	(105.90)	(114.13)	-	(220.03)
Provision for employee benefits	-	(139.42)	-	(139.42)
Tax expense/(benefits)	**(221.37)**	**-**	**-**	**(221.37)**
Deferred tax assets (net)	**(221.37)**	**-**	**-**	**(221.37)**

Movement in deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

Particulars	As at 1 April 2022	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	As at 31 March 2023
Deferred tax liabilities				
Timing difference between book depreciation and depreciation as per the Income-tax Act, 1961	476.73	(370.83)	-	105.90
(Deferred tax assets) *				
Indexation benefit on land	(221.37)	-	-	(221.37)
Allowance for expected credit loss on trade and non-trade receivables	(169.55)	63.65	-	(105.90)
Provision for employee benefits	(307.18)	307.18	-	-
Tax expense/(benefits)	(221.37)	-	-	(221.37)
Deferred tax assets (net)	**(221.37)**	**-**	**-**	**(221.37)**

* Deferred tax assets (other than DTA on indexation benefit on land) have been recognised to the extent of deferred tax liabilities as there is no reasonable certainty of future taxable income against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Accordingly, no tax impact is considered on the items classified in OCI.

Significant management judgement is required in determining deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered. Any changes in future taxable income would impact the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

(ii) The Corporation has the following unused tax losses which arose on incurrence of business loss under the Income-tax Act, 1961, for which deferred tax assets has been recognised in the standalone balance sheet only to the extent of the deferred tax liabilities.

Financial year	Nature of loss	As at 31 March 2024	Expiry date	*As at 31 March 2023*	*Expiry date*
2015-16	Business loss	**339.26**	31 March 2024	*339.26*	*31 March 2024*
2016-17	Business loss	**661.09**	31 March 2025	*661.09*	*31 March 2025*
2017-18	Business loss	**1,308.46**	31 March 2026	*1,308.46*	*31 March 2026*
2018-19	Business loss	**2,198.78**	31 March 2027	*2,198.78*	*31 March 2027*
2021-22	Business loss	**150.08**	31 March 2030	*150.08*	*31 March 2030*
		4,657.67		*4,657.67*	

(iii) Temporary difference on which no deferred tax assets is recognised in balance sheet is amounting to ₹ 4,657.67 (31 March 2023: ₹ 4,657.67)

The Corporation offsets tax assets and tax liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off tax assets and tax liabilities and entity's intention is to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle liabilities simultaneously, and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities related to the income taxes levied by the same tax authorities.

As per Ind AS 12 "Income Taxes", a deferred tax asset ('DTA') shall be recognised for the carry forward of unused tax loss, unused tax credits and taxable timing differences to the extent it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax loss, unused tax credits and taxable timing differences can be utilised. Accordingly, DTA has been recognised only to the extent of deferred tax liabilities.

7(b) Income tax assets (net)

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Income tax assets [net of provision for tax ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: ₹ 95.56)]	**155.42**	*614.85*
	155.42	*614.85*

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

8 Other non-current assets

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Unsecured, considered good		
Capital advances	**179.54**	*76.91*
Others		
Prepaid expenses	**25.23**	*18.88*
Balances with government authorities	**-**	*9.47*
	204.77	*105.26*

9(a) Inventories

Raw materials #	**1,826.30**	*1,639.30*
Work-in-progress #	**1,046.93**	*771.63*
Finished goods*	**1,760.34**	*3,400.36*
Stock-in-trade*	**140.50**	*88.32*
Consumable stores and spares	**396.27**	*464.60*
Real estate inventory (finished goods/property)	**398.40**	*398.40*
	5,568.74	*6,762.61*

Write down of inventories to its net realisable value during the year is ₹ 12.56 (31 March 2023: ₹ Nil). There is no reversal of written down inventories during the year.

* include goods-in-transit of ₹ 408.28 (31 March 2023: ₹ 106.01)

Refer note 20 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Corporation.

The carrying value of inventories pledged as securities as at 31 March 2024 is ₹ 5,029.84 (31 March 2023: ₹ 6,275.89)

#includes inventory lying with third party for raw materials of ₹ 230.07 (31 March 2023: ₹ 232.25) and work in progress of ₹ 88.14 (31 March 2023: ₹ 98.92)

9(b) Biological assets other than bearer plants

I Reconciliation of carrying amount

Particulars	**As at 31 March 2024**		*AS at 31 March 2023*	
	Tea leaves	**Coffee fruits**	*Tea leaves*	*Coffee fruits*
Opening carrying value of biological assets	**108.36**	**-**	*78.30*	*-*
Add :				
(i) Increase due to harvesting done	**3,181.94**	**-**	*2,724.43*	*1,176.94*
Less :				
(i) Production during the year/changes due to biological transformation	**(3,183.07)**	**-**	*(2,695.56)*	*(1,176.94)*
(ii) Due to increase in production of leaves/ fruits on the bushes due to favourable weather conditions	**-**	**-**	*-*	*-*
(iii) Due to increase in number of plantations	**-**	**-**	*-*	*-*
(iv) Increase due to seasonal produce	**-**	**-**	*-*	*-*
(v) Changes due to biological transformation for harvest	**-**	**-**	*-*	*-*
(vi) Changes due to currency fluctuation	**(1.27)**	**-**	*1.19*	*-*
Closing carrying value of biological assets	**105.96**	**-**	*108.36*	*-*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		*AS at 31 March 2023*	
	Tea leaves	**Coffee fruits**	*Tea leaves*	*Coffee fruits*
The reconciliation of fair value changes is analysed below:				
Opening carrying value of biological assets	**108.36**	**-**	*78.30*	-
Variance due to price/rate movements	**(28.19)**	**-**	*18.76*	-
Variance due to currency fluctuation	**(1.27)**	**-**	*1.19*	-
Variance due to volume fluctuations:				
> Due to increase/(decrease) in production of leaves/fruits on the bushes due to favourable/unfavourable weather conditions	**27.06**	**-**	*10.11*	-
Closing carrying value of biological assets	**105.96**	**-**	*108.36*	-
Current	**105.96**	**-**	*108.36*	-
Non-current	**-**	**-**	-	-

"The physical quantities of tea leaves produced during the year and estimated quantity thereof at the end of reporting period is 168.18 lakhs kg (31 March 2023: 136.97 lakhs kg) and 4.77 lakhs kg (31 March 2023: 3.69 lakhs kg) respectively. The entire biological assets as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 classifies as mature biological assets."

"The physical quantities of coffee fruits produced during the year and estimated quantity thereof at the end of reporting period is Nil (31 March 2023: 29.68 lakhs kg) and Nil (31 March 2023: Nil) respectively."

Refer note 20 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Corporation.

II Measurement of fair value

i) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value measurements for tea leaves and coffee fruits has been categorised as Level 3 fair values based on the inputs to valuation technique used.

ii) Level 3 fair values

The following table shows a break up of the total (loss) / gain recognised in respect of level 3 fair values.

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Gain/(loss) included in the standalone statement of profit and loss	**(1.12)**	*28.87*
Change in fair value (realised)	**-**	-
Change in fair value (unrealised)	**(1.12)**	*28.87*

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

iii) Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

Type	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Tea leaves	Based on actual production of 11 days immediately succeeding the reporting date	Estimated trading price of tea leaves as at the reporting date i.e. 31 March 2024 ₹ 19.10 per kg (31 March 2023: ₹ 25.00 per kg)	The estimated fair valuation would increase/(decrease) if: - the production quantity for 11 days immediately after the reporting date changes - the trading prices of the tea leaves undergo a change
Coffee fruits	Based on estimated amount of coffee fruits to be plucked during the months of January to March each year	Average of high and low prices determined by The Coffee Board of India as at the reporting dates	The estimated fair valuation would increase/(decrease) if: - the budgeted production and estimated quantity to be plucked changes - the prices determined by the Coffee Board of India

III Risk management strategies related to agricultural activities

The Corporation is exposed to the following risks relating to its plantation activity

i) Regulatory and environmental risks

The Corporation is subject to laws and regulations in the country in which it operates. It has established various environmental policies and procedures aimed to comply with the local environmental and other laws.

ii) Supply and demand risks

The Corporation is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in the price and sales volume of produce (tea and coffee). When possible, the Corporation manages this risk by aligning its produce to market supply and demand. Management regularly analyses industry trend for projected produce and prices.

iii) Climate and other risks

The Corporation's plantations are exposed to the risk of damage from climatic changes, pests, forest fires and other natural forces. The Corporation has extensive processes in place aimed at monitoring and mitigating those risks, including regular estate health inspections and industrial pest surveys.

10 Trade receivables

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Unsecured		
- Considered good	**5,717.87**	*5,096.67*
- Credit impaired	**667.21**	*664.83*
Less: allowance for impairment loss*	**(667.21)**	*(664.83)*
	5,717.87	*5,096.67*
Due from director or other officers of the company	**-**	*-*
Due from private company in which director is a partner or a director or member	**-**	*-*
Dues from related parties [refer note 47(C)]	**39.22**	*24.97*

During the year, the Company made no write-offs of trade receivables, it does not expect to receive future cash flows or recoveries from trade receivables previously written off

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on credit terms in line with applicable industry norms.

Refer note 38 for information on credit risk and market risk

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Refer note 49(a) for ageing schedule

Refer note 20 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Corporation.

*The Corporation has impaired trade receivables amounting to ₹ 2.38 (31 March 2023 ₹ 22.18) from Go Airlines (India) Limited.

11(a) Cash and cash equivalents

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Balances with banks:		
In current accounts	**2,451.92**	*1,000.16*
In Exchange Earners' Foreign Currency ('EEFC') accounts	**105.71**	*381.49*
In foreign bank accounts held by foreign branches	**507.54**	*515.30*
In deposit accounts having original maturity of three months or less	**3,440.72**	*4,000.00*
Cash on hand	**2.93**	*7.66*
	6,508.82	*5,904.61*

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the reporting year and prior year.

There are no loan receivable which have significant increase in credit risk and credit impaired

Refer note 38 for information on credit risk and market risk

There are no significant cash and cash equivalents which will not be available for use by the company

11(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Unpaid dividend accounts	**62.12**	*70.50*
	62.12	*70.50*

This represents earmarked balance in respect of unpaid dividend

12 Loans (current)

Unsecured, considered good		
Advances to related parties [refer note 47(C)]	**7.49**	*7.44*
Loans to employees	**30.13**	*38.30*
Intercorporate deposit ('ICD') receivable from related parties [refer note 47 (C) and 45 (b)]	**-**	*10,000.00*
Unsecured, credit impaired		
Intercorporate deposit ('ICD') receivable from related parties [refer note 47 (C) and 45 (b)]	**8,500.00**	*8,500.00*
Less: allowance for impairment*	**(8,500.00)**	*(8,500.00)*
	37.62	*10,045.74*
Includes due from related parties [refer note 47(c)]	**-**	*18,500.00*

There are no loan receivable which have significant increase in credit risk

Refer note 38 for information on credit risk and market risk

Refer note 20 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Corporation.

*The corporation has impaired loan receivables amounting to ₹ 8,500.00 from Go Airlines (India) Limited during the previous year (refer note 54).

There are no loans due by directors or Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company, either severally or jointly with any other person or firm or private companies in which director or KMP is partner or a director or a member

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

13 Other financial assets (current)

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Unsecured, considered good		
Interest accrued on ICD to related parties and deposits to others [also refer note 47(C)]	**526.87**	*769.42*
Less: allowance for impairment #	**(497.53)**	*(497.53)*
Other receivables *	**128.75**	*25,211.30*
Receivables from related parties [also refer note 47(C)]	**369.63**	*339.01*
Security deposits	**17.55**	*17.67*
Bank deposits having remaining maturity less than 12 months	**1.00**	*1.00*
	546.27	*25,840.87*

Refer note 38 for information on credit risk and market risk

* Includes receivable for sale of assets of coffee division amounting ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: ₹ 25,111.40) and receivable on sale of windmill unit amounting to ₹ 96.70 (31 March 2023: ₹ 80.57)

The corporation has impaired interest receivables amounting to ₹497.53 from Go Airlines (India) Limited during the previous year (refer note 54).

No loans due by directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or amounts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.

14 Other current assets

Unsecured, considered good		
Advances other than capital advances		
Advances to suppliers	**355.54**	*391.39*
Advances to employees	**23.95**	*37.39*
Prepaid expenses	**109.40**	*189.75*
Balances with government authorities	**1,193.32**	*1,308.81*
Balances with employee benefit fund	**2.90**	*2.90*
	1,685.11	*1,930.24*

Refer note 20 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Corporation.

No advances to directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons or advances to firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.

15 Assets / liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
a) Assets classified as held for sale		
Property, plant and equipments classified as held for sale	**123.28**	*1,249.47*
	123.28	*1,249.47*
b) Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale		
Advances received for assets classified as held for sale	**317.86**	*371.54*
	317.86	*371.54*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

During the year, Board of Directors had approved divestment of assets on 18 April 2023 related to Tea Plantations at Tanzania for a total consideration amounting to ₹ 985.00 lakhs (USD 1.2 Million), subject to adjustments, as applicable. Further such consideration has been revised to ₹ 910.12 lakhs (USD 1.1 Million), as approved by the Board in their meeting held on 10 November 2023. These assets have been classified as assets held for sale as it meets the criteria laid down under Indian Accounting Standard 105, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations". There is no requirement to recognise impairment loss as the expected fair value of these assets are higher than its carrying value.

During the previous year, the Board of directors of the corporation at its meeting held on 23 November 2022 had approved sale of its plots situated at Chennai District, Tamil Nadu namely; Plot No. 342, 343 and 114. The total consideration agreed was ₹ 307.50,₹ 329.74 and ₹ 758.49 respectively. The cost to sell these assets is ₹ 28.21. These assets had been classified as assets held for sale as it meets the criteria laid down under Indian Accounting Standard 105, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. The Corporation has recognised impairment loss of ₹ 35.61 as at 31 March 2023 based on agreement sales value.

16 Equity share capital

a Authorised share capital

Particulars	**As at 31 March 2024**	*As at 31 March 2023*
75,000,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 2 each (31 March 2023: 75,000,000)	**1,500.00**	*1,500.00*
Total	**1,500.00**	*1,500.00*

b Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital

69,771,900 equity shares of face value of ₹ 2 each (31 March 2023: 69,771,900)	**1,395.44**	*1,395.44*
Forfeited shares (amount originally paid-up)	**0.83**	*0.83*
Total	**1,396.27**	*1,396.27*

c Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Equity shares		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	**69,771,900**	*69,771,900*
Issued during the year	**-**	*-*
Outstanding at the end of the year	**69,771,900**	*69,771,900*

d Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity share

The Corporation has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 2 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per equity share. The Corporation declares and pays dividends in INR. The dividend (refer note 43) proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Corporation, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive assets of the Corporation remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of fully paid-up equity shares held by the shareholders.

e Aggregate number of bonus shares issued or buy back of shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date

The Corporation has neither issued bonus shares nor there has been any buy back of shares during five years immediately preceding 31 March 2024.

f Shares issued for consideration other than cash

The Corporation has not issued any shares for consideration other than cash.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

g The details of promoters' and promoters' group shareholding in the Corporation is set out below:

As at 31 March 2024	No. of shares	% holding in class	% change during the year
Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	27,189,144	38.97%	*0.00%
Nusli Neville Wadia	6,980,356	10.00%	0.00%
Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited) (refer note 3.1)	6,585,117	9.44%	0.00%
Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	2,268,742	3.25%	0.00%
Macrofil Investments Limited	2,076,682	2.98%	0.00%
N N Wadia (Admin of Estate of Lt. E.F. Dinshaw)	239,990	0.34%	0.00%
Sahara Investments Private Limited	166,317	0.24%	0.00%
Heera Holdings And Leasing Private Limited	149,213	0.21%	0.00%
Nidhivan Investments And Trading Company Private Limited	146,609	0.21%	0.00%
Go Investments & Trading Private Limited	112,625	0.16%	0.00%
Varnilam Investments and Trading Company Limited	34,500	0.05%	0.00%
Ness Nusli Wadia	21,600	0.03%	0.00%
Nessville Trading Private Limited	17,500	0.03%	0.00%
Maureen Nusli Wadia	8,500	0.01%	0.00%
Jehangir Nusli Wadia	3,500	0.01%	0.00%
New Point Enterprises Limited	950	0.00%	0.00%
Wallace Brothers Trading and Industrial Limited	5,660,700	8.11%	0.00%
Ben Nevis Investments Mauritius Limited	1,000	0.00%	0.00%
Total	**51,663,045**	**74.04%**	**0.00%**

As at 31 March 2023	No. of shares	% holding in class	% change during the year
Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	*27,190,144*	*38.97%*	*0.00%*
Nusli Neville Wadia	*6,980,356*	*10.00%*	*0.00%*
Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited) (refer note 3.1)	*6,585,117*	*9.44%*	*0.00%*
Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	*2,268,742*	*3.25%*	*(44.93)%*
Macrofil Investments Limited	*2,076,682*	*2.98%*	*820.18%*
N N Wadia (Admin of Estate of Lt. E.F. Dinshaw)	*239,990*	*0.34%*	*0.00%*
Sahara Investments Private Limited	*166,317*	*0.24%*	*0.00%*
Heera Holdings And Leasing Private Limited	*149,213*	*0.21%*	*0.00%*
Nidhivan Investments And Trading Company Private Limited	*146,609*	*0.21%*	*0.00%*
Go Investments & Trading Private Limited	*112,625*	*0.16%*	*0.00%*
Varnilam Investments and Trading Company Limited	*34,500*	*0.05%*	*0.00%*
Ness Nusli Wadia	*21,600*	*0.03%*	*0.00%*
Nessville Trading Private Limited	*17,500*	*0.03%*	*0.00%*
Maureen Nusli Wadia	*8,500*	*0.01%*	*0.00%*
Jehangir Nusli Wadia	*3,500*	*0.01%*	*0.00%*
New Point Enterprises Limited	*950*	*0.00%*	*0.00%*
Wallace Brothers Trading and Industrial Limited	*5,660,700*	*8.11%*	*0.00%*
Total	*51,663,045*	*74.04%*	*0.00%*

*Represents change below rounding off norms.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders / members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the shareholding detailed here represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

Wallace Brothers Trading and Industrial Limited (WBTIL) has filed a statement with SEBI in July 2023 declaring itself as promoters group of the Corporation since 1997. Thereafter, the Corporation has filed revised shareholding details with NSE and BSE, declaring WBTIL as a member of the promoter group retrospectively, from the year 1997

The Corporation also declares that it has not entered into any transactions with WBTIL and hence, there has been no impact on the published standalone financial statements of the corporation since 1997 and disclosure made, other than the above revised disclosure, as a result of WBTIL being a related party.

h Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Corporation

Name of the shareholder	As at 31 March 2024		*As at 31 March 2023*	
	No. of shares	**% holding in the class**	*No. of shares*	*% holding in the class*
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid-up				
Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	**27,189,144**	**38.97%**	*27,190,144*	*38.97%*
Nusli Neville Wadia	**6,980,356**	**10.00%**	*6,980,356*	*10.00%*
Wallace Brothers Trading & Industrial Limited	**5,660,700**	**8.11%**	*5,660,700*	*8.11%*
Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited) (refer note 3.1)	**6,585,117**	**9.44%**	*6,585,117*	*9.44%*

i Shares held by the group

The Corporation does not have any holding company or ultimate holding company hence the disclosure requirement for the shares held by them and subsidiary and associates of such holding and ultimate holding company is not applicable.

17 Borrowings (non-current)

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Secured		
Non-convertible debentures [refer note 20(a)]	-	*4,911.70*
Term loans from banks (refer footnote a to e)	**588.88**	*14,595.69*
	588.88	*19,507.39*

Footnotes:

a) Rupee term loans from The Shamrao Vithal Co-operative Bank Limited ('SVC Bank') of ₹ 10,000.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 8,656.25)], the loan of ₹ 5,000.00 was secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Elkhill estates in favour of SVC Bank, which has been prepaid in April 2023 and the charge on assets has been released and another loan of ₹ 5,000.00 was secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of SVC Bank, which has been prepaid on 24 November 2023 and the charge on the assets has been released. The rate of interest on the loans was ranging from 9.00% to 10.50% per annum ('p.a.').

b) Rupee term loan from Cosmos Co-operative Bank Limited ('Cosmos Bank') of ₹ 5,000.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 5,000.00)], the loan was secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of Cosmos Bank, which has been prepaid in 24 November 2023 and the charge on the assets has been released. The rate of interest on the loan was ranging from 9.00% to 10.50% p.a.

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

c) Rupee term loan from IDFC First Bank Limited ('IDFC Bank') of ₹ 5,000.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 3,750.00)], the loan was secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of IDFC Bank, which has been prepaid on 24 November 2023 and the charge on the assets has been released. The rate of interest on the loan was ranging from 9.00% to 10.50% p.a.

d) Rupee term loan from CSB Bank Limited ('CSB Bank') was converted to IDFC First Bank Limited ('IDFC Bank') in January 2023 amounting to ₹ 3,125.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 3,125.00)], the loan was secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of IDFC First Bank Limited, which has been prepaid in 24 November 2023 and the charge on the assets has been released. The rate of interest on the loan is ranging from 9.00% to 10.50% p.a.

e) Rupee term loan from Mahindra & Mahindra Financial Services Limited ('MMFSL') of ₹ 2,500.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ 2,241.14 (31 March 2023 - ₹ Nil)], which is repayable in 19 monthly instalments starting from February 2024. The loan is secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Electromags Unit in favour of MMFSL. The rate of interest on the loan is ranging from 10.00% to 11.00% p.a. Part of loan amounting to ₹ 1,649.06 which is repayable within next one year is classified under "Borrowings (current)" (refer note 20).

Details of repayment terms

Period of maturity with reference to standalone balance sheet date	**Number of instalments outstanding as at 31 March 2024**	**Amount***
Term loan [refer footnote (e) above]	17 monthly	2,241.14

* This amount is exclusive of EIR impact as per Ind AS 109 "Financial instruments" amounting ₹ 13.22

The Corporation has used the borrowings for the specific purpose for which it was availed during current and previous year.

There is no default in repayment of borrowings and interest during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

Refer note 38 for information on credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk

18 Other financial liabilities (non-current)

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Security deposits payable	-	*0.60*
	-	*0.60*

Refer note 38 for information on liquidity risk and market risk

19 Provisions (non-current)

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity [refer note 37(B)(1)(c)]	**1,111.61**	*1,003.37*
	1,111.61	*1,003.37*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

20 Borrowings (current)

Secured		
Non-Convertible Debentures [refer footnote (a) and (b)]	**4,994.82**	*7,491.15*
Cash credit / working capital demand loan ('WCDL'), short term loans and packing credit from banks [refer footnote (e) to (i) and (l)]	**1,650.00**	*8,149.92*
'Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer footnotes (c) and (d) and note 17)	**1,639.04**	*15,630.71*
Unsecured		
ICD from related parties [refer footnote (j) and note 47]	**26,000.00**	*37,500.00*
Commercial papers [refer footnote (k)]	**-**	*6,921.72*
	34,283.86	*75,693.50*

Footnotes:

a) Principal protected market linked Unlisted Non-convertible debentures ('PP-NCD') aggregating to ₹ 5,000.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ 5,000.00 (31 March 2023 ₹ 5,000.00)] were issued on 28 March 2023 by way of private placement. PP-NCD's are repayable on 23rd April, 2024. PP-NCD's are secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of the Mitcon Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited (debenture trustee). The coupon range of PP-NCD is 9.25% to 9.75% p.a. payable quarterly.

b) Non-convertible debentures ('NCD-II') aggregating to ₹ 7,500 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 7,500.00)] were issued on 28 September 2020 and listed on Wholesale Debt Market segment of BSE. NCD-II were repayable on 28 September 2023. The NCD-II have a Put and Call option excercisable at the end of every 1 year, starting from 28 September 2021. NCD-II were secured by way of first pari passu charge created by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Elkhill estates in favour of the IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (debenture trustee). The coupon rate of NCD-II is 8.80% p.a. payable quarterly.

c) Non-convertible debentures ('NCD') aggregating to ₹ 10,000 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 5,000.00)] were issued on 30 April 2020 by way of private placement and listed on Wholesale Debt Market segment of BSE. NCD's worth ₹ 5,000 has been repaid on 30 April 2023. NCD's were secured by first pari passu charge created by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Elkhill estates in favour of debenture trustee. The coupon rate of NCD is 8.80% p.a. payable quarterly.

d) Principal protected market linked Non-convertible debentures ('PPML-NCD') aggregating to ₹ 5,000 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 5,000.00)] were issued on 25 October 2021 by way of private placement and listed on wholesale debt market segment of BSE. PPML-NCD were repayable on 25 January 2024. PPML-NCD are secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of the Debenture trustee. The coupon rate of PPML-NCD is 7.25% p.a. payable at maturity.

e) Packing credit/Cash credit / WCDL / Short Term Loan from The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited of ₹ 1,650.00 (31 March 2023 ₹ 1,000.00) is secured by hypothecation of present and future stocks, book debts on pari-passu basis. The rate of interest on the loan is ranging from 9.00% to 11.00% p.a.

f) Cash credit / WCDL from Axis Bank Limited ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 2,352.00) was secured by hypothecation of present and future stocks, trade receivables (book debts) and other current assets on pari-passu basis. The rate of interest is ranging from 9.00% to 11.00% p.a.

g) Cash credit / WCDL from HDFC Bank Limited ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 1,100.47) was secured by hypothecation of present and future stocks, book debts on pari-passu basis. The rate of interest on the loan is ranging from 9.00% to 11.00% p.a.

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

h) Packing credit / WCDL / short term loan from Federal Bank Limited of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 1,730.02) was secured by hypothecation of present and future stocks, book debts and other current assets on pari-passu basis. The rate of interest on the packing credit is 6 Months LIBOR (London Inter-bank Offered Rate) + 1.00 - 3 .00% and other loan is 9.00% -11.00% p.a.

i) Cash credit / Overdraft from IDFC FIRST Bank Limited of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 1,966.88) was secured by way of first pari passu charge created by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates. The rate of interest is 12 Months MCLR (Marginal Cost of Lending Rate) + 0.50% to 2.00%.

j) The rate of interest on ICD is ranging from 8.75% to 9.25% p.a. (31 March 2023: 8.75% to 9.25% p.a.)

k) The Company has outstanding commercial paper of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 7,000.00) which carried coupon rate of 8.00% to 9.00%.

l) Cash credit (CC) loan is repayable on demand.

m) The outstanding amount in above footnotes are exclusive of EIR impact as per Ind AS 109 "Financial instruments"

The Corporation has used the borrowings for the specific purpose for which it was availed during current and previous year.

There is no default in repayment of borrowings and interest during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

Refer note 38 for information on credit risk liquidity risk and market risk.

Refer note 52 (b) on Borrowing secured against current assets.

Cash flow changes in liabilities arising from financial activities

Particulars	Lease liabilities	Current and Non-Current Borrowings
As at 1 April 2022	**143.33**	**101,100.61**
Non cash movement: Additions to lease liabilities (net)	107.27	-
Cash flows (net)	(50.06)	(5,899.72)
As at 31 March 2023	**200.54**	**95,200.89**
Non cash movement: Additions/(Deletion) to lease liabilities (net)	60.85	-
Cash flows (net)	(56.39)	(60,328.15)
As at 31 March 2024	**205.00**	**34,872.74**

21 Trade payables

	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 42)	**459.86**	*259.42*
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	**2,045.87**	*1,947.23*
	2,505.73	*2,206.65*

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and normally settled in line with applicable industry norms.

Refer note 38 for information on credit risk liquidity risk and market risk

Refer note 49(b) for ageing schedule

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₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

22 Other financial liabilities (current)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Creditors for capital goods	**10.11**	*10.11*
Interest accrued but not due [also refer note 47(C)]	**521.57**	*1,292.70*
Unpaid dividends (Unclaimed)*	**62.12**	*70.50*
Security deposits payable to other than related parties	**89.08**	*84.18*
Expenses payable to		
Related parties [refer note 47(C)]	**33.53**	*33.27*
Other than related parties	**326.21**	*333.38*
Employee related payables	**820.68**	*1,397.15*
	1,863.30	*3,221.29*

*There are no amounts due and outstanding to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

Unclaimed dividend, if any, has been transferred to investor education and protection fund as and when become due

Unpaid dividends are related to:

Year	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
2015-16	**-**	*14.79*
2016-17	**14.37**	*14.62*
2017-18	**9.86**	*10.15*
2018-19	**8.19**	*8.43*
2019-20	**7.39**	*7.72*
2020-21	**7.37**	*7.85*
2021-22	**6.56**	*6.94*
2022-23	**8.38**	*-*
Total	**62.12**	*70.50*

Refer note 38 for information on credit risk liquidity risk and market risk

23 Other current liabilities

Revenue received in advance [refer note 48(g)]	**100.38**	*116.44*
Statutory dues payables	**524.22**	*555.38*
	624.60	*671.82*

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₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

24 Provisions (current)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Provision for employee benefits:		
Gratuity [refer note 37(B)(1)(c)]	**504.39**	*386.88*
Compensated absences [refer note 37(C)(b)]	**372.15**	*333.26*
VRS compensation	**-**	*522.03*
Provision for taxation	**1,701.02**	*1,092.22*
	2,577.56	*2,334.39*
Movement of provision for taxation		
Opening balance	**1,092.22**	-
Provision during the year (including tax relating to earlier period)	**608.80**	*1,092.22*
Closing balance	**1,701.02**	*1,092.22*
Movement of VRS compensation		
Opening balance	**522.03**	-
(Paid)/recognised during the year	**(522.03)**	*522.03*
Closing balance	**-**	*522.03*

25 Revenue from continuing operations

	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
A.	**Revenue from contracts with customer**		
	Sale of products (also refer note 48)	**25,799.01**	*24,070.67*
B.	**Other operating income**		
	Sale of scrap	**199.38**	*258.17*
	Duty drawback	**117.88**	*80.08*
	Export incentives/subsidy	**-**	*28.83*
	Income from sale of windmill units (electricity)	**15.39**	*21.00*
		332.65	*388.08*
	Grand total	**26,131.66**	*24,458.75*
	Reconciliation between contract price and revenue from contracts with customer		
	Contract price	**26,449.28**	*24,636.12*
	Less: Sales return	**(167.45)**	*(198.53)*
	Less; Discounts	**(482.82)**	*(366.92)*
	Revenue from contracts with customer	**25,799.01**	*24,070.67*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

26 Other income from continuing operations

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		
- With banks	**123.69**	*92.21*
- With others	**1,874.76**	*3,805.58*
Rent received	**8.07**	*7.85*
Net gain on foreign currency transactions	**62.13**	*75.66*
Dividend income	**9,769.80**	*4,901.01*
Liabilities / provisions no longer required written back / reversed	**43.58**	*36.30*
Gain in fair value of biological assets other than bearer plants [refer note - 9(b)]	**-**	*28.87*
Interest income on income tax refund	**55.52**	*38.15*
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	**185.32**	-
Other non-operating income*	**20.61**	*23.87*
	12,143.48	*9,009.50*

*Other non-operating income mainly includes scrap sales

27 Cost of materials consumed from continuing operations

Opening inventory	**1,639.30**	*1,400.21*
Add : Purchases during the year	**13,439.66**	*12,374.35*
Less: Closing inventory	**(1,826.30)**	*(1,639.30)*
	13,252.66	*12,135.26*

28 Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Opening inventory:		
Finished goods (including stock-in-trade)	**3,488.68**	*3,393.03*
Work-in-progress	**771.63**	*614.23*
Real estate inventory	**398.40**	*398.40*
Closing inventory:		
Finished goods (including stock-in-trade)	**1,900.84**	*3,488.68*
Work-in-progress	**1,046.93**	*771.63*
Real estate inventory	**398.40**	*398.40*
Changes in inventories:		
Finished goods (including stock-in-trade)	**1,587.84**	*(95.65)*
Work-in-progress	**(275.30)**	*(157.40)*
Real estate inventory	**-**	-
Less: Changes in inventories on account of discontinued operations (also refer note 41)	**(1,652.15)**	*(63.44)*
	(339.61)	*(316.49)*

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₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

29 Employee benefits expense from continuing operations*

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Salaries and wages	**8,209.51**	*7,353.25*
Contributions to provident and other funds [refer note 37(A)]	**663.59**	*663.99*
Staff welfare expenses	**377.15**	*317.74*
Expenses related to post employment defined benefit plan and compensated absences [refer note 37(B)(2) and 37 (c)(b)]	**531.45**	*514.57*
	9,781.70	*8,849.55*

* includes amount paid to KMP amounting to ₹ 877.00 (31 March 2023: ₹ 805.86) [refer note 47(D)]

30 Finance costs from continuing operations

Interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost as per effective interest rate	**6,180.15**	*8,716.41*
Interest on lease liabilities [refer note 36(a)]	**20.65**	*18.62*
	6,200.80	*8,735.03*

31 Depreciation and amortisation expense from continuing operations

Depreciation of PPE (refer note 2.a)	**650.05**	*635.30*
Depreciation of ROU assets (refer note 2.a)	**63.38**	*58.73*
Depreciation of investment property (refer note 2.c)	**0.65**	*0.44*
Amortisation of other intangible assets (refer note 2.d)	**11.18**	*17.00*
	725.26	*711.47*

32 Other expenses from continuing operations

Consumption of stores and spare parts	**921.43**	*943.55*
Power and fuel	**1,309.63**	*1,224.98*
Rent * [refer note 36(a)]	**51.30**	*52.09*
Repair and maintenance		
Buildings	**77.85**	*69.47*
Plant and equipment	**200.85**	*211.59*
Others	**90.73**	*101.11*
Insurance expenses	**119.57**	*122.89*
Rates and taxes	**179.99**	*120.69*
Office and administration expenses	**138.77**	*118.16*
Travelling and conveyance	**337.00**	*320.85*
Selling and distribution expenses	**707.14**	*722.64*
Legal and professional fees	**968.00**	*945.00*
Brand equity and shared expenses	**93.93**	*121.77*
Auditor's remuneration (refer note 33)	**83.91**	*46.51*
Sub-Contracting Charges and Processing charges	**1,869.16**	*1,776.85*
Corporate social responsibility ('CSR') expenditure (refer note 44)	**4.86**	*7.70*
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	**-**	*34.80*
Impairement allowance on investment in associates	**254.54**	*-*
Property, plant and equipment written off	**184.97**	*36.09*
Miscellaneous expenses	**341.64**	*362.83*
	7,935.27	*7,339.57*

* Pertains to rental for short term and low value leases.

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₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

33 Auditor's remuneration (excluding goods and services tax)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
As auditors:		
Audit fees and limited review fees [Including branch auditors fees ₹ 8.89 (31 March 2023: ₹ 5.17)]	**45.74**	*38.67*
One time additional fees	**28.00**	-
In other capacity:		
Other services (certification fees)	**5.29**	*5.38*
Reimbursement of expenses	**4.88**	*2.46*
	83.91	*46.51*

34 Earnings per share (EPS)

Earnings per share has been computed as under:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Loss attributable to equity shareholders from continuing operations	**(364.69)**	*(22,924.07)*
(Loss)/Profit attributable to equity shareholders from discontinued operations	**(223.28)**	*23,802.67*
Weighted average number of outstanding equity shares	**69,771,900**	*69,771,900*
Basic and Diluted losses per share (in ₹) from continuing operations	**(0.52)**	*(32.84)*
Basic and Diluted (losses)/earnings per share (in ₹) from discontinued operations	**(0.32)**	*34.10*
Basic and Diluted (losses)/earnings per share (in ₹) from continuing and discontinued operations	**(0.84)**	*1.26*

35 Tax expense

(a) Expense recognised in standalone statement of profit or loss relating to continuing operation

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current tax		
Current tax on profits for the year from continuing operations	**700.00**	-
Tax relating to earlier period	**121.14**	-
	821.14	-
Deferred tax expense (also refer note 7(a)		
In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences	**-**	-
	-	-
Total tax expense for the year on continuing operation	**821.14**	-

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Expense recognised in profit or loss relating to discontinued operation

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	-	850.00
Tax relating to earlier period	-	-
	-	850.00
Deferred tax expense (also refer note (7b)		
In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
	-	-
Total tax expense for the year on discontinued operation	-	850.00

(b) Expense recognised in OCI

Deferred tax expense (also refer note (7a)		
Deferred tax expense	-	-
	-	-

(c) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by Indian tax rate

Accounting profit/(loss) before income tax from continuing operations	456.45	(4,301.80)
Applicable Indian statutory income tax rate (in %)	25.17%	25.17%
Computed expected tax expense	114.89	(1,082.76)
Tax effect of:		
Tax effect of amount which are not deductible in calculating taxable income	585.11	1,082.76
Tax relating to earlier period	121.14	-
Deferred tax expense	-	-
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss from continuing operations	821.14	-

Accounting (loss)/profit before income tax from discontinued operations	(223.28)	280.16
Exceptional gain from sale of discontinued operations (net)	-	24,372.51
Applicable Indian statutory income tax rate (in %)	25.17%	25.17%
Computed expected tax expense	(56.20)	6,205.08
Tax effect of:		
Tax effect of amount which are taxable/(allowable) in calculating taxable income	56.20	(5,355.08)
Income tax expense recognised In profit or loss from discontinued operations	-	850.00

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₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

36 Leases

The disclosures required in accordance with Ind AS 116 "Leases" are as follows:

(a) Corporation as a lessee

The Corporation's leased assets primarily consists of leases for office premises and vehicles having different lease terms. There are several lease agreements with extension and termination options, for which management exercise significant judgement in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised. Since it is reasonable certain to exercise extension option and not to exercise termination option, the Corporation has opted to include such extended term and ignore termination option in determination of lease term. Further, Corporation is not exposed to any variable lease payments or residual value guarantee.

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Depreciation of ROU assets	**63.38**	*58.73*
Interest expense on lease liabilities	**20.65**	*18.62*
Expense relating to short term and low value leases	**51.30**	*52.09*
Principal payment of lease liabilities	**56.39**	*31.44*
Additions to ROU assets	**60.85**	*114.89*

Amounts recognised in standalone balance sheet:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Carrying amount of ROU assets		
- Leasehold property	**193.88**	*195.77*
- Vehicles	**0.01**	*0.65*

Lease liabilities	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Non-current	**143.33**	*197.94*
Current	**61.67**	*2.60*

The incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 9.00% p.a. (31 March 2023: 9.00% p.a.)

The details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at reporting date on an undiscounted basis are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Within one year	**78.24**	*56.18*
Later than one year and not later than five years	**73.77**	*92.22*
Later than five years	**253.69**	*263.93*

(b) Corporation as a lessor

Lease rental receipts recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss is ₹ 8.07 (31 March 2023: ₹ 7.85).

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

37 Employee benefits plan

(A) Defined contribution plans

Amounts recognised as an expense in the standalone statement of profit and loss are as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Employer's contribution to provident fund	**578.41**	*580.09*
Employer's contribution to superannuation fund [refer note 47(B)]	**85.18**	*83.90*
Total	**663.59**	*663.99*

Above figures are excluding amounts pertaining to discontinued operations for the year ended 31 March 2024 of ₹ 9.8 and for the year ended 31 March 2023 of ₹78.55. Employer's contribution towards employees' state insurance and labour welfare fund, which is insignificant, have been included in the line item "Contribution to providend fund and other funds" in note 29. Also, the contribution of the Corporation is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual or constructive obligation.

(B) Defined benefit plans - Gratuity:

The Corporation has The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund and The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund which are funded defined benefit plans for qualifying employees.

(i) In respect of covenanted staff covered under The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund: The gratuity scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees based on a combination of factors such as length of service and manner of cessation of service viz. retirement, death / disability, termination. In such case, lump sum payment will be made for an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of 6 months subject to the maximum amount payable as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

(ii) In respect of non-covenanted staff covered under The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund. The gratuity scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of 6 months subject to the maximum amount payable as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

Vesting under the above scheme occurs only upon completion of 5 years of service, except in case of death or disability. The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost are measured using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuation being carried out at each standalone balance sheet date.

Risk

Factor	Impact
Withdrawals	Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawals rates at subsequent valuations can impact the obligation.
Discount rate	Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the obligation.
Mortality and disability	Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the obligation.
Salary increase	Actual salary increases will increase the obligation. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the obligation.
Investment	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

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₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

The following tables summarise the components of defined benefit expense recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for gratuity plans:

1 Reconciliation of net defined benefit obligation

(a) Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation ('DBO')

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
DBO at the beginning of the year	**4,371.45**	*4,000.04*
Net provision pertaining to discontinued operations derecognised	**-**	*(387.43)*
Service cost	**331.23**	*326.54*
Interest cost	**326.24**	*243.61*
Benefits settled	**(436.35)**	*(396.50)*
Actuarial gain due to demographic assumption changes	**(3.89)**	*(0.01)*
Actuarial loss/(gain) due to financial assumptions	**72.36**	*(90.00)*
Actuarial (gain)/loss due to experience adjustments	**(247.69)**	*675.20*
DBO at the end of the year	**4,413.35**	*4,371.45*

(b) Reconciliation of present value of plan asset

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Plan assets at the beginning of the year	**2,981.20**	*2,914.02*
Expected return on plan assets	**213.16**	*204.59*
Return on assets excluding interest income	**68.40**	*(70.14)*
Contributions to funds [refer note 47(B)]	**423.11**	*328.69*
Benefit settled	**(888.52)**	*(395.96)*
Plan assets at the end of the year	**2,797.35**	*2,981.20*

(c) Reconciliation of net DBO:

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Present value of DBO at the end of the year	**4,413.35**	*4,371.45*
Plan assets at the end of the year	**2,797.35**	*2,981.20*
Liability recognised in the balance sheet	**(1,616.00)**	*(1,390.25)*
Bifurcation of net liability:		
Current	**504.39**	*386.88*
Non-current	**1,111.61**	*1,003.37*

2 Amount recognised in standalone statement of profit or loss:

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Current service cost	**331.23**	*326.54*
Interest cost	**326.24**	*243.61*
Expected return on plan assets and contribution	**(213.16)**	*(204.59)*
Expenses recognised in standalone statement of profit or loss	**444.31**	*365.56*

3 Amount recognised in OCI:

Actuarial (gain)/loss on DBO	**(179.22)**	*585.19*
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	**(68.40)**	*70.14*
(Gain)/loss recognised in OCI	**(247.62)**	*655.33*

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

4 Maturity profile of DBO on an undiscounted basis:

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
1 year	**786.93**	*655.83*
2 to 5 years	**1,811.34**	*1,685.85*
6 years and above	**4,287.08**	*4,884.63*

5 Investment details: (% invested)

Central Government securities	**1.71%**	*1.62%*
Insurer managed funds	**97.98%**	*98.00%*
Others (including bank balances)	**0.31%**	*0.38%*
	100.00%	*100.00%*

6 Principal actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate (% p.a.)	**7.20%**	*7.10% - 7.55%*
Estimated rate of return on plan assets	**7.10% - 7.48%**	*7.10% - 7.48%*
Attrition rate (in %)	**5.00%**	*2.00% - 7.00%*
Salary escalation rate (% p.a.)	**7.00%**	*6.00% - 7.00%*
Retirement age (in years)	**58.00**	*58.00*
Average future service (in years)	**9.00**	*12.04 - 15.86*
Mortality rate	**Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14)**	*Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14)*

These assumptions were developed by the management with the assistance of independent actuarial appraiser. Discount factors are determined close to each year end by reference to government bonds of relevant economic markets and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Other assumptions are based on management's historical experience. The estimates of future salary growth rate considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.

7 The Corporation expects to make a contribution of ₹ 504.39 (31 March 2023: ₹ 386.88) to the defined benefit plans during the next financial year.

8 The weighted average duration of the DBO at the end of the reporting period ranges between 9.00 to 11.00 years (31 March 2023: 11.14 to 11.43 years).

9 Sensitivity analysis

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, salary growth rate, attrition rate and mortality rate. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of the sensitivity analysis is given below:

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Particulars		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
(i)	**Discount rate**		
	Discount rate +100 basis points	**(205.54)**	*(217.58)*
	Discount rate -100 basis points	**223.46**	*242.58*
(ii)	**Salary escalation rate**		
	Salary rate +100 basis points	**222.61**	*243.28*
	Salary rate -100 basis points	**(203.93)**	*(222.34)*
(iii)	**Attrition rate**		
	Attrition rate +100 basis points	**(7.53)**	*(10.16)*
	Attrition rate -100 basis points	**7.65**	*11.07*

The sensitivity analysis due to change in mortality rate by 10% is insignificant.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the DBO as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

(C) Compensated absences:

Leave entitlement is payable to the employees on separation from the entity due to death, retirement, superannuation or resignation.

The Leave encashment benefit is payable to all the eligible employees at the rate of daily salary, subject to a maximum of 90 days (aged upto 40), 180 days (aged 40 to 50) & 240 days (aged 50+).

The Corporation's liability on account of compensated absences is not funded.

(a) Following are the principal assumptions used as at the balance sheet date:

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Discount rate (% p.a.)	**7.20%**	*7.10% - 7.55%*
Salary escalation rate (% p.a.)	**7.00%**	*7.00%*
Attrition rate (in %)	**5.00%**	*7.00%*

(b) Movement during the year

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
At the beginning of the year	**333.26**	*205.95*
Recognised during the year	**87.14**	*149.01*
Paid during the year	**(48.25)**	*(21.70)*
At the end of the year	**372.15**	*333.26*
Bifurcation of net liability:		
Current	**372.15**	*333.26*
Non-current	**-**	*-*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

38 Financial instruments

A. Categories of financial instruments

31 March 2024	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets (other than investment in subsidiaries and associates)								
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	6,508.82	6,508.82	-	-	6,508.82	6,508.82
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	62.12	62.12	-	-	62.12	62.12
Non-current investments	-	405.38	1.04	406.42	11.82	393.56	1.04	406.42
Loans (current and non-current)	-	-	125.24	125.24	-	-	125.24	125.24
Trade receivables (current and non-current)	-	-	5,717.87	5,717.87	-	-	5,717.87	5,717.87
Other financial assets	-	-	779.03	779.03	-	-	779.03	779.03
Total	**-**	**405.38**	**13,194.12**	**13,599.50**	**11.82**	**393.56**	**13,194.12**	**13,599.50**
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	34,872.74	34,872.74	-	-	34,872.74	34,872.74
Lease liabilities	-	-	205.00	205.00	-	-	205.00	205.00
Trade payables	-	-	2,505.73	2,505.73	-	-	2,505.73	2,505.73
Other financial liabilities	-	-	1,863.30	1,863.30	-	-	1,863.30	1,863.30
Total	**-**	**-**	**39,446.77**	**39,446.77**	**-**	**-**	**39,446.77**	**39,446.77**

31 March 2023	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets (other than investment in subsidiaries and associates)								
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	5,904.61	5,904.61	-	-	5,904.61	5,904.61
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	70.50	70.50	-	-	70.50	70.50
Non-current investments	-	345.70	1.07	346.77	7.45	338.25	1.07	346.77
Loans (current and non-current)	-	-	34,698.92	34,698.92	-	-	34,698.92	34,698.92
Trade receivables (current and non-current)	-	-	5,096.67	5,096.67	-	-	5,096.67	5,096.67
Other financial assets	-	-	26,053.61	26,053.61	-	-	26,053.61	26,053.61
Total*	**-**	**345.70**	**71,825.38**	**72,171.08**	**7.45**	**338.25**	**71,825.38**	**72,171.08**
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	95,200.89	95,200.89	-	-	95,200.89	95,200.89
Lease liabilities	-	-	200.54	200.54	-	-	200.54	200.54
Trade payables	-	-	2,206.65	2,206.65	-	-	2,206.65	2,206.65
Other financial liabilities	-	-	3,221.89	3,221.89	-	-	3,221.89	3,221.89
Total	**-**	**-**	**100,829.97**	**100,829.97**	**-**	**-**	**100,829.97**	**100,829.97**

*Amounts disclosed are net of impairement

There have been no transfers amongst the levels of fair value hierarchy during the year.

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the standalone financial statements on a recurring basis, the Corporation determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values:

1. Fair value of cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, other current financial assets / liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments. These are classified as Level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.
2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Corporation based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counter-party. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts. These are classified as Level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.
3. The fair values for deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using lending rate on the date of initial recognition. The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments and are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. Accordingly, all these are classified as Level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.
4. Investment in quoted equity instruments are classified as Level 1 fair values in the fair value hierarchy. Investments in unquoted equity instruments of companies are classified as Level 2 fair values in the fair value hierarchy as valuation of these instruments is based on the recent market transactions and investment in co-operative societies and government securities are classified as Level 3 fair values.

B. Fair value hierarchy and method of valuation

The Corporation uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). For level 3 financial instruments the fair values have been determined based on present values and the discount rates used were adjusted for counterparty or own credit risk.

Details of financial assets and liabilities considered under Level 3 classification

Lease liabilities	**31 March 2024**	*31 March 2023*
Balance at the beginning of the year	**200.54**	*143.33*
Principal payment of lease liabilities	**(56.39)**	*(31.44)*
Interest payment of lease liabilities	**(20.65)**	*(18.62)*
Interest expense on lease liability	**20.65**	*18.62*
Recognition of lease liability	**60.85**	*88.65*
Balance at the end of the year	**205.00**	*200.54*

The impact of additions, deletions and gain or loss on profit or loss and OCI for security deposits and other payables is negligible.

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

C. Financial risk management

The Corporation has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

i) Credit risk

ii) Liquidity risk

iii) Market risk

Risk management framework

The Corporation's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Corporation's risk management framework. The Board of Directors has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Corporation's risk management policies. The committee reports regularly to the Board of Directors on its activities.

The Corporation's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Corporation, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Corporation's activities. The Corporation, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Corporation's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Corporation. The Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit function. Internal audit function includes both regular and adhoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Audit Committee.

i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Corporation if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises from cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets as well as credit exposures to customers including outstanding receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets.

Trade receivables

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due to the Corporation causing financial loss. It arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions, security deposits, loans given and principally from credit exposures to customers relating to outstanding receivables. The Corporation's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at reporting date.

The Corporation continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by the Corporation, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and / or reports on customers and other counterparties are obtained and used. The Corporation's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

In respect of trade and other receivables, the Corporation is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any company of counterparties having similar characteristics. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers in various geographical areas. The Company has very limited history of customer default, and considers the credit quality of trade receivables for evaluation of expected credit loss. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

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₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Other financial assets

The Corporation periodically monitors the recoverability and credit risks of its other financial assets. The Corporation evaluates 12 months expected credit losses for all the financial assets for which credit risk has not increased. In case credit risk has increased significantly, the Company considers life time expected credit losses for the purpose of impairment provisioning. The Corporation has considered financial condition, current economic trends, forward looking macroeconomic information, analysis of historical bad or doubtful receivables and ageing of receivables related to cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, margin deposits, security deposits, finance lease assets and other financial assets. In most of the cases, risk is considered low since the counterparties are reputed organisations with no history of default to the Company and no unfavourable forward looking macro economic factors. Wherever applicable, expected credit loss allowance is recorded.

Expected credit loss for trade receivables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024				*As at 31 March 2023*			
	Gross trade receivables	Expected loss rate	Expected credit loss	Net trade receivables	*Gross trade receivables*	*Expected loss rate*	*Expected credit loss*	*Net trade receivables*
Less than 6 months	5,555.85	0.00%	-	5,555.85	*4,747.04*	*0.20%*	*(9.59)*	*4,737.45*
6 months-1 year	58.99	4.03%	(2.38)	56.61	*187.27*	*5.07%*	*(9.49)*	*177.78*
1-2 years	85.64	22.27%	(19.07)	66.57	*205.24*	*14.66%*	*(30.09)*	*175.15*
2-3 years	60.69	36.00%	(21.85)	38.84	*47.02*	*98.15%*	*(46.15)*	*0.87*
More than 3 years	623.91	100.00%	(623.91)	-	*574.93*	*99.06%*	*(569.51)*	*5.42*
Total	6,385.08		(667.21)	5,717.87	*5,761.50*		*(664.83)*	*5,096.67*

The following table summarises the change in the loss allowance on trade receivables measured using expected credit loss model:

As at 31 March 2023	664.83
Provision created during the year	2.38
As at 31 March 2024	**667.21**

The following table summarises the change in the allowance of impairment on other financial assets

As at 31 March 2023	733.97
Provision reversed during the year	(8.23)
As at 31 March 2024	**725.74**

The following table summarises the change in the allowance of impairment on Intercorporate deposit ('ICD') (refer note 54)

As at 31 March 2023	8,500.00
Provision created during the year	-
As at 31 March 2024	**8,500.00**

The following table gives details in respect of percentage of revenues generated from top customer and top five customers of continuing operations:

Particulars	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
Revenue from top customer	**7.01%**	*5.42%*
Revenue from top five customers	**30.49%**	*23.98%*

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Corporation manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Corporation manages its liquidity needs by monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for financial liabilities as well as forecast cash inflow and outflows due in day to day business. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management.

The following table highlights the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting dates. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments.

As at 31 March 2024	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows			
		On demand	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	34,872.74	-	34,283.86	588.88	-
Lease liabilities	205.00	-	78.24	73.77	253.69
Trade payable	2,505.73	-	2,505.73	-	-
Other financial liabilities	1,863.30	-	1,863.30	-	-

As at 31 March 2023	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows			
		On demand	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	95,200.89	4,702.92	70,990.58	19,507.39	-
Lease liabilities	200.54	-	56.18	92.22	263.93
Trade payable	2,206.65	-	2,206.65	-	-
Other financial liabilities	3,221.89	-	3,221.29	-	0.60

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables, foreign currency payables and borrowings.

The Corporation is exposed to the following components of market risk:

a) Foreign currency risk

b) Interest rate risk

c) Price risk

a) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Corporation primarily deals in United States Dollars ('USD') , Great Britian Pound ('GBP') and 'EURO'. The Corporation mainly has foreign currency trade payables and trade receivables which are unhedged and exposed to foreign currency risk. The Corporation evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions and follows established risk management policies. There are earnings from customers in foreign currency which act as a natural hedge against foreign currency risk.

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₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period are as under:

As at 31 March 2024	USD-INR equivalent	EURO-INR equivalent	GBP-INR equivalent	JPY-INR equivalent
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	86.87	-	18.84	-
Trade receivables	1,248.50	49.78	246.50	-
	1,335.37	**49.78**	**265.34**	**-**
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	4.42	-	-	10.99
	4.42	**-**	**-**	**10.99**
Net exposure to foreign currency risk	**1,330.95**	**49.78**	**265.34**	**(10.99)**

As at 31 March 2023	USD-INR equivalent	EURO-INR equivalent	GBP-INR equivalent	JPY-INR equivalent
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	267.79	17.61	96.10	-
Trade receivables	1,267.79	151.08	252.42	-
	1,535.58	**168.69**	**348.52**	**-**
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	28.33	-	-	-
	28.33	**-**	**-**	**-**
Net exposure to foreign currency risk	**1,507.25**	**168.69**	**348.52**	**-**

The above currency risk exposure does not include PCFC loan availed amounting to Nil (31 March 2023: ₹ 230.02) [USD: Nil (31 March 2023: 0.28 Million)] as there exists a natural hedge against the currency risk in respect of such loan.

Corporation has accumulated net exposure to foreign currency risk amounting to ₹ 1,635.08 (31 March 2023: ₹ 2024.46).

Sensitivity to foreign currency risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity in USD, EURO, GBP, Japanese Yen ('JPY') and Singapore Dollar ('SGD') with all other variables held constant. The below impact on the Corporation's profit or loss before tax is based on changes in the fair value of unhedged foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities as at balance sheet date:

As at 31 March 2024	Impact on profit or loss	
	Strengthening	**Weakening**
10% movement		
USD	**(133.10)**	**133.10**
EURO	**(4.98)**	**4.98**
GBP	**(26.53)**	**26.53**
JPY	**1.10**	**(1.10)**

As at 31 March 2023	*Impact on profit or loss*	
	Strengthening	*Weakening*
10% movement		
USD	*(150.72)*	*150.72*
EURO	*(16.87)*	*16.87*
GBP	*(34.85)*	*34.85*

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

b) Interest rate risk

The Corporation's policy is to minimize interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. The Corporation's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Corporation's variable rate borrowings. The Corporation is not exposed to changes in market interest rates in so far it relates to fixed rate borrowings.

Below is the overall exposure of the Corporation to interest rate risk:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Fixed-rate borrowings	**30,994.82**	*66,736.53*
Variable-rate borrowings	**3,877.92**	*28,464.36*

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of borrowings affected. With all other variable held constant, the Corporation's profit before tax is affected through the impact on variable rate borrowings, as follows:

Particulars	Gain / (loss) on profit before tax			
	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
Variable-rate instruments				
Variable-rate borrowings	(38.78)	38.78	(284.64)	284.64

c) Price risk

Exposure from investments in equity instruments

The Corporation's exposure to price risk arise from investments in equity instruments classified in the balance sheet at FVTPL or FVOCI. To manage its price risk arising from investments, the Corporation diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Corporation.

Senstivity

The table below summarise the impact of increase/decrease of the index on the Corporation's equity and standalone statement of profit and loss. The analysis is based on the assumption that the price of the instrument has increase by 2% or decreased by 2% with all other variables held constant.

Particulars	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
Investments		
Market prices - Increase by 2%	**8.11**	*6.91*
Market prices - Decrease by 2%	**(8.11)**	*(6.91)*

39 Capital management

The Corporation's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Board of Directors seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

The Corporation monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'total capital.' For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings (including interest accrued), excluding inter-group borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents.

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₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

The Corporation's gearing ratio is as follows:

Particulars	**31 March 2024**	*31 March 2023*
Total borrowings	**34,872.74**	*95,200.89*
Interest accrued	**521.57**	*1,292.70*
Less: Inter-group borrowings (including interest)	**(26,504.54)**	*(38,084.69)*
Less : Cash and cash equivalent	**(6,508.82)**	*(5,904.61)*
Adjusted net debt	**2,380.95**	*52,504.29*
Total equity	**19,432.65**	*20,585.88*
Total capital	**19,432.65**	*20,585.88*
Gearing ratio (including inter-group borrowings)	**1.49**	*4.40*
Gearing ratio (excluding inter-group borrowings)	**0.12**	*2.55*

"The capital gearing ratio has changed due to substantial payment of debts and normal increase in total equity during the current year. All loan covenants have been met and there is no non-compliance relating to any borrowings."

40 Contingent liabilities and capital commitments

(i) Contingent liabilities classified as claims against the company not acknowledged as debt:

a) Sundry claims against the Corporation by employees and others not admitted (amount indeterminate). In the opinion of the management, the outcome of these claims is likely to be immaterial.

b) Damages and interest on alleged unauthorised occupation of residential premises determined by the Estate Officer of Life Insurance Corporation of India up to 31 March 2024 and disputed by the Corporation ₹ 136.35 (31 March 2023: ₹ 136.35).

c) The Corporation had received 2 demand notices for differential lease rent in respect of Singampatti estate rent being arrears aggregating to ₹ 23,192.58 (31 March 2023: ₹ 23,192.58) for the period from 1958 to 2019. The Corporation has challenged the said demands by way of writ petition before Madras High Court and the said demands have been stayed by the Honorable High Court.

d) Matters under dispute in respect of the Electromags Automotive Products Private Limited (amalgamated with the Corporation in past years) for earlier years are:

- relating to income tax demand of ₹ 6.52
- relating to custom and sales tax demand of ₹ 9.19

e) Income tax matter under dispute of A.Y. 2017-18 ₹ 86.48 (31 March 2023 : ₹ 86.48).

f) The Corporation has received an intimation of tax ascertained as being payable under section 73(5) of the Goods and Service Tax Act (GST Act) amounting to ₹ 2,004.64 in respect of sale of Akurdi land concluded in March, 2022. As per the tax department's contention the sale of land is a transfer of leasehold rights covered by Goods and Service Tax Act and hence, GST is applicable on such transaction.

The Company contests and has argued that all the rights pertaining to the land & building have been effectively transferred and the said sale transaction is outside the purview of GST Act. The Company has filed protest letter contesting the liability and deposited ₹ 1,453.97 under protest in April, 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

(ii) Contingent liabilities classified as other money for which the company is contingently liable:

a) The Supreme court of India in the month of February 2019 had passed a judgement relating to definition of wages under The Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. However, considering that there are numerous interpretative issues relating to this judgement and in the absence of reliable measurement of the provision for the earlier periods, the Corporation has made a provision for provident fund contribution pursuant to the judgement. The Corporation will evaluate its position and update its provision, if required, on receiving further clarity on the subject. The Corporation does not expect any material impact of the same.

(iii) Capital commitments:

a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account to the extent not provided for (net of advances) is ₹ 126.81 (31 March 2023 : ₹ 42.48).

Notes:

i) It is not practicable for the Corporation to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of the respective proceedings.

ii) The amounts disclosed above represent the best possible estimates arrived at on the basis of available information and do not include any penalty payable.

41 Discontinued operation

a) Disposal of Coffee business

During the previous year, the Corporation had divested its coffee business to Orange County Resorts and Hotels Private Limited by way of itemised sale for a consideration of ₹ 29,105.

Hence, the exceptional gain for the year ended 31 March 2023 amounting to ₹ 24,372.51 on such transfer are presented separately in the standalone statement of profit and loss, under Indian Accounting Standard 105, Non-current Assets Held tor Sale and Discontinued Operations after netting off the expenses incurred against sale consideration.

b) The results for coffee business for the year are presented below -

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Profit for the year from discontinued operation		
Revenue including other income	**1,832.30**	*2,106.14*
Expenses	**2,055.58**	*1,825.98*
(Loss)/profit before tax	**(223.28)**	*280.16*
Exceptional gain - surplus on sale of assets on transfer of coffee business	**-**	*24,809.16*
Exceptional loss on compensation under voluntary retirement scheme on transfer of coffee business	**-**	*(436.65)*
Income tax expense (refer note 35)	**-**	*(850.00)*
Profit after tax	**(223.28)**	*23,802.67*

c) Cash flows from discontinued operation

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Net cash generated/(used) from operating activities	**897.27**	*(270.34)*
Net cash generated from investing activities	**25,111.40**	*4,000.00*
Net cash generated from financing activities	**-**	-
Net cash generated from discontinued operation	**26,008.67**	*3,729.66*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

d) Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Gross carrying amount				Accumulated depreciation				Disposals of impairment charged in prior periods	Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2022	Additions	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 1 April 2023	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Freehold land	24.82	-	24.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.82
Buildings	784.47	-	784.47	-	207.33	27.90	235.23	-	10.68	-	577.14
Plant and equipment	2,986.80	-	2,986.80	-	1,648.99	168.17	1,817.16	-	320.24	-	1,337.81
Furniture and fixtures	0.12	-	0.12	-	0.11	-	0.11	-	-	-	0.01
Roads	0.38	-	0.38	-	0.38	-	0.38	-	-	-	0.00
Office equipment	25.62	-	25.62	-	2.57	2.43	5.00	-	-	-	23.05
Development plantations	1,024.45	129.40	1,153.85	-	135.32	23.84	159.16	-	-	-	889.13
Vehicles	32.83	-	32.83	-	10.93	2.77	13.70	-	-	-	21.90
Computer hardware	4.01	-	4.01	-	3.17	0.54	3.71	-	-	-	0.84
Total	**4,883.50**	**129.40**	**5,012.90**	**-**	**2,008.80**	**225.65**	**2,234.45**	**-**	**330.92**	**-**	**2,874.70**

Note: There are no property, plant and equipment in discontinued operation as at 31 March 2024.

e) Capital work in progress

Particulars	As at 1 April 2022	Additions	Capitalised	Sale	As at 31 March 2023
Capital work in progress	703.89	227.82	129.40	802.31	-

Note: There is no CWIP in discontinued operation during the year ended 31 March 2024.

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

42 Details of dues to micro, small and medium enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006

Particulars				31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
(i)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	a)	Principal	**459.78**	*258.76*
		b)	Interest	**0.08**	*0.66*
(ii)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year	a)	Principal	**-**	-
		b)	Interest	**-**	-
(iii)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006			**-**	-
(iv)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	a)	Total interest accrued	**0.08**	*0.66*
		b)	Total interest unpaid	**0.08**	*0.66*
(v)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purposes of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	Includes ₹ 0.08 lakhs being interest on dues outstanding to MSME's as at 31 March 2024 beyond the appointed date. Corporation has made payment to certain MSMEs during the current year beyond the appointed date. Such payments were made without adding interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006.			

The management has identified enterprises which qualify under the definition of micro enterprises and small enterprises, as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006, basis the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on request made by the Company. Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at year end has been made in the standalone financial statements based on the information received and available with the Corporation and has been relied upon by the statutory auditors.

43 Dividend

After the reporting date, the dividend of ₹ 837.26 [₹ 1.2 (60%) per share of face value of ₹ 2] was proposed by the Board of Directors, which is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting:

The following dividend was paid by the Corporation:

Particulars	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
Final dividend paid on 04 October 2023 for the year ended 31 March 2023 @ ₹ 1.20 (60%) per share (31 March 2022: ₹ 1.20 (60%) per share)	**837.26**	*837.26*
	837.26	*837.26*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

44 Corporate social responsibility ('CSR')

As per section 135 of the Act, and rules therein, the Corporation is required to spend at least 2% of its average net profits for three immediately preceding financial years towards CSR activities. The Corporation has CSR committee as per the Act. The funds are utilised on the activities which are specified in Schedule VII of the Act. Details of CSR expenditure are as follows:

Particulars		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
a)	Gross amount required to be spent by the Corporation pursuant to section 135(5) of the Act	-	-
b)	Amount of expenditure incurred		
	(i) Construction / acquisition of any asset		
	(ii) On purpose other than (i) above	**4.86**	*7.70*
c)	Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
d)	Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
e)	Reason for shortfall	**Not applicable**	*Not applicable*
f)	Nature of CSR activities	Maintenance of road, residential buildings and water supply to residential buildings	

The Corporation's spent towards CSR does not involve any long term projects and accordingly, disclosure requirements relating to ongoing projects is not applicable as at reporting dates.

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

45a. Disclosure as per Regulation 53(1)(f) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Loans and advances in the nature of loans given to subsidiaries, associates and others:

Name of the loanee	Amount outstanding as at		Maximum balance outstanding during the year		Investment (number of shares held) by the loanee in the shares of Corporation and its subsidiary companies	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Subsidiary company						
Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited	-	-	-	54.33	-	-
DPI Products and Services Limited	17.49	7.44	17.49	68.54	Subsidiary of Corporation - 400,000 equity shares	Subsidiary of Corporation - 400,000 equity shares
Sea Wind Investment and Trading Corporation Limited	-	-	-	1,548.51	-	-
Associate company						
Go Airlines (India) Limited *	8,500.00	8,500.00	8,500.00	32,537.13	-	-
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	-	34,500.00	34,763.71	34,798.98	Corporation - 2,268,742 equity shares	Corporation - 2,268,742 equity shares

The Corporation had given the loans to above-mentioned borrowers for meeting their business requirements.

*The corporation has impaired loan receivable from Go Airlines (India) Limited (Refer note 54)

45b. Disclosures as per section 186 of the Act

(i) Investments made during the year

Name of the investee	Investment made during the year ended 31 March 2024	*Investment made during the year ended 31 March 2023*
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	**118.47**	*130.45*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

(ii) Loans

Name of the borrower	Rate of interest for the year ended 31 March 2024	Term	Secured / unsecured	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	Amount given during the year
The Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Company Limited	10.00%	700 days	Unsecured	-	5,000.00	-
The Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Company Limited	10.00%	715 days	Unsecured	-	5,000.00	-
The Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Company Limited	10.00%	730 days	Unsecured	-	24,500.00	-
Go Airlines (India) Limited #	10.00%	365 days	Unsecured	6,000.00	6,000.00	-
Go Airlines (India) Limited #	10.00%	730 days	Unsecured	2,500.00	2,500.00	-

The corporation has impaired loan receivable from Go Airlines (India) Limited during the previous financial year (refer note 54).

Note:

The Corporation had given the loans to above-mentioned borrowers for meeting their business requirements.

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

46 Segment information

The Corporation has opted to present data related to its segments in the consolidated financial statements, in accordance with Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments". No disclosures regarding segments are therefore presented in these standalone financial statements.

47 Related party relationships, transactions and balances

In accordance with the requirement of Ind AS 24 "Related Party Disclosures", name of the related parties, their relationship, transactions and outstanding balances including commitments where control exists and with whom transactions have taken place during the reported period are as follows:

A List of related parties

a) Subsidiaries and step down subsidiaries

I) Subsidiaries

1 Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited
2 DPI Products and Services Limited
3 Sea Wind Investment and Trading Corporation Limited
4 Leila Lands Senderian Berhad

II) Step down subsidiaries

1 Subham Viniyog Private Limited
2 Naira Holdings Limited
3 Island Horti-Tech Holdings Pte. Limited
4 Leila Lands Limited
5 Restpoint Investments Limited
6 Baymanco Investments Limited
7 Island Landscape and Nursery Pte. Limited
8 Innovative Organics Inc. (upto 24 May, 2023)
9 ABI Holding Limited
10 Britannia Brands Limited
11 Associated Biscuits International Limited
12 Dowbiggin Enterprises Pte. Limited
13 Nacupa Enterprises Pte. Limited
14 Spargo Enterprises Pte. Limited
15 Valletort Enterprises Pte. Limited
16 Bannatyne Enterprises Pte. Limited
17 Britannia Industries Limited
18 Granum Inc. (upto 03 June 2023)

Subsidiaries of Britannia Industries Limited

1 Boribunder Finance and Investments Private Limited
2 Flora Investments Company Private Limited
3 Gilt Edge Finance and Investments Private Limited
4 Ganges Vally Foods Private Limited
5 International Bakery Products Limited
6 J. B. Mangharam Foods Private Limited
7 Manna Foods Private Limited
8 Sunrise Biscuit Company Private Limited
9 Britannia and Associates (Mauritius) Private Limited
10 Britannia and Associates (Dubai) Private Company Limited

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

11 Al Sallan Food Industries Company SAOC
12 Strategic Food International Company LLC
13 Strategic Brands Holding Company Limited
14 Britannia Dairy Holdings Private Limited
15 Britannia Employees General Welfare Association Private Limited
16 Britannia Employees Medical Welfare Association Private Limited
17 Britannia Employees Educational Welfare Association Private Limited
18 Britchip Foods Limited
19 Britannia Bangladesh Private Limited
20 Britannia Nepal Private Limited
21 Britannia Egypt LLC
22 Snacko Bisc Private Limited
23 Vasana Agrex and Herbs Private Limited
24 Strategic Foods Uganda Limited
25 Kenafric Biscuits Limited
26 Catalyst Britania Brands Limited

III) Joint venture of Britannia Industries Limited
Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited (Formerly known as Britannia Dairy Private Limited)

b) Key managerial personnel ('KMP')

1	Nusli N Wadia	Chairman, Non-executive Director
2	Dr. Minnie Bodhanwala	Non-executive Director; Non-independent Director
3	Rajesh Batra	Non-executive Director; Independent Director
4	Dr. Yashwant S P Thorat	Non-executive Director; Independent Director
5	Vineesh Kumar Jairath	Non-executive Director; Independent Director
6	Gauri Kirloskar	Non-executive Director; Independent Director (upto 9th Jan 2023)
7	Chandra Iyengar	Non-executive Director; Independent Director (w. e. f. 23 November, 2022)
8	Ness Wadia	Managing Director
9	N H Datanwala	Chief Financial Officer
10	Mr. Murli Manohar Purohit	Company Secretary (w.e.f. 07 September, 2023)
11	Sanjay Kumar Chowdhary	Company Secretary (upto 24 April 2023)

c) Relative of KMP

1 Maureen Wadia
2 Jehangir N. Wadia

d) Associate companies

1 Lotus Viniyog Private Limited
2 Lima Investment and Trading Company Private Limited
3 Roshnara Investment and Trading Company Private Limited
4 Cincinnati Investment and Trading Company Private Limited
5 Shadhak Investments and Trading Private Limited
6 MSIL Investments Private Limited
7 Medical Microtechnology Limited
8 Harvard Plantations Limited

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

9 Placid Plantations Limited
10 The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited
11 Go Airlines (India) Limited (upto 9th May 2023)
12 Nalanda Biscuit Company Limited
13 Sunandaram Foods Private Limited
14 National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited) (refer note 3.1)
15 Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited) (refer note 3.1)

e) Entities under common control or significant shareholder ('Other related party')

1 Macrofil Investments Limited
2 Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited
3 BRT Limited
4 Wadia Techno-Engineering Services Limited
5 Panella Foods and Beverages Private Limited
6 INOR Medical Products Limited
7 Nessville Trading Private Limited
8 Varnilam Investments and Trading Company Limited
9 Go Investments and Trading Private Limited
10 Nidhivan Investments and Trading Company Private Limited
11 Heera Holdings and Leasing Private Limited
12 Sahara Investments Private Limited
13 N N Wadia (Admin of Estate of Lt. E.F. Dinshaw)
14 New Point Enterprises Limited
15 Wallace Brothers Trading and Industrial Limited
16 Bennevis Investments Mauritius Limited

f) Employees benefit plans where there is significant influence:

1 The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund
2 The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund
3 The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Superannuation Fund
4 The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Exempt Provident Fund

B Transactions during the year

Name of the related party	Relationship	For the year ended	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Expenses incurred on behalf of Corporation			
Naira Holdings Limited	Step down subsidiaries	6.95	6.18
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	31.86	23.38
Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	Other related party	121.85	149.86
Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	Associate	78.30	105.67
National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)	Associate	50.66	-

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Name of the related party	Relationship	For the year ended	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Expenses incurred by Corporation on behalf of			
Naira Holdings Limited	Step down subsidiary	-	18.58
DPI Products and Services Limited	Subsidiary	0.20	-
Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited	Subsidiary	0.02	33.78
Britannia Industries Limited	Step down subsidiary	236.81	267.58
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	0.25	0.45
INOR Medical Products Limited	Other related party	0.14	-
Medical Microtechnology Limited	Associate	-	0.13
Sale of products			
Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate *	2.38	18.43
Panella Foods and Beverages Private Limited	Other related party	1.58	6.29
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	14.66	13.65
Purchase of products / services			
Panella Foods and Beverages Private Limited	Other related party	1.95	-
Interest income			
Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate*	-	1,431.10
Sea Wind Investment and Trading Corporation Limited	Subsidiary	-	12.98
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	1,871.51	2,338.73
Interest expense			
Britannia Industries Limited	Step down subsidiary	2,963.25	2,696.56
Macrofil Investments Limited	Other related party	18.60	-
ICD placed with			
Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate*	-	23,000.00
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	-	25,000.00
ICD repaid by			
Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate*	-	46,000.00
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	34,500.00	5,000.00
Sea Wind Investment and Trading Corporation Limited	Subsidiary	-	1,500.00
INOR Medical Products Limited	Other related party	-	420.91
ICD taken from			
Britannia Industries Limited	Step down subsidiary	26,000.00	44,000.00
Macrofil Investments Limited	Other related party	3,550.00	-
ICD repaid to			
Britannia Industries Limited	Step down subsidiary	37,500.00	45,500.00
Macrofil Investments Limited	Other related party	3,550.00	-

* Significant influence over Go Airlines lost on admission of application of Go Airlines under Section 10 of IBC 2016 by NCLT on 10 May 2023 (also refer note 54)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Name of the related party	Relationship	For the year ended	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Investments in equity shares *			
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	118.47	130.45
National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)**	Associate	1,523.07	1,772.68
Interest on loan given			
N H Datanwala	KMP	0.16	0.36
Dividend income			
Leila Lands Senderian Berhad	Subsidiary	9,728.17	4,889.77
Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	Associate	41.44	11.20
Dividend payment			
Nusli N Wadia	KMP	83.76	83.76
Ness Wadia	KMP	0.26	0.26
Jehangir N. Wadia	Relative of KMP	0.04	0.04
Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	Associate	79.02	79.02
Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	Other related party	326.29	326.29
Macrofil Investments Limited	Other related party	24.92	2.71
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	27.22	49.44
Nessville Trading Private Limited	Other related party	0.21	0.21
Varnilam Investments and Trading Company Limited	Other related party	0.41	0.41
Go Investments and Trading Private Limited	Other related party	1.35	1.35
Nidhivan Investments and Trading Company Private Limited	Other related party	1.76	1.76
Heera Holdings and Leasing Private Limited	Other related party	1.79	1.79
Sahara Investments Private Limited	Other related party	2.00	2.00
N N Wadia (Admin of Estate of Lt. E.F. Dinshaw)	Other related party	2.88	2.88
Maureen Wadia	Relative of KMP	0.10	0.10
New Point Enterprises Limited	Other related party	0.01	-
Wallace Brothers Trading and Industrial Limited	Other related party	67.93	67.93
Legal and professional fees			
Leila Lands Senderian Berhad	Subsidiary	2.17	2.19
Advances given to			
DPI Products and Services Limited	Subsidiary	10.00	-
Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited	Subsidiary	-	0.42
Advances repaid by			
BRT Limited	Other related party	-	14.60

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Name of the related party	Relationship	For the year ended	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contributions made during the year			
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund	Employees benefit plans where there is significant influence	101.73	95.18
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund	Employees benefit plans where there is significant influence	321.38	233.51
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Superannuation Fund	Employees benefit plans where there is significant influence	85.18	83.90
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Exempt Provident Fund	Employees benefit plans where there is significant influence	99.38	94.31

*Transactions are entered through marked purchases

** Refer note 3.1

Transactions up to the date of cessation / from the date of establishment of related party relationship have been considered for disclosure.

C Outstanding balances

Name of the related party	Relationship	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Inter-corporate deposits - Payable (including accrued interest)			
Britannia Industries Limited	Step down subsidiary	26,504.54	38,084.69
Payable for expenses			
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	31.36	8.59
Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	Associate	-	24.68
Leila Lands Senderian Berhad	Subsidiary	2.17	-
Loan receivable			
N H Datanwala	KMP	-	12.00
Trade receivables			
Panella Foods and Beverages Private Limited	Other related party	-	2.55
Go Airlines (India) Limited*	Associate **	24.56	22.18
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	14.66	0.23
Naira Holdings Limited	Step down subsidiary	-	0.01
Loans Inter-corporate deposits			
Go Airlines (India) Limited*	Associate**	8,500.00	8,500.00
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	-	34,500.00
Advance receivable			
DPI Products and Services Limited	Subsidiary	7.49	7.44

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Name of the related party	Relationship	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Other financial assets			
Britannia Industries Limited	Step down subsidiary	27.95	2.25
DPI Products and Services Limited	Subsidiary	64.30	61.10
Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited	Subsidiary	33.70	33.70
Wadia Techno-Engineering Services Limited	Other related party	1.18	1.18
Medical Microtechnology Limited	Associate	2.99	2.99
Panella Foods and Beverages Private Limited	Other related party	3.44	2.34
INOR Medical Products Limited	Other related party	235.59	235.45
Go Airlines (India) Limited*	Associate **	497.53	497.53
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	0.48	263.71

Investments in share capital of related parties of the Corporation is not considered under 'Outstanding balances' as these are not considered 'outstanding' exposures. However, during the previous year, the corporation has recognised impairment for investments in Naperol Investment Limited and Sea Wind Investment and Trading Corporation Limited amounting to ₹ 249.61 and ₹ 4.63 respectively (for impairement of previous year refer note 54)

*The corporation has impaired loans, interest, trade receivables and other financial assets from Go Airlines (India) Limited during the previous year (refer note 54).

** Significant influence over Go Airlines lost on admission of application of Go Airlines under Section 10 of IBC 2016 by NCLT on 10 May 2023 (also refer note 54)

D Compensation to KMP

Particulars	"For the year ended 31 March 2024"	*"For the year ended 31 March 2023"*
(i) Short term employee benefits	**730.26**	*665.47*
(ii) Post employment benefits*	**99.44**	*92.24*
(iii) Directors' sitting fees	**47.30**	*48.15*

*The remuneration to the KMP does not include the provision made for gratuity and compensated absence, as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Corporation as a whole.

Notes:

1. All the related party transactions are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in an arm's length transactions for which prior approval of audit committee has been obtained.
2. There are no commitments with any related party during the current and prior year or as at respective year end.

48 Disclosures as per Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" of Continuing operations

The outstanding balance of net trade receivables is presented in below table:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Trade receivables (net)	**5,717.87**	*5,096.67*

The general term of payment range between 30 to 120 days as per the normal business practice.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

(a) Performance obligations:

The performance obligation of the Corporation in relation to sale of products is satisfied at a point in time when the risks and control over the products are transferred to the customers.

(b) Revenue from contracts with customers:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Sale of products [also refer note 47(B)]	**25,799.01**	*24,070.67*

The Corporation does not have any contract assets as at reporting dates.

(c) Timing of revenue recognition:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Transferred at a point in time	**25,799.01**	*24,070.67*

Notes:

i) Company does not have any significant obligation for refund and return.

ii) Contracts do not have significant financing components and contracts also do not have element of variable consideration.

(d) Remaining performance obligation

As at 31 March 2024, the aggregate amount of transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations is ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: ₹ Nil).

(e) Revenue streams

The Corporation is primarily involved in manufacturing and sale of Electric Components, Tea, Dental Products and other agricultural products. Other sources of revenue include scrap sales, income from sale of electricity and subsidies from government.

Particulars	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
Sale of manufactured goods	**25,446.39**	*23,621.51*
Sale of traded goods	**352.62**	*449.16*
Other operating income	**332.65**	*388.08*
Total	**26,131.66**	*24,458.75*

(f) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

In the following table, revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated by primary geographical market. The table below represents disaggregated revenue from contract with customer location and type of customers.

Company believes this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues and cash flows are affected by industry, market and other economic factors.

Particulars	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
India	**20,803.67**	*19,187.83*
Others	**5,327.99**	*5,270.92*
Total	**26,131.66**	*24,458.75*

(g) Significant changes in the contract liabilities balances during the year are as follows

Particulars	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
Opening balance	**116.44**	*150.67*
Addition during the year	**44.15**	*63.51*
Revenue recognised during the year	**(60.21)**	*(97.74)*
Closing balance	**100.38**	*116.44*

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

49 Ageing disclosure

a) Trade receivables

The table below provides details regarding gross trade receivables outstanding as at 31 March 2024:

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables:						
- considered good	5,555.85	56.61	66.57	38.84	-	**5,717.87**
- have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
- credit impaired	-	2.38	19.07	21.85	179.01	**222.31**
Disputed trade receivables:						
- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
- have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	444.90	**444.90**
Total	**5,555.85**	**58.99**	**85.64**	**60.69**	**623.91**	**6,385.08**
Less: allowance for expected credit loss	-	(2.38)	(19.07)	(21.85)	(623.91)	**(667.21)**
Total trade receivables (net)	**5,555.85**	**56.61**	**66.57**	**38.84**	**-**	**5,717.87**

The table below provides details regarding gross trade receivables outstanding as at 31 March 2023:

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables:						
- considered good	4,737.45	177.78	175.15	0.87	5.42	**5,096.67**
- have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
- credit impaired	9.59	9.49	30.09	46.15	132.84	**228.16**
Disputed trade receivables:						
- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
- have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	436.67	**436.67**
Total	**4,747.04**	**187.27**	**205.24**	**47.02**	**574.93**	**5,761.50**
Less: allowance for expected credit loss	(9.59)	(9.49)	(30.09)	(46.15)	(569.51)	**(664.83)**
Total trade receivables (net)	**4,737.45**	**177.78**	**175.15**	**0.87**	**5.42**	**5,096.67**

There are no unbilled receivables as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

b) Trade payables

The table below provides details of gross trade payables outstanding as at 31 March 2024:

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed dues - MSME	459.86	-	-	-	**459.86**
Undisputed dues - Other than MSME	1,908.44	55.57	19.36	62.50	**2,045.87**
Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	**-**
Disputed dues - Other than MSME	-	-	-	-	**-**
Total	**2,368.30**	**55.57**	**19.36**	**62.50**	**2,505.73**

The table below provides details of gross trade payables outstanding as at 31 March 2023:

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed dues - MSME	259.42	-	-	-	259.42
Undisputed dues - Other than MSME	1,760.54	21.22	82.27	77.90	1,941.93
Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Other than MSME	-	5.30	-	-	5.30
Total	**2,019.96**	**26.52**	**82.27**	**77.90**	**2,206.65**

There are no unbilled payables as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023

50 Financial ratios

Sr. No.	Particulars	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*	Variance in %
1)	Current ratio (in times)	**0.48**	*0.67*	(28.92)%
2)	Debt equity ratio (Net) (in times)	**1.81**	*4.63*	(60.94%)
3)	Debt service coverage ratio (in times)	**0.17**	*0.16*	3.71%
4)	Return on equity ratio (in %)	**(2.94%)**	*4.21%*	(169.75%)
5)	Inventory turnover (in times)	**2.14**	*1.87*	14.21%
6)	Trade receivable turnover ratio (in times)	**4.83**	*4.98*	(2.98%)
7)	Trade payable turnover ratio (in times)	**5.82**	*5.57*	4.40%
8)	Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	**(1.04)**	*(1.42)*	(26.76%)
9)	Net loss ratio (in %)	**(1.40%)**	*(93.73%)*	(98.51%)
10)	Return on capital employed (in %)	**12.21%**	*3.82%*	219.53%
11)	Return on investment (in %)	**10.52%**	*9.12%*	15.31%

(1) Current ratio = Current assets / Current liabilities

(2) Debt equity ratio (Net) = Total Debt / Shareholder's Equity

(3) Debt service coverage ratio = Earnings available for debt service / Debts service

(4) Return on equity ratio = Net Profit after tax / Average Shareholder's Equity

(5) Inventory turnover = Cost of goods sold / Average inventory

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

(6) Trade Receivable turnover ratio = Net credit sales / Average trade receivables

(7) Trade payables turnover ratio = Net Credit Purchases / Average Trade Payables

(8) Net Capital Turnover Ratio = Net Sales / Average Working Capital

(9) Net loss ratio = Net loss / Net sales

(10) Return on capital employed = Earning before interest and taxes / Capital Employed

(11) Return on investment = [Interest income from financial assets carried at amortised cost + Net gain on financial asset measured at fair value through profit and loss] / [Non-current Investments + Current investments + Non-current loans receivable + Current loans receivable]

Reason for variance of more than 25% as compared to the previous year:

1) **Current ratio**: Decrease is on account of change in net current assets and current liabilities in current year

2) **Debt equity ratio** : Decrease is on account of repayment of debts in the current year.

3) **Return on equity ratio:** Variance is majority on account of exceptional loss on impairment of investments and loans receivables from Go Airlines (India) Limited and exceptional gain on sale of asset of coffee division in the previous year.

4) **Net Capital Turnover Ratio:** The variance is on account of increase in sales and average working capital.

5) **Net loss ratio**: Variance is majority on account of exceptional loss on impairment of investments and loans receivables from Go Airlines (India) Limited in the previous financial year**.**

6) **Return on capital employed:** Decrease is on account of repayment of debts in current year.

51 The following table includes loans and advances in the nature of loans granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and other related parties, either severally or jointly with other person, which are either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment

Year ended 31 March 2024

Type of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding # *	Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans
Promoter	-	0.00%
Director	-	0.00%
KMP	-	0.00%
Other related parties	17.49	13.97%

Year ended 31 March 2023

Type of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding # *	Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans
Promoter	-	0.00%
Director	-	0.00%
KMP	12.00	0.03%
Other related parties	7.44	0.02%

* Excluding accrued interest on loans

‘# The corporation has impaired loan receivable from Go Airlines (India) Limited (refer note 54)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

52 Additional regulatory information required by Division II Schedule III of the Act

a) Details of benami property

The Corporation is not holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Further, no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Corporation for holding any benami property under the act and rules mentioned above.

b) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Company has filed quarterly statements of current assets with the banks that are in agreement with the books of accounts.

c) Wilful defaulter

The Corporation has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.

d) Relationship with struck off companies

The Corporation have following relationship and transactions with struck off companies under Section 248 of the Act or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the current year and prior year, which has any outstanding balance as at respective year-end.

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	Transactions during the year		Balance outstanding		Relationship with the Struck off company (if any)
		For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
NETFIX NETWORKS (OPC) PRIVATE LIMITED	Payables	Nil	0.72	Nil	Nil	-

e) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Corporation has complied with the number of layers prescribed under section 2(87) of the Act.

f) Compliance with approved scheme of arrangements

The Corporation has not entered into any scheme of arrangement in terms of section 230 to 237 of the Act for the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

g) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The Corporation has not advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person or entity, including foreign entity ('Intermediaries') with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:

a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or

b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The Corporation has not received any fund from any person or entity, including foreign entity ('Funding Party') with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Corporation shall:

a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or

b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

h) Undisclosed income

No income has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the current and previous year.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

i) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current and previous year.

j) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies ('ROC')

There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

53 As per the transfer pricing rules, the Corporation has examined international transactions and documentation in respect thereof to ensure compliance with the said rules. The management does not anticipate any material adjustments with regard to the transactions involved.

54 Go Airlines (India) Limited ('Go Air'), an associate of the Corporation had filed a voluntary application on 2 May 2023 for initiation of Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) and grant of interim moratorium to preserve its assets and keep it as a Going Concern. On 10 May 2023, NCLT had admitted the application and granted moratorium. Accordingly, there was loss of significant influence over Go Air with effect from 10 May 2023.

In view of the above, the Corporation has reviewed its total exposure in Go Air and considered it prudent to recognize a provision for impairment of ₹ 18,622.27 in the standalone financial statements of previous year. These provisions are classified as exceptional item for the year ended 31 March 2023, detailed as under:-

Particulars		Year ended 31 March 2024	*Year ended 31 March 2023*
(i)	Towards Inter Corporate Deposits (including interest thereon) given to Go Air	-	*8,997.53*
(ii)	Towards impairment of investment in Sea Wind arising out of its investment in Go Air	-	*9,602.56*
(iii)	Towards other receivables	-	*22.18*
Total		-	*18,622.27*

55 Authorisation of standalone financial statements

The standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024 were approved by the Board of Directors on 13 May 2024.

56 Other matters

Comparative figures have been regrouped, reclassified and rearranged wherever necessary, to conform to current year's presentation, which are not considered material to these standalone financial statement.

These are the material accounting policies and other explanatory information referred to in our report of even date

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No: 108840

Mumbai
13 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002

Ness Wadia
Managing Director
DIN :00036049

Nusli N Wadia
Chairman
DIN : 00015731

N H Datanwala
Chief Financial Officer

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary

Mumbai
13 May 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited** ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), its associates and joint venture as listed in Annexure I, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries, associates and joint venture, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group, its associates and joint venture, as at 31 March 2024, and their consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income/ (loss)), consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

3. The Consolidated financial statements does not include the Group's share of net profit/loss after tax (including total comprehensive income/loss) for the period 1 April 2023 to 9 May 2023 (date of loss of significant influence over Go Airlines (India) Limited ('Go Air')) in respect of Go Air, an associate of the Company until 9 May 2023 as per the equity method of accounting prescribed under Ind AS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' ('Ind AS 28') due to unavailability of financial results/information of Go Air for such period. Further, in the previous year ended 31 March 2023, the share of loss of Go Air was accounted as per the financial results of Go Air for the nine months ended 31 December 2022 were not subjected to audit or review and did not include Group's share of net profit/loss after tax and other comprehensive income/loss in respect of such associate for the quarter ended 31 March 2023 on account of these results not being made available to the Company. In the absence of required aforesaid audited/reviewed financial information of Go Air, we are unable to comment upon any adjustment that maybe required on account of the aforesaid matter on the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

   The audit report on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the previous year ended 31 March 2023 was also modified with respect to this matter.

4. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, its associates and joint venture in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained together with the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in paragraph 17 of the Other Matter section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

5. We draw attention to the matter described in Note 47 to the Consolidated Financial Statements and the following Emphasis of Matter paragraph included in the auditor's report of the consolidated financial statements of The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited, an associate of the Group, audited by their respective auditors, vide their audit report dated 6 May 2024 which is reproduced by us as under:

   We draw attention to Note 47 to the consolidated financial statements which describes the matter relating to the Order dated 21 October 2022, issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), imposing, inter alia, penalties of ₹ 225 lakhs on the associate as also restraining the associate from accessing the securities market for a period of two years. As informed, the associate has filed an appeal before the Securities Appellate Tribunal ("SAT") against the said Order of the SEBI, and SAT has stayed the effect and operation of the said Order on 10 November 2022. The hearings on the subject matter were concluded.

However, the Hon'ble Presiding Officer has retired and therefore this matter is required to be heard afresh before a newly constituted bench. Thus, in the given circumstances, considering the uncertainty related to the matters arising out of the SEBI Order and grant of stay by SAT for the effect and operation of the said Order, impact of this matter has not been given in these audited consolidated financial statements of the associate.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

6. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries, associates and joint venture, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

7. In addition to the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matter	**How our audit addressed the key audit matter**
Revenue recognition – Holding Company Refer note 1 (E) and note 51 to the consolidated financial statements. The Holding Company is primarily involved in manufacturing and sale of Automotive Electric Components, Tea and Dental Products. Owing to the multiplicity of the Company's products of different nature and varied terms of contracts with customers, in line with the requirements of the Standards on Auditing, revenue is determined to be an area involving significant risk and hence, requiring significant auditor attention. The Holding Company and its external stakeholders focus on revenue as a key performance metric, and this could create an incentive for revenue to be overstated or recognised before the control has been transferred. Considering the amount involved, large number of transactions and diverse nature of the revenue streams, revenue recognition is considered as a key audit matter for the current year audit.	**Our audit procedures included, but were not limited, to the following:** • Assessed the appropriateness of revenue recognition accounting policies of the Group including those related to rebates and trade discounts, by evaluating the compliance with the applicable Ind AS; • Evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the relevant internal financial controls with respect to recognition and measurement of revenue including general and specific information technology controls; • Performed substantive testing on samples selected from revenue transactions recorded during the year by testing the underlying documents including contracts, invoices, goods dispatch notes, shipping documents and customer receipts, wherever applicable; • Performed cut off procedures, on sample basis for the period before and after the year end by testing the underlying documents and ensured that the revenue is recognised in the correct period; • Tested, on a sample basis, the appropriateness of journal entries impacting revenue, as well as other adjustments made in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements with respect to revenue recognition of Company including specific journals posted manually directly to revenue; • Performed analytical review procedures on revenue recognised during the year to identify any unusual and/or material variances; • Performed confirmation procedures on selected balances outstanding as at the year end; and • Evaluated the appropriateness of disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements with respect to revenue recognised during the year as required by applicable Ind AS.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Litigations and contingent liabilities - Singampatti tea estate – Holding Company Refer note 44 to the consolidated financial statements. The Holding Company has been carrying on its plantation activities at Singampatti tea estate, Tamil Nadu under a lease arrangement since 1929. During an earlier year, the Commissioner of Land Administration in Tamil Nadu passed an order cancelling the lease alleging violation of conditions with regard to clearing of certain areas. During the earlier years, the authorities raised demands for lease rentals of the leased land retrospectively from 1958 to 2019 amounting to ₹ 23,192.58 lakhs. The Holding Company had challenged the above orders by filing a writ petition before the Hon'ble Madras High Court which was admitted and an interim relief restraining the Government from taking any action was granted by the Court. Currently, this matter is sub-judice. We focused on this area as the eventual outcome of the litigations is uncertain and the positions taken by the management are based on the application of the significant judgement and reliance on legal opinions obtained. Accordingly, unexpected adverse outcomes may significantly impact the operations of the Holding Company and hence it has been considered as a key audit matter.	**Our audit procedures included, but were not limited, to the following:** • Obtained an understanding of the management's process for identification of legal matters, outcome of the litigations, assessment of accounting treatment for such litigated matter identified under Ind AS 37 and for measurement of amounts involved; • Evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of relevant internal financial controls with respect to the litigations; • Obtained an understanding of the aforesaid litigation matter and discussed the key developments during the year with the management; • Obtained and reviewed the necessary evidence which includes correspondence with external legal counsel, and statutory authorities, inspected minutes of case proceedings available, to support the decision and rationale of the litigation matter and writ petition filed by the Company in relation to this matter. We also tested the independence, objectivity and competence of management's expert involved; • Obtained a direct confirmation from the management's expert to ensure that the accounting treatment of this litigation matter is in accordance with the applicable Ind AS; and • Evaluated the appropriateness of disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements with respect to the aforesaid litigation matter in accordance with the requirements of the applicable Ind AS.
Litigations, provisions and contingencies – "Britannia Group Refer note 44 to the consolidated financial statements. The Britannia Group is involved in various direct tax, indirect tax and other litigations ("litigations") that are pending with different statutory authorities. Provisions are recognised when the Britannia Group has a present obligation (legal/constructive) as a result of a past event for which it is probable that a cash outflow will be required, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for contingent liabilities is made where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may probably not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible or a present obligation where the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. The aforesaid assessment requires the management to make judgements and estimates in relation to the matters and exposure arising from a range of matters relating to direct tax, indirect tax, claims, general legal proceedings and other claims against the Britannia Group arising in the regular course of business.	**Our audit procedures included, but were not limited, to the following:** • Assessed the appropriateness of the Group's accounting policies relating to provisions and contingent liability by comparing with the applicable Ind AS; • Evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the key controls around the recording and assessment of litigations, provisions and contingent liabilities; • Engaged subject matter specialists to gain an understanding of the current status of litigations and monitored changes in the disputes, if any, through discussions with the management and by reading external advice received by the Britannia Group from legal counsel, where relevant, to validate management's conclusions; • Obtained and assessed the Britannia Group's assumptions and estimates in respect of litigations, including the liabilities or provisions recognised or contingent liabilities disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. This involved comparing the same to the assessment of our subject matter specialists and assessing the probability of an unfavourable outcome of a given proceeding and the reliability of estimates of related amounts;

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
The level of management judgement associated with determining the need for, and the quantum of, provisions for any liabilities and disclosures of any contingent liabilities arising from these litigations is considered to be high. The judgement is dependent on a number of significant assumptions and assessments which involves interpretating the various applicable rules, regulations, practices and considering precedents in various jurisdictions, for which the management uses various subject matter experts. In view of the uncertainty relating to the outcome of these litigations, the significance of the amounts involved, and the subjectivity involved in management's judgement, this matter has been considered as a key audit matter for the current year audit.	• On a test basis, performed substantive procedures on the underlying calculations supporting the provisions recorded; and • Assessed the appropriateness and adequacy of the disclosures made in relation to related provisions and contingencies in the consolidated financial statements.
Revenue recognition – Britannia Group Refer note 1 (E) and Note 51 to the consolidated financial statements. The revenue of the Britannia Group consists primarily of sale of food products that are sold through distributors, modern trade and direct sale channels amongst others. Revenue is recognised when the control of products is transferred to the customer and there is no unfulfilled obligation. Owing to the volume of sales transactions, size of the distribution network and varied terms of contracts with customers, revenue is determined to be an area involving significant risk in line with the requirements of the Standards on Auditing and hence, requiring significant auditor attention. The management is required to make certain key judgements around determination of transaction price in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 115, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" on account of consideration payable to customers in the form of various discount schemes, returns and rebates. The Britannia Group and its external stakeholders focus on revenue as a key performance indicator, and this could create an incentive for revenue to be overstated or recognised before control has been transferred. Considering the aforesaid significance to our audit and external stakeholders, revenue recognition has been considered as a key audit matter for the current year's audit.	**Our audit procedures included, but were not limited, to the following:** • Assessed the appropriateness of revenue recognition accounting policies of the Group including those related to rebates and trade discounts, by evaluating the compliance with the applicable Ind AS; • Evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the key controls with respect to revenue recognition including general and specific information technology controls; • Performed substantive testing on selected samples of revenue transactions recorded during the year by testing the underlying documents including contracts, invoices, goods dispatch notes, shipping documents and customer receipts, wherever applicable; • Understood and evaluated the Britannia Group's process for recording of the accruals for discounts and rebates and on-going incentive schemes on a test basis, verified the year end provisions made in respect of such schemes; • Performed analytical review procedures on revenue recognised during the year to identify any unusual and/or material variances; • Performed confirmation and alternative procedures on selected invoices outstanding as at the year end; • Tested a selected samples of revenue transactions recorded before the financial year end date to determine whether the revenue has been recognised in the appropriate financial period; • Tested a sample of manual journal entries posted to revenue ledgers to identify any unusual items; and • Evaluated the appropriateness and adequacy of disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect to revenue recognition in accordance with the applicable requirements.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Uncertain tax positions Direct and Indirect Taxes – BDMC Group BDMC Group has uncertain tax matters pending litigations under direct tax and various indirect tax laws. The litigation involves significant judgement to determine the possible outcome based on which accounting treatment is given to the disputed amount. These matters are considered to be key audit matter given the magnitude of potential outflow of economic resources and uncertainty of potential outcome.	**Audit procedures performed by other auditors, included, but were not limited, to the following:** • Obtained details of uncertain tax position and gained understanding thereof; • Obtained details of completed tax assessments and also demands raised; • Read and analysed relevant communication with the authorities; • Considered the legal advice obtained by the management on possible outcome of the litigation; • Discussed with senior management and evaluated management's assumptions regarding provisions made; and • Assessed the disclosures in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 37 on "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets". **As the principal auditors:** We have evaluated the adequacy and appropriateness of the material accounting policy and disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements of the associate for the purpose of ascertaining its impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group [Refer Note 1 (B)].
Inventory valuation – BDMC Group The BDMC Group's inventories of Real Estate, Polyester and Retail/Textile comprise of raw materials, work-in-progress, finished goods, stores, spares and catalysts, completed real estate units, real estate development work in progress and floor space index (FSI). The inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value ('NRV'). NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The determination of NRV involves estimates based on prevailing market conditions and taking into account the stage of completion of the inventories, the estimated future selling price, cost to complete projects and selling costs. Considering the significance of the amount of carrying value of inventories and since the assessment of NRV involves significant judgements and assumptions, particularly for inventories of Real Estate, the same is considered a key audit matter.	**Audit procedures performed by other auditors, included, but were not limited, to the following:** • Understood and reviewed the management's process and methodology of using key assumptions for determination of NRV of inventories; • Considered the valuation report of specialists, if used by the management to determine NRV; • Evaluated the design and operation of internal controls and its operating effectiveness controls over the preparation and update of NRV workings, including the BDMC Group's review of key estimates, such as estimated future selling prices and costs of completion for property development projects, on a test basis; • Compared NRV with recent sales or estimated selling price, cost to complete projects and selling costs and evaluated the BDMC Group's judgement with regards to application of write-down of inventories, where required; and • Assessed the adequacy and appropriateness of the disclosures made by the management with respect to Inventories in compliance with the requirements of applicable Ind AS 2 and Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. **As the principal auditors:** We have evaluated the adequacy and appropriateness of the material accounting policy and disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements of the associate for the purpose of ascertaining its impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group [Refer Note 1 (B)].

<table>
<tr><th>Key audit matter</th><th>How our audit addressed the key audit matter</th></tr>
<tr><td>

Sale of land at Worli - BDMC group

During the year, the BDMC Group has completed the sale of land parcel at Worli, Mumbai under Phase I and additional Floor Space Index (FSI) to Goisu Realty Private Limited, by execution and registration of the Conveyance Deed, resulting in net gain of ₹ 388,330.00 lakhs on sale of Land at Worli and FSI.

Further, the BDMC Group entered into consent terms with Axis Bank Limited followed by conveyance deed executed to sell a plot of land, resulting in a net gain (after settlement costs) of ₹ 7,269.00 lakhs. The transaction with Axis Bank Limited also required derecognition of building and other assets resulting on net loss of ₹ 1,012.00 lakhs.

Considering the nature of transactions, its complexities, and quantum of amounts involved, the transactions, of the sale of land parcel at Worli, Mumbai under Phase I and additional FSI and transactions with Axis Bank Limited are considered as key audit matter.

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Audit procedures performed by other auditors, included, but were not limited, to the following:

- Obtained and read agreements for sell, consent terms and conveyance deed and any other related documents as also noting in the meetings of the Board of Directors;
- Examined the calculation of gain recognised in accordance with the applicable Ind AS and more particularly, in terms of Ind AS 16 on "Property, Plant and Equipment", Ind AS 115 on "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", Ind AS 109 on "Financial Instruments" and Ind AS 1 on "Presentation of Financial Statements";
- Reviewed accounting opinions obtained by the management from independent experts for timing of recording transaction and its accounting treatment; and
- Evaluated the appropriateness and adequacy of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 16, Ind AS 115, Ind AS 109 and Ind AS 1.

As the principal auditors:

We have evaluated the adequacy and appropriateness of the material accounting policy and disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements of the associate for the purpose of ascertaining its impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group [Refer Note 1 (B)].

</td></tr>
</table>

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

8. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

   Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

   In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

   When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance of the Holding Company.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

9. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associates and joint venture in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for ensuring accuracy of records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Further, in terms of the provisions of the Act the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group, and its associate companies and joint venture company covered under the Act, are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with

the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

10. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates and joint venture are responsible for assessing the ability of the respective entities included in the Group and of its associates and joint venture to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless those Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the respective entities included in the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

11. Those respective Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the companies included in the Group and of its associates and joint venture.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

12. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

13. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

    - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
    - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
    - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management of the Holding Company;
    - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates and joint venture to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates and joint venture to cease to continue as a going concern;
    - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
    - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information/ financial statements of the entities or business activities within the Group, and its associates and joint venture, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements, of which we are the independent auditors and for such entities which we have ourselves carried out audit procedures. For the other entities included in the financial statements, which have been audited by the other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

14. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

15. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

16. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

17. We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of twenty three subsidiaries, included in the consolidated financial statements, and financial information of one branch included in the audited standalone annual financial statements of the entities included in the Group, whose financial statements / financial information (before eliminating inter-company/inter-unit balances and transactions) reflects total assets of ₹ 730,700 lakhs and net assets of ₹ 336,921 lakhs as at 31 March 2024, total revenues of ₹ 307,425 lakhs and net cash outflows amounting to ₹ 32,152 lakhs (total assets of ₹ 219,838 lakhs, net assets of ₹ 241,742 lakhs and total revenue of ₹ 93,629 lakhs after eliminating inter-company/inter-unit balances and transactions) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit after tax (including other comprehensive income) of ₹ 30,543 lakhs for the year ended 31 March 2024, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of twelve associates, whose financial statements have not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, associates and a branch, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, associates and a branch, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

    Further, of these subsidiaries, associates and branch, nineteen subsidiaries and one branch are located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiaries and branch located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of such subsidiaries and one branch located outside India, is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

    Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

18. We did not audit the financial information of three subsidiaries, whose annual financial information reflect total assets of ₹ 21 lakhs and net assets of ₹ 15 lakhs as at 31 March 2024, total revenues of ₹ Nil and net cash outflows amounting to ₹ 6 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net loss (including other comprehensive income) of ₹ 93 lakhs for the year ended 31 March 2024, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of three associates, whose financial information have not been audited by us. This financial information is unaudited and have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the aforesaid subsidiaries and associates, is based solely on such unaudited financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, this financial information is not material to the Group.

    Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matter with respect to our reliance on the financial statements/financial information certified by the management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

19. As required by section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors, referred to in paragraph 17, on standalone financial statements of the subsidiaries, associates and joint venture, we report that the Holding Company, a subsidiary company and three associates companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have paid remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act. Further, we report that sixteen subsidiary

companies and three associates incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have not paid or provided for any managerial remuneration during the year. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable in respect of such subsidiaries and associates.

Further, except for the possible impact of matter described in paragraph 3 above, as certified by management of the Holding Company, two associate companies incorporated in India whose financial statements are unaudited and have not paid or provided for any managerial remuneration during the year. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable in respect of such associate companies.

Further, as certified by management of the Holding Company the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to seven associate companies and a joint venture covered under the act, since none of such companies is a public company as defined under section 2(71) of the Act.

20. As required by clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act based on the consideration of the Order reports issued by us and by the respective other auditors as mentioned in paragraph 17 above, for companies included in the consolidated financial statements and covered under the Act we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks reported in the respective Order reports of such companies.

Further, following are the companies included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 and covered under that Act that are audited by respective statutory auditors for which the respective reports under section 143(11) of the Act of such companies have not yet been issued by the respective other auditors, as per information and explanation given to us by the management in this respect:

Sr. No.	Name	CIN	Subsidiary/ Associate/ Joint Venture
1	Nalanda Biscuit Company Limited	U15410BR1986PLC002262	Associate
2	Sunandaram Foods Private Limited	U15412AS2006PTC008112	Associate

21. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on standalone financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiaries, associates and joint venture incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

a) We have sought and except for the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;

b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors, except for the possible effects of the matters described in paragraph 3 of the Basis for Qualified Opinion section with respect to the financial statements of the Go Airlines (India) Limited, an associate of the Holding Company and for the matters stated in paragraph 21(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended)};

c) The reports on the accounts of the branch offices of the Holding Company audited under section 143(8) of the Act by branch auditor have been sent to us, as applicable, and have been properly dealt with in preparing this report;

d) The consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;

e) Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, in our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015;

f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, associates and joint venture company, respectively, and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company , covered under the Act, none of the directors of the Group companies, its associate companies and joint venture company, are disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;

g) The reservation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith with respect to the consolidated financial statements are as stated in paragraph 3 of the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, paragraph 21(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 21(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).

h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company covered under the Act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure II' wherein we have expressed a modified opinion; and

i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiaries, associates and joint venture incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act:

i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group, its associates and joint venture;

ii. The Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024;

iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company during the year ended 31 March 2024;

iv. a. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, associates and joint venture respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies, its associate companies or its joint venture company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company, or any such subsidiary companies, its associate companies or its joint venture companies ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, associates and joint venture respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies, or its associate companies or its joint venture company from any person(s) or entit(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company, or any such subsidiary companies, its associate companies or its joint venture companies shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c. Based on such audit procedures performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries, associates and joint venture, as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.

v. The final dividend paid by the Holding Company and two associate companies during the year ended 31 March 2024 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.

The interim dividend declared and paid by a subsidiary during the year ended 31 March 2024 and until the date of this audit report is in compliance with section 123 of the Act.

As stated in note 45 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and an associate company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

vi. Based on our examination which included test checks performed by us on the Holding Company and a subsidiary company and by the respective auditors of the subsidiaries, associates and joint venture of the Holding Company which are companies incorporated in India and audited under the Act, except for the instances mentioned below, the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, associates and joint venture, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, have used accounting software for maintaining their books of account which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same have been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we and respective auditors of the above referred subsidiaries, associates and joint venture did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, other than the consequential impact of the exceptions given below.

Nature of exception noted	**Details of exception**
Instances of accounting software for maintaining books of account which did not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.	The accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records of Tea and Coffee division of the Holding Company did not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.
Instances of accounting software for maintaining books of account for which the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.	i) The audit trail feature for accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records of Healthcare division of the Holding Company, one subsidiary and five associates, was not enabled during the year. ii) The audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes, used for maintenance of accounting records of Auto Electrical Components division by the Holding Company. iii) The audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes, used for maintenance of accounting records by thirteen subsidiaries and one joint venture. iv) The audit trail feature in the accounting software used for maintenance of master data of two associates was not enabled from 1 April 2023 to 17 January 2024.
Instances of accounting software maintained by a third party where we are unable to comment on the audit trail feature.	The accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records of Head Office division of the Holding Company is operated by a third-party software service provider. In the absence of any information on existence of audit trail (edit logs) for any direct changes made at the database level in the 'Independent Service Auditor's Assurance Report on the Description of Controls, their Design and Operating Effectiveness' ('Type 2 report' issued in accordance with ISAE 3000, Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information), we are unable to comment on whether audit trail feature with respect to the database of the said software was enabled and operated throughout the year.

Further, in the absence of any information on the accounting software used by one associate for the period 1 April 2023 to 9 May 2023 we are unable to comment on whether the audit trail (edit log) facility was available, enabled and operated throughout the year.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No.: 108840
UDIN: 24108840BKFDQD6061

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13 May 2024

Annexure I

List of entities included in the consolidated financial statements (in addition to the Holding Company)

Sr. No.	Subsidiary companies
1	Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited
2	DPI Products and Services Limited
3	Sea Wind Investment and Trading Company Limited
4	Leila Lands Senderian Berhad
5	Subham Viniyog Private Limited
6	Naira Holdings Limited
7	Island Horti-Tech Holdings Pte. Limited
8	Leila Lands Limited
9	Restpoint Investments Limited
10	Baymanco Investments Limited
11	Island Landscape and Nursery Pte. Limited
12	Innovative Organics Inc. (upto 24 May 2023)
13	ABI Holdings Limited
14	Britannia Brands Limited
15	Associated Biscuits International Limited
16	Dowbiggin Enterprises Pte. Limited
17	Nacupa Enterprises Pte. Limited
18	Spargo Enterprises Pte. Limited
19	Valletort Enterprises Pte. Limited
20	Granum Inc. (upto 3 June 2023)
21	Bannatyne Enterprises Pte. Limited
22	Britannia Industries Limited
23	Boribunder Finance and Investments Private Limited
24	Flora Investments Company Private Limited
25	Gilt Edge Finance and Investments Private Limited
26	Ganges Valley Foods Private Limited
27	International Bakery Products Limited
28	J. B. Mangharam Foods Private Limited
29	Manna Foods Private Limited
30	Sunrise Biscuit Company Private Limited
31	Britannia and Associates (Mauritius) Private Limited
32	Britannia and Associates (Dubai) Private Company Limited
33	Al Sallan Food Industries Company SAOG
34	Strategic Foods International Company LLC
35	Strategic Brands Holding Company Limited
36	Britannia Dairy Holdings Private Limited
37	Britchip Foods Limited
38	Britannia Nepal Private Limited
39	Britannia Bangladesh Private Limited
40	Britannia Egypt LLC
41	Strategic Foods Uganda Limited
42	Kenafric Biscuits Limited
43	Catalyst Britania Brands Limited
44	Britannia Employees General Welfare Association Private Limited (#)
45	Britannia Employees Medical Welfare Association Private Limited (#)
46	Britannia Employees Educational Welfare Association Private Limited (#)

(#) Limited by guarantee

Sr. No.	Associates
1	Lotus Viniyog Private Limited
2	Lima Investment and Trading Company Private Limited
3	Cincinnati Investment and Trading Company Private Limited
4	Roshnara Investment and Trading Company Private Limited
5	Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited
6	Shadhak Investments and Trading Private Limited
7	MSIL Investments Private Limited
8	Medical Micro Technology Limited
9	Harvard Plantations Limited
10	Placid Plantations Limited
11	Go Airlines (India) Limited (upto 9 May 2023)
12	Naporel Investments Limited (previously known as National Peroxide Limited)
13	National Peroxide Limited (previously known as NPL Chemicals Limited)
14	Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited
15	Sunandaram Foods Private Limited
16	The Bombay Burmah Trading Employees Welfare Company Limited

Sr No.	Joint venture
1	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited (formerly known as Britannia Dairy Private Limited)

Sr No.	Foreign branches
1	The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited -Tanzania Branch
2	The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited - Johar Baru Branch

Annexure II referred to in Paragraph 21 (h) of the Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of **The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited** ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), its associates and joint venture as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, its associates and joint venture, which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The respective Board of Directors/ management of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, its associates and joint venture, which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, its associates and joint venture, as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, and the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, its associates and joint venture as aforesaid.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Qualified Opinion

8. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the Holding Company did not have appropriate internal financial controls with respect to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2024 in relation to accounting for one associate company. The Holding Company's internal financial controls in so far as it relates to the inclusion of the Group's share of net profit /(loss) (including other comprehensive income/(loss)) for the period 1 April 2023 to 9 May 2023 were not operating effectively in the consolidated financial statements due to the unavailability of financial information of the aforesaid associate, which could potentially result in adjustments that may be required to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, which are currently unascertainable. Consequently, our opinion is modified in respect of this matter.

Other Matters

9. We did not audit the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in so far as it relates to four subsidiary companies, which are companies covered under the Act and one overseas branch, whose financial statements (before elimination inter-company balances and transactions) reflect total assets of ₹ 4,810.13 lakhs and net assets of ₹ 3,746.25 lakhs as at 31 March 2024, total revenues of ₹ 286.70 lakhs and net cash outflows amounting to ₹ 21.02 lakhs (total assets of ₹ 2,185.22 lakhs, net assets of ₹ 812.47 lakhs and total revenue of ₹ 284.65 lakhs after elimination inter-company transactions) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (including other comprehensive income) of ₹ 30,456.77 lakhs for the year ended 31 March 2024, in respect of seven associate companies, which are companies covered under the Act, whose internal financial controls with reference to financial statements have not been audited by us. The internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in so far as it relates to such subsidiary companies, associate companies and one overseas branch have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements for the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, its associate companies, as aforesaid, under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act in so far as it relates to such subsidiary companies, associate companies and one overseas branch is based solely on the reports of the auditors of such companies. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the reports of the other auditors.

10. We did not audit the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in so far as it relates to three associates which are companies covered under the Act, in respect of which, the Group's share of net loss (including other comprehensive loss) of ₹ 93 lakhs for the year ended 31 March 2024 has been considered in the consolidated financial statements. The internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of these associate companies, which are companies covered under the Act, are unaudited and our opinion under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to the aforesaid associates, which are companies covered under the Act, is solely based on the corresponding internal financial controls with reference to financial statements certified by the management of such companies. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, these financial statements are not material to the Group. Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matter with respect to our reliance on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements reports certified by the management.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No.: 108840
UDIN: 24108840BKFDQD6061

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13 May 2024

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2 (a)	270,188.93	257,433.89
Capital work-in-progress	2 (b)	18,880.22	10,740.89
Investment properties	2 (c)	2,755.71	4,071.36
Goodwill	2 (d)	100,928.22	100,761.83
Other intangible assets	2 (e)	1,261.59	1,513.89
Intangible assets under development	2 (f)	-	97.70
Equity accounted investees	3	200,396.98	191,436.18
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	4	58,559.75	103,430.41
(ii) Loans	5	87.62	39,653.18
(iii) Other financial assets	6	2,784.64	2,571.46
Deferred tax assets (net)	7	4,607.69	5,951.88
Income tax assets (net)	8	6,984.27	5,015.11
Other non-current assets	9	6,096.43	4,985.33
Total non-current assets		673,532.05	727,663.11
Current assets			
Inventories	10	124,331.11	126,663.63
Biological assets other than bearer plants	11	105.96	108.36
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	12	173,880.84	184,627.20
(ii) Trade receivables	13	46,254.31	39,046.15
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	14(a)	74,726.78	54,199.09
(iv) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	14(b)	12,725.95	311,609.89
(v) Loans	15	21,143.67	29,650.42
(vi) Other financial assets	16	53,505.80	75,486.87
Other current assets	17	15,209.65	20,086.57
Total current assets		521,884.07	841,478.18
Assets held for sale	64	764.28	4,485.47
TOTAL ASSETS		1,196,180.40	1,573,626.76
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity share capital	18	1,396.27	1,396.27
Other equity	19	466,216.89	401,835.49
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent		467,613.16	403,231.76
Non-controlling interests		197,517.87	178,064.06
Total equity		665,131.03	581,295.82
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	20	91,313.20	427,085.98
(ii) Lease liabilities	41 (a)	2,156.33	1,633.94
(iii) Other financial liabilities	21	6,566.00	6,015.60
Provisions	22	4,172.55	3,572.33
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	7	294.12	9,541.41
Total non-current liabilities		104,502.20	447,849.26
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	23	122,085.41	225,097.84
(ii) Lease liabilities	41 (a)	577.18	342.17
(iii) Trade payables			
(a) Total outstanding dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises	24	3,542.86	4,651.42
(b) Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		162,169.13	142,783.64
(iv) Other financial liabilities	25	50,929.55	57,869.39
Other current liabilities	26	17,356.50	18,306.46
Provisions	27	59,622.82	87,526.88
Current tax liabilities (net)	28	9,945.86	7,532.34
Total current liabilities		426,229.31	544,110.14
Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale	64	317.86	371.54
Total liabilities		531,049.37	992,330.94
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,196,180.40	1,573,626.76

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements
This is the consolidated balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No: 108840

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 13 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002

Ness Wadia
Managing Director
DIN :00036049

Nusli N Wadia
Chairman
DIN : 00015731

N H Datanwala
Chief Financial Officer

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 13 May 2024

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
INCOME			
Revenue from operations	29	1,710,897.15	1,662,291.68
Other income	30	39,774.83	47,071.02
Total Income		1,750,671.98	1,709,362.70
EXPENSES			
Cost of materials consumed	31	870,357.10	847,644.91
Purchases of stock-in-trade		95,581.11	135,193.43
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	32	(38.96)	(7,630.05)
Employee benefits expense	33	83,278.26	77,090.26
Finance costs	34	36,380.85	42,465.42
Depreciation and amortisation expense	35	31,335.93	23,927.62
Other expenses	36	351,725.42	331,619.44
Total expenses		1,468,619.71	1,450,311.03
Profit before share of net (loss) of investments accounted for using equity method, exceptional items and tax from continuing operations		282,052.27	259,051.67
Share of net loss of associates accounted for using the equity method (refer notes 47, 48, 60, 61 and 63)		(18,592.91)	(105,796.63)
Profit before exceptional items and tax from continuing operations		263,459.36	153,255.04
Less : Exceptional items - loss	62	(10,553.83)	(149,005.84)
Profit before tax from continuing operations		252,905.53	4,249.20
Tax expense / (credit)	38 (a)		
Current tax		86,754.17	79,873.06
In respect of earlier years		121.09	0.05
Deferred tax (credit) / charge		(7,909.95)	1,548.26
Total tax expense		78,965.31	81,421.37
Profit/(loss) after tax from continuing operations		173,940.22	(77,172.17)
Discontinued operations	50		
(Loss)/profit before tax from discontinued operations		(223.28)	280.16
Exceptional gain from sale of discontinued operations (net)		-	24,372.51
Tax expense of discontinued operations	38 (a)	-	(850.00)
(Loss)/profit after tax from discontinued operations		(223.28)	23,802.67
Profit/(loss) after tax for the year		173,716.94	(53,369.50)
Other Comprehensive Income /(Loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
i) Equity instruments through other comprehensive income - net change in fair value		1,564.82	7,875.45
ii) Remeasurement of defined benefit liabilities / (assets)		62.34	(606.03)
iii) Share of other comprehensive loss of associates		(694.28)	(107.44)
Income tax relating to above items	38 (b)	(6.85)	8.59
		926.03	7,170.57
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Debt instruments through other comprehensive income - net change in fair value		(197.68)	(135.14)
Income tax relating to above items		43.59	-
Exchange difference in translating financial statements of foreign operations		(3,998.01)	15,735.06
		(4,152.10)	15,599.92
Other Comprehensive (Loss)/income for the year		(3,226.07)	22,770.49
Total Comprehensive Income/(loss) for the year		170,490.87	(30,599.01)
Profit/(loss) attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		68,440.94	(167,605.19)
Non-controlling interests		105,276.00	114,235.69
Profit/(loss) for the year		173,716.94	(53,369.50)
Other comprehensive (Loss)/income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(3,252.66)	22,016.94
Non-controlling interests		26.59	753.55
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year		(3,226.07)	22,770.49
Total Comprehensive Income/(loss) attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		65,188.28	(145,588.25)
Non-controlling interests		105,302.59	114,989.24
Total Comprehensive Income/(loss) for the year		170,490.87	(30,599.01)
Earnings/(losses) per equity share	37		
a) Continuing operation (Face value of ₹ 2 each)		98.41	(274.33)
b) Discontinuing operation (Face value of ₹ 2 each)		(0.32)	34.11
c) Continuing and discontinuing operation (Face value of ₹ 2 each)		98.09	(240.22)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements
This is the consolidated statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No: 108840

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 13 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002

Ness Wadia
Managing Director
DIN :00036049

Nusli N Wadia
Chairman
DIN : 00015731

N H Datanwala
Chief Financial Officer

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 13 May 2024

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
(A)	**Cash flow from operating activities**		
	Profit before share of net loss of investments accounted for using equity method and tax and after exceptional items -continuing operations	**271,498.44**	*110,045.83*
	(Loss)/profit before tax and after exceptional items - Discontinuing operations (refer note 50)	**(223.28)**	*24,652.67*
	Adjustments for non cash transactions and items considered separately:		
	Depreciation and amortisation expense (including discontinued operations)	**31,335.93**	*24,153.27*
	Property, plant and equipment written off	**184.97**	*36.09*
	Net gain on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	**(2,590.14)**	*(4,208.00)*
	Exceptional item from continuing operations	**10,553.83**	*149,005.84*
	Exceptional item from discontinuing operations	**-**	*(24,372.51)*
	Impairment of investment	**1,653.69**	*-*
	Allowance for impairment of trade and other receivables and loan and advances (net)	**2.38**	*29.73*
	Net gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	**(230.32)**	*(1,524.36)*
	Net (gain) / loss on foreign currency translations	**(3,824.85)**	*784.33*
	Changes in fair value of biological assets other than bearer plants	**1.12**	*(28.87)*
	Interest income	**(26,867.85)**	*(25,147.84)*
	Interest income on income tax refund	**(55.52)**	*(38.15)*
	Rent income	**(8.07)**	*(7.85)*
	Dividend income	**(307.78)**	*(49.45)*
	Finance costs	**36,380.85**	*42,465.42*
	Sundry balances written off	**10.22**	*621.61*
	Liabilities / provisions no longer required written back / reversed (including discontinued operations)	**(280.95)**	*(51.98)*
	Operating profit before working capital changes	**317,232.67**	*296,365.78*
	Changes in working capital:		
	Inventories	**2,389.80**	*16,565.77*
	Trade and other receivables	**(15,166.37)**	*(18,542.67)*
	Trade and other payables	**(14,968.83)**	*32,866.87*
	Cash generated from operating activities before taxes	**289,487.28**	*327,255.75*
	Income taxes paid (net of refunds)	**(85,694.34)**	*(79,804.64)*
	Net cash generated from operating activities	**203,792.94**	*247,451.11*
(B)	**Cash flow from investing activities**		
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment, other intangible assets, intangible assets under development and investment property	**(57,553.82)**	*(72,370.62)*
	Consideration paid under business combination	**(40.58)**	*(145.00)*
	Proceeds from asset held for sale	**1,264.20**	*371.54*
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	**31,871.10**	*13,330.85*
	Derecognition of net asset on loss of control	**-**	*(13,859.00)*
	Proceeds from sale /(acquisition) of investments (net)	**30,022.58**	*(137,604.26)*
	Inter-corporate deposits placed	**(35,002.05)**	*(90,100.00)*
	Inter-corporate deposits received back	**83,000.00**	*101,170.31*
	Proceed from /(Investment made in) bank deposits (net)	**298,621.13**	*(10,559.93)*
	Rent income	**8.07**	*7.85*
	Interest received	**26,160.56**	*26,768.44*
	Dividend received	**307.84**	*49.45*
	Net cash generated /(used) in investing activities	**378,659.03**	*(182,940.37)*

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars		For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
(C)	**Cash flow from financing activities**		
	Repayment of bonus debentures	-	(72,095.00)
	Payment of lease liability (including interest)	(313.39)	(424.39)
	Payment of interest	(37,178.92)	(46,389.14)
	(Repayment of)/ Proceeds from borrowings (net)	(441,155.53)	115,508.19
	Contribution from non controlling interest	43.00	901.00
	Inter-corporate deposits taken	4.00	45.00
	Payment of dividend (including dividend transferred to Investor Education Protection Fund and unclaimed dividend)	(86,158.83)	(68,064.04)
	Net cash used in from financing activities	**(564,759.67)**	(70,518.38)
	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	**17,692.30**	(6,007.64)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	53,977.09	58,978.73
	Unrealised gain on foreign currency cash and cash equivalents	2,722.41	1,006.00
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year (net of bank overdraft)	**74,391.80**	53,977.09
	Cash and cash equivalents	**74,726.78**	54,199.09
	Bank overdraft	(335.00)	(222.00)
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year (net of bank overdraft)	**74,391.78**	53,977.09

The above consolidated statement of cash flows has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Ind As 7 "Statement of Cash Flows".
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements
This is the consolidated statement of cash flows referred to in our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No: 108840

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 13 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002

Ness Wadia
Managing Director
DIN :00036049

Nusli N Wadia
Chairman
DIN : 00015731

N. H. Datanwala
Chief Financial Officer

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 13 May 2024

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(a) Equity share capital (refer note 18)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	69,771,900	1,395.44	69,771,900	1,395.44
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Forfeited equity shares amount originially paid up	-	0.83	-	0.83
Balance at the end of the year	**69,771,900**	**1,396.27**	**69,771,900**	**1,396.27**

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(b) Other equity (refer note 19)

Particulars	Reserves and surplus									Other Compre hensive Invcome ('OCI') (Net of taxes)		Total	Non controlling interest
	Capital reserve	Securities premium	Capital redemption reserve	Debenture redemption reserve	Employee stock options outstanding	General reserve	Statutory reserve fund	Other consolidation adjustments	Retained earnings	Equity instrument through OCI	Foreign currency translation Reserve		
Balance at 1 April 2022	**127,585.39**	**9,542.43**	**201.64**	**9,123.75**	**2.24**	**57,498.02**	**150.15**	**696.19**	**314,354.63**	**8,848.73**	**20,257.54**	**548,260.71**	**129,636.53**
(Loss) / profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(167,605.19)	-	-	(167,605.19)	114,235.69
Share of associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		(73.43)		(73.43)	
Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(591.46)			(591.46)	753.55
Total comprehensive income for the year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**(168,196.65)**	**(73.43)**	**-**	**(168,270.08)**	**114,989.24**
Increase in share capital of non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	**825.03**
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	(9,109.13)		-	-	-		-	-	(9,109.13)	
Changes in fair value of investment in equity shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		7,706.26	-	7,706.26	-
Effect of foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			14,976.07	14,976.07	-
Transfer to debenture redemption reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,109.13	-	-	9,109.13	-
Dividends (refer note 45)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(837.47)	-	-	(837.47)	(67,386.74)
Balance at 31 March 2023	**127,585.39**	**9,542.43**	**201.64**	**14.62**	**2.24**	**57,498.02**	**150.15**	**696.19**	**154,429.64**	**16,481.56**	**35,233.61**	**401,835.49**	**178,064.06**

Particulars	Reserves and surplus									Other Compre hensive Invcome ('OCI') (Net of taxes)		Total	Non controlling interest
	Capital reserve	Securities premium	Capital redemption reserve	Debenture redemption reserve	Employee stock options outstanding	General reserve	Statutory reserve fund	Other consolidation adjustments	Retained earnings	Equity instrument through OCI	Foreign currency translation Reserve		
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,440.94	-	-	**68,440.94**	105,276.00
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	859.71	(4,112.37)	**(3,252.66)**	26.59
Total comprehensive income for the year	**127,585.39**	**9,542.43**	**201.64**	**14.62**	**2.24**	**57,498.02**	**150.15**	**696.19**	**222,870.58**	**17,341.27**	**31,121.24**	**467,023.77**	**283,366.65**
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30.38	-		30.38	-
Increase in share capital of non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43.00
Payment to non controlling interest of step-down subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(113.96)
Dividends (refer note 45)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(837.26)	-	-	(837.26)	(85,777.82)
Balance at 31 March 2024	**127,585.39**	**9,542.43**	**201.64**	**14.62**	**2.24**	**57,498.02**	**150.15**	**696.19**	**222,063.70**	**17,341.27**	**31,121.24**	**466,216.89**	**197,517.87**

Nature and purpose of reserves:

Securities premium

Amount received (on issue of shares) in excess of the par value has been classified as securities premium. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Capital reserve

Any profit or loss on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instrument is transferred to capital reserve.

General reserve

This represents appropriation of profit by the Group.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of current year and prior years undistributed earnings / (loss) after taxes.

Remeasurement of defined benefit plan

Differences between the interest income on plan assets and the return actually achieved, and any changes in the liabilities over the year due to changes in actuarial assumptions or experience adjustments within the plans, are recognised in OCI and are adjusted to retained earnings.

Equity instruments through Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI')

The Group has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity securities in OCI. These changes are accumulated within the fair value through OCI reserve within equity. The Group transfers amount from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant equity securities are derecognised.

Foreign currency translation reserve

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign operations are recognised in OCI as described in accounting policy and accumulated in a separate reserve within equity. The cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss when the net investment is disposed off.

Employee stock options outstanding

The share options outstanding account is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options issued under one of the subsidiaries' Employee Stock Option Scheme.

Capital redemption reserve

The Group had purchased its own shares and as per the provisions of the applicable laws, a sum equal to the nominal value of the shares so purchased was required to be transferred to the capital redemption reserve.

Debenture redemption reserve

One of the subsidiaries of the Group has issued bonus debentures and as per the provisions of the applicable laws, a sum equal to 25% of the issue size of bonus debentures was required to be transferred to debenture redemption reserve.

Statutory reserve fund

The reserve includes accumulated amount required to be statutorily contributed to a separate reseve by one of the subsidiaries of the Group.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

This is the consolidated statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No: 108840

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 13 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited
CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002

Ness Wadia
Managing Director
DIN :00036049

Nusli N Wadia
Chairman
DIN : 00015731

N. H. Datanwala
Chief Financial Officer

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 13 May 2024

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024

1 Material accounting policies, key accounting estimates and judgements

Corporate information

The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited (the 'Corporation') or 'BBTCL' or 'Company' is a public Corporation domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Its shares are listed on two stock exchanges in India, BSE Limited ('BSE') and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ('NSE'). The Corporation's registered office is located at 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai - 400001. The Corporation was incorporated on 04 September 1863 vide certificate of incorporation number L99999MH1863PLC000002 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, Maharashtra. The Corporation is a multi-product and multi-divisional organisation with diverse business interests - tea plantations, auto electric components, healthcare and real estate.

1(A) General information and statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 and relevant amendment rules thereafter, including the presentation and disclosure requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Act and the guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') to the extent applicable. The material accounting policies for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 are consistent.

The revision to consolidated financial statements is permitted by Board of Directors after obtaining necessary approvals or at the instance of regulatory authorities as per the provisions of the Act. All amounts included in the consolidated financial statements are reported in Indian Rupees ('₹') in Lakhs unless otherwise stated and "0" denotes amounts less than one thousands rupees.

1(B) Basis of preparation and presentation

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities:

1. Biological assets- measured at fair value less costs to sell
2. Defined benefit plans and other long term employee benefit plans
3. Derivative financial instruments - measured at fair value
4. Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments).
5. Employees defined benefit plan assets / (liabilities) - measured at fair value.
6. Share based payments - measured at fair value

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements relate to The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited ('the Parent/Holding Company', 'BBTCL') and its subsidiaries which together constitute the Group and the Group's interest in associates and joint ventures. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

I) Subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries entities are controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

The Group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

II) Non-controlling interests (NCI):

i) NCI are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets at the date of acquisition

ii) NCI's share of net profit of consolidated subsidiaries for the year is identified and adjusted against the income of the Group in order to arrive at the net income attributable to shareholders of the Group.

iii) NCI's share of net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the consolidated balance sheet separate from liabilities and the equity of the Group's shareholders

iv) Changes in the Group's equity interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

III) Equity accounted investees

i) The Group's interests in equity accounted investees comprise interests in associates.

ii) An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control and has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.

iii) Interests in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. They are initially recognised at cost which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of profit or loss and OCI of equity- accounted investees until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases.

IV) Equity method

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit and loss, and the Group's share of other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

V) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investees. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

VI) Business combinations

As a part of transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to apply the relevant Ind AS, viz Ind AS 103, business combinations, to only those business combinations that occurred on or after 1st April 2015. In accordance with Ind AS 103, the Group's accounts for these business combinations using the acquisition method when control is transferred to the Group. The consideration transferred for the business combination is generally measured at fair value as at the date when the control is acquired (acquisition date), as are the net identifiable assets acquired.

Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Any gain on a bargain purchase is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve if there exists clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as resulting in a bargain purchase; otherwise the gain is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve.

Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except to the extent related to the issue of debt or equity securities.

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships with the acquiree. Such amounts are generally recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Any contingent consideration, if any, is measured at fair value as on the date of acquisition.

Current / non-current classification:

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

a. An asset is considered as current when it is:

i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle, or

ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading, or

iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

iv) Cash or cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All assets other than current assets shall be classified as non-current.

b. A liability shall be classified as current when it is

i) expected to be settled in the group's normal operating cycle;

ii) held primarily for the purpose of being trading;

iii) due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or

iv) the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

c. Deferred tax assets and liabilities (net) are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

d. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Group's operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of products and services and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and noncurrent classification of assets and liabilities.

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Parent Company operates (i.e. the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR'), which is the functional and presentation currency of the Group.

1(C) Key estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

i. Property, plant and equipment :

Property, plant and equipment ('PPE') represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Group. For entities incorporated in India, useful lives of PPE are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Act. In case, where the useful lives are different from the prescribed in Schedule II, they are based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of asset, the estimated usage of the asset , the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturer's warranties and maintenance support. Assumptions also need to be made, when the Group assesses, whether an asset may be capitalised and which components of the cost of the asset may be capitalised. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of the PPE's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its useful life. Depreciation of PPE is calculated on straight-line basis over the useful life estimated by the management either based on technical evaluation or those prescribed under schedule II of the Act.

ii. Defined benefit obligations :

The cost of the defined benefit plans and the present value of the defined benefit obligations are based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. In case of compensated absences, employee generally have an unconditional right to avail the accumulated leaves.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

iii. Deferred tax :

Deferred tax is recorded on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, at the rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable profits during the periods in which those temporary differences and tax loss carry forwards become deductible. The Group considers the expected reversal of deferred tax liabilities and projected future taxable income in making this assessment. The amount of the deferred tax assets considered realisable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.

As a parent controls the dividend policy of its subsidiary, it is able to control the timing of the reversal of temporary differences associated with that investment (including the temporary differences arising not only from undistributed profits but also from any foreign exchange translation differences). Furthermore, it would often be impracticable to determine the amount of income taxes that would be payable when the temporary difference reverses. Therefore, when the parent has determined that those profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future the parent does not recognise a deferred tax liability.

iv. Provisions :

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding defined benefit plans) are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

v. Discounting of long-term financial instruments :

All financial instruments are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. In case of financial instruments which are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost, interest is accrued using the effective interest method.

vi. Fair value of financial instruments :

Derivatives are carried at fair value. Derivatives includes foreign currency forward contracts, fair value of which, is determined using the fair value reports provided by respective merchant bankers.

vii. (a) Investment in Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Company Limited ('BDMC')

The Company along with its subsidiaries holds 44.48% of the paid up Equity Share Capital of BDMC, a Company listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange. Based on legal opinion and further based on internal evaluation made by the Company, there is no de facto control of the Company over BDMC.

(b) Investment in Go Airlines (India) Limited ('Go Air')

The Company along with its subsidiaries holds 48.14% of the paid up Equity Share Capital of Go Air, an unlisted company. Based on legal opinion and further based on internal evaluation made by the Company, there is no de facto control of the Company over Go Air.

(c) Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)

The Company along with its subsidiaries holds 24.28% of the paid up Equity Share Capital of NIL, a Company listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange. Based on legal opinion and further based on internal evaluation made by the Company, there is no de facto control of the Company over NIL.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(d) National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)

The Company along with its subsidiaries holds 24.28% of the paid up Equity Share Capital of NPL, a Company listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange. Based on legal opinion and further based on internal evaluation made by the Company, there is no de facto control of the Company over NPL.

(e) Investment in Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited

Effective 1 December 2022, Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited (Formerly known as Britannia Dairy Private Limited) has been considered as joint venture on account of 49.00% equity stake sale pursuant to joint venture agreement with Bel SA.

viii. Biological assets :

Management uses inputs relating to production and market prices of tea and coffee in determining the fair value of biological assets.

ix. Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets:

The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

x. Income tax :

Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income tax, including the amount expected to be paid or recovered in connection with uncertain tax positions.

xi. Expected credit loss on financial assets:

On application of Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" the impairment provisions of financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected timing of collection. The Group uses judgments in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history of collections, customer's creditworthiness, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

xii. Transaction price and amount allocated to performance obligations:

The Group consider the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example, goods and service tax). While determining the transaction price, Group also considers variable consideration, existence of significant financing component in the contract, non-cash consideration and consideration payable to a customer (if any). The transaction price to be allocated to performance obligations is determined basis the terms of individual contracts.

xiii. Control and significant influence:

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Associate as an entity over which the investor has significant influence. If the Group holds, directly or indirectly through intermediaries, 20% or more of the voting power of the enterprise, it is presumed that the Group has significant influence, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case. Also, the Group does not have significant influence in an enterprise can be demonstrated through following conditions:

(i) The Group does not have any representation on the board of directors or corresponding governing body of the investee.

(ii) The Group does not participate in policy making process.

(iii) The Group does not have any material transactions with the investee.

(iv) The Group does not interchange any managerial personnel.

(v) The Group does not provide any essential technical information to the investee.

xiv. Leases

Ind AS 116 “Leases” requires lessees to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Group makes an assessment on the expected lease term on a lease-by-lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Group considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of the lease and the importance of the underlying asset to Group’s operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances.

xv. Contingent liabilities:

At each balance sheet date basis the management judgement, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Group assess the requirement of provisions against the outstanding contingent liabilities. However, the actual future outcome may be different from this judgement.

1(D) Fair value measurement

Management applies valuation techniques to determine fair value of financial assets and liabilities (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions around volatility and dividend yield etc. which may affect the value of financial assets and liabilities.

Estimates and judgements are continuously evaluated. These are based on historical experience and other factors including expectation of future events that may have a financial impact on the Group and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

1(E) Statement of material accounting policies

a. Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

PPE are stated at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Historical costs include expenditure directly attributable to acquisition which are capitalised until the PPE are ready for use, as intended by management. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

The cost of a self-constructed item of PPE comprises the cost of materials, direct labour and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to its intended working condition and estimated costs of dismantling, removing and restoring the site on which it is located, wherever applicable.

Income and expenses related to the incidental operations, not necessary to bring the item to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss.

An item of PPE initially recognised is de-recognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use.

Gains or losses arising from disposals of assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying value of the asset on the date of disposal and are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, in the period of disposal.

Items such as spare parts are recognised as PPE when they meet the definition of PPE. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventory.

If significant parts of an item of PPE have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of PPE. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of PPE is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

Depreciation on addition to PPE or on disposal of PPE is calculated pro-rata from the month of such addition or up to the month of such disposal as the case may be.

Development plantations

Cost incurred for acquiring new plantations and their upkeep are capitalised until they attain maturity to yield biological produce. Such cost is included under capital work-in-progress and thereafter the same is capitalised as "Development plantations" and depreciated over their estimated useful life.

b. Capital work-in-progress and intangible assets under development

Costs incurred during construction or acquisition of qualifying PPE is included under capital work-in-progress and the same gets capitalised in the respective block of PPE on the completion of their construction. No depreciation is charged till the asset is ready to use.

Advances made toward the acquisition or construction of any qualifying PPE outstanding at each reporting date are disclosed as capital advances under "Other non-current assets".

Intangible assets under development include computer software which is build / developed inhouse by the Group and are initially measured at cost. Such intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any.

c. Reclassification to investment property

When the use of a property changes from owner-occupied to investment property, the property is reclassified as investment property at its carrying amount on the date of classification.

d. Goodwill and other intangible assets

Goodwill arising on consolidation represents the excess of cost to the Group of its investment in a subsidiary company over the Group's portion of net worth of the subsidiary, and is net of capital reserve.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. In respect of business combinations that occurred prior to 1 April 2015, goodwill is included on the basis of deemed cost, which represents the amount recorded under the previous GAAP.

Internally generated : Research and development

Expenditure on research activities is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Development expenditure is capitalised as part of the cost of the resulting intangible asset only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset. Otherwise, it is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Intangible assets :

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured at cost of acquisition. Identifiable intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits attributed to the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be reliably measured. Computer software is amortised on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The amortisation of an intangible asset with a finite useful life reflects the manner in which the economic benefit is expected to be generated. The estimated useful life of amortisable intangibles are reviewed and where appropriate are adjusted, annually.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset on the date of disposal and are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised. Amortisation on addition to intangible assets or on disposal of intangible assets is calculated pro-rata from the month of such addition or up to the month of such disposal as the case may be.

e. Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation:

The Group depreciates PPE over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of PPE are as follows:

Class of assets		Estimated useful life (in years)
Plant and machinery #	:	10 - 15 years
Furniture and fixtures #	:	10 - 16 years
Motor vehicles (scooters)	:	10 years
Motor vehicles (cars)	:	8 years
Computer hardware	:	3 years
Office equipment	:	5 years
Buildings	:	30 years
Leasehold lands	:	Lease period
Roads other than RCC	:	5 years
Development plantations	:	60 years
Mould and dies #	:	5 years

The Group believes the useful lives as given above best represent the useful life of these assets based on internal assessment where necessary, which is different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Assets costing less than ₹ 0.05 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

Freehold land is not depreciated.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Amortisation:

The Group amortise intangible asset over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of intangible asset is as follows:

Computer software **:** 3 years

f. Impairment of non financial assets

(i) Non-financial assets

Intangible assets, right of use ('ROU') assets, investment property and PPE are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e., the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value in use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit ('CGU') to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the consolidated statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

The Groups' non-financial assets, other than biological assets, inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

Goodwill arising from business combination is allocated to these CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. The recoverable amount of a CGU is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU (or the asset).

The Group's corporate assets do not generate independent cash inflows. To determine the impairment of corporate assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGUs to which the corporate assets belong.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying value of the asset of CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses in respect of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets of the CGU on a pro-rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not subsequently reversed. In respect of other assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in the prior periods, the Group reports at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or it no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Such a reversal is made only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(ii) Financial assets

The Group assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 “Financial Instruments” requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Group recognises lifetime expected losses for all trade receivables and contract assets that do not constitute a financing component. In determining the allowances for doubtful trade receivables and contract assets, the Group has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and is adjusted for forward-looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the receivables that are due and allowance rates used in the provision matrix. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-months expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the lifetime credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group’s historical experience and informed credit assessment, that includes forward-looking information. The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due (inclusive of additional 60 days over and above 30 days rebuttable presumption, where the delay could be due to administrative oversight which is considered normal in the industry and/ or geographies where Group is operating).

Investment in subsidiaries and associates.

Investment in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries and associates, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

g. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs includes interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

h. Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and estimated net realisable value, after providing for obsolescence, wherever appropriate. The cost is determined on weighted average basis, and includes all cost included in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. In case of work in progress, cost also includes cost of conversion. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

i) Stores and spare parts are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is calculated on weighted average basis.

ii) Raw materials are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. The cost includes purchase price as well as incidental expenses and is calculated on weighted average basis.

iii) Tea stock is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Timber, coffee, pepper and cardamom in stock are designated as agricultural produce as per Ind AS 41 and are measured at their fair value less cost to sell at the point of harvest. The fair valuation so arrived at becomes the cost of Inventory under Ind AS-2.

iv) Work-in-progress is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Cost is arrived on the basis of absorption costing.

v) Manufactured finished goods of all divisions are valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Cost is determined on the basis of absorption costing.

vi) Traded Finished goods of all divisions are valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower.

vii) Real estate under development comprises of freehold / leasehold land and buildings at cost, converted from fixed assets into stock-in-trade and expenses related / attributable to the development of the said properties. The same is valued at lower of cost or net realisable value.

i. Investments and Investment Properties

(1) Investments, which are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as non-current investments. On initial recognition, all investments are measured at cost. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

Current investments are carried in the consolidated financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis.

Non-current investments including investment in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline other than temporary in the value of these investments. On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(2) Property that is held either for long term rental yield or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes is classified as investment property.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The Group depreciates investment properties on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset as specified in point (e) above.

The fair values of investment property is disclosed in the notes accompanying these consolidated financial statements.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss in the period of derecognition.

j. Income tax

Tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is measured by the amount of tax expected to be paid to the taxation authorities on the taxable profits after considering tax allowances and exemptions and using applicable tax rates and laws. Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the accounting base and the tax base for the year and quantified using the tax rates and tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as on the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in consolidated financial statements, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction. Deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses are expected to be utilised. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Current tax and deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amount and there is an intent to settle the asset and liability on a net basis.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the respective Group Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

k. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Parent Company and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period, are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

l. Income recognition

i. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to depict the transfer of promised products to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those products. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of products

Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of the goods which is ordinarily upon delivery at the customer premises. Revenue is measured at transaction value of the consideration received or receivable, after deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government which are levied on sales such as goods and services tax, etc. For certain contracts that permit the customer to return an item, revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. As a consequence, for those contracts for which the Group is unable to make a reasonable estimate of return, revenue is recognised when the return period lapses or a reasonable estimate can be made. A refund liability and an asset for recovery is recognised for these contracts and presented separately in the balance sheet.

When a performance obligation is satisfied, the Group recognises as revenue the amount of the transaction price (which excludes estimates of variable consideration) that is allocated to that performance obligation. Transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Trade receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities -

Trade Receivable is primarily comprised of billed and unbilled receivables (i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment is due) for which the Group has an unconditional right to consideration, net of an allowance for expected credit loss. A contract asset is a right to consideration that is conditional upon factors other than the passage of time. Contract assets are presented separately in the consolidated financial statements and primarily relate to unbilled amounts on fixed-price contracts utilising the cost to cost method i.e. percentage of completion method (POCM) of revenue recognition. Contract liabilities consist of advance payments and billings in excess of revenues recognised. The difference between opening and closing balance of the contract assets and liabilities results from the timing differences between the performances obligation and customer payment.

ii. Other operating revenue

It includes revenue arising from the duty drawbacks, export incentives or revenue arising from Group's ancillary revenue-generating activities. Revenue from these activities are recorded only when Group is reasonably certain of such income.

iii. Deferred revenue

The Group's significant subsidiary has a customer loyalty programme for selected customers. The Company grants credit points to those customers as part of a sales transaction which allows them to accumulate and redeem those credit points. The consideration is allocated between the loyalty programme and the goods based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. The credit points have been deferred and will be recognised as revenue when the reward points are redeemed or lapsed.

iv. Income from royalties is recognised based on contractual agreements.

v. Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

vi. For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. Interest income is included in other income in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

m. Foreign currency transactions and translations

Foreign currency transactions of the Group are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rate prevailing on the balance sheet date whereas non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency monetary items and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

n. Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into INR, the functional currency of the Group, at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into INR at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or an average rate if the average approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

When a foreign operation is disposed of in its entirety or partially such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount of exchange differences related to that foreign operation recognised in OCI is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. If the Group disposes off part of its interest in a subsidiary but retains control, then the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is re-allocated to OCI. When the Group disposes off only a part of its interest in an associate while retaining significant influence, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

o. Employee benefits

Retirement benefits to employees comprise payments to government provident funds, gratuity fund, leave encashment and superannuation fund.

(i) **Short-term employee benefits**

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised in the year during which the employee rendered the services. These benefits include performance incentives. These benefits include compensated absences such as paid annual leaves and sickness leaves.

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund and superannuation fund are recognised as expenses in the period in which the employee renders the related service. In respect of certain employees, provident fund contributions are made to a Trust administered by the Group. The interest rate payable to the members of the trust shall not be lower than the statutory rate of interest declared by the Central Government under the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and shortfall, if any, shall be made good by the Group. In respect of contributions made to Government administered provident fund, the Group has no further obligations beyond its monthly contributions. The Britannia Industries Limited Covenanted Staff Pension Fund Trust ('BILCSPF') and Britannia Industries Limited Officers' Pension Fund Trust ('BILOPF') were established by the Group to administer pension schemes for its employees. These trusts are managed by the Trustees. The Pension Scheme is applicable to all the managers and officers of the Group who have been employed up to the date of 15 September 2005 and any manager or officer employed after that date, if he has opted for the membership of the Scheme. The Group makes a contribution of 15% of basic salary in respect of the members, each month to the trusts. On retirement, subject to the vesting conditions as per the rules of the trust, the member becomes eligible for pension, which is paid from annuity purchased in the name of the member by the trusts.

(ii) **Post-employment benefits**

The Group also provides gratuity liability as defined benefit obligation and is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary based on projected unit credit method, at the end of each financial year.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in OCI. Net interest expense / (income) on the net defined liability / (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability / (asset), to the net defined liability / (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the year. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

(iii) **Other long-term employee benefits**

All employee benefits (other than post-employment benefits and termination benefits) which do not fall due wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services are determined based on actuarial valuation or discounted present value method carried out at each balance sheet date. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary as at 1 January / 31 March every year as applicable using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid / availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognised in the period in which the absences occur.

(iv) **Voluntary retirement scheme benefits**

Voluntary retirement scheme benefits are recognised as an expense in the year they are incurred.

(v) **Share based payments**

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model. That cost is recognised in employee benefits expense together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (Share options outstanding account) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and or service conditions are fulfilled. The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

p. Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made where there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from the past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Provisions are reviewed regularly and are adjusted where necessary to reflect the current best estimates of the obligation. Where the Group expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, only when such reimbursement is virtually certain. Contingent asset is not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. However, it is recognised only when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Onerous contracts

Provision for onerous contracts. i.e. contracts where the expected unavoidable cost of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it, are recognised when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle a present obligation as a result of an obligating event based on a reliable estimate of such obligation.

q. Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

As a lessee

The Group's lease asset class consists of leases for buildings and vehicles. The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognises a right of use asset ('ROU') and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised. The ROU assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e., the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit ('CGU') to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Group changes its assessment on whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option. Lease liabilities and ROU assets have been separately presented in the consolidated balance sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

As a lessor

Leases for which the Group is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases. When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sublease separately. The sublease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the ROU asset arising from the head lease. For operating leases, rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. (This space has been intentionally left blank)

r. Financial Instruments

(1) Initial recognition and measurement - The Group recognises financial assets and liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets (excluding trade receivable) and liabilities are recognised at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised on the trade date. Trade receivables are recognised at their transaction price unless those contain significant financing component determined in accordance with Ind AS 115 and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

(2) Classification and subsequent measurement-

i. Financial assets

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and;

b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the statement of profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group decides to classify the same either as at FVTOCI or FVTPL. The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the profit and loss.

Derecognition of financial assets :

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset. If the Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of the debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the fair value initially recognised less cumulative amortisation.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Group recognises lifetime expected losses for all trade receivables and contract assets that do not constitute a financing component. In determining the allowances for doubtful trade receivables and contract assets, the Group has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and is adjusted for forward-looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the receivables that are due and allowance rates used in the provision matrix. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-months expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the lifetime credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. For impairment of investment in subsidiaries and associates, refer accounting policy of "Investment in subsidiaries and associates".

ii. Financial liabilities

Classification

Financial liabilities are classified as, measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable and incremental transaction cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual right to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

iii. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

s. Biological assets

The Group has biological assets in the form of tea leaves and coffee fruits. Biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell, with any change therein recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss under 'other income' or 'other expenses', as the case may be.

t. Dividend distribution to equity holders of the Company

The Group recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders of the Group when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Group. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. unless it is interim dividend. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity (Net of tax).

u. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, balance with banks in current account and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than three months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

v. Segment reporting

Segments are identified based on the manner in which the Group's Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM') decides about resource allocation and reviews performance. Segment results that are reported to the CODM include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire PPE and intangible assets.

w. Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets and disposal group of assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification. Non-current assets (and disposal group) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

PPE and intangible assets once classified as held for sale/distribution are not depreciated or amortised. A disposal component qualifies as discontinued operation if it is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and:

- Represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations,
- Is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations.

Discontinued operations are excluded from the results of continuing operations and are presented as a single amount as profit or loss after tax from discontinued operations in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Additional disclosures are provided in Note 50. All other notes to the financial statements mainly include amounts for continuing operations, unless otherwise mentioned

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

x. Business combination

Business combinations are accounted for using Ind AS 103, Business Combinations. Ind AS 103 requires the identifiable intangible assets and contingent consideration to be fair valued in order to ascertain the net fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree. Estimates are required to be made in determining the value of contingent consideration, value of option arrangements and intangible assets. These valuations are conducted by external valuation experts. These measurements are based on information available at the acquisition date and are based on expectations and assumptions that have been deemed reasonable by the management.

y. Other material accounting policies

(i) Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the consolidated financial statements. Where the events are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting period, the amounts are not adjusted, but are disclosed if those non-adjusting events are material.

(ii) Government grants / Incentives

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grants that relate to revenue it is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss on a systematic basis over the periods to which it relate. When the grants that relate to an asset it is treated as deferred income and recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

(iii) Exceptional items

When items of income and expense within profit or loss from ordinary activities are of such size, nature or incidence that their disclosure is relevant to assist users in understanding the financial performance achieved and in making projections of future financial performance, the nature and amount of such material items are disclosed separately as exceptional items.

(iv) Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from 1 April 2024.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

List of subsidiaries and associate companies considered in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of the subsidiary,associate and joint venture	Country of Incorporation	Percentage holding	
		Current Year	*Previous year*
Subsidiaries			
Afco Industrial & Chemicals Limited.	India	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
DPI Products & Services of India Limited.	India	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Sea Wind Investment & Trading Co. Limited	India	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Leila Lands Senderian Berhad	Malaysia	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Subham Viniyog Private Limited	India	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Naira Holdings Ltd.	The British Virgin Islands	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Island Horti-Tech Holding Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Leila Lands Ltd.	Mauritius	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Restpoint Investments Ltd.	The British Virgin Islands	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Baymanco Investments Limited	Mauritius	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Island Landscape & Nursery Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Innovative Organics Inc.	United States of America	**0.00%**	*58.80%*
Britannia Brands Limited	United Kingdom	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
ABI Holdings Limited	United Kingdom	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Associated Biscuits International Ltd.	United Kingdom	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Dowbiggin Enterprises Pte. Limited	Singapore	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Nacupa Enterprises Pte. Limited	Singapore	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Spargo Enterprises Pte. Limited	Singapore	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Valletort Enterprises Pte. Limited	Singapore	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Bannatyne Enterprises Pte. Limited	Singapore	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Britannia Industries Limited	India	**50.54%**	*50.54%*
Innovative Organics Inc. (upto 24 May 2023)			
Granum Inc. (upto 3 June 2023)	United States of America	**0.00%**	*58.80%*
Subsidiaries of Britannia Industries Limited			
Boribunder Finance and Investments Private Limited	India	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Flora Investments Company Private Limited	India	**40.53%**	*40.53%*
Gilt Edge Finance and Investments Private Limited	India	**46.13%**	*46.13%*
Ganges Vally Foods Private Limited	India	**98.66%**	*98.66%*
International Bakery Products Limited	India	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
J B Mangharam Foods Private Limited	India	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Manna Foods Private Limited	India	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Sunrise Biscuit Company Private Limited	India	**99.16%**	*99.16%*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the subsidiary,associate and joint venture	Country of Incorporation	Percentage holding	
		Current Year	*Previous year*
Britannia Dairy Private Limited	India	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Britannia Nepal Private Limited	Nepal	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Britchip Foods Limited	India	**60.00%**	*60.00%*
Britannia and Associates (Mauritius) Private Limited	Mauritius	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Britannia and Associates (Dubai) Private Co. Limited	United Arab Emirates	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Al Sallan Food Industries Co. SAOC	Oman	**65.46%**	*65.46%*
Strategic Food International Co. LLC	United Arab Emirates	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Strategic Brands Holding Company Limited	United Arab Emirates	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Britannia Bangladesh Private Limited	Bangladesh	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Strategic Food Uganda limited	Uganda	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Kenafric Biscuits Limited	Kenya	**51.00%**	*51.00%*
Catalyst Britania Brands Limited	Mauritius	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Britannia Egypt LLC	Egypt	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Britannia Employees General Welfare Association Private Limited ^	India	**50.54%**	*50.54%*
Britannia Employees Medical Welfare Association Private Limited ^	India	**50.54%**	*50.54%*
Britannia Dairy Holdings Private Limited	Mauritius	**100.00%**	*100.00%*
Equity accounted investees (Associates):			
Lotus Viniyog Private Limited	India	**50.00%**	*50.00%*
Roshnara Investment & Trading Company Private Limited	India	**50.00%**	*50.00%*
Cincinnati Investment & Trading Company Private Limited	India	**50.00%**	*50.00%*
Lima Investment & Trading Company Private Limited	India	**50.00%**	*50.00%*
Shadhak Investment & Trading Private Limited	India	**50.00%**	*50.00%*
MSIL Investments Private Limited	India	**50.00%**	*50.00%*
Medical Microtechnology Limited	India	**50.00%**	*50.00%*
Harvard Plantations Limited	India	**50.00%**	*50.00%*
Placid Plantations Limited	India	**50.00%**	*50.00%*
The Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Company Limited	India	**44.48%**	*44.42%*
Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	India	**24.28%**	*24.28%*
National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)	India	**24.28%**	*24.28%*
The Bombay Burmah Trading Employees' Welfare Co. Limited	India	**42.86%**	*42.86%*
Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited *	India	**35.00%**	*35.00%*
Sunandaram Foods Private Limited *	India	**26.00%**	*26.00%*
Joint venture:			
Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited [formerly known as Britannia Dairy Private Limited] (w.e.f 1 December 2022)	India	**51.00%**	*51.00%*

* Associates of Britannia Industries Limited

^ Subsidaries limited by guarantee

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The following companies limited by guarantee, are also considered for consolidation:

Britannia Employees General Welfare Association Private Limited

Britannia Employees Medical Welfare Association Private Limited

Britannia Employees Educational Welfare Association Private Limited

Principles of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by consolidation of the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries on a line-by-line basis after fully eliminating the inter-company transactions.

The following subsidiary companies are excluded from consolidation as they are not significant:

Name of the entity	Relationship	Country of incorporation
Vasana Agrex and Herbs Private Limited	Subsidiary	India
Snacko Bisc Private Limited	Subsidiary	India

The financial statements of Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited and Sunandaram Foods Private Limited have been incorporated in the consolidated financial statements based on unaudited financial statements as these are not material. Also refer to Note 63 for Go Airlines (India) Limited.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

2(a) Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Gross carrying amount (at cost)						Accumulated depreciation/amortisation						Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2023	Reclassification from / (to) investment property	Additions	Adjustments #	Disposals	As at 31 March 2024	As at 1 April 2023	Reclassification from / (to) investment property	Charge for the year *	Adjustments #	Disposals	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Owned assets														
Freehold land	16,534.91	-	33.91	(1.25)	-	**16,567.57**	-	-	-	-	-	**-**	**16,567.57**	16,534.91
Leasehold land	1.35	-	-	-	-	**1.35**	0.51	-	0.01	-	-	**0.52**	**0.83**	0.84
Buildings ##	114,838.28	1,577.00	13,826.53	88.23	(9.91)	**130,320.13**	23,315.67	213.00	4,462.83	106.76	(5.39)	**28,092.87**	**102,227.26**	91,522.61
Leasehold buildings	2,538.06	-	132.00	(9.70)	(79.18)	**2,581.18**	897.34	-	258.83	(8.21)	(78.11)	**1,069.85**	**1,511.33**	1,640.72
Plant and equipment	234,665.88	-	24,988.75	(160.58)	(1,237.77)	**258,256.28**	115,235.31	-	23,604.42	(51.46)	(1,223.64)	**137,564.63**	**120,691.65**	119,430.57
Furniture and fixtures	6,656.49	-	555.84	7.90	(915.00)	**6,305.23**	4,664.12	-	462.40	(4.28)	(902.70)	**4,219.54**	**2,085.69**	1,992.37
Roads	298.37	-	-	(0.01)	-	**298.36**	191.42	-	-	(0.01)	-	**191.41**	**106.95**	106.95
Office equipment	6,080.33	-	1,454.29	-	(10.24)	**7,524.38**	3,985.37	-	824.33	2.00	(10.12)	**4,801.58**	**2,722.80**	2,094.96
Development plantations	3,909.76	-	101.88	(1.30)	(419.01)	**3,591.33**	845.09	-	110.04	(2.40)	(236.14)	**716.59**	**2,874.74**	3,064.67
Moulds and dies	1,097.67	-	38.70	-	-	**1,136.36**	788.76	-	115.19	-	-	**903.95**	**232.41**	308.91
Vehicles	835.98	-	58.29	(45.71)	(5.54)	**843.02**	370.17	-	85.28	(42.71)	(5.02)	**407.72**	**435.30**	465.81
Computer hardware	188.82	-	9.30	(0.45)	(63.45)	**134.22**	164.12	-	9.51	(0.45)	(60.56)	**112.62**	**21.60**	24.70
Right-of-use assets (refer note 41)														
Leasehold property	23,651.59	-	1,246.92	26.30	(291.34)	**24,633.47**	3,537.06	-	723.50	7.24	(287.43)	**3,980.37**	**20,653.10**	20,114.53
Vehicles	492.94	-	101.00	-	(55.00)	**538.94**	361.60	-	174.65	-	(55.00)	**481.25**	**57.69**	131.34
Total	**411,790.43**	**1,577.00**	**42,547.41**	**(96.57)**	**(3,086.44)**	**452,731.82**	**154,356.54**	**213.00**	**30,830.99**	**6.48**	**(2,864.11)**	**182,542.90**	**270,188.92**	**257,433.89**

Particulars	Gross carrying amount (at cost)						Accumulated depreciation/amortisation						Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2022	Reclassification from / (to) investment property	Additions	Adjustments #	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Reclassification from / (to) investment property	Charge for the year *	Adjustments #	Disposals**	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Owned assets														
Freehold land	14,657.35	(83.00)	3,134.01	(1,144.34)	(29.11)	**16,534.91**	-	-	-	-	-	**-**	**16,534.91**	14,657.35
Leasehold land	1.33	-	-	0.02	-	**1.35**	0.50	-	0.01	-	-	**0.51**	**0.84**	0.83
Buildings ##	79,815.19	(2,654.00)	37,679.10	1,926.58	(1,928.59)	**114,838.28**	18,760.42	-	3,097.22	2,037.25	(579.22)	**23,315.67**	**91,522.61**	***61044.09
Leasehold buildings	2,255.79	-	84.73	242.52	(44.98)	**2,538.06**	2,039.79	-	254.55	190.05	(1,587.05)	**897.34**	**1,640.72**	216.00
Plant and equipment	162,062.90	-	70,609.14	6,750.26	(4,756.42)	**234,665.88**	93,751.15	-	18,191.63	6,365.39	(3,072.86)	**115,235.31**	**119,430.57**	***67991.51
Furniture and fixtures	5,362.39	-	812.58	511.39	(29.87)	**6,656.49**	3,815.36	-	395.55	478.90	(25.69)	**4,664.12**	**1,992.37**	1,547.03
Roads	298.75	-	-	-	(0.38)	**298.37**	191.42	-	-	-	-	**191.42**	**106.95**	107.33
Office equipment	5,183.86	-	954.18	32.00	(89.71)	**6,080.33**	3,526.24	-	496.96	26.00	(63.83)	**3,985.37**	**2,094.96**	1,657.62
Development plantations	4,539.38		495.36	28.86	(1,153.84)	**3,909.76**	852.36	-	129.06	22.83	(159.16)	**845.09**	**3,064.67**	3,687.02
Moulds and dies	986.13	-	113.39	-	(1.85)	**1,097.67**	665.12	-	124.10	-	(0.46)	**788.76**	**308.91**	321.01
Vehicles	660.49	-	332.01	55.44	(211.96)	**835.98**	281.90	-	73.13	51.44	(36.30)	**370.17**	**465.81**	378.59
Computer hardware	192.06	-	6.75	-	(9.99)	**188.82**	161.94	-	11.57	-	(9.39)	**164.12**	**24.70**	30.12
Right of use assets (refer note 41)														
Leasehold property	22,490.74	-	1,053.89	293.81	(186.85)	**23,651.59**	2,810.03	-	780.97	121.65	(175.59)	**3,537.06**	**20,114.53**	19,680.71
Vehicles	281.52	-	269.42	-	(58.00)	**492.94**	281.11	-	112.49	-	(32.00)	**361.60**	**131.34**	0.41
Total	**298,787.88**	**(2,737.00)**	**115,544.56**	**8,696.54**	**(8,501.55)**	**411,790.43**	**127,137.34**		**23,667.24**	**9,293.51**	**(5,741.55)**	**154,356.54**	**257,433.89**	**171,319.62**

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

* Includes depreciation of discontinued operations of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 : ₹ 225.65)

Adjustments represents exchange differences and assets classified as held for sale [refer note 64]
-Freehold land: Gross value ₹ 0.25 (31 March 2023 - ₹ 1,150.34), accumulated depreciation ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 - ₹ Nil) and Written down value of ₹ 0.25 (31 March 2023 - ₹ 1,150.34)
-Buildings: Gross value ₹ 64.77 (31 March 2023 - ₹ 335.19), accumulated depreciation ₹ 37.62 (31 March 2023 - ₹ 200.45) and Written down value of ₹ 27.15 (31 March 2023 - ₹ 134.74)
-Plant and Machinery: Gross value ₹ 574.88 (31 March 2023 - ₹ Nil), accumulated depreciation ₹ 466.27 (31 March 2023 - ₹ Nil) and Written down value of ₹ 108.61 (31 March 2023 - ₹Nil)

**Disposals include writeoff of development plantations and others (Gross value ₹ 387.03, accumulated depreciation ₹ 202.29 and Written down value of ₹ 184.74) for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Building includes :
i) Net carrying value ₹ 26.00 (31 March 2023: ₹ 24.00) constructed on a land leased from the government (UAE) which is renewable each year in relation to Strategic Food International Co. LLC., Dubai (SFIC).
ii) Net carrying value ₹ 729.00 (31 March 2023: ₹ 810.00) in relation to Al Sallan Food Industries Co. SAOC (ASFI) constructed on a land leased from the Public Establishment for Industrial Estates (Sohar Industrial Estate) for a period of 30 years from 1 January 2020.
(iii) Fully paid unquoted shares and bonds in respect of ownership of flats in 1 Co-operative Housing Society (31 March 2023: 1 Co-operative Housing Society); 10 shares (31 March 2023: 10 shares) of ₹ 50/- each.

***Net Carrying value as on 31 March 2022 of Building and Plant and Equipment includes impairment of ₹10.68 and ₹320.24 respectively.

Refer note no 20 and 23 for details of hypothecation of assets.

There was no revaluation of PPE in current year and previous year.

PPE includes amounts from continuing and discontinued operations. Refer note 50 for discontinued operations
(a) Refer note 41 for disclosure on lease assets as required by Ind AS 116.
(b) For capital commitments, refer note 44(iii).
(c) All the lease agreements are duly executed in the name of the Group (lessee)
(d) All the title deeds of the immovable properties are held in the name of the Group

Class of asset	Net carrying amount		Loans / financing facilities against which assets are pledged
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Freehold land	**407.50**	22.61	Term loans from banks, non convertible debentures, cash credit / working capital demand loan, short term loans and packing credit

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

2(b) Capital work-in-progress

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Opening carrying amount	**10,740.89**	56,007.19
Additions *	**52,685.90**	81,623.11
Assets capitalised #	**(44,546.57)**	(114,755.04)
Adjustments	-	138.92
Discontinued operation		
Transfer to Assets held-for-sale: held as on balance sheet date (refer note 64)	-	(3,236.00)
(a) held as on balance sheet date		
Sold during the year ##	-	(9,037.29)
Closing carrying amount	**18,880.22**	**10,740.89**

*Includes additions made with respect to assets allocated to discontinued operations amounting ₹Nil (31 March 2023 : ₹ 227.82) (Refer note 50 (e)).

#Includes capitalisation made with respect to assets allocated to discontinued operations amounting ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 : ₹ 129.40) (Refer note 50 (d)).

##Includes sale of assets under capital work in progress allocated to discontinued operations amounting ₹Nil (31 March 2023 : ₹ 802.) (Refer note 50 (e)).

Capital work-in-progress comprises of development plantation and machinery pending installation

There were no projects which have exceeded their original timeline or original budgeted cost as at 31 March 2024 and as at 31 March 2023, except for the following:

31 March 2024

Particulars	To be completed in				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Furnace in Dunsandle estate	**69.73**	-	-	-	**69.73**

31 March 2023

Particulars	To be completed in				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Furnace in Dunsandle estate	-	99.40	-	-	**99.40**

(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

2(c) Investment Property

Particulars	Gross carrying amount				Accumulated depreciation				Net carring amount	
	As at 1 April 2023	Additions	Disposals	As at 31 March 2024	As at 1 April 2023	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Buildings	4,326.00	147.00	(1,577.00)	2,896.00	254.64	98.65	(213.00)	140.29	2,755.71	4,071.36
Total	**4,326.00**	**147.00**	**(1,577.00)**	**2,896.00**	**254.64**	**98.65**	**(213.00)**	**140.29**	**2,755.71**	**4,071.36**

Particulars	Gross carrying amount				Accumulated depreciation				Net carring amount	
	As at 1 April 2022	Additions	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Buildings	1,589.00	2,737.00	-	4,326.00	185.20	69.44	-	254.64	4,071.36	1,403.80
Total	**1,589.00**	**2,737.00**	**-**	**4,326.00**	**185.20**	**69.44**	**-**	**254.64**	**4,071.36**	**1,403.80**

The investment property of the Group consist of one flat (building) in Pune, Maharashtra, currently held for undetermined use. The Group has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment property and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements. There is no amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss in relation to above investment property except depreciation amounting ₹ 0.65 (31 March 2023 ₹ 0.44). Depreciation is calculated using straight line method and useful life of building estimated by the management is 30 years.

A part of the fair value of the investment property is ₹ 111.45 (31 March 2023: ₹ 111.32) which is derived from ready recokner rate notified by the government through the registrar office of Pune. The fair value of such investment property has not been determined by an independent registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017. The fair value measurement for investment property has been categorised as Level 2 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used.

The remaining investment property pertains to Land and Building in Ranjangaon leased to Britannia Bel foods Private Limited. Its fair value is of ₹ 3,233.00 (31 March 2023: ₹ 5,097.00) and the same has been determined by an external independent registered property valuer as defined under rule 2 of Companies (registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules,2017. The fair value measurement for investment property has been categorised as Level 2 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. The valuation techniques used for determining the fair value of the property was based on the prevailing market price of similar property in the same locality.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

2(d) and (e) Goodwill and Intangible assets

Particulars	Gross carrying amount (at cost)					Accumulated amortisation					Impairment as at 31 March 2024	Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2023	Additions	Adjustments *	Disposals	As at 31 March 2024	As at 1 April 2023	Amortisation Charge for the year	*Adjustments	Elimination on disposal of assets	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
i) Intangible assets													
Brands/trademarks	153.00	-	3.00	-	156.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	156.00	153.00
Computer softwares	4,591.57	151.39	(0.95)	(46.31)	4,695.70	3,254.80	405.69	(1.34)	(45.52)	3,613.63	-	1,082.07	1,336.77
Tenancy rights	28.92	-	-	-	28.92	4.80	0.60	-	-	5.40	-	23.52	24.12
Total	**4,773.49**	**151.39**	**2.05**	**(46.31)**	**4,880.62**	**3,259.60**	**406.29**	**(1.34)**	**(45.52)**	**3,619.03**	**-**	**1,261.59**	**1,513.89**
ii) Goodwill	**101,484.77**	**-**	**166.39**	**-**	**101,651.16**	**353.00**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**353.00**	**369.94**	**100,928.22**	**100,761.83**

Particulars	Gross carrying amount (at cost)					Accumulated amortisation					Impairment as at 31 March 2023	Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2022	Additions	Adjustments *	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Amortisation Charge for the year	*Adjustments	Elimination on disposal of assets	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
i) Intangible assets													
Brands/trademarks	4.00	145.00	4.00	-	153.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	153.00	4.00
Computer softwares	4,443.76	126.70	21.11	-	4,591.57	2,821.42	415.98	17.40	-	3,254.80	-	1,336.77	1,622.34
Tenancy rights	28.92	-	-	-	28.92	4.20	0.60		-	4.80	-	24.12	24.72
Total	**4,476.68**	**271.70**	**25.11**	**-**	**4,773.49**	**2,825.62**	**416.58**	**17.40**	**-**	**3,259.60**	**-**	**1,513.89**	**1,651.06**
ii) Goodwill	**102,629.77**	**-**	**891.00**	**(2,036.00)**	**101,484.77**	**353.00**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**353.00**	**369.94**	**100,761.83**	**101,906.83**

Goodwill consists of goodwill on acquisition of Britannia Industries Limited. The market value of shares as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 is significantly higher the acquisiton value of such investment.

For impairment testing, goodwill and trademark, i.e., intangible asset with indefinite life are allocated to the Cash Generating Unit ("CGU") which represents the lowest level within the Group at which goodwill or trademark is monitored for internal management purposes. The Group's goodwill on consolidation and intangible assets with indefinite life are tested for impairment annually or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill or trademark might be impaired. If any indication of impairment exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the individual asset / CGU is made. Asset / CGU whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount by recognising the impairment loss as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill (if any) allocated to the CGU and then to the other assets of the unit, pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's or CGU's value in use and its fair value less cost of disposal. Value in use is estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset or CGU and from its disposal at the end of its useful life discounted to their present value using a post-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are considered. Assessment is also done at each balance sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

Impairment analysis was performed for the goodwill. The recoverable amount was determined using value in use of the cash generating units. The recoverable amount exceeds the carrying value, accordingly no impairment charges were identified for the year ended 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: Nil).

*Adjustments represents exchange differences.

2(f) Intangible asset under development ('IAUD')

Particulars	As at 1 April 2023	Additions	Capitalised	Adjustments#	As at 31 March 2024
IAUD	97.70	-	(97.47)	(0.23)	-

Particulars	As at 1 April 2022	Additions	Capitalised	Adjustments	As at 31 March 2023
IAUD	124.77	-	(27.07)	-	97.70

IAUD represents implementation of Enterprices Resource Planning (ERP) software which is installed by the Group during the year

Adjustments pertains to writeoff.

There is no IAUD whose completion is overdue or which has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as at 31st March 2024.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

3 Equity accounted investees*

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Investment in equity accounted investees	**202,028.17**	*191,413.68*
Less: Allowance for impairment in value of investments	**(1,654.69)**	*(1.00)*
Investments in preference shares of equity accounted investments	**23.50**	*23.50*
Total	**200,396.98**	*191,436.18*
Aggregate carrying amount of quoted investments	**141,568.64**	*131,189.44*
Aggregate market value of quoted investments#	**157,453.54**	*60,744.99*
Aggregate carrying amount of unquoted investments	**58,828.34**	*60,246.74*
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	**1,654.69**	*1.00*

#The fair market value of 1,395,500 shares of Naperol Investments Limited held by the Group as at 31 March 2023 was ₹ 17,270.01. Due to the associate's retrospective entry into a composite scheme of arrangement during the year (refer notes 39 and 48), the market value has been split equally between Naperol Investments Limited and National Peroxide Limited, consistent along with the cost of acquisition.

*Refer note 39

4 Investments - Non-current

Measured at amortised cost		
Investments in debentures and bonds (unquoted)	**47,484.00**	*91,721.00*
Investments in tax free bonds (unquoted)	**1,411.00**	*1,411.00*
Investments in government securities / trust securities / others (unquoted)	**4,165.35**	*5,144.25*
Investments in co-operative societies (unquoted)*	**0.04**	*0.05*
Measured at FVTPL		
Investments in mutual funds (unquoted)	**2,727.00**	*2,538.00*
Investments in insurance companies (unquoted)	**1,794.00**	*1,666.00*
Investments in equity instruments (unquoted)	**291.00**	*291.00*
Measured at FVOCI	**-**	*-*
Investments in equity instruments (Quoted)	**82.35**	*51.32*
Investments in equity instruments (Unquoted)	**605.01**	*607.79*
Total	**58,559.75**	*103,430.41*
Aggregate carrying amount of quoted investments	**82.35**	*51.32*
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	**82.35**	*51.32*
Aggregate carrying amount of unquoted investments	**58,477.40**	*103,379.09*
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	**-**	*-*

The Group's exposure to credit risk and market risk related to investments is disclosed under note 42.

* The Group has written down the investment in the co-operative societies.

5 Loans - Non-current

Unsecured, considered good		
Loans to related parties (refer note 52(C))	**-**	*12.00*
Other loans		
Loans to employees	**87.62**	*141.18*
Inter corporate deposits [Refer below note 15 and 52 (C)]	**-**	*39,500.00*
Total	**87.62**	*39,653.18*
Debts due by Directors or other officers of the Group	**-**	*12.00*
Includes due from firms or private companies in which director is a partner or a director or a member.	**-**	*-*

There are no loan receivable which have significant increase in credit risk and credit impaired

The Group's exposure to credit risk related to loans is disclosed under note 42.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

6 Other financial assets - Non-current

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Unsecured, considered good		
Bank deposits with original maturity of more than 12 months from the reporting period *	**361.38**	*88.92*
Security deposits	**2,378.62**	*2,455.47*
Other deposits and receivables	**44.64**	*27.07*
Unsecured, credit impaired		
Other deposits and receivables	**228.21**	*236.44*
Less: Allowance for impairment of other receivables	**(228.21)**	*(236.44)*
Total	**2,784.64**	*2,571.46*

* Includes those against guarantees and security deposits

The Group's exposure to credit risk related to other financial assets is disclosed under note 42.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

7 Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

(a) Movement in deferred tax balances from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024

Particulars	1 April 2023	Recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	31 March 2024
Deferred tax (liabilities) / assets				
Timing difference between book depreciation and depreciation as per the Income Tax Act, 1961	(4,703.86)	(1,551.33)	-	(6,255.19)
Proposed dividend	(9,265.94)	9,265.94	-	-
Indexation benefit on land	221.37	-	-	221.37
Investments at FVTPL	(342.00)	22.00	-	(320.00)
Allowance for expected credit loss on trade and other receivables	85.69	114.13	-	199.82
Provisions for employee benefits	467.93	139.42	-	607.35
Statutory dues	9,541.00	-	-	9,541.00
Unabsorbed business loss and depreciation	54.50	-	-	54.50
Other items	109.78	(78.21)	(6.85)	24.72
MAT credit	242.00	(2.00)	-	240.00
Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) (net)	**(3,589.53)**	**7,909.95**	**(6.85)**	**4,313.57**

(b) Movement in deferred tax balances from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

Particulars	1 April 2022	Recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	31 March 2023
Deferred tax (liabilities) / assets				
Timing difference between book depreciation and depreciation as per the Income Tax Act, 1961	(4,863.69)	159.83	-	(4,703.86)
Proposed dividend	(7,271.19)	(1,994.75)	-	(9,265.94)
Indexation benefit on land	221.37	-	-	221.37
Investments at FVTPL	(777.00)	435.00	-	(342.00)
Allowance for expected credit loss on trade and other receivables	149.34	(63.65)	-	85.69
Provisions for employee benefits	726.70	(250.18)	(8.59)	467.93
Statutory dues	9,128.00	413.00	-	9,541.00
Unabsorbed business loss and depreciation	54.50	-	-	54.50
Other items	507.29	(397.51)	-	109.78
MAT credit	92.00	150.00	-	242.00
Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) (net)	**(2,032.68)**	**(1,548.26)**	**(8.59)**	**(3,589.53)**

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The Group has not recognised deferred tax liability on undistributed profits of certain subsidiaries amounting to ₹490,235.21 (31 March 2023: ₹381,522.82) because it is able to control the timing of the reversal of temporary differences associated with such undistributed profits and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Further, these reserves will be deployed based on factors like strategic, long-term plans of the subsidiaries and its diversification opportunities.

Deferred tax benefits are recognised on unabsorbed business loss and other assets to the extent it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences will be utilised.

The Group offsets tax assets and tax liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off tax assets and tax liabilities and entity's intention is to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle and liabilities simultaneously, and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities related to the income taxes levied by the same tax authorities.

Significant management judgement is required in determining deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered. Any changes in future taxable income would impact the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

8 Income tax assets (net)

Particulars	**As at 31 March 2024**	*As at 31 March 2023*
Advance income tax (net of provision for tax)	**6,984.27**	*5,015.11*
Total	**6,984.27**	*5,015.11*

9 Other non-current assets

Unsecured, considered good		
Capital advances	**4,135.04**	*2,950.41*
Advances other than capital advances		
Other receivables*	**0.16**	*0.16*
Prepaid expenses	**25.23**	*20.87*
Balances with government authorities	**1,420.00**	*1,485.89*
Other advances	**516.00**	*528.00*
Unsecured, credit impaired		
Advances other than capital advances		
Advances to others	**893.00**	*893.00*
Less: Allowance for impairment of advances to others	**(893.00)**	*(893.00)*
Total	**6,096.43**	*4,985.33*

*represents dividend receivables

10 Inventories

Raw materials #	**68,158.30**	*70,386.30*
Work-in-progress #	**1,074.93**	*960.63*
Finished goods*	**42,066.71**	*44,171.38*
Stock-in-trade*	**3,772.50**	*3,395.32*
Consumable stores and spares	**8,860.27**	*7,351.60*
Real estate inventory (finished goods/property)	**398.40**	*398.40*
Total	**124,331.11**	*126,663.63*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

*Includes goods-in-transit amounting ₹ 575.28 (31 March 2023: ₹ 323.01).

Refer note 23 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Group

The carring value of inventories pledged as securities as at 31 March 2024 is ₹ 5,029.84 (31 March 2023: ₹ 6,275.89).

Includes inventory lying with third party for Raw materials of ₹ 230.07 (31 March 2023: ₹ 232.25) and Work-in-progress of ₹ 88.14 (31 March 2023: ₹ 98.92).

There are no reversal of written down inventories during the year.

11 Biological assets other than bearer plants

A Reconciliation of carrying amount

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		*As at 31 March 2023*	
	Tea leaves	Coffee fruits	*Tea leaves*	*Coffee fruits*
Opening carrying value of biological assets	**108.36**	-	*78.30*	-
Add :				
(i) Increase due to harvesting done	**3,181.94**	-	*2,724.43*	*1,176.94*
Less :				
(i) Production during the year/changes due to biological transformation	**(3,183.07)**	-	*(2,695.56)*	*(1,176.94)*
(ii) Due to increase in production of leaves/fruits on the bushes due to favourable weather conditions	-	-	-	-
(iii) Due to increase in number of plantations	-	-	-	-
(iv) Increase due to seasonal produce	-	-	-	-
(v) Changes due to biological transformation for harvest	-	-	-	-
(vi) Changes due to currency fluctuations	**(1.27)**	-	*1.19*	-
Closing carrying value of biological assets	**105.96**	-	*108.36*	-
The reconciliation of fair value changes is analysed below:				
Opening carrying value of biological assets	**108.36**	-	*78.30*	-
Variance due to price/rate movements	**(28.19)**	-	*18.76*	-
Variance due to currency fluctuations	**(1.27)**		*1.19*	-
Variance due to volume fluctuations:				
Due to increase/(decrease) in production of leaves/fruits on the bushes due to favourable / unfavourable weather conditions.	**27.06**	-	*10.11*	-
Closing carrying value of biological assets	**105.96**	-	*108.36*	-
Current portion	**105.96**	-	*108.36*	-
Non-current portion	-	-	-	-

"The physical quantities of tea leaves produced during the year and estimated quantity thereof at the end of reporting period is 168.18 kg (31 March 2023: 136.97 kg) and 4.77 kg (31 March 2023: 3.69 kg) respectively. The entire biological assets as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 classifies as mature biological assets."

"The physical quantities of coffee fruits produced during the year and estimated quantity thereof at the end of reporting period is Nil (31 March 2023: 29.68 kg) and Nil (31 March 2023: Nil) respectively."

Refer note 23 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Group.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

B Measurement of fair value

i) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value measurements for tea leaves and coffee fruits has been categorised as level 3 fair values based on the inputs to valuation technique used.

ii) Level 3 fair values

The following table shows a break up of the total (loss) / gains recognised in respect of level 3 fair values

Particulars	**For the year ended 31 March 2024**	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
(Loss)/gain included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss	**(1.12)**	*28.87*
Change in fair value (realised)	**-**	-
Change in fair value (unrealised)	**(1.12)**	*28.87*

iii) Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

Type	**Valuation technique**	**Significant unobservable inputs**	**Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement**
Tea leaves	Based on actual production of 11 days immediately succeeding the reporting date	Estimated trading price of tea leaves as at the reporting date i.e. 31 March 2024 ₹ 19.10 per kg (31 March 2023: ₹ 25.00 per kg)	The estimated fair valuation would increase/ (decrease) if - The production quantity for 11 days immediately after the reporting date changes - the trading prices of the tea leaves undergo a change
Coffee fruits	Based on estimated amount of coffee fruits to be plucked during the months of January to March each year	Average of high and low prices determined by The Coffee Board of India as at the reporting dates	The estimated fair valuation would increase/ (decrease) if - The budgeted production and estimated quantity to be plucked changes - the prices determined by the Coffee Board of India changes

C Risk management strategies related to agricultural activities

The Group is exposed to the following risks relating to its plantation activity

i) Regulatory and enviromental risks

The Group is subject to laws and regulations of the country in which it operates. It has established various environmental policies and procedures aimed at compliance with the local environmental and other laws.

ii) Supply and demand risks

The Group is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in the price and sales volume of produce (tea and coffee). When possible, the Group manages this risk by aligning its produce to market supply and demand. Management regularly analyses industry trend, for projected produce and prices.

iii) Climate and other risks

The Group's plantations are exposed to the risk of damage from climatic changes, pests, forest fires and other natural forces. The Group has extensive processes in place aimed at monitoring and mitigating those risks, including regular estate health inspections and industrial pest surveys.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

12 Investments (Current)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Measured at amortised cost		
Investment in debentures and bonds (Unquoted)	**70,295.00**	*21,675.00*
Investments in government securities (Unquoted)	**1,084.00**	*474.00*
Investments in commercial paper (Unquoted)	**34,479.00**	-
Measured at FVTPL		
Investment in mutual funds (Quoted)	**63,793.00**	*157,950.00*
Measured at FVOCI		
Investment in equity instruments (Quoted)	**2,590.98**	*2,195.01*
Investment in debentures and bonds (Quoted)	**1,638.87**	*1,519.28*
Investment in others (Unquoted)*	**-**	*813.91*
Total	**173,880.85**	*184,627.20*
Aggregate carrying amount of quoted investments	**68,022.85**	*161,664.29*
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	**68,022.85**	*161,664.29*
Aggregate carrying amount of unquoted investments	**105,858.00**	*22,962.91*
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	**-**	-

* Other investments includes investment in gold.

13 Trade receivables

Unsecured		
Considered good	**46,686.31**	*39,046.15*
Credit impaired	**1,051.58**	*1,413.82*
Total	**47,737.89**	*40,459.97*
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	**(1,483.58)**	*(1,413.82)*
Total	**46,254.31**	*39,046.15*
Due from director or other officers of the Group	**-**	-
Dues from firms or private companies in which director is a partner or a director or a member	**3.20**	*2.55*
Dues from related parties (refer note 52(C))	**47.42**	*31.96*

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivables:						
- considered good	42,838.29	1,633.61	749.57	730.84	734.00	46,686.31
- have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	24.79	17.27	51.69	34.34	478.59	606.68
Disputed trade receivables:						
- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
- have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	444.90	444.90
Total	**42,863.08**	**1,650.88**	**801.26**	**765.18**	**1,657.49**	**47,737.89**
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(94.84)	(23.41)	(126.22)	(79.05)	(1,160.06)	(1,483.58)
Trade receivables (net)	**42,768.24**	**1,627.47**	**675.04**	**686.13**	**497.43**	**46,254.31**

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivables:						
- considered good	34,191.92	2,374.78	1,615.15	674.87	189.43	39,046.15
- have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	9.59	44.49	65.25	65.48	792.34	977.15
Disputed trade receivables:						
- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
- have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	436.67	436.67
Total	**34,201.51**	**2,419.27**	**1,680.40**	**740.35**	**1,418.44**	**40,459.97**
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(9.59)	(44.49)	(65.25)	(65.48)	(1,229.01)	(1,413.82)
Trade receivables (net)	**34,191.92**	**2,374.78**	**1,615.15**	**674.87**	**189.43**	**39,046.15**

Trade receivables are non interest bearing and are generally on credit terms of payment range between 15 to 120 days as per the normal business practice

The Group's exposure to credit risk and market risk related to trade receivables is disclosed under Note 42.

Refer note 23 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Group.

There are no unbilled receivables as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

*The Holding company has impaired trade receivables amounting to₹ 24.56 (31 March 2023 : ₹ 22.18) from Go Airlines (India) Limited.

14(a) Cash and cash equivalents

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	**As at 31 March 2024**	**As at 31 March 2023**
Balance with banks		
In current accounts	52,802.48	48,855.68
In exchange earners' foreign currency accounts	105.71	381.50
In deposit accounts with original maturity of three months or less	21,105.86	939.05
In foreign bank accounts held by foreign branches	694.57	4,000.00
Total	**74,708.62**	**54,176.23**
Cash on hand	18.16	22.86
Cheques on hand	-	-
Total	**18.16**	**22.86**
Grand Total	**74,726.78**	**54,199.09**

The Group's exposure to credit risk and market risk related to cash and cash equivalents is disclosed under note 42.

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the reporting year and prior year

Refer note 23 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Group.

There are no significant cash and cash equivalents which will not be available for use by the Group.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

14(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Unpaid dividend accounts	**4,150.12**	*3,980.50*
Unclaimed debenture interest accounts	**319.00**	*295.00*
In deposit accounts *	**6,981.00**	*4,330.00*
Unclaimed debenture redemption proceeds	**967.00**	*1,025.00*
Balances held as margin money against guarantees and other commitments	**308.83**	*433,979.39*
Less: impairment (refer note 62)	**-**	*(132,000.00)*
Total	**12,725.95**	*311,609.89*

*Includes those against guarantee and security deposits.

The Group's exposure to credit risk related to other bank balances is disclosed in note 42.

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, as at the end of the reporting years other than mentioned above.

Refer note 23 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Group.

15 Loans - Current

Unsecured, considered good		
Loans to related parties		
Other loans (refer note 52 (C))	**6.05**	*4.00*
Loan to employees	**30.13**	*38.97*
Inter-corporate deposits ('ICD') receivable from related parties (also refer note 52(C))	**21,100.00**	*29,600.00*
Other advances	**7.49**	*7.45*
Unsecured, credit impaired		
Inter-corporate deposits ('ICD') receivable from related parties (refer note 52(C))	**8,500.00**	*8,500.00*
Less: allowance for impairment	**(8,500.00)**	*(8,500.00)*
Total	**21,143.67**	*29,650.42*

Notes:-

i) Other loan represents loan given to associates.

ii) There are no loans due by directors or Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Group, either severally or jointly with any other person or firm or private companies in which director or KMP is partner or a director or a member

iii) The Group's exposure to credit risk related to loans is disclosed under note 42.

iv) Refer note 23 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Group

v) The Group has impaired loan receivables amounting to ₹8,500.00 from Go Airlines (India) Limited during the previous year (refer note 62)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

16 Other financial assets - Current

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Unsecured, considered good		
Interest accrued on deposits and ICDs [also refer note 52(C)]	**7,758.06**	*7,680.74*
Less: allowance for impairment ##	**(497.53)**	*(497.53)*
Other receivables #	**277.07**	*25,569.36*
Receivables from related parties (refer note 52(C))	**185.52**	*4,024.67*
Dividend receivable	**0.12**	*0.15*
Security deposits	**1,395.31**	*1,095.48*
Incentives recoverable *	**43,620.25**	*37,494.00*
Bank deposit with more than 12 months original maturity **	**767.00**	*120.00*
Total	**53,505.80**	*75,486.87*

* Incentives recoverable in accordance with the State Industrial Policy of certain States and Schemes of the Central Government.

** Includes against guarantee and security deposits.

Includes receivable for sale of coffee division amounting ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: ₹ 25,111.40) and receivable on sale of windmill unit amounting to ₹ 96.70 (31 March 2023: ₹ 80.57)

##The corporation has impaired interest receivables amounting to ₹497.53 from Go Airlines (India) Limited during the previous year (refer note 62).

The Group's exposure to credit risk related to other financial assets is disclosed under note 42.

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to bank and margin deposits as at the end of the reporting years other than mentioned above.

Refer note 23 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Group.

Dues from firms or private companies in which director is a partner or a director or a member ₹ 0.40 (31 March 2023: ₹ 2.34)

There are no loans due by directors or other officers of the Group.

17 Other current assets

Considered good:		
Advances other than capital advance		
Advances to suppliers	**2,539.18**	*4,374.39*
Defined benefit assets (net) - gratuity (refer note 40(B))	**-**	*146.00*
Other advances	**3,716.00**	*2,721.00*
Advances to employees	**23.95**	*37.39*
Balances with employee benefit fund	**2.90**	*2.90*
Others		
Prepaid expenses	**4,258.55**	*4,596.29*
Balances with government authorities	**4,669.07**	*8,208.60*
Considered doubtful:		
Other advances	**290.00**	*290.00*
Less: Allowance for impairment of other advances	**(290.00)**	*(290.00)*
Total	**15,209.65**	*20,086.57*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Refer note 23 for information on assets provided as collateral or security for borrowings or financing facilities availed by the Group.

There are no loans due by directors or Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Group, either severally or jointly with any other person or firm or private companies in which director or KMP is partner or a director or a member

18 Equity share capital

a Authorised share capital

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
75,000,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 2 each (31 March 2023: 75,000,000)	**1,500.00**	*1,500.00*
Total	**1,500.00**	*1,500.00*

b Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital

69,771,900 equity shares of face value of ₹ 2 each (31 March 2023: 69,771,900)	**1,395.44**	*1,395.44*
Forfeited shares (amount originally paid-up)	**0.83**	*0.83*
Total	**1,396.27**	*1,396.27*

c Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	**69,771,900**	*69,771,900*
Issued during the year	**-**	*-*
Outstanding at the end of the year	**69,771,900**	*69,771,900*

d Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Corporation has only one class of equity shares with voting rights having par value of ₹ 2 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per equity share. The Corporation declares and pays dividends in INR. The dividend (refer note 45) proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Corporation, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive assets of the Corporation remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of fully paid-up equity shares held by the shareholders.

e Aggregate number of bonus shares issued or buy back of shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date

The Corporation has neither issued bonus shares nor there has been any buy back of shares during five years immediately preceding 31 March 2024.

f Shares issued for consideration other than cash

The Corporation has not issued any shares for consideration other than cash.

g Shares held by the holding company and ultimate holding company

The Corporation does not have any holding company or ultimate holding company hence the disclosure requirement for the shares held by them and subsidiary and associates of such holding and ultimate holding company is not applicable.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

h The details of promoters' and promoters' group shareholding in the Corporation is set out below:

As at 31 March 2024	No. of shares	% holding in class	% change during the year
Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	27,189,144	38.97%	*0.00%
Nusli Neville Wadia	6,980,356	10.00%	0.00%
Naperol Investments Limited (formely known as National Peroxide Limited)	6,585,117	9.44%	0.00%
Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	2,268,742	3.25%	0.00%
Macrofil Investments Limited	2,076,682	2.98%	0.00%
N N Wadia (Admin of Estate of Lt. E.F. Dinshaw)	239,990	0.34%	0.00%
Sahara Investments Private Limited	166,317	0.24%	0.00%
Heera Holdings And Leasing Private Limited	149,213	0.21%	0.00%
Nidhivan Investments And Trading Company Private Limited	146,609	0.21%	0.00%
Go Investments & Trading Private Limited	112,625	0.16%	0.00%
Varnilam Investments and Trading Company Limited	34,500	0.05%	0.00%
Ness Nusli Wadia	21,600	0.03%	0.00%
Nessville Trading Private Limited	17,500	0.03%	0.00%
Maureen Nusli Wadia	8,500	0.01%	0.00%
Jehangir Nusli Wadia	3,500	0.01%	0.00%
New Point Enterprises Limited	950	0.00%	0.00%
Wallace Brothers Trading And Industrial Limited	5,660,700	8.11%	0.00%
Ben Nevis Investments Mauritius Limited	1,000	0.00%	0.00%
Total	**51,663,045**	**74.04%**	**0.00%**

As at 31 March 2023	No. of shares	% holding in class	% change during the year
Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	27,190,144	38.97%	0.00%
Nusli Neville Wadia	6,980,356	10.00%	0.00%
Naperol Investments Limited (formely known as National Peroxide Limited)	4,278,533	6.13%	0.00%
National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)	2,306,584	3.31%	0.00%
Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	2,268,742	3.25%	(44.93)%
Macrofil Investments Limited	2,076,682	2.98%	820.18%
N N Wadia (Admin of Estate of Lt. E.F. Dinshaw)	239,990	0.34%	0.00%
Sahara Investments Private Limited	166,317	0.24%	0.00%
Heera Holdings And Leasing Private Limited	149,213	0.21%	0.00%
Nidhivan Investments And Trading Company Private Limited	146,609	0.21%	0.00%
Go Investments & Trading Private Limited	112,625	0.16%	0.00%
Varnilam Investments and Trading Company Limited	34,500	0.05%	0.00%
Ness Nusli Wadia	21,600	0.03%	0.00%
Nessville Trading Private Limited	17,500	0.03%	0.00%
Maureen Nusli Wadia	8,500	0.01%	0.00%
Jehangir Nusli Wadia	3,500	0.01%	0.00%
New Point Enterprises Limited	950	0.00%	0.00%
Wallace Brothers Trading And Industrial Limited	5,660,700	8.11%	0.00%
Total	**51,663,045**	**74.04%**	**0.00%**

*Represents change below rounding off norms

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders / members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the shareholding detailed here represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

Wallace Brothers Trading and Industrial Limited (WBTIL) has filed a statement with SEBI in July 2023 declaring itself as Promoter Group of the Corporation since 1997. Thereafter, the Corporation has filed revised shareholding details with NSE and BSE, declaring WBTIL as a member of the Promoter Group retrospectively, from the year 1997.

The Corporation also declares that it has not entered into any transactions with WBTIL and hence, there has been no impact on the published consolidated financial statements of the Company since 1997 and the disclosures made, other than the above revised disclosure, as a result of WBTIL being a related party.

i Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Corporation

Name of the shareholder	As at 31 March 2024		*As at 31 March 2023*	
	No. of shares	% holding in the class	*No. of shares*	*% holding in the class*
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid-up				
Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	**27,189,144**	**38.97%**	*27,190,144*	*38.97%*
Nusli Neville Wadia	**6,980,356**	**10.00%**	*6,980,356*	*10.00%*
Wallace Brothers Trading & Industrial Limited	**5,660,700**	**8.11%**	*5,660,700*	*8.11%*
Naperol Investments Limited (formely known as National Peroxide Limited)	**6,585,117**	**9.44%**	*4,278,533*	*6.13%*

j. The Corporation does not have any holding company or Ultimate holding company hence the disclosure requirement for the shares held by them is not applicable.

19 Other equity

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Capital reserve	**127,585.39**	*127,585.39*
Securities premium	**9,542.43**	*9,542.43*
General reserve	**57,498.02**	*57,498.02*
Retained earnings	**222,063.70**	*154,429.64*
Foreign currency translation reserve through other comprehensive income	**31,121.24**	*35,233.61*
Equity instruments through other comprehensive income	**17,341.27**	*16,481.56*
Capital redemption reserve	**201.64**	*201.64*
Employee stock option reserve	**2.24**	*2.24*
Statutory reserve fund	**150.15**	*150.15*
Debenture redemption reserve	**14.62**	*14.62*
Others consolidation adjustments	**696.19**	*696.19*
Total	**466,216.89**	*401,835.49*

20 Borrowings - Non-current

Secured		
Non-convertible debentures [refer note 23(a), 23(c) and 23(d)]	**-**	*4,911.70*
Term loans from banks [refer note (a) to (g) below]	**643.88**	*267,069.47*
Other borrowings [refer note (h) below]	**252.32**	*2.81*
Unsecured		
Term loans from banks [refer note (g) below]	**90,417.00**	*85,250.00*
Non-convertible debentures [refer note 23(r)]	**-**	*69,852.00*
Total	**91,313.20**	*427,085.98*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

Footnotes:

a) Rupee term loans from The Shamrao Vithal Co-operative Bank Limited ('SVC Bank') of ₹ 10,000.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 8,656.25)], the loan of ₹ 5,000.00 was secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Elkhill estates in favour of SVC Bank, which has been prepaid on April 2023 and the charge on assets has been released and another loan of ₹ 5,000.00 was secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of SVC Bank. which has been prepaid on 24 November 2023 and the charge on the assets has been released. The rate of interest on the loans was ranging from 9.00% to 10.50% per annum ('p.a.').

b) Rupee term loan from Cosmos Co-operative Bank Limited ('Cosmos Bank') of ₹ 5,000.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 5,000.00)], the loan was secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of Cosmos Bank, which has been prepaid on 24 November 2023 and the charge on the assets has been released. The rate of interest on the loan was ranging from 9.00% to 10.50% p.a.

c) Rupee term loan from IDFC First Bank Limited ('IDFC Bank') of ₹ 5,000.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 3,750.00)], the loan was secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of IDFC Bank, which has been prepaid on 24 November 2023 and the charge on the assets has been released. The rate of interest on the loan was ranging from 9.00% to 10.50% p.a.

d) Rupee term loan from IDFC First Bank Limited ('IDFC Bank') of ₹ 3,125.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 3,125.00)], the loan was secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of IDFC First Bank Limited, which has been prepaid on 24 November 2023 and the charge on the assets has been released. The rate of interest on the loan is ranging from 9.00% to 10.50% p.a.

e) Rupee term loan from Mahindra & Mahindra Financial Services Limited ('MMFSL') of ₹ 2,500.00 [current principal outstanding ₹ 2,241.14],(31 March 2023 : Nil) which is repayable in 19 monthly instalments starting from February 2024. The loan is secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Electromags Unit in favour of MMFSL. The rate of interest on the loan is ranging from 10.00% to 11.00% p.a. Part of loan amounting to ₹ 1,649.06 (31 March 2023 : Nil) which is repayable within next one year is classified under "Borrowings (current)" (refer note 23).

(f) A subsidiary of the Group in previous year entered into facilities agreements with Deutsche Bank AG, Singapore branch for ₹ 163,297 (USD 200,000,000), with maturity date 5 April 2024 at 3 months London Interbank Offer Rate ('LIBOR') + 2% p.a. Out of this, ₹ 81,649 (USD100,000,000) had a maturity date 8 June 2025 drawn at Secured Overnight Financing Rate ('SOFR') + 2.5% p.a. and ₹ 122,473 (USD 150,000,000) for various purposes. The loans were secured by corporate guarantees from its subsidiaries and letter of support from the Ultimate Holding Company. Current outstanding is ₹ Nil (USD Nil),(31 March 2023 ₹ 296,386.93, USD 263,000,000).The above loans were fully repaid before maturity during the current year

(g) Carries interest rate ranging from 6.45% -13.5% p.a. repayable in monthly / half yearly installments / end of the term, as applicable, with an average balance maturity period of 4 years. The outstanding term loan and overdraft are secured by an exclusive charge on existing and future all fixed assets and stocks.

(h) Other borrowings represents hire purchase.

These amounts are exclusive of EIR impact as per Ind AS 109 "Financial instruments"

The Group has used the borrowings for the specific purpose for which it was availed during current and previous year.

There is no default in repayment of borrowings and interest as at and during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

Refer note 42 for information on credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

21 Other financial liabilities - Non-current

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Security deposits payable	-	*0.60*
Deposits from customers	**4,219.00**	*4,103.00*
Employee related liabilities	**2,347.00**	*1,912.00*
Total	**6,566.00**	*6,015.60*

The Group's exposure to liquidity risk related to other financial liabilities are disclosed under note 42.

22 Provisions - Non-current

Provision for employee benefits		
Compensated abscences [refer note 40 (c)]	**2.60**	*3.10*
Gratuity [refer note 40(b)]	**4,169.95**	*3,569.23*
Total	**4,172.55**	*3,572.33*

23 Borrowings - Current

Secured		
a) Non-convertible debentures [refer footnote (a) and (b)]	**4,994.82**	*7,491.15*
b) Cash credit, working capital, short term loans and packing credit from banks (Refer footnotes (c) ,(e) to (i) and (l),(o),(p) below)	**1,985.00**	*8,371.92*
c) Term Loan		
Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 20 and footnote (d) (m) and (p)	**1,734.59**	*43,988.34*
Unsecured		
a) Debentures[refer footnote (r)]	**69,852.00**	-
b) Term loans		
Current maturities of long term debt [refer footnote (m)]	**14,833.00**	*11,268.00*
c) Loans repayable on demand		
Vendor invoice discounting [refer footnote (o)]	**5,237.00**	*10,576.00*
Liability under reverse factoring arrangement [refer footnote (o)]	-	*26,697.00*
Working capital loan [Refer footnote (o) below]	**23,375.00**	*90,000.00*
From Banks [refer footnote (n)]	-	*4,108.00*
d) Others		
Inter-corporate deposits from related parties [refer footnote (j) and note 52(C)]	**74.00**	*45.00*
Commercial papers [refer footnote (k)]	-	*6,921.72*
Total	**122,085.41**	*209,467.13*

a) Principal protected market linked unlisted Non-convertible debentures ('PP-NCD') aggregating to ₹ 5,000.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ 5,000.00 (31 March 2023 ₹ 5,000.00)] were issued on 28 March 2023 by way of private placement. PP-NCD's are repayable on 23 April, 2024. PP-NCD's are secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of the Mitcon Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited (debenture trustee). The coupon range of PP-NCD is 9.25% to 9.75% p.a. payable quarterly.

b) Non-convertible debentures ('NCD-II') aggregating to ₹ 7,500.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 7,500.00)] were issued on 28 September 2020 and listed on Wholesale Debt Market segment of BSE. NCD-II were repayable on 28 September 2023. The NCD-II have a Put and Call option excercisable at the end of every 1 year, starting from 28 September 2021. NCD-II were secured by way of first pari passu charge created by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Elkhill estates in favour of the IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (debenture trustee). The coupon rate of NCD-II is 8.80% p.a. payable quarterly.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

c) Non-convertible debentures ('NCD') aggregating to ₹ 10,000.00 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 5,000.00)] were issued on 30 April 2020 by way of private placement and listed on Wholesale Debt Market segment of BSE. NCD's worth ₹ 5,000 has been repaid on 30 April 2023. NCD's were secured by first pari passu charge created by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Elkhill estates in favour of debenture trustee. The coupon rate of NCD is 8.80% p.a. payable quarterly.

d) Principal protected market linked Non-convertible debentures ('PPML-NCD') aggregating to ₹ 5,000 [current principal outstanding - ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 5,000.00)] were issued on 25 October 2021 by way of private placement and listed on wholesale debt market segment of BSE. PPML-NCD were repayable on 25 January 2024. PPML-NCD are secured by way of first pari passu charge by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates in favour of the Debenture trustee. The coupon rate of PPML-NCD is 7.25% p.a. payable at maturity.

e) Cash credit / WCDL from Axis Bank Limited ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 2,352.55) was secured by hypothecation of present and future stocks, trade receivables (book debts) and other current assets on pari-passu basis. The rate of interest is ranging from 9.00% to 11.00% p.a.

f) Cash credit / WCDL from HDFC Bank Limited ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 1,100.47) was secured by hypothecation of present and future stocks, book debts on pari-passu basis. The rate of interest on the loan is ranging from 9.00% to 11.00% p.a.

g) Packing credit/Cash credit / WCDL / Short Term Loan from The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited of ₹ 1,650.00 (31 March 2023 ₹ 1,000.00) is secured by hypothecation of present and future stocks and book debts on pari-passu basis. The rate of interest on the loan is ranging from 9.00% to 11.00% p.a.

h) Packing credit / WCDL / short term loan from Federal Bank Limited of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 1,730.02) was secured by hypothecation of present and future stocks, book debts and other current assets on pari-passu basis. The rate of interest on the packing credit is 6 Months LIBOR (London Inter-bank Offered Rate) + 1.00 - 3 .00% and other loan is 9.00% -11.00% p.a.

i) Cash credit / Overdraft from IDFC FIRST Bank Limited of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 1,966.88) was secured by way of first pari passu charge created by way of an equitable mortgage by deposit of title deeds of Mudis estates. The rate of interest is 12 Months MCLR (Marginal Cost of Lending Rate) + 0.50% to 2.00%.

j) The rate of interest on ICD is 10% p.a. (31 March 2023: 8.75% to 9.25% p.a.)

k) The Group has outstanding commercial paper of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 ₹ 7,000.00) which carried coupon rate of 8.00% to 9.00%.

l) Cash credit (CC) is repayable on demand.

m) Certain loans carries interest rate ranging from 6.45% -13.5% p.a. repayable in monthly / half yearly installments / end of the term, as applicable, with an average balance maturity period of 4 years.

n) Represents loan availed by one of the subsidiaries to support working capital requirement of its step-down subsidiaries carrying Interest rate linked to SOFR + applicable mark-up.

o) Carries interest rate linked to T-Bill + applicable mark-up / fees.

p) The outstanding term loan and overdraft are secured by an exclusive charge on existing and future all PPE and stocks.

q) The outstanding amount in above footnotes are exclusive of EIR impact as per Ind AS 109 "Financial instruments"

r) One of the subsidiary has issued 240,868,296 (31 March 2023: Nil) 5.50% Redeemable Non-convertible Bonus Debentures of face value of ₹ 29 each, fully paid up.[Redeemable in full at the end of 3 years from 2 June 2021, being the date of allotment]

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The Group has used the borrowings for the specific purpose for which it was availed during current and previous year.

There is no default in repayment of borrowings and interest during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

Refer note 42 for information on credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Cash flow changes in liabilities arising from financial activities

Particulars	Lease liabilities	Borrowings
As at 1 April 2022	**2,016.70**	**586,019.68**
Non cash movement: Additions to lease liabilities (net),interest and exchange differences	383.80	(2,999.91)
Cash flows (net)	(424.39)	69,164.05
As at 31 March 2023	**1,976.11**	**652,183.82**
Non cash movement: Additions to lease liabilities (net),interest and exchange differences	1,070.79	39,545.24
Cash flows (net)	(313.39)	(478,330.45)
As at 31 March 2024	**2,733.51**	**213,398.61**

The impact of additions,deletions and gain or loss in statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income for security deposits is negligible.

24 Trade payables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Total outstanding dues to micro and small enterprises (Refer note below)	**3,542.86**	*4,651.42*
Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	**162,169.13**	*142,783.64*
Total	**165,711.99**	*147,435.06*

Trade payables are non interest bearing and are normally settled in line with applicable industry norms.

The Group's exposure to liquidity risk and market risk related to trade payables is disclosed in note 42.

The tables below provide details regarding ageing of trade payables:

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from due date of payment					
	Unbilled dues	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables - micro enterprises and small enterprises	3,083.00	459.86	-	-	-	3,542.86
Undisputed trade payables - other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	110,641.00	49,559.22	902.29	271.61	795.01	162,169.13
Disputed trade payables - micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade payables - other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-		-	-	-
Total	**113,724.00**	**50,019.08**	**902.29**	**271.61**	**795.01**	**165,711.99**

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from due date of payment					
	Unbilled dues	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables - micro enterprises and small enterprises	4,392.00	259.42	-	-	-	4,651.42
Undisputed trade payables - other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	91,945.66	47,420.61	356.18	1,936.58	1,119.31	142,778.34
Disputed trade payables - micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade payables - other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	5.30	-	-	5.30
Total	**96,337.66**	**47,680.03**	**361.48**	**1,936.58**	**1,119.31**	**147,435.06**

25 Other financial liabilities - Current

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Creditors for capital goods	**9,867.11**	*11,416.11*
Interest accrued	**3,900.74**	*10,273.96*
Unpaid dividends #	**4,150.12**	*3,980.50*
Unpaid debenture redemption balance	**967.00**	*1,025.00*
Unpaid debenture interest	**319.00**	*295.00*
Security deposits payable to		
Other than related parties	**89.29**	*206.18*
Expenses payable to		
Related parties (refer note 52(C))	**-**	*66.95*
Other than related parties	**17,703.61**	*17,079.54*
Employee related payables	**13,932.68**	*13,526.15*
Total	**50,929.55**	*57,869.39*

#There are no amounts due and outstanding to be credited to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).Unclaimed dividend has been transferred to IEPF as and when become due.

The Group's exposure to liquidity risk related to other financial liabilities is disclosed under note 42.

Unpaid dividends are related to:

Year	Amount	Amount
2015-16	-	220.33
2016-17	239.26	250.08
2017-18	268.33	281.75
2018-19	256.20	276.46
2019-20	441.38	460.52
2020-21	1,684.77	1,764.81
2021-22	695.94	726.55
2022-23	564.24	-
Total	**4,150.12**	**3,980.50**

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

26 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Revenue received in advance	**4,204.00**	*5,538.00*
Contract liabilities (refer note 51)	**100.38**	*116.44*
Statutory dues payable	**13,052.12**	*12,652.02*
Total	**17,356.50**	*18,306.46*

27 Provisions - Current

Gratuity [refer note 40 (b)]	**504.39**	*386.88*
Compensated absences [refer note 40 (c)]	**3,821.15**	*3,027.26*
VRS compensation	**-**	*522.03*
Provision for bonus	**321.21**	*343.04*
Provision for other expenses	**655.09**	*1,167.59*
Trade and other issues (refer note 49)	**47,161.00**	*35,284.00*
Excise duty and service tax related issues (refer note 49)	**849.00**	*825.00*
Sales tax and other issues (refer note 49)	**4,565.71**	*12,656.92*
Deferred grant income	**44.23**	*31.30*
Provision for taxation	**1,701.04**	*1,092.22*
Provision for SBLC expected invocation	**-**	*32,190.64*
Total	**59,622.82**	*87,526.88*

Movement of Provision for other expenses

At the beginning of the year	**1,167.59**	*897.81*
Net movement during the year	**(512.50)**	*269.78*
At the end of the year	**655.09**	*1,167.59*

Movement of Provision for bonus

At the beginning of the year	**343.04**	*217.71*
Net movement during the year	**(21.83)**	*125.33*
At the end of the year	**321.21**	*343.04*

Movement of deferred grant income

At the beginning of the year	**31.30**	-
Recognised during the year	**12.93**	*31.30*
At the end of the year	**44.23**	*31.30*

Movement of Provision for tax litigation

At the beginning of the year	**1,092.22**	-
Recognised during the year	**608.82**	*1,092.22*
At the end of the year	**1,701.04**	*1,092.22*

Movement of Provision for SBLC expected invocation

At the beginning of the year	**32,190.64**	-
(Invocked) / recognised during the year	**(32,190.64)**	*32,190.64*
At the end of the year	**-**	*32,190.64*

Movement of VRS

At the beginning of the year	**522.03**	-
(Paid) / recognised during the year	**(522.03)**	*522.03*
At the end of the year	**-**	*522.03*

28 Income tax liabilities (net)

Provision for tax (net of advance tax)	**9,945.86**	*7,532.34*
Total	**9,945.86**	*7,532.34*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

29 Revenue from operations

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
A. Revenue from contract with customers		
Sale of products [also refer note 52(B)]	**1,688,258.50**	*1,629,860.59*
Customer loyalty programme	**-**	*478.00*
	1,688,258.50	*1,630,338.59*
B. Other operating income		
Duty drawback and export incentives/subsidy	**117.88**	*108.91*
Sale of scrap	**5,308.38**	*5,158.17*
Royalty	**328.00**	*100.00*
Income from sale of windmill units (electricity)	**15.39**	*21.00*
Other operating income	**16,869.00**	*26,565.01*
	22,638.65	*31,953.09*
Total	**1,710,897.15**	*1,662,291.68*

Refer note 51 for disclosures in accordance with Ind AS 115, 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

30 Other income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost [also refer note 52(B)]	**26,867.85**	*25,109.69*
Rental income [also refer note 52(B)]	**8.17**	*7.85*
Net gain on financial assets measured at FVTPL*	**2,590.14**	*4,208.00*
Net gain on foreign currency transactions and translations	**3,749.65**	*2,917.50*
Net gain on sale or disposal of PPE	**230.32**	*1,524.36*
Dividend income [also refer note 52(B)]	**307.78**	*49.45*
Liabilities/provisions no longer required written back/ reversed	**280.95**	*51.98*
Gain in fair value of biological assets other than bearer plants (refer note 11)	**-**	*28.87*
Insurance claim	**-**	*9.01*
Arranger's fees [refer note 52(B)]	**4,851.69**	*11,805.64*
Other non-operating income**	**832.76**	*1,320.52*
Interest income on income tax refund	**55.52**	*38.15*
Total	**39,774.83**	*47,071.02*

* Includes realised gain on sale of investments of ₹ 2,308.00 (31 March 2023: ₹ 8,429.00)

**Other non-operating income mainly includes incentive from State and Central Government and scrap sales.

31 Cost of materials consumed

Opening inventory	**70,386.30**	*95,861.21*
Add : Purchases during the year	**868,129.10**	*822,170.00*
Less: Closing inventory	**(68,158.30)**	*(70,386.30)*
Total	**870,357.10**	*847,644.91*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

32 Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Opening inventory		
Finished goods (including stock-in-trade)	**47,566.70**	*40,293.49*
Work-in-progress	**960.63**	*667.23*
Real estate inventory	**398.40**	*398.40*
	48,925.73	*41,359.12*
Closing inventory		
Finished goods (including stock-in-trade)	**45,839.21**	*47,566.70*
Work-in-progress	**1,074.93**	*960.63*
Real estate inventory	**398.40**	*398.40*
	47,312.54	*48,925.73*
Changes in inventories		
Finished goods (including stock-in-trade)	**1,727.49**	*(7,273.21)*
Work-in-progress	**(114.30)**	*(293.40)*
Real estate inventory	**-**	*-*
Less: Changes in inventories on account of discontinued operations	**(1,652.15)**	*(63.44)*
	(38.96)	*(7,630.05)*

33 Employee benefits expense

Salaries and wages	**69,261.81**	*62,722.71*
Contributions to provident fund and other funds (refer note 40)	**4,257.85**	*3,867.13*
Staff welfare expenses	**3,674.15**	*3,940.85*
Expenses related to post employment defined benefit plan and compensated absences	**531.45**	*514.57*
Share based payment to employees*	**5,553.00**	*6,045.00*
Total	**83,278.26**	*77,090.26*

*Includes cash settled (Phantom Option scheme) expenses of ₹ 5,553.00 (31 March 2023: ₹ 6,045.00).

Refer note 52 (D) for compensation paid to key managerial personnel.

34 Finance costs

Interest on borrowings [also refer note 52(B)]	**36,287.73**	*42,378.85*
Interest on lease liabilities (refer note 41)	**93.12**	*86.57*
Total	**36,380.85**	*42,465.42*

35 Depreciation and amortisation expense

Depreciation and amortisation of PPE [refer note 2(a)]	**29,932.84**	*22,548.13*
Depreciation of ROU assets [refer note 2(a)] and note 41	**898.15**	*893.46*
Depreciation of investment property [refer note 2(c)]	**98.65**	*69.44*
Amortisation of intangible assets [refer note 2(d)and 2(e)]	**406.29**	*416.59*
Total	**31,335.93**	*23,927.62*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

36 Other expenses

Particulars	**For the year ended 31 March 2024**	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Consumption of stores and spares	**6,534.62**	*5,982.26*
Power and fuel	**34,038.69**	*28,448.82*
Rent (refer note 41) **	**8,930.59**	*8,833.66*
Repairs and maintenance of property, plant and equipments		
Buildings	**474.19**	*583.49*
Plant and equipment	**5,012.85**	*5,127.59*
Others	**3,967.75**	*4,190.61*
Insurance	**2,247.86**	*1,334.88*
Rates and taxes	**1,050.83**	*897.32*
Office and administration expenses	**142.33**	*83.49*
Bank charges	**34.84**	*59.99*
Travelling and conveyance	**71,603.80**	*309.73*
Selling, advertisement and distribution expenses	**70,164.43**	*137,270.93*
Legal and professional fees [also refer note 52(B)]	**2,756.36**	*2,535.65*
Brand equity and shared expenses	**93.93**	*121.77*
Auditor's remuneration	**368.06**	*332.29*
Sundry balances written off*	**0.07**	*621.61*
Allowance for impairment for trade and other receivables, loans and advances (net)	**-**	*29.73*
Loss on fair value of biological assets other than bearer plants (refer note 11)	**1.12**	-
Sub-contracting charges	**75,056.16**	*76,831.86*
Corporate social responsibility ('CSR') expenditure	**4,696.86**	*4,270.70*
Loss on impairement of investment in associates	**4.93**	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	**184.97**	*36.09*
Impairment of investments	**1,653.69**	-
Miscellaneous expenses	**62,706.50**	*53,716.97*
Total	**351,725.42**	*331,619.44*

* Represents loss on derecognition of financial assets measured at amortised cost

** Pertains to rental for short term and low value leases

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

37 Earnings/(Losses) per share (EPS)

Earnings/(Losses) per share has been computed as under:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity shareholders from continued operations	**68,664.21**	*(191,407.86)*
(Loss)/profit attributable to equity shareholders from discontinued operations	**(223.28)**	*23,802.67*
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity shareholders from continued operations and discontinued operations	**68,440.93**	*(167,605.19)*
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	**69,771,900**	*69,771,900*
Basic and Diluted earnings/(losses) per share (in ₹) from continuing operations	**98.41**	*(274.33)*
Basic and Diluted (losses)/earnings per share (in ₹) from discontinued operations	**(0.32)**	*34.11*
Basic and Diluted earnings/(losses) per share (in ₹) from continuing and discontinued operations	**98.09**	*(240.22)*

38 Tax expense

a) Expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss relating to continuing operation

Current tax		
Current year	**86,754.17**	*79,873.06*
Tax relating to earlier periods	**121.09**	*0.05*
	86,875.26	*79,873.11*
Deferred tax (credit)/expense		
In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences	**(7,909.95)**	*1,548.26*
	(7,909.95)	*1,548.26*
Total tax expense for the year on continuing operation	**78,965.31**	*81,421.37*

Expense recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss relating to discontinued operation

Current tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	**-**	*850.00*
In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences	**-**	*-*
	-	*850.00*
Deferred tax expense		
In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences	**-**	*-*
	-	*-*
Total tax expense for the year on discontined operation	**-**	*850.00*

b) Expense recognised in consolidated OCI

Deferred tax expense		
Deferred tax (credit)/ expense	**(6.85)**	*8.59*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

c) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by Indian's tax rate for continuing operations

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Profit before tax from continuing operation	**252,905.53**	*4,249.20*
Tax computed at applicable Indian statutory tax rate @ 25.17% (31 March 2023 : 25.17%)	**63,656.32**	*1,069.52*
Tax effect of:		
Permanent differences / expenses not deductible for tax purposes	**3,557.48**	*21,491.60*
Share of profit of associates	**4,679.84**	*26,581.52*
Income exempt from income-tax or taxed at concessional rates	**2,550.44**	*(1,696.30)*
Portion of income chargeable to tax under Tamil Nadu and Karnataka state laws (laws abolished in the respective states)	**-**	*3,353.02*
Dividend distribution tax of subsidiaries charged to current tax and losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised	**10,740.10**	*4,448.64*
Deferred tax assets on indexation benefit	**(53.89)**	*(38.00)*
Net difference in tax rates of subsidiaries and other components, foreign tax credit and underlying tax	**(281.72)**	*15,466.70*
Tax relating to earlier periods	**3,381.76**	*1,479.65*
Deferred tax (reversal) / charge on proposed dividend during the year	**(9,265.02)**	*9,265.02*
Tax expense as per consolidated statement of profit and loss	**78,965.31**	*81,421.37*

d) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by Indian's tax rate for discontinued operations

Accounting (loss)/profit before income tax from discontinued operations	**(223.28)**	*280.16*
Exceptional gain from sale of discontinued operations (net)	**-**	*24,372.51*
Applicable Indian statutory income tax rate (in %)	**25.17%**	*25.17%*
Computed expected tax expense	**(56.20)**	*6,205.08*
Tax effect of:		
Tax effect of deductions which are allowable in calculating taxable income	**56.20**	*(5,355.08)*
Income tax expense recognised In profit or loss from discontinued operations	**-**	*850.00*

39 Equity accounted Investees

Information of interest of the Group in its equity accounted investees:

Particulars	Accounting method	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Interest in associates and joint venture	Equity method	**200,396.98**	*191,436.18*

List of material associates and joint venture of the Group

Sr. no.	Name of the associate company	Country of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest	
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited ('BDMC')	India	44.48%	44.42%
2	Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited) (NAIL)	India	24.28%	24.28%
3	National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited) (NPL)	India	24.28%	24.28%
4	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	India	51.00%	51.00%

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The principal place of business is the same as the country of incorporation.

BDMC is in business of polyester staple fiber (PSF), retail trade of textiles and real estate business.

NAIL is an investment company which deals in investment and leasing business.

NPL is in the business of peroxide chemicals and is the largest manufacturer of hydrogen peroxide in India. Besides hydrogen peroxide, the company also manufacture compressed hydrogen gas and peracetic acid.

Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited is in business of dairy products.

Movement of investments using equity method

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening value of interest in associates	**191,436.18**	*202,326.95*
Investment in equity shares of BDMC during the year	**118.47**	*130.45*
Investment in compulsory convertible preference shares of Go Airlines (India) Limited ('Go Airlines') during the year	**29,000.00**	*20,993.57*
Investment in equity shares of NAIL	**-**	*8,536.39*
Investment in equity shares of NPL	**-**	*8,536.39*
Investment in equity shares of Britannia Bel Foods P. Ltd.	**-**	*48,765.98*
Group's share of total comprehensive income/ (loss) of BDMC	**10,322.83**	*(22,503.82)*
Group's share of total comprehensive loss of Go Airlines	**(29,000.00)**	*(76,505.27)*
Group's share of total comprehensive (loss)/income of NAIL	**(2.40)**	*325.91*
Group's share of total comprehensive income of NPL	**414.08**	*325.91*
Group's share of total comprehensive (loss)/income of Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	**(226.09)**	*579.10*
Group's share of total comprehensive loss of other associate	**(1,666.09)**	*(75.39)*
Closing value of interest in associates	**200,396.98**	*191,436.18*

Fair value of investments in BDMC (quoted) is ₹1,46,210.69 (31 March 2023 : ₹ 52,064.12).

Fair value of investments in NAIL (quoted) and NPL (unquoted) ₹11,242.85 and ₹9,487.86 respectively (31 March 2023 :₹17,270.01 combined) (refer note 48)

Historical cost of Go Airlines is ₹ 144,792.52 (31 March 2023 : ₹ 115,792.52).Carrying value of investment is ₹ Nil (31 March 2023 : ₹ Nil)

The following table comprises the financial information of the Holding Company's material associates and its carrying amount. Carrying amount has been amended to reflect adjustments made by the Group using equity method, including fair value adjustments made at the time of acquisition and modification for the differences in accounting policies, if any.

A) BDMC

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Percentage ownership interest	**44.48%**	*44.42%*
Summarised financial information		
Non-current assets	**324,612.22**	*662,034.05*
Current assets	**107,368.00**	*160,238.00*
Assets held-for-sale	**37,654.58**	
Non-current liabilities	**(65,771.58)**	*(346,266.00)*
Current liabilities	**(53,839.00)**	*(155,605.00)*
Net assets	**350,024.22**	*320,401.05*
Group's share of net assets	**155,690.77**	*142,322.15*
Consolidation adjustments	**(24,727.79)**	*(21,800.48)*
Carrying amount of interest in associate	**130,962.98**	*120,521.67*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Revenue	**168,848.00**	*267,373.00*
Profit/(loss) after tax from continuing operation	**23,230.56**	*(67,096.80)*
Loss from discontinued operation	**-**	*(25.00)*
Other comprehensive income	**17,138.00**	*129.00*
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	**40,368.56**	*(66,992.80)*
Group's share of profit/(loss)	**10,332.95**	*(29,815.50)*
Group's share of other comprehensive income	**7,622.98**	*57.30*
Consolidation adjustments	**(7,633.11)**	*7,254.39*
Group's share of total comprehensive income/(loss)	**10,322.83**	*(22,503.82)*

B) NAIL and NPL (refer note 48)

NAIL

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Percentage ownership interest	**24.28%**	*24.28%*
Summarised financial information		
Non-current assets	**107,201.77**	*55,559.04*
Current assets	**596.23**	*320.47*
Non current liabilities	**(1,927.17)**	*-*
Current liabilities	**(395.50)**	*(146.67)*
Net assets	**105,475.33**	*55,732.84*
Group's share of net assets	**25,609.41**	*13,531.93*
Consolidation adjustment	**(15,003.75)**	*(2,864.16)*
Carrying amount of interest in associate	**10,605.66**	*10,667.77*

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Summarised financial information		
Revenue	**191.09**	*25.13*
Loss after tax from continuing operation	**(36.55)**	*(74.47)*
Other comprehensive income/ (loss))	**49,836.51**	*(6,543.87)*
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	**49,799.96**	*(6,618.34)*
Group's share of loss	**(8.87)**	*(18.08)*
Group's share of other comprehensive income/ (loss)	**12,100.30**	*(1,588.85)*
Consolidation adjustments	**(12,093.83)**	*1,932.84*
Group's share of total comprehensive (loss)/profit	**(2.40)**	*325.91*

*The Group's share of total comprehensive loss for the period ended 31 March 2023 pertains to the period from 9 January 2023 to 31 March 2023.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

NPL

Particulars	**31 March 2024**	*31 March 2023*
Percentage ownership interest	**24.28%**	*24.28%*
Summarised financial information		
Non-current assets	**33,929.28**	*33,993.31*
Current assets	**12,003.35**	*11,353.55*
Assets held for sale	**-**	*7.69*
Non current liabilities	**(5,947.46)**	*(6,102.99)*
Current liabilities	**(4,088.69)**	*(4,052.21)*
Net assets	**35,896.48**	*35,199.35*
Group's share of net assets	**8,715.67**	*8,546.40*
Consolidation adjustment	**772.19**	*2,121.37*
Carrying amount of interest in associate	**9,487.86**	*10,667.77*

Summarised financial information	**For the Year ended 31 March 2024**	*For the Period ended 31 March 2023**
Revenue	**33,298.62**	*8,020.29*
Profit after tax from continuing operation	**1,679.03**	*971.28*
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)	**23.83**	*(12.11)*
Total comprehensive income	**1,702.86**	*959.17*
Group's share of profit	**407.67**	*235.83*
Group's share of other comprehensive income	**5.79**	*(2.94)*
Consolidation adjustments	**0.62**	*93.02*
Group's share of total comprehensive profit	**414.08**	*325.91*

*The Group's share of total comprehensive loss for the period ended 31 March 2023 pertains to the period from 9 January 2023 to 31 March 2023.

C) Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited

Particulars	**31 March 2024**	*31 March 2023*
Percentage ownership interest	**51.00%**	*51.00%*
Summarised financial information		
Non-current assets	**25,716.00**	*12,107.00*
Current assets	**42,808.00**	*52,569.00*
Non current liabilities	**(3,002.00)**	*(3,007.00)*
Current liabilities	**(8,806.00)**	*(4,500.00)*
Net assets	**56,716.00**	*57,169.00*
Group's share of net assets	**28,925.16**	*29,156.19*
Consolidation adjustment	**20,193.84**	*20,188.90*
Carrying amount of interest in joint venture	**49,119.00**	*49,345.09*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Summarised financial information	For the Year ended 31 March 2024	*For the Year ended 31 March 2023*
Revenue	**25,450.00**	*25,272.00*
(Loss)/profit after tax from continuing operation	**(442.00)**	*3,536.00*
Other comprehensive (loss)/income	**(2.00)**	*3.00*
Total comprehensive (loss)/ income	**(444.00)**	*3,539.00*
Group's share of (loss)/ profit	**(225.42)**	*1,803.36*
Group's share of other comprehensive (loss)/ income	**(1.02)**	*1.53*
Consolidation adjustments	**0.35**	*(1,225.79)*
Group's share of total comprehensive (loss)/ profit	**(226.09)**	*579.10*

D) Other equity accounted investees

Combined summarised financial information for other equity accounted investees, which are individually immaterial is as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
Percentage ownership interest	**26%-50%**	*26%-50%*
Summarised financial information		
Non-current assets	**1,452.48**	*1,275.57*
Current assets	**1,667.52**	*1,648.77*
Non current liabilities	**(1,010.58)**	*(840.80)*
Current liabilities	**(1,149.11)**	*(1,227.80)*
Net assets	**960.31**	*855.75*
Group's share of net assets	**378.75**	*307.90*
Consolidation adjustment	**(157.27)**	*(74.03)*
Carrying amount of interest in other associates	**221.48**	*233.87*
Revenue	**32,255.72**	*7,457.63*
Loss after tax	**(481.50)**	*(162.32)*
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)	**172.19**	*(68.02)*
Total comprehensive loss	**(309.31)**	*(230.34)*
Group's share of loss	**(18.90)**	*(58.96)*
Group's share of other comprehensive income/ (loss)	**87.20**	*(34.01)*
Consolidation adjustments	**(1,734.39)**	*(561.52)*
Group's share of total comprehensive loss	**(1,666.09)**	*(654.49)*

40 Employee benefits

(a) Defined contribution plans

Amounts recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss are as follows:

Employer's contribution to provident fund	**1,493.41**	*1,228.09*
Family Pension Scheme	**395.00**	*419.00*
Pension Fund	**38.00**	*38.00*
Employer's contribution to superannuation fund	**85.18**	*83.90*
Total	**2,011.59**	*1,768.99*

Above figures are excluding amounts pertaining to discontinued operations for the year ended 31 March 2024 of ₹ 9.8 and for the year ended 31 March 2023 of ₹ 78.55. Employer's contribution towards employees' state insurance and labour welfare fund, which is insignificant, have been included in the line item "Contribution to providend fund and other funds" in note 33. Also, the contribution of the Group is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual or constructive obligation.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(b) Defined benefit plans- Gratuity

The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited

The Corporation has The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund, The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund which are funded defined benefit plans for qualifying employees.

(i) In respect of covenanted staff covered under The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund: The gratuity scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees based on a combination of factors such as length of service and manner of cessation of service viz. retirement, death / disability, termination. In such case, lump sum payment will be made for an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of 6 months subject to the maximum amount payable as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

(ii) In respect of non-covenanted staff covered under The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund. The gratuity scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of 6 months subject to the maximum amount payable as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

Vesting under the above scheme occurs only upon completion of 5 years of service, except in case of death or disability. The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost are measured using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuation being carried out at each consolidated balance sheet date.

Britannia Industries Limited ('BIL')

BIL has two funds: Britannia Industries Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund and Britannia Industries Limited Non Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund, which are funded defined benefit plans for qualifying employees.

(i) In respect of covenated staff covered under Britannia Industries Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund: The gratuity scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees based on a combination of factors such as length of service and manner of cessation of service viz. retirement, death / disability, termination. In such case, lump sum payment will be made for an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of 6 months subject to the maximum amount payable as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and twenty months salary.

(ii) In respect of non covenated staff covered under Britannia Industries Limited Gratuity Fund: The gratuity scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees based on a combination of factors such as length of service and manner of cessation of service viz. retirement, death / disability, termination. In such case, lump sum payment will be made for an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of 6 months subject to the maximum amount payable as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

Vesting (for both the funds mentioned above) occurs in accordance with the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act 1972, except in case of death or permanent disability. The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost are measured using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuation being carried out at balance sheet date.

Risks

Factor	**Impact**
Withdrawals	Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawals rates at subsequent valuations can impact the obligation.
Discount rate	Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the obligation.
Mortality and disability	Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the obligation.
Salary increase	Actual salary increases will increase the obligation. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the obligation.
Investment	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The following tables summarise the components of defined benefit expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss and amounts recognised in the consolidated balance sheet for gratuity plans for the Holding Company and BIL.

	Particulars	31 March 2024 Holding Company	31 March 2024 BIL	*31 March 2023 Holding Company*	*31 March 2023 BIL*
1	**Reconciliation of net defined benefit obligation**				
(a)	**Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation ('DBO')**				
	DBO at the beginning of the year	**4,371.45**	**5,331.00**	*4,000.04*	*5,048.79*
	Net provision pertaining to discontinued operations derecognised	**-**	**-**	*(387.43)*	*-*
	Service cost	**331.23**	**585.00**	*326.54*	*565.21*
	Interest cost	**326.24**	**376.00**	*243.61*	*330.00*
	Benefits settled	**(436.35)**	**(730.00)**	*(396.50)*	*(569.00)*
	Actuarial gain due to demographic assumption changes	**(3.89)**	**-**	*(0.01)*	*-*
	Actuarial (gain) / loss due to financial assumptions	**72.36**	**190.00**	*(90.00)*	*(105.00)*
	Actuarial loss due to experience adjustments	**(247.69)**	**60.00**	*675.20*	*119.00*
	Derecognition	**-**	**-**	*-*	*(58.00)*
	DBO at the end of the year	**4,413.35**	**5,812.00**	*4,371.45*	*5,331.00*
(b)	**Reconciliation of present value of plan asset**				
	Plan assets at the beginning of the year	**2,981.20**	**4,453.00**	*2,914.02*	*4,381.00*
	Expected return on plan assets	**213.16**	**343.00**	*204.59*	*315.00*
	Return on assets excluding interest income	**68.40**	**11.00**	*(70.14)*	*(2.00)*
	Contributions to funds	**423.11**	**622.00**	*328.69*	*328.00*
	Benefit settled	**(888.52)**	**(730.00)**	*(395.96)*	*(569.00)*
	Plan assets at the end of the year	**2,797.35**	**4,699.00**	*2,981.20*	*4,453.00*
(c)	**Reconciliation of net DBO:**				
	Present value of DBO at the end of the year	**4,413.35**	**5,812.00**	*4,371.45*	*5,331.00*
	Plan assets at the end of the year	**2,797.35**	**4,699.00**	*2,981.20*	*4,453.00*
	Liabilities recognised in the consolidated balance sheet (net)	**1,616.00**	**1,113.00**	*1,390.25*	*878.00*
	Bifurcation of net liability:				
	Current	**504.39**	**-**	*386.88*	*-*
	Non-current	**1,111.61**	**1,113.00**	*1,003.37*	*878.00*
2	**Amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss:**				
	Current service cost	**331.23**	**585.00**	*326.54*	*565.00*
	Interest cost	**326.24**	**376.00**	*243.61*	*330.00*
	Interest income	**-**	**(343.00)**	*-*	*(315.00)*
	Expected return on plan assets and contribution	**(213.16)**	**-**	*(204.59)*	*-*
	Amount charged to the consolidated statement of profit and loss	**444.31**	**618.00**	*365.56*	*580.00*
3	**Amount recognised in consolidated OCI:**				
	Actuarial loss / (gain) on DBO	**(179.22)**	**250.00**	*585.18*	*13.50*
	Return on plan assets excluding interest income	**(68.40)**	**(11.00)**	*70.14*	*2.00*
	Loss / (gain) recognised in consolidated OCI	**(247.62)**	**239.00**	*655.32*	*15.50*
4	**Maturity profile of DBO on an undiscounted basis:**				
	1 year	**786.93**	**682.00**	*655.83*	*733.00*
	2 to 5 years	**1,811.34**	**2,302.00**	*1,685.85*	*2,181.00*
	6 years and above	**4,287.08**	**4,136.00**	*4,884.63*	*3,863.00*

Notes:

(i) The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yield on Government Securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of obligations.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(ii) The expected return on plan assets is determined considering several applicable factors mainly the composition of the plan assets held, assessed risks of asset management, historical results of the return on plan assets and the Group's policy for plan asset management.

(iii) The estimate of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.

(iv) The disclosure above includes amounts for Britannia Industries Limited Covenanted Staff' Gratuity Fund, Britannia Industries Limited Non Covenanted Staff' Gratuity Fund, The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund and amounts relating to other Group companies.

	Particulars	31 March 2024		*31 March 2023*	
		Holding Company	BIL	*Holding Company*	*BIL*
5	**Experience adjustment:**				
	On plan liabilities loss	-	60.00	-	*119.00*
	On plan assets (loss) /gain	-	11.00	-	*(2.00)*
6	**Investment details: (% Invested)**				
	Central Government securities	1.71%	0.00%	*1.62%*	*0.00%*
	State Government securities	0.00%	42.98%	*0.00%*	*45.30%*
	Public sector bonds	0.00%	35.52%	*0.00%*	*34.06%*
	Insurer managed funds	97.98%	12.38%	*98.00%*	*12.19%*
	Others (including bank balances)	0.31%	9.12%	*0.38%*	*8.45%*
		100.00%	100.00%	*100.00%*	*100.00%*
7	**Principal assumptions used:**				
	Discount rate (% p.a.)	7.20%	7.20%	*7.10% - 7.55%*	*7.60%*
	Estimated rate of return on plan assets	7.10% - 7.48%	7.20%	*7.10% - 7.48%*	*7.60%*
	Attrition rate (in %)	5.00%	4.00% - 25.00%	*2.00% - 7.00%*	*4.00% - 25.00%*
	Age related (service related):				
	5 years and above	-	4.00%	-	*4.00%*
	Below 5 years	-	25.00%	-	*25.00%*
	Salary escalation rate (p.a.)	7.00%	7.00%	-	*7.00%*
	Retirement age (in years)	58	58	*58*	*58*
	Average future service (in years)	9.00		*12.04 - 15.86*	
	Weighted average duration of the DBO	9.00 to 11.00 years	6.00 to 12.00 years	*11.14 to 11.43 years*	*6.00 to 13.00 years*
	Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14)	Indian assured lives Mortality (IALM) (2006-2008) (modified) Ult.	*Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14)*	*Indian assured lives Mortality (IALM) (2006-2008) (modified) Ult.*

These assumptions were developed by the management with the assistance of independent actuarial appraiser. Discount factors are determined close to each year end by reference to government bonds of relevant economic markets and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Other assumptions are based on management's historical experience. The estimates of future salary growth rate considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.

8 The Group expects to make a contribution of ₹ 1,186.39 (31 March 2023: ₹ 945.54) to the defined benefit plans during the next financial year.

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(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

9 The charge for employment benefits relating to Al Sallan Food Industries Co. SAOC, Strategic Food International Co. LLC, Dubai and Britannia Nepal Private Limited has been calculated in accordance with the laws applicable in their countries of incorporation which amounts to ₹ 387 (31 March 2023: ₹ 210 and closing balance amounts to ₹ 1,943 (31 March 2023: ₹ 1,686). Also the closing balance pertaining to AFCO Industrial and Chemical Limited amounts to ₹2.34 (31 March 2023: ₹ 1.86).

10 Sensitivity analysis

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, salary growth rate, attrition rate and mortality rate. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of the sensitivity analysis is given below:

Particulars	**31 March 2024**		*31 March 2023*	
	Holding Company	**BIL**	*Holding Company*	*BIL*
	100 basis points	**50 basis points**	*100 basis points*	*50 basis points*
i) Discount rate				
Increase in discount rate	**(205.54)**	**6,048.00**	*(217.58)*	*5,108.00*
Decrease in discount rate	**223.46**	**5,558.00**	*242.58*	*5,534.00*
ii) Salary escalation rate				
Increase in salary rate	**222.61**	**5,571.00**	*243.28*	*5,518.00*
Decrease in salary rate	**(203.93)**	**6,031.00**	*(222.34)*	*5,118.00*
iii) Attrition rate				
Increase in attrition rate	**(7.53)**	**5,794.00**	*(10.16)*	*5,325.00*
Decrease in attrition rate	**7.65**	**5,793.00**	*11.07*	*5,298.00*

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the DBO as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

(c) Other long term employee benefits - compensated absences:

Leave entitlement is payable to the employees on separation from the entity due to death, retirement, superannuation or resignation.

The leave encashment benefit is payable to all the eligible employees at the rate of daily salary, subject to a maximum of 90 days (aged upto 40), 180 days (aged 40 to 50) & 240 days (aged 50+).

The Group's liability on account of compensated absences is not funded.

(a) Following are the principal assumptions used as at the consolidated balance sheet date:

Particulars	**31 March 2024**		*31 March 2023*	
	Holding Company	**BIL**	*Holding Company*	*BIL*
Discount rate (% p.a.)	**7.20%**	**7.20%**	*7.10% -7.55%*	*7.20%*
Salary escalation rate (% p.a.)	**7.00%**	**7.00%**	*7.00%*	*7.00%*
Attrition rate (in %)	**5.00%**	**4% - 25%**	*7.00%*	*4% - 25%*

(b) Movement during the year

At the beginning of the year	**333.26**	**2,694.00**	*205.95*	*3,915.00*
Recognised during the year	**87.14**	**755.00**	*149.01*	*-*
Paid during the year	**(48.25)**	**-**	*(21.70)*	*(1,221.00)*
At the end of the year	**372.15**	**3,449.00**	*333.26*	*2,694.00*

Bifurcation of net liability:

Current	372.15	3,449.00	333.26	2,694.00
Non-current	-	-	-	-

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

41. Leases

The disclosures required in accordance with Ind AS 116 "Leases" are as follows:

The Group's leased assets primarily consists of leases for office premises and vehicles having different lease terms. There are several lease agreements with extension and termination options, for which management exercises significant judgement in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised. Where it is reasonably certain to exercise extension option and not to exercise termination option, the Group has opted to include such extended term and ignore termination option in determination of lease term. Further, the Group is not exposed to any variable lease payments or residual value guarantee.

(a) Group as a lessee

Particulars	**For the year ended 31 March 2024**	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Depreciation of ROU assets	**898.15**	*893.46*
Interest expense on lease liabilities	**93.12**	*86.57*
Expense relating to short term and low value leases	**8,930.59**	*8,833.66*
Total cash outflow for principal repayment of lease liability	**220.27**	*337.82*
Total cash outflow of interest on lease liability	**93.12**	*86.57*
Additions to ROU assets	**1,347.92**	*1,323.31*

Amounts recognised in consolidated balance sheet:

Particulars	**As at 31 March 2024**	*As at 31 March 2023*
Carrying amount of ROU assets		
- Buildings	**20,653.10**	*20,114.53*
- Vehicles	**57.69**	*131.34*
Lease liabilities		
Non-current	**2,156.33**	*1,633.94*
Current	**577.18**	*342.17*

The incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 9.00% p.a. (31 March 2023: 9.00% p.a.)

The contractual maturities of lease liabilties are disclosed under note 42.

(b) Group as a lessor

Lease rental receipts recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss is ₹ 8.07 (31 March 2023: ₹ 7.85).

Notes:

i) The Group has not earned gain or incurred loss from sale and lease back transaction.

ii) There are no significant restrictions or covenants imposed on leases.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

42 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

A) Categories of financial instruments

31 March 2024	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	**FVTOCI**	**Amortised cost**	**Total**	**Level 1**	**Level 2**	**Level 3**	**Total**
Financial assets (other than equity accounted investees)								-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	74,726.78	74,726.78	-	-	74,726.78	74,726.78
Bank balances other than above	-	-	12,725.95	12,725.95	-	-	12,725.95	12,725.95
Investments	68,605.00	3,278.34	158,918.39	230,801.73	68,605.00	3,278.34	158,918.39	230,801.73
Loans (current and non-current)	-	-	21,231.29	21,231.29		-	21,231.29	21,231.29
Trade receivables (current and non-current)	-	-	46,254.31	46,254.31	-	-	46,254.31	46,254.31
Other financial assets	-	-	56,290.44	56,290.44	-	-	56,290.44	56,290.44
Total*	**68,605.00**	**3,278.34**	**370,147.16**	**442,030.50**	**68,605.00**	**3,278.34**	**370,147.16**	**442,030.50**
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	213,398.61	213,398.61	-	-	213,398.61	213,398.61
Trade payables	-	-	165,711.99	165,711.99	-	-	165,711.99	165,711.99
Lease liabilities	-	-	2,733.51	2,733.51	-	-	2,733.51	2,733.51
Other financial liabilities	-	-	57,495.55	57,495.55	-	-	57,495.55	57,495.55
Total	**-**	**-**	**439,339.66**	**439,339.66**	**-**	**-**	**439,339.66**	**439,339.66**

31 March 2023	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	**FVTOCI**	**Amortised Cost**	**Total**	**Level 1**	**Level 2**	**Level 3**	**Total**
Financial assets (other than equity accounted investees)								-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	54,199.09	54,199.09	-	-	54,199.09	54,199.09
Bank balances other than above	-	-	311,609.89	311,609.89	-	-	311,609.89	311,609.89
Investments	162,445.00	2,854.13	122,758.48	288,057.61	162,445.00	2,854.13	122,758.48	288,057.61
Loans (current and non-current)	-	-	69,303.60	69,303.60		-	69,303.60	69,303.60
Trade receivables (current and non-current)	-	-	39,046.15	39,046.15	-	-	39,046.15	39,046.15
Other financial assets	-	-	78,058.33	78,058.33	-	-	78,058.33	78,058.33
Total*	**162,445.00**	**2,854.13**	**674,975.54**	**840,274.67**	**162,445.00**	**2,854.13**	**674,975.54**	**840,274.67**
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	652,183.82	652,183.82	-	-	652,183.82	652,183.82
Trade payables	-	-	147,435.06	147,435.06	-	-	147,435.06	147,435.06
Lease liabilities	-	-	1,976.11	1,976.11	-	-	1,976.11	1,976.11
Other financial liabilities	-	-	63,884.99	63,884.99	-	-	63,884.99	63,884.99
	-	**-**	**865,479.98**	**865,479.98**	**-**	**-**	**865,479.98**	**865,479.98**

* Amounts disclosed are net of impairment.

There have been no transfers amongst the levels of fair value hierarchy during the year.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values:

1. Fair value of cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, other current financial assets / liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments. These are classified as Level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.
2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Group based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counter-party. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts. These are classified as Level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.
3. The fair values for deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using lending rate on the date of initial recognition. The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments and are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. Accordingly, all these are classified as Level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.
4. Investment in quoted equity instruments are classified as Level 1 fair values in the fair value hierarchy. Investments in unquoted equity instruments of companies and co-operative societies and government securities are classified as Level 2 fair values in the fair value hierarchy as valuation of these instruments is based on the recent market transactions. Investments in mutual funds and investment with Insurance companies, which are classified as FVTPL are measured using net assets value at the reporting date multiplied by the quantity held.

B) Fair value hierarchy and method of valuation

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).For level 3 financial instruments the fair values have been determined based on present values and the discount rates used were adjusted for counterparty or own credit risk.

(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

C) Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

i) Credit risk

ii) Liquidity risk

iii) Market risk

Risk management framework

The Holding Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The board of directors has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The committee reports regularly to the Board of Directors on its activities.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Holding Company's Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises from cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets as well as credit exposures to customers including outstanding receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets.

Trade receivables

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due to the Group causing financial loss. It arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions, security deposits, loans given and principally from credit exposures to customers relating to outstanding receivables. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at reporting date.

The Group continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by the Group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and / or reports on customers and other counterparties are obtained and used. The Group's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

In respect of trade and other receivables, the Group is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any company of counterparties having similar characteristics. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers in various geographical areas. The Group has very limited history of customer default, and considers the credit quality of trade receivables for evaluation of expected credit loss.

Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

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(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

Other financial assets

The Group periodically monitors the recoverability and credit risks of its other financial assets. The Group evaluates 12 months expected credit losses for all the financial assets for which credit risk has not increased. In case credit risk has increased significantly, the Group considers life time expected credit losses for the purpose of impairment provisioning.

The Group has considered financial conditions, current economic trends, forward looking macro economic information, analysis of historical and bad receivables and ageing of receivables relating to cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, margin deposits, security deposits, finance lease assets and other financial assets. In most of the cases, risk is considered low since the counter parties are reputed organisations with no history of default to the Group and no unfavourable forward looking macro-economical factors. Wherever applicable, expected credit loss allowance is recorded.

Expected credit loss for trade receivables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024				As at 31 March 2023			
	Gross Trade receivables	Expected loss rate	Expected credit loss	Net Trade receivable	Gross Trade receivables	Expected loss rate	Expected credit loss	Net Trade receivable
Less than 6 months	42,863.08	0.22%	(94.84)	42,768.24	34,201.51	0.00	(9.59)	34,191.92
6 months-1 year	1,650.88	1.42%	(23.41)	1,627.47	2,419.27	1.84%	(44.49)	2,374.78
1-2 years	801.26	15.75%	(126.22)	675.04	1,680.40	3.88%	(65.25)	1,615.15
2-3 years	765.18	10.33%	(79.05)	686.13	740.35	8.84%	(65.48)	674.87
More than 3 years	1,657.49	69.99%	(1,160.06)	497.43	1,418.44	86.64%	(1,229.01)	189.43
Total	**47,737.89**		**(1,483.58)**	**46,254.31**	**40,459.97**		**(1,413.82)**	**39,046.15**

The following table summarises the change in the loss allowance on trade receivables measured using expected credit loss model:

As at 31 March 2023	1,413.82
Provision created during the year	69.76
As at 31 March 2024	**1,483.58**

The following table summarises the change in the loss allowance on other financial assets

As at 31 March 2023	733.97
Provision created during the year	(8.23)
As at 31 March 2024	**725.74**

The following table summarises the change in the allowance of impairment on Intercorporate deposit ('ICD')

As at 31 March 2023	8,500.00
Provision created during the year	-
As at 31 March 2024	**8,500.00**

ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Group manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Group manages its liquidity needs by monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for financial liabilities as well as forecast cash inflow and outflows due, in day to day business. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by the senior management.

The following tables highlight the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting dates. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments.

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(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Maturity profile of financial liabilities

As at 31 March 2024	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows			
		On demand	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	213,398.61	-	135,301.67	78,096.94	-
Lease liabilities	2,733.51	-	673.76	2,898.89	253.69
Trade payables	165,711.99	-	165,711.99	-	-
Other financial liabilities	57,495.55	-	50,929.55	6,566.00	-

As at 31 March 2023	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows			
		On demand	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	652,183.82	4,702.92	243,735.92	408,507.17	2.81
Lease liabilities	1,976.11	-	495.07	2,346.14	253.69
Trade payables	147,435.06	-	147,435.06	-	-
Other financial liabilities	63,884.99	-	58,415.45	5,468.94	0.60

iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables, foreign currency payables and borrowings.

The Group is exposed to the following components of market risk:

a) Foreign currency risk

b) Interest rate risk

c) Price risk

a) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group primarily deals in United States Dollars ('USD'), Great Britian Pound ('GBP'), Singapore Dollars ('SGD') and EUROS. The Group mainly has foreign currency trade payables and trade receivables which are unhedged and exposed to foreign currency risk.

The Group evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions and follows established risk management policies. There are earnings from customers in foreign currency which act as a natural hedge against foreign currency risk.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

Exposure to currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk (without elimination effect of inter-company balances) at the end of the reporting period are as under:

As at 31 March 2024	CHF-₹ equivalent	USD-₹ equivalent	SGD-₹ equivalent	RM-₹ equivalent	GBP-₹ equivalent	JPY-₹ equivalent	EURO-₹ equivalent
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	-	254.06	40.45	-	18.84	-	0.00
Trade and other receivables	-	1,292.50	-	-	246.50	-	49.78
Other financial assets	-	2,225.71	8.38	-	79.45	-	-
(A)	**-**	**3,772.27**	**48.83**	**-**	**344.79**	**-**	**49.78**
Financial liabilities							
Borrowings	-	0.15	0.77	15.33	11.36	-	-
Trade and other payables	1.00	8.42	-	0.01	-	10.99	8.03
(B)	**1.00**	**8.57**	**0.77**	**15.34**	**11.36**	**10.99**	**8.03**
Net exposure for financial instruments (A-B)	**(1.00)**	**3,763.70**	**48.06**	**(15.34)**	**333.43**	**(10.99)**	**41.75**

As at 31 March 2023	CHF-₹ equivalent	USD-₹ equivalent	SGD-₹ equivalent	RM-₹ equivalent	GBP-₹ equivalent	JPY-₹ equivalent	EURO-₹ equivalent
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	-	288.76	33.54	-	96.10	-	17.76
Trade and other receivables	-	1,314.79	-	-	252.42	-	151.08
Other financial assets	-	2,752.42	8.50	-	73.83	-	-
(A)	**-**	**4,355.97**	**42.04**	**-**	**422.35**	**-**	**168.84**
Financial liabilities							
Borrowings	-	0.15	0.54	14.93	11.13	-	-
Trade and other payables	1.00	32.33	-	0.01	-		10.00
(B)	**1.00**	**32.48**	**0.54**	**14.94**	**11.13**	**-**	**10.00**
Net exposure for financial instruments (A-B)	**(1.00)**	**4,323.49**	**41.50**	**(14.94)**	**411.22**	**-**	**158.84**

The above currency risk exposure does not include PCFC loan availed amounting to ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: ₹ 232.02) [USD: Nil (31 March 2023:0.28 Million)] as there exists a natural hedge against the currency risk in respect of such loan.

Group has accumulated net exposure to foreign currency risk amounting to ₹ 4,159.61 (31 March 2023: ₹ 4,919.11).

A subsidiary of the group, BIL has used forward exchange contracts to hedge the currency exposure and therefore, not exposed to significant currency risk at the respective reporting dates.

Sensitivity to foreign currency

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity in USD, EURO, GBP, SGD , JPY , CHF and RM with all other variables held constant. The below impact on the Group's profit or loss before tax is based on changes in the fair value of unhedged foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities as at balance sheet date:

Particulars	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
10% movement				
RM	1.53	(1.53)	1.49	(1.49)
USD	(376.37)	376.37	(432.35)	432.35
EURO	(4.18)	4.18	(15.88)	15.88
GBP	(33.34)	33.34	(41.12)	41.12
SGD	(4.81)	4.81	(4.15)	4.15
JPY	1.10	1.10	0.00	-
CHF	0.10	(0.10)	0.10	(0.10)

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b) Interest rate risk

The Group's policy is to minimize interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's variable rate borrowings. The Corporation is not exposed to changes in market interest rates in so far it relates to fixed rate borrowings.

Particulars	**As at 31 March 2024**	*As at 31 March 2023*
Fixed-rate borrowings	**75,173.14**	*89,176.57*
Variable-rate borrowings	**138,225.47**	*563,007.25*

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax is affected through the impact on variable rate borrowings, as follows:

Particulars	**Impact on profit or loss**			
	As at 31 March 2024		**As at 31 March 2023**	
	100 bp increase	**100 bp decrease**	**100 bp increase**	**100 bp decrease**
Variable-rate instruments				
Variable rate borrowings	(1,382.25)	1,382.25	(5,630.07)	5,360.07

c) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices not related to interest rate risk or currency exchange risk, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

Exposure to price risk

The Group 's exposure to price risk arise from investments in equity instruments classified in the balance sheet at FVTPL or FVOCI. To manage its price risk arising from investments, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

Instruments exposed to price risk	**Nominal amount (INR)**	
	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
Equity instruments#	**71,883.34**	*165,299.13*
Financial liabilities	**-**	-
Total	**71,883.34**	*165,299.13*

Refer note 4 - Non-current financial assets - investments

Price risk sensitivity

The table below summarise the impact of increase/decrease of the index on the Group's equity and consolidated statement of profit and loss. The analysis is based on the assumption that the price of the instrument has increase by 5% or decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant.

Particulars	**Impact on profit or loss**	
	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Equity instruments (5% Increase)	**3,594.17**	*8,264.96*
Equity instruments (5% decrease)	**(3,594.17)**	*(8,264.96)*

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(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

43 Capital management

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Board of Directors seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

The Group monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'total equity.' For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings (including interest accrued), less cash and cash equivalents and other bank balance.

The Group's gearing ratio is as follows:

Particulars	**As at 31 March 2024**	*As at 31 March 2023*
Total borrowings (including lease liabilities)	**216,132.12**	*654,159.93*
Interest accrued on above borrowings	**3,900.74**	*10,273.96*
Less : Cash and cash equivalents	**(74,726.78)**	*(54,199.09)*
Adjusted net debt	**145,306.08**	*610,234.80*
Total equity	**665,131.04**	*581,295.82*
Total capital	**665,131.04**	*581,295.82*
Gearing ratio	**0.22**	*1.05*

The capital gearing ratio has changed due to substancial payment of debts and normal increase in total equity during the current year.

44 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

(i) Contingent liabilities classified as claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt:

a) Sundry claims against the Holding Company by employees and others not admitted (amount indeterminate). In the opinion of the management, the outcome of these claims is likely to be immaterial.

b) Damages and interest on alleged unauthorised occupation of residential premises determined by the Estate Officer of LIC (Life issuance of corporation) up to 31 March 2024 and disputed by the Holding Company ₹ 136.35 (31 March 2023: ₹ 136.35).

c) The Holding Company had received 2 demand notices for differential lease rent in respect of Singampatti estate rent being arrears aggregating to ₹ 23,192.58 (31 March 2023: ₹ 23,192.58) for the period from 1958 to 2019. The Holding Company has challenged the said demands by way of writ petition before Madras High Court and the said demands have been stayed by the Honorable High Court.

d) Matters under dispute in respect of the Electromags Automotive Products Private Limited (amalgamated with the Holding Company in past years) for earlier years are:

- relating to income tax demand of ₹ 6.52
- relating to custom and sales tax demand of ₹ 9.19

e) Income tax matter under dispute of A.Y. 2017-18 ₹ 86.48 (31 March 2023 : ₹ 86.48).

f) The Holding Company has received an intimation of tax ascertained as being payable under section 73(5) of the Goods and Service Tax Act (GST Act) amounting to ₹ 2,004.64 in respect of sale of Akurdi land concluded in March, 2022. As per the tax department's contention the sale of land is a transfer of leasehold rights covered by Goods and Service Tax Act and hence, GST is applicable on such transaction.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The Holding Company contests and has argued that all the rights pertaining to the land and building have been effectively transferred and the said sale transaction is outside the purview of GST Act. The Holding Company has filed protest letter contesting the liability and deposited ₹ 1,453.97 under protest in April, 2024

g) Claims / demands against the Group not acknowledged as debts including excise duty, income tax, sales tax and trade and other demands of ₹ 7,537 (31 March 2023: ₹ 9,960).

h) Bank guarantee and letter of credit outstanding amounting ₹ 12,939 (31 March 2023: ₹ 6,178).

(ii) Contingent liabilities classified as other money for which the Company is contingently liable:

The Supreme court of India in the month of February 2019 had passed a judgement relating to definition of wages under The Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. However, considering that there are numerous interpretative issues relating to this judgement and in the absence of reliable measurement of the provision for the earlier periods, the Corporation has made a provision for provident fund contribution pursuant to the judgement. The Corporation will evaluate its position and update its provision, if required, on receiving further clarity on the subject. The Corporation does not expect any material impact of the same.

(iii) Capital commitments:

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances ₹ 22,016.81 (31 March 2023: ₹ 28,967.36).

Notes:

i) It is not practicable for the Group to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of the respective proceedings.

ii) The amounts disclosed above represent the best possible estimates arrived at on the basis of available information and do not include any penalty payable.

iii) The Group does not expect any reimbursements in respect of the above contingent liabilities.

45 Dividends

After the reporting date, the dividend of ₹ 837.26 [₹ 1.2 (60%) per share of face value of ₹ 2] was proposed by the Board of Directors, which is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting:

Particulars	**For the year ended 31 March 2024**	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Final dividend paid on 04 October 2023 for the year ended 31 March 2023@ ₹ 1.20 (60%) per share (31 March 2023: ₹ 1.20 (60%) per share)	**837.26**	*837.26*
Total	**837.26**	*837.26*

46 As per the transfer pricing rules, the Group has examined international transactions and documentation in respect thereof to ensure compliance with the said rules. The management does not anticipate any material adjustments with regard to the transactions involved.

47 The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) passed an order dated 21 October 2022 pursuant to a show cause notice dated 11 June 2021 ('SEBI order'). The SEBI order makes certain observations inter alia on alleged inflation of revenue and profits by Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited ('BDMC'), an associate of the Corporation in consolidated financial statements for the period from financial year 2011-2012 to 2017-2018 and non-disclosure of material transaction, on the basis of SEBI's interpretation of MoUs executed by BDMC with Scal Services Limited. The SEBI order, inter alia, imposes penalty of ₹ 225.00 lakhs on BDMC, restrains BDMC from accessing securities market for a period of 2 years, imposes penalties and restrictions on two of its present directors from accessing / being associated with securities

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(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

market, including being a Director and Key Managerial Personnel of any listed entity, for a period of one year. The SEBI Order also categorically and positively finds that there was no diversion or misutilization or siphoning of assets of BDMC and no unfair gain was made or loss inflicted by reason of the violation alleged. BDMC states that the financial statements from FY 2011-2012 to FY 2017-2018 were validly prepared, reviewed by the Audit Committee, approved by its Board, reported without any qualification by the Statutory Auditors and adopted by the Shareholders in each of the relevant years. BDMC is firm in its view that all transactions were entirely legitimate and in compliance with law and applicable Accounting Standards. BDMC had filed an appeal with Securities Appellate Tribunal (SAT) against the aforesaid SEBI Order and has obtained a stay on operation of the said Order on 10 November 2022. The hearing on the subject matter were concluded, but since the Hon'ble Presiding Officer has retired, the matter is required to be heard afresh before a newly constituted bench.

48 Pursuant to sanction from NCLT for Composite Scheme of Arrangement by one of the associates of the Group, namely, Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited) ("NAIL") for demerger of Chemical business' undertaking into Resulting Company, namely National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited) ("NPL") and amalgamation of Transferor Company, namely erstwhile NAIL into NPL, 1 (One) fully paid-up equity share of ₹ 10 each in NPL for every 1 (One) fully paid-up equity share of ₹ 10 each held in NAIL has been issued to the shareholders of NAIL. As a result, the Group's holding in NAIL and NPL is 24.28% each. Accordingly, beside NAIL, NPL had also become an associate of the Group w.e.f. 9 January 2023. On the basis thereof, the cost of acquisition of NAIL of ₹ 20,683.73 lakhs as on the date of it becoming an associate has been split into NAIL and NPL into ₹ 10,341.865 lakhs and ₹ 10,341.865 lakhs respectively. Since the Composite Scheme became effective from the Appointed Date i.e. 1 April 2022, NAIL has revised its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 and financial results for the quarter ended 30 June 2023, which is forming part of year ended 31 March 2024. NPL has also adopted its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 and financial results for the quarter ended 30 June 2023, which is forming part of year ended 31 March 2024. On account of these changes, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 has been revised. Consequently, the share of total comprehensive income for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 has been reduced by ₹ 119.41 lakhs. An impairment loss of ₹ 1,653.69 lakhs for investments in NPL has been recognised for the quarter and year ended 31 March 2024 post adjusting share of total comprehensive income for the year, as the net assets value of shares of NPL is lower than its carrying value, pending listing of equity shares.

49 Provisions

In accordance with Ind AS 37 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', certain classes of liabilities have been identified as provisions which have been disclosed as under:

Particulars	As at 1 April 2023	Additions*	Utilisation*	Reversals / adjustments*	As at 31 March 2024
a) Excise duty and service tax related issues	825.00	24.00	-	-	849.00
b) Sales tax and other issues	12,656.92	1,797.00	(891.21)	(8,997.00)	4,565.71
c) Trade and other issues	35,284.00	11,877.00	-	-	47,161.00

Particulars	As at 1 April 2022	Additions *	Utilisation*	Reversals / adjustments *	As at 31 March 2023
a) Excise duty and service tax related issues	784.00	22.00	-	19.00	825.00
b) Sales tax and other issues	14,517.00	1,406.92	(609.00)	(2,658.00)	12,656.92
c) Trade and other issues	28,289.00	7,906.00	-	(911.00)	35,284.00

(a) and (b) represents estimates made for probable cash outflow arising out of pending disputes / litigations with various regulatory authorities.

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(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(c) represents provisions made for probable liabilities / claims arising out of commercial/ other transactions. Further disclosures as required in Ind AS 37 are not made since it can be prejudicial to the interests of the Group.

* Included under various heads in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

50 Discontinued operation

a) Disposal of Coffee business

During the previous year, the Holding Company had divested its coffee business to Orange County Resorts and Hotels Private Limited by way of itemised sale for a consideration of ₹ 29,105. Hence, the exceptional gain for the year ended 31 March 2023 amounting to ₹ 24,372.51 on such transfer are presented separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, under Indian Accounting Standard 105, Non-current Assets Held tor Sale and Discontinued Operations after netting off the expenses incurred against sale consideration.

b) The results for coffee segment for the year are presented below -

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Profit for the year from discontinued operation		
Revenue including other income	**1,832.30**	*2,106.14*
Expenses	**2,055.58**	*1,825.98*
(Loss)/profit before tax	**(223.28)**	*280.16*
Exceptional gain from sale of assets	**-**	*24,809.16*
Exceptional loss on compensation under voluntary retirement scheme on transfer of coffee business	**-**	*(436.65)*
Income tax expense (refer note 38)	**-**	*(850.00)*
(Loss)/profit after tax	**(223.28)**	*23,802.67*

c) Cash flows from discontinued operation

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Net cash (used) / generated from operating activities	**897.27**	*(270.34)*
Net cash generated/(used) in investing activities	**25,111.40**	*4,000.00*
Net cash from financing activities	**-**	*-*
Net cash generated from discontinued operation	**26,008.67**	*3,729.66*

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(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

d) Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Gross carrying amount				Accumulated depreciation				Disposals of impairment charged in prior periods	Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 April 2022	Additions	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Freehold land	24.82	-	24.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.82
Buildings	784.47	-	784.47	-	207.33	27.90	235.23	-	10.68	-	577.14
Plant and equipment	2,986.80	-	2,986.80	-	1,648.99	168.17	1,817.16	-	320.24	-	1,337.81
Furniture and fixtures	0.12	-	0.12	-	0.11	-	0.11	-	-	-	0.01
Roads	0.38	-	0.38	-	0.38	-	0.38	-	-	-	0.00
Office equipment	25.62	-	25.62	-	2.57	2.43	5.00	-	-	-	23.05
Development plantations	1,024.45	129.40	1,153.85	-	135.32	23.84	159.16	-	-	-	889.13
Vehicles	32.83	-	32.83	-	10.93	2.77	13.70	-	-	-	21.90
Computer hardware	4.01	-	4.01	-	3.17	0.54	3.71	-	-	-	0.84
Total	**4,883.50**	**129.40**	**5,012.90**	**-**	**2,008.80**	**225.65**	**2,234.45**	**-**	**330.92**	**-**	**2,874.70**

e) Capital work in progress

Particulars	As at 1 April 2022	Additions	Capitalised	Sale	As at 31 March 2023
Capital work in progress	703.89	227.82	129.40	802.31	-

Note: There is no CWIP in discontinued operations during the year ended 31 March 2024

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(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

51 Disclosures as per Ind AS 115 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

The outstanding balance of net trade receivables is presented in below table:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
Trade receivables (net)	**46,254.31**	*39,046.15*

The general term of payment range between 15 to 120 days as per the normal business practice.

(a) Performance obligations:

The performance obligation of the Group in relation to sale of products is satisfied at a point in time when the risks and control over the products are transferred to the customers.

(b) Revenue from contracts with customers:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Sale of products	**1,688,258.50**	*1,630,338.59*
Total	**1,688,258.50**	*1,630,338.59*

The Group does not have any contract assets as at reporting dates.

The Group includes revenue received in advance amounting to ₹ 4,204.00 (31 March 2023 ₹ 5,538.00)

(c) Timing of revenue recognition:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	*For the year ended 31 March 2023*
Transferred at a point in time	**1,688,258.50**	*1,630,338.59*

Notes:

i) The Group does not have any significant obligation for refund and return.

Ii) Contracts do not have significant financing components and contracts also do not have element of variable consideration.

(d) Remaining performance obligation

As at 31 March 2024, the aggregate amount of transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations is ₹ 100.38 (31 March 2023: ₹ 116.44).

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(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(e) Revenue streams

The Group is primarily involved in manufacturing and sale of electric Components, tea, coffee, dental products, biscuits, other agricultural products, revenue from construction contracts and rental income from horticulture . Other sources of revenue include scrap sales, income from sale of electricity and subsidies from government.

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Sale of manufactured goods	**1,687,905.88**	*1,621,633.51*
Sale of traded goods	**352.62**	*449.16*
Others	**22,638.65**	*40,209.01*
Total	**1,710,897.15**	*1,662,291.68*

(f) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

In the following table, revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated by primary geographical market. The table below represents disaggregated revenue from contract with customer location and type of customers.

Company believes this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by industry, market and other economic factors.

India	**1,594,021.67**	*1,560,086.83*
Others	**116,875.48**	*102,204.85*
Revenue from contracts with customers	**1,710,897.15**	*1,662,291.68*

(g) Reconciliation between contract price and revenue from contracts with customer

Contract price	**1,774,715.77**	*1,706,042.04*
Add : Customer loyalty programme	**-**	*478.00*
Less : Sales returns	**(15,404.45)**	*(13,188.53)*
Less : Trade discounts, promotions and channel margins	**(71,052.82)**	*(62,992.92)*
Revenue from contracts with customers	**1,688,258.50**	*1,630,338.59*

(h) Significant changes in the contract liabilities balances during the year are as follows

Opening balance	**116.44**	*150.67*
Addition during the year	**44.15**	*63.51*
Revenue recognised during the year	**(60.21)**	*(97.74)*
Closing balance	**100.38**	*116.44*

52 Related party relationships, transactions and balances

A) List of Related parties

a) Key Managerial Personnel:

For The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited

1	Mr. Nusli N. Wadia	Chairman, Non-executive Director
2	Dr. (Mrs) Minnie Bodhanwala	Non-executive Director
3	Mr. Rajesh Batra	Non-executive Director
4	Mr Yashwat S. P. Thorat	Non-executive Director
5	Mr Vinesh Kumar Jairath	Non-executive Director
6	Mrs Chandra Iyengar	Non-executive Director; Independent Director (wef 23th Nov 2022)
7	Mr. Ness Wadia	Managing Director
8	Mr. Nitin H Datanwala	Chief Financial Officer
9	Mr. Murli Manohar Purohit	Company Secretary (w.e.f. 07 September, 2023)
10	Mr. Sanjay Kumar Chowdhary	Company Secretary (upto 24th April 2023)
11	Mrs Gauri Kirloskar	Non-executive Director; Independent Director (upto 9th Jan 2023)

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(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

For Britannia Industries Limited

1	Mr. Nusli N. Wadia	Chairman, Non-executive Director
2	Mr. Varun Berry	Executive Vice-chairman and Managing Director (w.e.f. 23 September, 2022)
3	Mr. Rajneet Singh Kohli	Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer (w.e.f. 26 September, 2022)
4	Mr. T. V. Thulsidass	Company Secretary
5	Mr. N.Venkataraman	Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer
6	Mr. Keki Elavia	Non-executive Director
7	Mr. Avijit Deb	Non-executive Director
8	Mr. Keki Dadiseth	Non-executive Director
9	Dr. Ajai Puri	Non-executive Director
10	Mr. Ness N Wadia	Non-executive Director
11	Mr Yashwat S. P. Thorat	Non-executive Director
12	Dr. Ajay Shah	Non-executive Director
13	Mrs. Tanya Dubash	Non-executive Director
14	Mr. Pradip Manilal Kanakia	Non-executive Director (w.e.f. 26 March, 2024)

For other subsidiaries

1	Mr. Jayant Gadgil	Director (upto 30 June 2023)
2	Ms. Marlina Budin	Director
3	Mr. Sevin Chendriah	Director
4	Ms. Teresa Chin	Director
5	Ms. Savilorna Payandi - Pillay Ramen	Director
6	Mr. Awalludin Bin Nasir	Director
7	Mr.Nusli Neville Wadia	Professional fees
8	Mr. Milan Makhecha	Key Managerial Personnel (upto 9 Sep 2023)
9	Mr Alok Sureka	Key Managerial Personnel
10	Ms. Komal Lund	Key Managerial Personnel
11	Mr. Rustom Adi Sui	Director
12	Mr. Hoshmand Jal Bamji	Director

b) Associate companies:

1 Lotus Viniyog Private Limited
2 Lima Investment and Trading Company Private Limited
3 Roshnara Investment and Trading Company Private Limited
4 Cincinnati Investment and Trading Company Private Limited
5 Shadhak Investments and Trading Private Limited
6 MSIL Investments Private Limited
7 Medical Microtechnology Limited
8 Harvard Plantations Limited
9 Placid Plantations Limited
10 The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited
11 Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited
12 Sunandaram Foods Private Limited
13 Go Airlines (India) Limited (up to 9 May 2023)
14 National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)
15 Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)
16 The Bombay Burmah Trading Employees Welfare Company Limited

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(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

c) Joint Venture

1 Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited (Formerly Known as Britannia Dairy Private Limited)

d) Other related parties:

1 Macrofil Investments Limited
2 Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited
3 BRT Limited
4 Wadia Techno Engineering Services Limited
5 Panella Foods and Beverages Private Limited
6 INOR Medical Products Limited
7 Nessville Trading Private Limited
8 Varnilam Investments and Trading Company Limited
9 Go Investments and Trading Private Limited
10 Nidhivan Investments and Trading Company Private Limited
11 Heera Holdings and Leasing Private Limited
12 Sahara Investments Private Limited
13 N N Wadia (Admin of Estate of Lt. E.F. Dinshaw)
14 New Point Enterprises Limited
15 Wallace Brothers Trading & Industrial Limited
16 Avijit Deb Partners, LLP

e) Relative of KMP

1 Maureen Wadia
2 Jehangir N. Wadia

f) Post employment-benefit plan entities

1 The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund
2 The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund
3 The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Superannuation Fund
4 The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Exempt Provident Fund
5 Britannia Industries Limited Management Staff Provident Fund
6 Britannia Industries Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund
7 Britannia Industries Limited Non Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund
8 Britannia Industries Limited Covenanted Staff Pension Fund
9 Britannia Industries Limited Officers Pension Fund
10 Dental Products of India Ltd. Emp. Gratuity Fund

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties.

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(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

B) Transactions during the year

Sr. No.	Name of the related party	Relationship	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
1	**Expenses charged by related parties**			
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**31.86**	*23.38*
	Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	Other related party	**121.85**	*149.86*
	Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	Associate	**78.30**	*105.67*
	National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)	Associate	**50.66**	-
2	**Expenses charged to related parties**			
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**0.25**	*0.45*
	Medical Microtechnology Limited	Associate	**-**	*0.13*
	Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	Other related party	**19.29**	*17.93*
	Inor Medical Products Limited	Other related party	**0.14**	-
3	**Interest income**			
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**-**	*1,431.10*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**3,995.51**	*5,688.73*
	Mr. Nitin H Datanwala	Key Managerial Personnel	**0.16**	*0.36*
	Harvard Plantations Limited	Associate	**0.17**	*0.14*
	Placid Plantation Limited	Associate	**0.17**	*0.14*
	Cincinnati Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**0.02**	-
	Lima Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**0.02**	-
	MSIL Investments Private Limited	Associate	**0.01**	-
	Roshnara Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**0.01**	-
	Shadhak Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**0.02**	-
	Macrofil Investment Limited	Other Related party	**-**	*12.95*
	Milan Makhecha	Key Managerial Personnel	**0.01**	*0.05*
	INOR Medical Products Limited	Other Related party	**110.00**	*70.52*
4	**Interest expense**			
	BRT Limited	Other related party	**5.69**	*3.99*
	Macrofil Investments Limited	Other related party	**18.60**	-
	Interest on bonus debentures			
	Others	Key Managerial Personnel	**-**	*1.00*
5	**Dividend income**			
	Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	Associate	**53.09**	*11.37*
	National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)	Associate	**204.05**	-
6	**Dividend Paid ***			
	Mr. Ness Wadia	Key Managerial Personnel	**0.26**	*0.26*
	Mr. Nusli Wadia	Key Managerial Personnel	**83.76**	*83.76*
	Mr. Jehangir Wadia	Key Managerial Personnel	**0.04**	*0.04*
	Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	Associate	**79.02**	*79.02*
	Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	Other related party	**326.29**	*326.29*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Sr. No.	Name of the related party	Relationship	Year ended 31 March 2024	*Year ended 31 March 2023*
	Macrofil Investments Limited	Other related party	**24.92**	*2.71*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**27.22**	*49.44*
	Nessville Trading Private Limited	Other related party	**0.21**	*0.21*
	Varnilam Investments and Trading Company Limited	Other related party	**0.41**	*0.41*
	Go Investments & Trading Private Limited	Other related party	**1.35**	*1.35*
	Nidhivan Investments And Trading Company Private Limited	Other related party	**1.76**	*1.76*
	Heera Holdings And Leasing Private Limited	Other related party	**1.79**	*1.79*
	Sahara Investments Private Limited	Other related party	**2.00**	*2.00*
	N N Wadia (Admin of Estate of Lt. E.F. Dinshaw)	Other related party	**2.88**	*2.88*
	Maureen Wadia	Other related party	**0.10**	*0.10*
	Wallace Brothers Trading & Industrial Limited	Other related party	**67.93**	*67.93*
	New Point Enterprises Limited	Other related party	**0.01**	-
7	**Arranger's fees**			
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**520.13**	*1,409.39*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**4,331.56**	*10,396.25*
8	**Advances given to**			
	Mr. Milan Makhecha	Key Managerial Personnel	**-**	*1.00*
9	**Loan repaid by**			
	Mr. Milan Makhecha	Key Managerial Personnel	**0.67**	*2.19*
10	**Loan given to**			
	Harvard Plantations Limited	Associate	**18.00**	*30.00*
	Placid Plantation Limited	Associate	**16.00**	*30.00*
	Cincinnati Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**36.00**	-
	Lima Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**35.00**	-
	MSIL Investments Private Limited	Associate	**46.00**	-
	Roshnara Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**21.00**	-
	Shadhak Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**33.00**	-
11	**Inter-corporate deposits placed**			
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**-**	*23,000.00*
	INOR Medical Products Limited	Other Related party	**-**	*1,100.00*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**15,000.00**	*48,500.00*
12	**Inter-corporate deposits redeemed**			
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**-**	*46,000.00*
	Macrofil Investments Limited	Other related party	**-**	*1,449.40*
	INOR Medical Products Ltd	Other related party	**-**	*420.91*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**83,000.00**	*30,000.00*
13	**Inter-corporate deposits taken**			
	B R T Limited	Other related party	**29.00**	*45.00*
	Macrofil Investments Limited	Other related party	**3,550.00**	-
14	**Inter-corporate deposits repaid**			
	Macrofil Investments Limited	Other related party	**3,550.00**	-

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Sr. No.	Name of the related party	Relationship	Year ended 31 March 2024	*Year ended 31 March 2023*
15	**Sale of products, goods, consumables and ingredients:**			
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**2.38**	*18.43*
	Panella Foods and Beverages Private Limited	Other related party	**1.58**	*6.29*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**14.66**	*13.65*
	Sunandaram Foods Private Limited	Associate	**88.00**	*100.00*
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint Venture	**5,466.00**	-
16	**Contributions during the year (includes Employees' share and contribution)**			
	Britannia Industries Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund	Post employment-benefit plan entities	**292.00**	*217.00*
	Britannia Industries Limited Covenanted Staff Pension Fund	Post employment-benefit plan entities	**20.00**	*19.00*
	Britannia Industries Limited Management Staff Provident Fund	Post employment-benefit plan entities	**3,148.00**	*2,590.00*
	Britannia Industries Limited Non Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund	Post employment-benefit plan entities	**214.00**	-
	Britannia Industries Limited Officers Pension Fund	Post employment-benefit plan entities	**13.00**	*15.00*
	The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Covenanted Staff Gratuity Fund	Post employment-benefit plan entities	**101.73**	*95.18*
	The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Exempt Provident Fund	Post employment-benefit plan entities	**99.38**	*94.31*
	The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund	Post employment-benefit plan entities	**321.38**	*233.51*
	The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Limited Employees' Superannuation Fund	Post employment-benefit plan entities	**85.18**	*83.90*
	Afco Industrial and Chemicals Ltd. Employee's Group Gratuity Scheme	Trust wherein the Group has the control	**14.45**	-
17	**Advance repaid**			
	BRT Limited	Other related party	**-**	*14.60*
18	**Reimbursement of Travelling and other expenses**			
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint venture	**-**	*3.00*
19	**Purchase of finished goods:**			
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint venture	**28,579.00**	-
	Panella Foods and Beverages Private Limited	Other related party	**1.95**	-
	Sunandaram Foods Private Limited	Associate	**5,432.00**	*5,643.00*
20	**Investments made**			
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited #	Associate	**118.47**	*130.45*
	Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	Associate	**-**	*17,072.77*
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited (in equity)	Joint venture	**-**	*21,491.00*
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**29,000.00**	*20,993.57*
21	**Sale of Fixed assets**			
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint venture	**6,394.00**	*6,653.00*
22	**Shared service income**			
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint venture	**160.00**	*53.00*
23	**Other business service income**			
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint venture	**515.00**	-
24	**Depreciation and Common overhead expenses recovery**			
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint venture	**2,207.00**	-

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Sr. No.	Name of the related party	Relationship	Year ended 31 March 2024	*Year ended 31 March 2023*
25	**Conversion and rental charges**			
	Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited	Associate	**1,456.00**	*1,321.00*
	Sunandaram Foods Private Limited	Associate	**104.00**	-
26	**Brand promotion/ Sponsorship /Sampling cost**			
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**-**	*21.00*
27	**Royalty income and Technical know-how**			
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint venture	**243.00**	-
28	**Rental income**			
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**1.00**	*11.00*
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint venture	**277.00**	*12.00*
29	**Professional charges**			
	Avijit Deb Partners, LLP	Other related party	**9.00**	*6.00*
30	**Royalty (Licensing of Brand Name) and Shared Service Expenses**			
	Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	Other related party	**5,665.00**	*5,450.00*
31	**Recovery of other expenses**			
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint venture	**4,775.00**	*295.00*

* In the opinion of the management, payment of dividend is not construed as a transaction in accordance with Ind AS 24, Related Party Disclosures, hence dividend paid to other related parties is not disclosed. Dividend paid to KMPs is appropriately disclosed.

Transactions are entered through market purchases.

Transactions up to the date of cessation / from the date of establishment of related party relationship have been considered for disclosure.

C) Outstanding balances

Sr. No.	Name of the related party	Relationship	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
1	**Outstanding amount payable**			
	Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	Associate	**-**	*24.68*
	Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited	Associate	**-**	*31.00*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**31.36**	-
	Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	Other related party	**43.00**	-
	BRT Limited	Other related party	**7.65**	*3.60*
2	**Outstanding amount receivable**			
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**147,430.11**	*3,958.52*
	Go Airlines (Singapore) Limited	Associate**	**42,310.00**	*41,587.66*
	Mr. Nitin H Datanwala	Key Managerial Personnel	**-**	*12.00*
	Mr. Milan Makhecha	Key Managerial Personnel	**-**	*0.67*
	Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons Limited	Other related party	**6.88**	*6.48*
	Sunandaram Foods Private Limited	Associate	**223.00**	*475.00*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**-**	*4,338.54*
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint venture	**269.00**	*1,160.00*
	Harvard Plantations Limited	Associate	**3.27**	*2.93*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Sr. No.	Name of the related party	Relationship	As at 31 March 2024	*As at 31 March 2023*
	Placid Plantation Limited	Associate	**3.25**	*2.93*
	Cincinnati Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**0.38**	-
	Lima Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**0.37**	-
	MSIL Investments Private Limited	Associate	**0.47**	-
	Roshnara Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**0.22**	-
	Shadhak Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	Associate	**0.35**	-
	Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited	Associate	**56.00**	-
	Trade receivables			
	Panella Foods and Beverages Private Limited	Other related party	**3.20**	*2.55*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**14.66**	*0.23*
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**29.56**	*29.18*
	Trade payables			
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**21.00**	-
	Loans Inter-corporate deposits placed			
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**-**	*68,000.00*
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**8,500.00**	*8,500.00*
	INOR Medical Products Limited	Other related party	**1,100.00**	*1,100.00*
	Inter-corporate deposits taken			
	BRT Limited	Other related party	**74.00**	*45.00*
3	**Other financial assets**			
	Wadia Techno Engineering Services Ltd	Other related party	**1.18**	*1.18*
	BRT Limited	Other related party	**1.06**	-
	Medical Microtechnology Limited	Associate	**3.09**	*3.09*
	INOR Medical Products Limited	Other related party	**404.35**	*305.21*
	Go Airlines (India) Limited	Associate**	**497.53**	*497.53*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**0.48**	*263.71*
	Panella Foods and Beverages Private Limited	Other related party	**3.44**	*2.34*
4	**Investments (including goodwill/capital reserve,share of profit/loss ,refer note 39)**			
	Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited	Associate	**78.10**	*128.30*
	Sunandaram Foods Private Limited	Associate	**-**	*43.59*
	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited	Joint Venture	**49,119.00**	*49,345.09*
	Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	Associate	**10,605.66**	*10,667.77*
	National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)	Associate	**9,487.86**	*10,667.77*
	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	Associate	**130,962.98**	*120,521.67*
	Other associates	Associate	**143.38**	*61.99*
			200,396.98	*191,436.18*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

D Compensation paid to Key Managerial Personnel

Particulars		For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
(i)	Short term employee benefits	**4,696.93**	*3,964.17*
(ii)	Post employment benefits	**188.44**	*167.11*
(iii)	Other long term benefits (net of reversal)	**(7.00)**	*70.00*
(iv)	Share Option/Phantom Option Scheme expenses	**5,553.00**	*6,045.00*
(v)	Commission provision for the year#	**1,540.00**	*1,494.00*
(vi)	Travelling expenses and others	**19.00**	*24.00*
(vii)	Payment under Phantom Option Scheme	**4,328.00**	*3,548.00*
(viii)	Directors' sitting fees	**129.35**	*130.51*

Excluding reversal of previous year provision

** Significant influence over Go Airlines lost on admission of application of Go Airlines under Section 10 of IBC 2016 by NCLT on 10 May 2023. Consequently, the Group has impaired loan,interest, trade receivables and other financial assets from Go Airlines (India) Limited. (refer note 62).

Some of the Key Managerial Personnel of the Holding Company are also covered under the Company's Gratuity plan along with the other employees of the Company. Proportionate amounts of gratuity accrued under the Company's gratuity plan have not been separately computed or included in the above disclosures.

E A step down overseas subsidiary has provided cash collateral of USD Nil (2023: USD 160,259,405) equivalent to ₹ Nil lakhs (2023: ₹ 132,000.00 lakhs) as security by way of a bank deposit for a banking facility offered by Deutsche Bank to Go Airlines (India) Limited, a related party. The Company charges arranger's fees to Go Airlines (India) Limited at USD 6M LIBOR + 1% p.a. on the amount of security. The same has been impaired during previous year (refer note 62).

F During the previous year, a step down overseas subsidiary issued Standby Letters of credit (SBLCs) to a bank for providing banking facilities to Go Airlines (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., a subsidiary of Go Airlines (India) Limited.

The SBLCs issued in favour were invoked during the year. The step down subsidiary being a guarantor to the issuing bank, settled all the SBLCs and related costs on behalf of Go Airlines (Singapore) Pte Ltd. The amount as stated above was impaired by the Group during the previous year (refer note 62).

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

All the transactions with the related parties were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

Notes:-

i) The remuneration to KMP does not includes the provision for gratuity and compensated absences, as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Group as a whole.

ii) The Group has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act.

iii) All the related party transactions are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in an arms length transactions, for which prior approval of the Audit Committee was obtained during the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

iv) Foreign currency balances are reinstated in ₹ using year end exchange rates.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

53 The following table includes loans and advances in the nature of loans granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and other related parties, either severally or jointly with other person, which are either repayable on demand.

Type of borrower	As at 31 March 2024		*As at 31 March 2023*	
	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	**Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans**	*Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding*	*Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans*
KMP	**-**	**0.00%**	*12.00*	*0.02%*
Other related parties	**12,606.05**	**59.37%**	*60,630.85*	*87.49%*

54 The Holding company has complied with section 186 of the Act. Transactions and balances falling under section 186 of the Act in the standalone financial statements of the Holding company (entered into with subsidiaries) gets eliminated in the consolidated financial statements and therefore, transactions and balances have not been reported in the consolidated financial statements.

55 Non Controlling Interests ('NCI')

Below is the list of partly owned subsidiary of the Holding Company and the share of the NCI that is material to the group.

Name	Country of incorporation	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
Britannia Industries Limited	India	**49.46%**	*49.46%*

The principal place of business of the entity listed above is the same as its country of incorporation.

The following table comprises the financial information relating to the Group's subsidiary that has material NCI, before any intra group eliminations.

Particulars	31 March 2024	*31 March 2023*
NCI percentage	**49.46%**	*49.46%*
Non-current assets	**422,490.00**	*460,649.00*
Current assets	**484,866.00**	*474,623.00*
Non-current liabilities	**102,313.00**	*165,382.00*
Current liabilities	**408,441.00**	*413,440.00*
Net assets	**396,602.00**	*356,450.00*
Net assets attributable to NCI	**196,159.35**	*176,300.17*
Revenue	**1,676,927.00**	*1,651,641.00*
Profit after tax	**213,422.00**	*231,632.00*
Other comprehensive income	**112.00**	*1,531.00*
Total comprehensive income	**213,534.00**	*233,163.00*
Owners of the Company	**214,150.00**	*233,715.30*
Non-controlling interests (as per BIL book)	**(616.00)**	*(552.30)*
Non-controlling interests	**105,918.59**	*115,595.59*
Total comprehensive income allocated to NCI	**105,302.59**	*115,043.29*
Cash generated from operating activities	**257,298.00**	*252,621.36*
Cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities	**47,550.39**	*(151,706.08)*
Cash used in financing activities	**(283,048.09)**	*(102,837.24)*
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	**21,800.30**	*(1,921.96)*
Dividends paid to NCI	**85,777.82**	*67,386.74*

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

56 Segment information

A) General Information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its products and services and has six reportable segments, as follows:

1	Plantation - Tea	Segment produces/trades in Tea business
2	Health Care	Segment manufactures/trades in Dental products.
3	Auto Electric Components (AEC)	Segment manufactures, solenoids, switches, valves, slip rings etc. for automobile and other industries.
4	Investments	Segment invests in various securities listed as well as unlisted mainly on a long term basis.
5	Horticulture	Segment deals with decorative plants and landscaping services
6	Food - Bakery & dairy products	Segment represents bakery and dairy products
7	Others	Segment manufactures/trades in analytical, precision balances and weighing scales and property development
8	Unallocated	Transanctions and balances not allocable to any of the above mentioned segments

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

Based on above, following are reportable segments as per Ind AS 108 (Operating Segments)

Primary Segment (Operating Segment): Based on product lines of Group	Secondary Segment (Geographical Segment) Based on geographical area of operation
Plantation - Tea Auto Electrical Components (AEC) Investments Horticulture Healthcare Food - Bakery & dairy products Others	India and outside India

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

B)(i)Information about reportable segments

Particulars	Year	Reportable Segments								Total
		Plantation-Tea	Healthcare	AEC	Investments	Horticulture	Food Bakery and dairy products	Others	Unallocated	
External sales	**2023-2024**	**6,050.35**	**3,058.91**	**16,964.91**	**-**	**8,372.78**	**1,659,052.00**	**-**	**-**	**1,693,498.94**
	2022-2023	6,592.05	2,783.58	15,083.65	-	8,340.38	1,613,740.00	-	-	1,646,539.66
Other income	**2023-2024**	**61.32**	**5.21**	**69.29**	**35,082.58**	**-**	**21,418.00**	**112.78**	**423.85**	**57,173.03**
	2022-2023	104.08	7.66	73.34	39,294.35	-	21,586.00	1,549.89	207.72	62,823.04
Total segment revenue (net of eliminations)	**2023-2024**	**6,111.67**	**3,064.12**	**17,034.20**	**35,082.58**	**8,372.78**	**1,680,470.00**	**112.78**	**423.85**	**1,750,671.98**
	2022-2023	6,696.13	2,791.24	15,156.99	39,294.35	8,340.38	1,635,326.00	1,549.89	207.72	1,709,362.70
Segment results before finance cost and share of net losses of associates	**2023-2024**	**(4,416.36)**	**462.06**	**1,422.28**	**20,697.39**	**1,366.01**	**290,481.00**	**84.20**	**(2,217.29)**	**307,879.29**
	2022-2023	(3,778.65)	424.47	1,289.45	- 148,903.48	903.90	303,331.00	1,515.85	(2,271.29)	152,511.25
Segment assets*	**2023-2024**	**8,710.80**	**1,079.97**	**12,001.75**	**573,429.65**	**15,132.84**	**566,115.99**	**1,438.79**	**18,270.61**	**1,196,180.40**
	2022-2023	9,313.20	1,121.45	11,855.43	970,563.00	13,690.23	521,759.00	1,717.12	41,866.01	1,571,885.44
Segment liabilities	**2023-2024**	**3,120.67**	**278.18**	**2,884.12**	**-**	**1,988.80**	**501,255.00**	**153.79**	**21,368.81**	**531,049.37**
	2022-2023	1,906.24	327.53	2,684.00	334,552.32	1,756.04	571,791.00	116.33	78,587.74	991,721.20
Capital expenditure** (included in segment assets)	**2023-2024**	**266.37**	**67.40**	**280.63**	**-**	**766.21**	**94,124.00**	**-**	**27.09**	**95,531.70**
	2022-2023	1,062.64	26.38	470.11	-	327.80	198,289.00	-	0.43	200,176.36
Depreciation/amortisation from continued operations	**2023-2024**	**273.79**	**38.48**	**6.05**	**-**	**562.96**	**30,046.00**	**406.95**	**1.71**	**31,335.93**
	2022-2023	310.71	37.52	344.83	-	623.07	22,591.00	18.41	2.08	23,927.62

*Includes carrying amount of investment in associates amounting ₹ 200,396.98 (31 March 2023 : ₹ 191,436.18)

**Represents additions to non-current assets.

Assets and liabilities from discontinued operations

Particulars	2023-2024	2022-2023
Segment revenue	1,832.30	2106.14
Segment results	(223.28)	280.16
Segment assets	-	1741.32
Segment liabilities	-	609.74
Capital employed	-	1131.58

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

B)(ii) Reconciliation of reportable segments with the consolidated financial statements

Particulars	Year	Revenues	Results / Net Profit	Assets	Liabilities	Capital Expenditure	Depreciation/ Amortisation
Total of reportable segments from continuing operations	**2023-24**	**1,750,671.98**	**307,879.29**	**1,196,180.40**	**531,049.37**	**95,531.70**	**31,335.93**
	2022-23	1,709,362.70	152,511.25	1,571,885.44	991,721.20	200,046.96	23,927.62
Finance costs	**2023-24**	**-**	**(36,380.85)**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
	2022-23	-	(42,465.42)	-	-	-	-
Share of loss of associates	**2023-24**	**-**	**(18,592.91)**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
	2022-23	-	(105,796.63)	-	-	-	-
Taxes	**2023-24**	**-**	**78,965.31**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
	2022-23	-	81,421.37	-	-	-	-
Total of reportable segments from discontinuing operations	**2023-24**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
	2022-23	-	-	1,741.32	609.74	129.40	-
As per financial statements	**2023-24**	**1,750,671.98**	**173,940.22**	**1,196,180.40**	**531,049.37**	**95,531.70**	**31,335.93**
	2022-23	1,709,362.70	(77,172.17)	1,573,626.76	992,330.95	200,176.36	23,927.62

C] Secondary segment reporting - Geographic information

The geographic information analyses the Group's revenue and total assets by the Group's country of domicile and other countries. In presenting the geographical information, segment revenue has been based on geographic location of customers and segment assets were based on the geographic location of the respective non-current assets.

Particulars	Year	Geographical segment		Total
		India	Outside India #	
Revenue	**2023-24**	**1,614,981.84**	**135,690.14**	**1,750,671.98**
	2022-23	1,520,682.53	188,680.17	1,709,362.70
Non-current assets	**2023-24**	**301,480.25**	**306,012.10**	**607,492.35**
	2022-23	298,471.71	277,584.47	576,056.18

It includes revenues and assets of foreign branches.

Non-current assets other than financial instruments, deferred tax assets, post-employment benefit assets and rights arising under insurance contracts as per Ind AS 108.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

D) There is no transaction with single external customer which amounts to 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

57 Additional information pursuant to para 3 of general instructions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements given under Schedule III to the Act

For the year ended 31 March 2024

Name of the entities	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of total compre-hensive income	Amount (₹)
Parent								
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited	2.92%	19,432.65	(0.34%)	(587.98)	(8.43%)	272.01	(0.19%)	(315.97)
Indian subsidiaries								
Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited	0.21%	1,397.55	0.04%	65.86	(2.25%)	72.52	0.08%	138.38
DPI Products and Services of India Limited.	0.07%	458.53	(0.00%)	(3.50)	(8.49%)	273.90	0.16%	270.40
Sea Wind Investment and Trading Co. Limited	0.42%	2,766.15	(0.01%)	(20.91)	(0.63%)	20.35	(0.00%)	(0.56)
Subham Viniyog Private Limited	0.00%	23.17	(0.00%)	(1.52)	(0.15%)	4.88	0.00%	3.36
Britannia Industries Limited	53.03%	352,752.00	119.85%	208,205.00	4.43%	(143.00)	122.04%	208,062.00
Boribunder Finance and Investments Private Limited	0.02%	136.00	0.00%	0.02	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.02
Flora Investments Company Private Limited	0.04%	268.00	0.01%	10.00	0.00%	-	0.01%	10.00
Gilt Edge Finance and Investments Private Limited	0.04%	279.00	0.01%	10.00	0.00%	-	0.01%	10.00
Ganges Vally Foods Private Limited	0.13%	844.00	0.01%	26.00	0.00%	-	0.02%	26.00
International Bakery Products Limited	0.32%	2,147.00	0.16%	270.50	0.57%	(18.50)	0.15%	252.00
J B Mangharam Foods Private Limited	0.24%	1,580.50	0.08%	141.94	0.46%	(14.94)	0.07%	127.00
Manna Foods Private Limited	0.62%	4,092.50	0.21%	371.05	0.09%	(3.05)	0.22%	368.00
Sunrise Biscuit Company Private Limited	0.40%	2,679.00	0.01%	12.17	(0.18%)	5.83	0.01%	18.00
Britchip Foods Limited	0.77%	5,104.00	(0.09%)	(148.74)	0.04%	(1.26)	(0.09%)	(150.00)
Britannia Employees General Welfare Association Private Limited	0.00%	24.00	(0.00%)	(0.35)	0.00%	-	(0.00%)	(0.35)
Britannia Employees Medical Welfare Association Private Limited	0.00%	22.00	0.00%	0.02	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.02

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the entities	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of total compre-hensive income	Amount (₹)
Britannia Employees Educational Welfare Association Private Limited	0.00%	23.00	(0.00%)	(0.41)	0.00%	-	(0.00%)	(0.41)
Foreign Subsidiaries								
Leila Lands Senderian Berhad	6.92%	46,038.60	2.14%	3,715.81	0.00%	-	2.18%	3,715.81
Island Horti-Tech Holding Pte. Ltd.	1.26%	8,405.11	0.31%	538.93	0.00%	-	0.32%	538.93
Leila Lands Ltd.	55.09%	366,392.54	23.14%	40,205.06	0.00%	-	23.58%	40,205.06
Naira Holdings Ltd.	2.86%	18,993.63	(0.45%)	(777.17)	(104.00%)	3,355.26	1.51%	2,578.09
Island Landscape and Nursery Pte. Ltd.	0.92%	6,088.10	0.37%	641.00	0.00%	-	0.38%	641.00
Restpoint Investments Ltd.	0.84%	5,598.30	(0.00%)	(4.74)	0.00%	-	(0.00%)	(4.74)
Innovative Organics Inc. (upto 24 May 2023)	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Granum Inc. (upto 03 June 2023)	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
ABI Holdings Limited	4.24%	28,177.23	30.89%	53,654.07	0.00%	-	31.47%	53,654.07
Associated Biscuits International Limited	(1.64%)	(10,900.48)	45.06%	78,283.58	0.00%	-	45.92%	78,283.58
Britannia Brands Limited	1.22%	8,103.82	15.43%	26,806.37	0.00%	-	15.72%	26,806.37
Dowbiggin Enterprises Pte. Limited	20.57%	136,831.64	0.97%	1,687.59	(507.90%)	16,385.15	10.60%	18,072.74
Nacupa Enterprises Pte. Limited	20.57%	136,826.76	0.97%	1,687.52	(507.90%)	16,385.15	10.60%	18,072.67
Spargo Enterprises Pte. Limited	20.57%	136,850.17	0.97%	1,687.52	(507.90%)	16,385.15	10.60%	18,072.67
Valletort Enterprises Pte. Limited	20.57%	136,830.64	0.97%	1,687.21	(507.90%)	16,385.15	10.60%	18,072.36
Bannatyne Enterprises Pte. Limited	20.55%	136,705.80	0.96%	1,673.64	(507.55%)	16,373.91	10.59%	18,047.55
Baymanco Investments Limited	(16.21%)	(107,837.03)	31.23%	54,258.80	(80.68%)	2,602.86	33.35%	56,861.66
Britannia and Associates (Mauritius) Private Limited	3.14%	20,888.00	(0.00%)	(1.00)	0.00%	-	(0.00%)	(1.00)
Britannia and Associates (Dubai) Private Co. Limited	2.83%	18,799.00	0.09%	148.00	0.00%	-	0.09%	148.00
Al Sallan Food Industries Co. SAOC	(0.19%)	(1,234.00)	0.47%	820.00	0.00%	-	0.48%	820.00
Strategic Food International Co. LLC, Dubai	1.68%	11,177.00	2.26%	3,924.00	0.00%	-	2.30%	3,924.00
Strategic Brands Holding Company Limited	0.00%	1.00	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the entities	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of total compre-hensive income	Amount (₹)
Britannia Dairy Holdings Private Limited	(0.01%)	(59.00)	(0.00%)	(4.00)	0.00%	-	(0.00%)	(4.00)
Britannia Nepal Private Limited	1.17%	7,798.00	0.77%	1,333.00	0.00%	-	0.78%	1,333.00
Britannia Bangladesh Private Limited	0.01%	35.00	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Britannia Egypt LLC.	0.08%	506.00	0.06%	110.00	0.00%	-	0.06%	110.00
Strategic Food Uganda Limited	0.03%	179.00	(0.02%)	(33.00)	0.00%	-	(0.02%)	(33.00)
Kenafric Biscuits Limited	0.10%	636.00	(0.53%)	(921.00)	0.00%	-	(0.54%)	(921.00)
Catalyst Britania Brands Limited	(0.00%)	(9.00)	(0.00%)	(2.00)	0.00%	-	(0.00%)	(2.00)
Foreign currency translation reserve		-		-	123.93%	(3,998.01)	(2.35%)	(3,998.01)
Non-controlling interests in all subsidiaries	29.70%	197,517.87	60.60%	105,276.00	(0.82%)	26.59	61.76%	105,302.59
Equity accounted investees								
Indian associates								
Cincinnati Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	0.00%	10.02	(0.00%)	(0.34)	(0.08%)	2.44	0.00%	2.10
Harvard Plantations Limited	0.00%	0.54	(0.00%)	(0.54)	0.00%	-	(0.00%)	(0.54)
Lima Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	0.00%	9.85	(0.00%)	(0.33)	(0.08%)	2.44	0.00%	2.11
Lotus Viniyog Private Limited	0.02%	137.47	(0.00%)	(0.31)	(2.40%)	77.55	0.05%	77.24
Medical Microtechnology Limited	(0.00%)	(0.54)	(0.00%)	(2.76)	0.00%	-	(0.00%)	(2.76)
MSIL Investments Private Limited	0.00%	5.29	(0.00%)	(0.41)	(0.00%)	0.01	(0.00%)	(0.40)
Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited	0.02%	160.82	(0.01%)	(22.73)	0.00%	-	(0.01%)	(22.73)
Placid Plantations Limited	0.00%	0.48	(0.00%)	(0.54)	0.00%	-	(0.00%)	(0.54)
Roshnara Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	0.00%	9.83	(0.00%)	(0.25)	(0.08%)	2.44	0.00%	2.19
Shadhak Investment and Trading Private Limited	0.00%	9.79	(0.00%)	(0.33)	(0.08%)	2.44	0.00%	2.11
Sunandaram Foods Private Limited	0.01%	35.20	0.01%	9.64	0.00%	(0.12)	0.01%	9.52
Go (Airlines) India Limited	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the entities	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of total compre-hensive income	Amount (₹)
Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	3.85%	25,609.41	(0.01%)	(8.87)	(375.08%)	12,100.30	7.09%	12,091.43
National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)	1.31%	8,715.67	0.23%	407.67	(0.18%)	5.79	0.24%	413.46
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	23.41%	155,690.77	5.95%	10,332.95	(236.29%)	7,622.98	10.53%	17,955.94
Joint Venture								
Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited [formerly known as Britannia Dairy Private Limited]	4.35%	28,925.16	(0.13%)	(225.42)	0.03%	(1.02)	(0.13%)	(226.44)
Adjustment arising out of consolidation	(189.07%)	(1,257,557.47)	(242.64%)	(421,514.82)	3329.48%	(107,411.26)	(310.24%)	(528,926.11)
Total	**100.00%**	**665,131.03**	**100.00%**	**173,716.94**	**100.00%**	**(3,226.07)**	**100.00%**	**170,490.87**

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Name of the entities	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of total comprehensive income	Amount (₹)
Parent								
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited	3.54%	20,585.88	(1.65%)	878.60	(2.53%)	(576.93)	(0.99%)	301.67
Indian subsidiaries								
Afco Industrial and Chemicals Limited	0.22%	1,259.18	(2.36%)	1,259.03	(0.11%)	(26.00)	(4.03%)	1,233.03
DPI Products and Services of India Limited.	0.04%	258.13	0.01%	(3.84)	(0.01%)	(2.91)	0.02%	(6.75)
Sea Wind Investment and Trading Co. Limited	0.47%	2,741.80	0.05%	(28.46)	(31.69%)	(7,215.53)	23.67%	(7,243.99)
Subham Viniyog Private Limited	0.00%	19.81	0.00%	(1.50)	0.01%	2.08	(0.00%)	0.58
Britannia Industries Limited	54.73%	318,115.00	(400.85%)	213,930.00	0.10%	22.00	(699.21%)	213,952.00

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the entities	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of total comprehensive income	Amount (₹)
Boribunder Finance and Investments Private Limited	0.02%	136.00	(0.00%)	2.00	0.00%	-	(0.01%)	2.00
Flora Investments Company Private Limited	0.04%	259.00	(0.01%)	7.00	0.00%	-	(0.02%)	7.00
Gilt Edge Finance and Investments Private Limited	0.05%	269.00	(0.01%)	8.00	0.00%	-	(0.03%)	8.00
Ganges Vally Foods Private Limited	0.14%	818.00	(0.04%)	24.00	0.00%	-	(0.08%)	24.00
International Bakery Products Limited	0.33%	1,896.00	(0.46%)	247.26	0.06%	14.74	(0.86%)	262.00
J B Mangharam Foods Private Limited	0.25%	1,454.00	(0.65%)	348.06	(0.17%)	(39.06)	(1.01%)	309.00
Manna Foods Private Limited	0.64%	3,724.00	(0.85%)	455.53	0.00%	-	(1.49%)	455.53
Sunrise Biscuit Company Private Limited	0.46%	2,661.00	(0.19%)	99.48	(0.04%)	(10.15)	(0.29%)	89.33
Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited [formerly known as Britannia Dairy Private Limited]	0.00%	-	(4.50%)	2,399.00	0.00%	-	(7.84%)	2,399.00
Britchip Foods Limited	0.90%	5,254.00	1.79%	(953.00)	0.00%	-	3.11%	(953.00)
Britannia Employees General Welfare Association Private Limited	0.00%	24.00	0.00%	(1.00)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(1.00)
Britannia Employees Medical Welfare Association Private Limited	0.00%	22.00	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Britannia Employees Educational Welfare Association Private Limited	0.00%	24.00	0.00%	(1.00)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(1.00)
Foreign Subsidiaries								
Leila Lands Senderian Berhad	9.23%	53,644.15	(13.75%)	7,339.24	0.00%	-	(23.99%)	7,339.24
Island Horti-Tech Holding Pte. Ltd.	1.19%	6,923.08	(4.81%)	2,565.24	0.00%	-	(8.38%)	2,565.24
Leila Lands Ltd.	49.23%	286,152.59	123.28%	(65,795.63)	0.00%	-	215.03%	(65,795.63)
Naira Holdings Ltd.	2.49%	14,472.48	0.98%	(525.36)	(5.65%)	(1,286.76)	5.92%	(1,812.12)
Island Landscape and Nursery Pte. Ltd.	0.82%	4,794.15	(0.83%)	443.01	0.00%	-	(1.45%)	443.01
Restpoint Investments Ltd.	0.85%	4,919.94	0.01%	(5.41)	0.00%	-	0.02%	(5.41)
Innovative Organics Inc.	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Granum Inc.*	0.00%	-	0.22%	(117.96)	0.00%	-	0.39%	(117.96)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the entities	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of total comprehensive income	Amount (₹)
ABI Holdings Limited	4.60%	26,720.00	(124.83%)	66,619.35	0.00%	-	(217.72%)	66,619.35
Associated Biscuits International Limited	(5.86%)	(34,051.04)	(49.24%)	26,279.77	0.00%	-	(85.88%)	26,279.77
Britannia Brands Limited	1.33%	7,712.90	(62.41%)	33,306.80	0.00%	-	(108.85%)	33,306.80
Dowbiggin Enterprises Pte. Limited	18.24%	106,002.66	(2.40%)	1,281.11	85.03%	19,361.95	(67.46%)	20,643.06
Nacupa Enterprises Pte. Limited	18.23%	105,998.42	(2.40%)	1,281.19	85.03%	19,361.95	(67.46%)	20,643.14
Spargo Enterprises Pte. Limited	18.24%	106,019.02	(2.40%)	1,280.79	85.03%	19,361.95	(67.46%)	20,642.74
Valletort Enterprises Pte. Limited	18.24%	106,002.11	(2.40%)	1,281.12	85.03%	19,361.95	(67.46%)	20,643.07
Bannatyne Enterprises Pte. Limited	18.22%	105,914.07	(2.39%)	1,275.66	84.97%	19,348.67	(67.40%)	20,624.33
Baymanco Investments Limited	(24.94%)	(144,993.76)	270.15%	(144,179.71)	(10.36%)	(2,359.28)	478.90%	(146,538.99)
Britannia and Associates (Mauritius) Private Limited	3.54%	20,591.00	0.01%	(8.00)	0.00%	-	0.03%	(8.00)
Britannia and Associates (Dubai) Private Co. Limited	3.16%	18,385.00	(0.02%)	13.00	0.00%	-	(0.04%)	13.00
Al Sallan Food Industries Co. SAOC	(0.35%)	(2,030.00)	(1.50%)	801.00	0.00%	-	(2.62%)	801.00
Strategic Food International Co. LLC, Dubai	1.20%	6,974.00	(0.53%)	281.00	0.00%	-	(0.92%)	281.00
Strategic Brands Holding Company Limited	0.00%	1.00	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Britannia Dairy Holdings Private Limited	(0.01%)	(55.00)	0.01%	(5.00)	0.00%	-	0.02%	(5.00)
Britannia Nepal Private Limited	1.11%	6,462.00	(0.91%)	484.00	0.00%	-	(1.58%)	484.00
Britannia Bangladesh Private Limited	0.01%	35.00	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Britannia Egypt LLC.	0.06%	341.00	(0.05%)	29.00	0.00%	-	(0.09%)	29.00
Strategic Food Uganda Limited	0.04%	213.00	(0.03%)	16.00	0.00%	-	(0.05%)	16.00
Kenafric Biscuits Limited	0.25%	1,471.00	0.43%	(230.00)	0.00%		0.75%	(230.00)
Catalyst Britania Brands Limited	(0.00%)	(7.00)	0.01%	(6.00)	0.00%		0.02%	(6.00)
Non-controlling interests	30.63%	178,064.06	(214.05%)	114,235.69	3.31%	753.55	(375.79%)	114,989.24

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the entities	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of total comprehensive income	Amount (₹)
Equity accounted investees								
Indian associates								
Cincinnati Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	0.00%	3.99	0.00%	(0.27)	0.00%	1.04	(0.00%)	0.77
Harvard Plantations Limited	0.00%	1.09	0.00%	(0.53)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.53)
Lima Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	0.00%	7.74	0.00%	(0.31)	0.00%	1.04	(0.00%)	0.73
Lotus Viniyog Private Limited	0.01%	60.23	0.00%	(0.36)	(0.17%)	(38.17)	0.13%	(38.53)
Medical Microtechnology Limited	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.34)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.34)
MSIL Investments Private Limited	0.00%	5.69	0.00%	(0.39)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.39)
Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited	0.02%	128.00	0.02%	(13.00)	0.00%	-	0.04%	(13.00)
Placid Plantations Limited	0.00%	1.03	0.00%	(0.54)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.54)
Roshnara Investment and Trading Company Private Limited	0.00%	7.65	0.00%	(0.23)	0.00%	1.04	(0.00%)	0.81
Shadhak Investment and Trading Private Limited	0.00%	7.67	0.00%	(0.31)	0.00%	1.04	(0.00%)	0.73
Sunandaram Foods Private Limited	0.01%	43.00	0.05%	(25.00)	0.00%	-	0.08%	(25.00)
Go (Airlines) India Limited	0.00%	0.00	143.42%	(76,541.00)	0.16%	35.73	250.03%	(76,505.27)
Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	1.84%	10,667.77	(0.20%)	107.97	0.96%	217.94	(1.07%)	325.91
National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)	1.84%	10,667.77	(0.20%)	107.97	0.96%	217.94	(1.07%)	325.91
The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited	20.73%	120,521.67	55.89%	(29,828.92)	32.17%	7,325.10	73.54%	(22,503.82)
Joint Venture								
Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited [formerly known as Britannia Dairy Private Limited]	8.49%	49,345.00	(1.08%)	579.00	0.00%	-	(1.89%)	579.00
Adjustment arising out of consolidation	(164.52%)	(956,369.13)	401.66%	(214,362.30)	(312.09%)	(71,064.42)	932.80%	(285,426.72)
Total	**100.00%**	**581,295.82**	**100.00%**	**(53,369.50)**	**100.00%**	**22,770.49**	**100.00%**	**(30,599.01)**

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

58 Additional regulatory information required by Division II Schedule III of the Act

a) Details of benami property

The Group is not holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Further, no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any benami property under the act and rules mentioned above.

b) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Holding Company has filed quarterly statements of current assets with the banks that are in agreement with the books of accounts.

c) Wilful defaulter

The Holding Company or any entity in the Group has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.

d) Relationship with struck off companies

The Holding Company have following relationship and transactions with struck off companies under Section 248 of the Act or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the current year and prior year, which has any outstanding balance as at respective year-end.

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	Transactions during the year		Balance outstanding		Relationship with the Struck off company (if any)
		For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
NETFIX NETWORKS (OPC) PRIVATE LIMITED	Payables	Nil	0.72	Nil	Nil	-

None of the subsidiaries covered under the Act have any transactions with the struck off companies under section 248 of the Act.

e) Compliance with number of layers of companies

Each company in the Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under section 2(87) of the Act.

f) Compliance with approved scheme of arrangements

The Holding company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement in terms of section 230 to 237 of the Act for the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

g) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person or entity, including foreign entity ('Intermediaries') with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:

a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group, or

b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The Group has not received any fund from any person or entity, including foreign entity ('Funding Party') with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:

a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or

b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

h) Undisclosed income

No income has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the current and previous year.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ *in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

i) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current and previous year.

j) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies ('ROC')

There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

k) Revaluation

The Group has not revalued its PPE,ROU assets and intangible assets during the current and previous year.

59 During the year ended 31 March 2016, based on queries received from Securities Exchange Board of India ('SEBI'), the subsidiary of the Corporation (Britannia Industries Limited) conducted a preliminary internal investigation and discovered certain irregularities by M/s Sharepro Services (India) Private Limited ('Sharepro'), the subsidiary's erstwhile Registrar and Share Transfer Agent. Subsequently, the subsidiary filed a criminal complaint against Sharepro and its employees. Pursuant to the directions issued by SEBI in its interim order dated 22 March 2016, the subsidiary appointed an independent external agency to conduct an audit of the records and systems of Sharepro with respect to past transactions. The report of the external agency was submitted with SEBI by the subsidiary vide its letter dated 12 July 2016. In 2019-20, following the receipt of a Show Cause Notice dated 8 November 2019 from SEBI in a related matter, the subsidiary filed a Settlement Application and SEBI passed the settlement order on 17 September, 2020. The subsidiary continues to evaluate additional steps, if any, based on the directions of SEBI or any other regulatory authorities. Based on consultations with its legal counsel, the subsidiary has been advised that the liability will not devolve on the subsidiary and thus no provision is considered necessary.

60 Go Airlines (India) Limited (Go Air), an associate of the Holding Company has been under financial impact due to non-supply and failure of engines by Pratt & Whitney(P&W) and the lessors demanding return of aircrafts on account of P&W not providing the engines required to sustain the operations. Considering these facts and circumstances, Go Air has filed an application for initiation of Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process(CIRP) and grant of interim moratorium to preserve its assets and keep it as a Going Concern. In May 2023, National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) had admitted the application and granted moratorium and appointed an Interim Resolution Professional(IRP) to take steps to keep Go Air as a Going Concern.

61 Baymanco Investments Limited ('Baymanco'), the foreign subsidiary of the Company made an investment of ₹ 29,000.00 lakhs in Go Air in April 2023 towards Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS") allotted by Go Air. In view of Go Air filing an application under Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, this amount was fully provided for in the standalone financial statements of Baymanco during the year ended 31 March 2023. However, in line with the provisions under Ind AS 109 – 'Financial Instruments' read with Ind AS 10 – 'Events after the reporting period', the recognition of the aforesaid investment and the consequent provision for impairment thereon have been considered in the consolidated financial statements of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2024, considering that the investment has been made during this period.

Further, at the request of the members of Committee of Creditors of Go Air, at the EGM of preference and equity shareholders on 16 October 2023 convened by the Resolution Professional for early conversion of 5,000 lakhs, 0.01% CCPS of face value of ₹ 10 each aggregating to ₹ 50,000 lakhs, issued and allotted to Baymanco, it has been agreed by Baymanco to covert these into equity in the ratio of two equity shares at ₹ 75 per equity share (Face value – ₹ 10 each) for each CCPS held. The early conversion has also been approved by equity shareholders of Go Air and the allotment has been done during the year ended 31 March 2024. However, there is no impact on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 on account of this conversion.

As the share of loss on associates had already been accounted on fully diluted basis, the Group does not expect further impact on the consolidated financial statements.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

62 Exceptional Items

Go Airlines (India) Limited ('Go Air'), an associate of the Holding Company had filed a voluntary application on 2 May 2023 for initiation of Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) and grant of interim moratorium to preserve its assets and keep it as a Going Concern. On 10 May 2023, NCLT has admitted the application and granted moratorium. Accordingly, there was loss of significant influence over Go Air with effect from 10 May 2023. In view of the above, the Holding Company has reviewed its total exposure in Go Air and considered it prudent to recognize a provision for impairment of ₹ 10,263.83 lakhs(31 March 2023 : ₹ 186,565.84 lakhs) in the consolidated financial statements. These provisions are classified as exceptional item for the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, detailed as under:-

	Particulars	**Year ended 31 March 2024**	*Year ended 31 March 2023*
(i)	Towards Inter Corporate Deposits (including interest thereon) given to Go Air	-	*8,997.53*
(ii)	Towards other receivables and foreign currency translation**	**10,263.83**	*13,377.66*
(iii)	Provision for Expected encashment of bank deposits	-	*132,000.00*
(iv)	Provision for contingency (Expected SBLC Invocation)	-	*32,190.65*
Total		**10,263.83**	*186,565.84*

'Exceptional items include:-

Gain on sale of stake in Britannia Dairy Products Limited*	-	*37,560.00*
Voluntary Retirement Cost in Britannia Industries Limited*	**(290.00)**	-
Provision made In respect of various securities provided/ impairment of commitment towards CCPS/ ICDs (including interest the reon)**	**(10,263.83)**	*(186,565.84)*
Total	**(10,553.83)**	*(149,005.84)*

*Exceptional item for the year ended 31 March 2024 pertains to Voluntary Retirement cost incurred in one of the factories of subsidiaries of the Group. Exceptional item for the year ended 31 March 2023 relates to gain on sale of 49% equity stake held by its subsidiary Britannia Industries Limited ("BIL") in Britannia Dairy Private limited ("BDPL") to Bel SA ("BEL") and fair valuation of balance 51% stake held in BDPL pursuant to a Joint Venture Agreement ("JVA") entered into between BIL, BEL and BDPL to undertake the development, manufacturing, marketing, distribution, trading and selling etc., of cheese products in India and certain other countries.

**Exceptional item for the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 includes impairment losses recognised for Go Airlines (India) Limited due to seizure of cash collaterals, arranger's fees and expenses paid by one of the Group company.

63 There were no financial statements/information for the period 1 April 2023 to 9 May 2023 (date of loss of significant influence in the associate), drawn up by Go Air, an associate of the Corporation. This is due to Go Airlines' had filed suo moto application under section 10 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code,2016 on 2 May 2023 to initiate Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP), which has been duly admitted on 10 May 2023 and moratorium has been granted. Subsequently, a Resolution Professional (RP) has also been appointed to manage the affairs of the associate. Consequently, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 does not include share of profit/(loss) after tax and total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period 1 April 2023 to 9 May 2023 in the associate due to unavailability of its financial statements/information. For the previous year ended 31 March 2023, the consolidated financial statements included the company's 40.14% share in the net loss after tax and total comprehensive loss of ₹ 126,329.81 lakhs based on the unaudited financial information of Go Air for the nine months ended 31 December 2022. Of this amount, ₹ 76,505.37 lakhs and 180.35 until the period ended 31 December 2022, is limited to the Group's investment in Go Air and Go Airlines (Singapore) Pte Ltd. respectively.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

64 Assets / liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale of the Group

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Assets classified as held for sale		
Property, plant and equipments(including capital work in progress) classified as held for sale (refer note 2(a) and 2(b))	**764.28**	*4,485.47*
Total	**764.28**	*4,485.47*
Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale		
Advances received for assets classified as held for sale	**317.86**	*371.54*
Total	**317.86**	*371.54*

During the year, Board of Directors had approved divestment of assets on 18 April 2023 related to Tea Plantations at Tanzania for a total consideration amounting to ₹ 985.00 lakhs (USD 1.2 Million), subject to adjustments, as applicable. Further such consideration has been revised to ₹ 910.12 lakhs (USD 1.1 Million), as approved by the Board in their meeting held on 10 November 2023. These assets have been classified as assets held for sale as it meets the criteria laid down under Indian Accounting Standard 105, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations". There is no requirement to recognise impairment loss as the expected fair value of these assets are higher than its carrying value.

During the previous year, the Board of directors of the Holding Company at its meeting held on 23 November 2022 had approved sale of its plots situated at Chennai District, Tamil Nadu namely; Plot No. 342, 343 and 114. The total consideration agreed was ₹ 307.50,₹ 329.74 and ₹ 758.49 respectively. The cost to sell these assets is ₹ 28.21. These assets had been classified as assets held for sale as it met the criteria laid down under Indian Accounting Standard 105, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. The Group had recognised impairment loss of ₹ 35.61 as at 31 March 2023 based on agreement sales value.

Pursuant to the Joint venture agreement with Bel SA during the previous year ended 31 March 2023, the Company intends to sell the aforementioned cheese related assets amounting ₹ 641.00 (31 March 2023 : ₹ 3,236.00) which have been re-classified from Capital Work-in-progress during the current year, to Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited within the next financial year.

65 Authorisation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024 were approved by the Board of Directors on 13 May 2024.

66 Other matters

Comparative figures have been regrouped, reclassified and rearranged wherever necessary, to conform to current year's presentation, which are not considered material to these consolidated financial statement.

These are the material accounting policies and other explanatory information referred to in our report of even date.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No: 108840

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 13 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited

CIN: L99999MH1863PLC000002

Ness Wadia
Managing Director
DIN :00036049

Nusli N Wadia
Chairman
DIN : 00015731

N H Datanwala
Chief Financial Officer

Murli Manohar Purohit
Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 13 May 2024

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications on Consolidated Financials for the Financial Year ended 31 March 2024 [See Regulation 33 of the SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016]

₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated

I.	Sl. No.	Particulars	Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications)	Adjusted Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications)*
	1	Turnover / Total income	17,50,671.98	17,50,671.98
	2	Total Expenditure	14,68,619.71	14,68,619.71
	3	Net Profit	1,73,716.94	1,73,716.94
	4	Earnings Per Share (₹)	98.03	98.03
	5	Total Assets	11,96,180.40	11,96,180.40
	6	Total Liabilities	5,31,049.37	5,31,049.37
	7	Net Worth	6,65,131.03	6,65,131.03
	8	Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)	-	-
	*	Adjusted figures are considered the same as reported numbers since the impact of qualification is not ascertainable for the reasons described in Annexure B	-	-

II. Audit Qualification (each audit qualification separately):

a. Details of Audit Qualification: **As per Annexure A**

b. Type of Audit Qualification : Qualified Opinion

c. Frequency of qualification: second time

d. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: NA

e. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:

(i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification: Not quantifiable

(ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same: **Annexure B**

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above: The Auditors agreed with the response given under (i) and (ii).

III. Signatories:

- ~~CEO/~~Managing Director: Mr. Ness N. Wadia
- CFO: Mr. N H Datanwala
- Audit Committee Chairman: Dr. Y.S. P. Thorat
- Statutory Auditor: Mr. Adi P. Sethna, Partner, M/s Walker Chandiok Co. & LLP, Statutory Auditors

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13th May, 2024

Annexure A

The Statement does not include the Group's share of net profit/loss after tax (including total comprehensive income/loss) for the period 1 April 2023 to 9 May 2023 (date of loss of significant influence over Go Airlines (India) Limited ('Go Air')) in respect of Go Air, an associate of the Company until 9 May 2023 as per the equity method of accounting prescribed under Ind AS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' ('Ind AS 28') due to unavailability of financial information of Go Air for such period. The comparative period for the quarter ended 31 March 2023 also did not include Group's share of net profit/loss after tax and other comprehensive income/loss in respect of such associate for the same reasons. Further, in the previous year ended 31 March 2023, the share of loss accounted as per the financial information of Go Air for the nine months ended 31 December 2022 were not subjected to audit or review. In the absence of required aforesaid audited/reviewed financial information of Go Air, we are unable to comment upon any adjustment that maybe required on account of the aforesaid matter on the accompanying consolidated financial results for the quarter and year ended 31 March 2024.

The audit report on the financial results of the Group for the quarter and year ended 31 March 2023 was also modified with respect to this matter.

Annexure B

Impact, if any will be ascertainable only when the management receives audited Financials Statements from Go Airlines (India) Limited

However, Considering that the entire Group exposure outstanding as at 31 March 2024 has been fully provided for, based on the audited financial statements of the subsidiaries having exposure in Go Airlines, we expect no further outstanding impact on this matter as at 31 March 2024.

Form AOC - 1
Statement under Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 as at 31 March, 2024

Part A: Subsidiaries

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Name of Subsidiary	Reporting Currency	Exchange Rate (closing rate)	Exchange Rate (average rate)	Equity Share Capital *	Other equity *	Total Assets (including investments) *	Total Liabilities (excluding shareholders funds) *	Investments (except investment in subsidiaries) *	Turnover (revenue from operations + other income) #	Profit Before Tax #	Provision for Tax #	Profit After Tax #	Proposed Dividend #	% Of Shareholding
1	Afco Industrial & Chemicals Ltd.	INR	1.00	1.00	76.05	1,276.61	1,426.37	73.71	86.31	112.58	88.18	22.33	65.85	-	100.00%
2	DPI Products & Services of India Ltd.	INR	1.00	1.00	20.00	438.53	538.32	79.79	435.10	0.18	(3.64)	(0.15)	(3.50)	-	100.00%
3	Sea Wind Investment & Trading Co. Ltd.	INR	1.00	1.00	9,865.98	(7,182.05)	2,766.15	82.21	138.19	0.42	(20.91)	-	(20.91)	-	100.00%
4	Subham Viniyog Pvt. Ltd.	INR	1.00	1.00	40.00	(16.83)	48.11	24.94	10.12	0.03	(1.52)	-	(1.52)	-	100.00%
5	Britannia Industries Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	2,409.00	391,743.00	907,356.00	510,754.00	276,672.00	1,698,345.00	291,347.00	76,569.00	214,778.00	-	50.54%
6	Leila Lands Senderian Berhad	RM	17.62	18.12	8,302.58	37,736.02	46,051.01	12.41	-	3,792.04	3,719.99	4.17	3,715.81	10,305.29	100.00%
7	Island Horti-Tech Holding Pte. Ltd.	SGD	61.74	61.76	1,234.70	7,170.41	8,483.02	77.91	-	618.85	590.64	51.72	538.93	-	100.00%
8	Leila Lands Ltd.	USD	83.41	82.78	0.17	366,392.37	421,324.31	54,931.77	-	67,971.62	40,205.06	-	40,205.06	-	100.00%
9	Naira Holdings Ltd.	USD	83.41	82.78	834.05	18,159.58	44,181.42	25,187.79	-	295.63	(777.17)	-	(777.17)	-	100.00%
10	Island Landscape & Nursery Pte. Ltd.	SGD	61.74	61.76	1,358.17	4,729.93	8,104.73	2,016.63	-	7,833.66	746.61	105.61	641.00	-	100.00%
11	Restpoint Investments Ltd.	USD	83.41	82.78	1.10	5,597.21	5,599.93	1.63	-	-	(4.74)	-	(4.74)	-	100.00%
12	ABI Holdings Limited	GBP	105.03	103.34	5,247.20	22,930.03	28,277.22	100.00	-	53,627.23	53,654.07	-	53,654.07	53,694.65	100.00%
13	Associated Biscuits International Ltd.	GBP	105.03	103.34	1,680.52	(12,581.00)	5,349.70	16,250.18	-	87,110.64	86,136.37	7,852.79	78,283.58	53,627.23	100.00%
14	Britannia Brands Limited	GBP	105.03	103.34	0.00	8,103.82	8,129.61	25.79	-	26,847.33	26,806.37	-	26,806.37	26,847.33	100.00%
15	Dowbiggin Enterprises Pte. Limited	SGD	61.74	61.76	303.49	136,528.15	136,837.14	5.50	-	2,007.77	1,988.75	301.17	1,687.59	1,687.80	100.00%
16	Nacupa Enterprises Pte. Limited	SGD	61.74	61.76	303.49	136,523.26	136,832.26	5.50	-	2,007.77	1,988.68	301.17	1,687.52	1,687.80	100.00%
17	Spargo Enterprises Pte. Limited	SGD	61.74	61.76	303.58	136,546.59	136,855.67	5.50	-	2,007.77	1,988.69	301.17	1,687.52	1,687.80	100.00%
18	Valletort Enterprises Pte. Limited	SGD	61.74	61.76	303.59	136,527.05	136,836.14	5.50	-	2,007.77	1,988.37	301.17	1,687.21	1,687.80	100.00%
19	Bannatyne Enterprises Pte. Limited	SGD	61.74	61.76	293.62	136,412.18	136,711.29	5.50	-	2,006.39	1,974.60	300.96	1,673.64	1,687.80	100.00%
20	Baymanco Investments Limited	USD	83.41	82.78	0.83	(107,837.87)	103,141.68	210,978.71	-	54,300.28	54,269.40	10.60	54,258.80	-	100.00%
21	Boribunder Finance and Investments Private Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	267.10	(139.77)	127.53	0.20	-	0.35	0.02	-	0.02	-	100.00
22	Britannia Employees' Educational Welfare Association Private Limited ##	INR	1.00	1.00	17.52	90.63	108.88	0.73	-	4.65	4.19	1.11	3.08	-	
23	Britannia Employees' General Welfare Association Private Limited ##	INR	1.00	1.00	17.50	90.86	109.08	0.72	-	4.67	4.23	0.71	3.52	-	

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Name of Subsidiary	Reporting Currency	Exchange Rate (closing rate)	Exchange Rate (average rate)	Equity Share Capital *	Other equity *	Total Assets (including investments) *	Total Liabilities (excluding shareholders funds) *	Investments (except investment in subsidiaries) *	Turnover (revenue from operations + other income) #	Profit Before Tax #	Provision for Tax #	Profit After Tax #	Proposed Dividend #	% Of Shareholding
24	Britannia Employees' Medical Welfare Association Private Limited ##	INR	1.00	1.00	18.00	87.04	105.74	0.70	0.40	4.64	4.20	1.06	3.14	-	
25	Flora Investments Company Private Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	28.43	254.76	285.39	2.20	-	15.37	14.89	3.71	11.18	-	100.00
26	Ganges Vally Foods Private Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	2,590.66	(1,746.29)	853.91	9.54	-	53.07	25.98	-	25.98	-	98.87
27	Gilt Edge Finance and Investments Private Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	24.98	265.69	291.21	0.54	-	15.10	14.60	3.52	11.08	-	100.00
28	International Bakery Products Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	145.00	2,584.37	5,605.72	2,876.35	12.60	36,032.37	361.54	90.42	271.12	-	100.00
29	J B Mangharam Foods Private Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	45.02	1,536.82	4,719.05	3,137.21	0.26	26,013.87	190.17	48.11	142.06	-	100.00
30	Manna Foods Private Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	487.50	3,605.32	6,411.87	2,319.05	16.12	36,758.07	503.03	134.30	368.73	-	100.00
31	Sunrise Biscuit Company Private Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	1,419.95	1,258.78	3,426.01	747.28	-	1,660.96	15.77	3.59	12.18	-	99.16
32	Britchip Foods Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	15,000.00	(9,896.00)	7,952.00	2,848.00	-	9,744.00	(149.00)	-	(149.00)	-	60.00
33	Britannia Nepal Private Limited	NPR	0.62	0.62	5,495.86	880.89	9,677.25	3,300.50	-	14,045.30	1,511.94	261.92	1,250.02	-	100.00
34	Britannia Bangladesh Private Limited	TK	0.76	0.76	31.70	(16.94)	21.33	6.57	-	-	(5.05)	-	(5.05)	-	100.00
35	Al Sallan Food Industires Company SAOC	OMR	214.90	214.90	4,327.28	(5,561.91)	8,890.84	10,125.47	-	23,149.74	818.34	-	818.34	-	65.46
36	Strategic Food International Co. LLC.	AED	22.53	22.53	4,424.94	6,293.85	22,779.47	12,060.68	-	45,044.33	3,923.34	-	3,923.34	-	100.00
37	Britannia and Associates (Dubai) Private Company Limited	USD	82.77	82.77	20,692.43	(1,893.41)	18,821.59	22.56	-	310.92	147.49	-	147.49	-	100.00
38	Britannia and Associates (Mauritius) Private Limited	USD	82.77	82.77	20,314.13	574.19	20,904.41	16.09	-	120.16	(1.31)	-	(1.31)	-	100.00
39	Britannia Dairy Holdings Private Limited	USD	82.77	82.77	6,178.74	(6,226.44)	0.28	47.99	-	-	(4.11)	-	(4.11)	-	100.00
40	Strategic Brands Holding Company Limited	USD	82.77	82.77	0.23	(1.30)	7.38	8.46	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.00
41	Catalyst Britania Brands Limited	USD	82.77	82.77	0.08	(9.27)	0.62	9.81	-	2.84	(2.33)	-	(2.33)	-	100.00
42	Britannia Egypt LLC.	EGP	2.61	2.61	410.43	82.61	578.39	85.35	-	1,739.11	139.19	47.64	91.55	-	100.00
43	Strategic Foods Uganda Ltd	UGX	0.02	0.02	201.67	(24.72)	246.71	69.76	-	83.71	(37.41)	-	(37.41)	-	100.00
44	Kenafric Biscuits Limited	KES	0.57	0.57	1,984.14	(1,218.18)	2,361.68	1,595.71	-	2,474.39	(815.73)	1.19	(816.92)	-	51.00
45	Vasna Agrex and Herbs Private Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	1.00	(1,056.62)	0.73	1,056.35	-	-	(0.11)	-	(0.11)	-	100.00
46	Snacko Bisc Private Limited	INR	1.00	1.00	2,552.08	(4,206.26)	0.59	1,654.77	-	-	(0.11)	-	(0.11)	-	100.00

*Converted using closing exchange rate. #Converted using average exchange rate. ##Subsidiary Companies Limited by guarantees

Part B: Associates and Joint Venture

Sr. No.	Name of Associates	Latest Audited Balance Sheet Date	Shares of Associates held by the Corporation at Year End				Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Profit / Loss For The Year		Description of how there is significant influence	Reason why the associate/ joint venture is not consolidated
			Share Type	Nos.	Amount of Investment in Associates/JV (Rs.)	Holding (%)		Considered in Consoli-dation	Not Considered in Consoli-dation		
1	Lima Investment And Trading Company Private Limited	31-03-2024	Equity	4,999	4.99	50.00%	9.85	(0.33)	(0.33)	Associate	N.A.
2	Roshnara Investment And Trading Company Private Limited	31-03-2024	Equity	4,999	4.99	50.00%	9.83	(0.25)	(0.25)	Associate	N.A.
3	Cincinnati Investment And Trading Company Private Limited	31-03-2024	Equity	4,999	4.99	50.00%	10.02	(0.27)	(0.26)	Associate	N.A.
4	Lotus Viniyog Private Limited	31-03-2024	Equity	244,491	24.45	50.00%	137.47	(0.31)	(0.31)	Associate	N.A.
5	Shadhak Investments And Trading Private Limited *	31-03-2024	Equity	49,990	4.99	50.00%	9.79	(0.33)	(0.33)	Associate	N.A.
6	MSIL Investments Private Limited *	31-03-2024	Equity	4,999	4.99	50.00%	5.29	(0.41)	(0.42)	Associate	N.A.
7	Medical Microtechnology Limited *	31-03-2024	Equity	75,000	7.50	50.00%	(0.54)	(2.76)	(2.76)	Associate	N.A.
8	Harvard Plantations Limited *	31-03-2024	Equity	4,751	4.75	50.00%	0.54	(0.54)	(0.54)	Associate	N.A.
9	Placid Plantations Limited *	31-03-2024	Equity	4,751	4.75	50.00%	0.48	(0.54)	(0.55)	Associate	N.A.
10	The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited*	31-03-2024	Equity	91,840,883	65,253.14	44.47%	130,962.98	10,322.83	30,045.73	Associate	N.A.
11	National Peroxide Limited (formerly known as NPL Chemicals Limited)	31-03-2024	Equity	1,395,500	10,341.87	24.28%	9,487.86	414.08	(414.08)	Associate	N.A.
12	Naperol Investments Limited (formerly known as National Peroxide Limited)	31-03-2024	Equity	1,395,500	10,341.87	24.28%	10,605.66	(2.40)	1,288.78	Associate	N.A.
13	Go Airlines (India) Limited **	31-03-2024	Equity	139,251,582	-	48.14%	-	-	-	Associate	N.A.
14	Nalanda Biscuits Company Limited	31-03-2024	Equity	87,500	28.08	35%	78.00	(49.70)	(92.30)	Voting Power	N.A.
15	Sundaram Foods Private Limited	31-03-2024	Equity	459,800	1,450.00	26%	-	(42.90)	(122.10)	Voting Power	N.A.
16	The Bombay Burmah Trading Employees Welfare Company Limited $	31-03-2024	Equity	2,143	214,300.00	42.86%	29.07	-	2.68	Associate	N.A.

Sr. No.	Name of the Associates and Joint Venture Company	Latest Audited Balance Sheet Date	Shares of Associates held by the Corporation at Year End				Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Profit / Loss For The Year		Description of how there is significant influence	Reason why the associate/ joint venture is not consolidated
			Shares of Associates held by the Corporation at Year End	Nos.	Amount of Investment in Associates/JV (Rs.)	Holding (%)		Considered in Consoli-dation	Not Considered in Consoli-dation		
1	Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited #	31-03-2024	Equity	5,270,542	25,062.00	51%	28,924.65	(226.44)	(217.56)	Voting Power	N.A.

** Through wholly owned subsidiary*

*** There were no financial statements/information for the period 1 April 2023 to 9 May 2023 (date of loss of significant influence in the associate), drawn up by Go Air, an associate of the Corporation. This is due to Go Airlines had filed suo moto application under section 10 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code,2016 on 2 May 2023 to initiate Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP). Consequently, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 does not include share of profit/(loss) after tax and total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period 1 April 2023 to 9 May 2023 in the associate due to unavailability of its financial statements/information. In view of the above, the Holding Company has reviewed its total exposure in Go Air and considered it prudent to recognize a provision for impairment of ₹10,263.83 lakhs for the year ended 31 March 2024 and ₹186,565.84 lakhs for the year ended 31 March 2023 in the consolidated financial statements.*

 # Britannia Industries Limited entered into a Joint Venture Agreement with Bel SA, France and Britannia Dairy Private Limited (BDPL) and sold 49% of its equity stake in its wholly owned subsidiary, BDPL to Bel SA and consequently, BDPL became a Joint Venture Company of Britannia Industries Limited and Bel SA in India w.e.f 1 December 2022. The name of BDPL changed to Britannia Bel Foods Private Limited w.e.f 6 January, 2023.

$ Not considered for consolidated financials, being not material and not a direct associate of the company or any one of its subsidiaries.

10 Years' Financial Review

(₹ in lakhs)

	2023-24^	2022-23^	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16#	2014-15
Financial position										
Share Capital	**1,396.27**	1,396.27	1,396.27	1,396.27	1,396.27	1,396.27	1,396.27	1,396.27	1,396.27	1,396.27
Reserves and surplus	**18,036.38**	19,189.61	19,725.20	21,550.55	21,982.57	24,306.10	27,689.92	31,317.66	26,054.00	24,398.65
Networth	**19,432.65**	20,585.88	21,121.47	22,946.82	23,378.84	25,702.37	29,086.19	32,713.93	27,450.27	25,794.92
Total Assets	**63,947.25**	126,239.03	130,544.43	134,600.59	79,153.15	72,581.09	69,852.53	70,650.70	65,011.27	67,359.05
Total Liabilities	**44,514.60**	105,653.15	109,422.95	111,653.77	55,774.31	46,878.72	40,766.34	37,936.77	37,561.00	41,564.13
Operating Results										
Total income	**40,107.44**	35,574.39	41,187.64	31,514.59	28,281.10	27,678.09	24,725.18	31,852.04	27,559.00	28,245.00
Total expenses	**39,874.27**	39,596.03	39,394.11	31,135.46	30,053.92	29,544.91	27,817.05	32,208.18	30,775.00	27,242.00
Profit / (loss) before tax	**233.17**	(4,021.64)	1,793.52	379.13	(1,772.82)	(1,866.82)	(3,091.87)	(356.14)	(3,216.00)	1,003.00
Exceptional item gain (net)	**-**	5,750.24	1,022.87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taxation	**821.14**	(850.00)	(1,827.36)	98.75	(70.07)	102.82	(508.82)	(35.65)	55.00	300.00
Profit / (loss) after tax	**(587.97)**	878.60	989.03	280.38	(1,702.75)	(1,969.64)	(2,583.05)	(320.49)	(3,271.00)	703.00
Dividend $	**837.26**	837.26	845.96	837.26	837.26	841.14	840.92	840.92	840.92	698.00
Dividend %	**60%**	60%	60%	60%	60%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Book Value	**27.85**	29.50	30.27	32.89	33.51	36.84	41.69	46.89	39.34	36.97

$ includes dividend tax

from the year 2015-16 onwards figures are provided under IndAS

Figures of previous years are regrouped wherever necessary

^ Operating results for the year 2023-24 and 2022-23 includes continuing and discontinued operations values

NOTES

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The Group has scaled great heights in innovation and entrepreneurship, inspired by the centuries-old legacy of goodwill and trust. The British Coat of Arms, granted to Nowrosjee Wadia, symbolises this legacy and the Wadia Group's commitment to advancement and innovation.

The crest is a representation of the Group, its philosophy, beliefs and businesses.

The crest and base of the shield represent the family origins in the shipbuilding industry during the 1700s. The middle and upper parts of the shield depict the Group's interest in cotton growing and its links with England in the form of the Lancastrian rose. The hand holding the hammer atop the shield signifies industriousness, together with workmanship and skill. The sun that surrounds the hand stands for global recognition and merit.

The moto, IN DEO FIDE ET PERSEVERANTIA means 'Trust in God and Perseverance.'

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